# A (not so) gentle introduction to ecological networks

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## Why should I care about networks?

- A good way to harness complexity
- ► A solid mathematical foundation
- Elegant algorithms
- That guy is going to talk about them for, like, two hours...

#### What is a network?

A mathematical approach

A *graph* is a **representation** of a **set of objects** where some pairs of objects are **connected** by **links**.

Or more formally, G = (V, E), a graph G is an ordered pair of vertices V linked together by edges E.

Each element of E is a two-element subset of V.

The *order* of a graph is |V|, and its *size* is |E|.

#### What is a network?

An example

In an omnivory scenario, one top predator P consumes both an intermediate consumer C and a primary producer R. The intermediate consumer also consumes the producer.

This network is specified by

$$G = (\{P, C, R\}, \{\{P, C\}, \{P, R\}, \{C, R\}\})$$

Or for brevity

$$G = (\{P, C, R\}, \{PC, PR, CR\})$$

#### What is a network?

Edge direction

Edges can be *directed* (arcs, directed edges) or not. An edge between a vertex and itself (cannibalism) is a *self-loop*.

In an **undirected graph**, there are at most |V|(|V|-1)/2 edges if there are no *self-loops*.

In a **directed graph**, there are at most |V|(|V|-1) edges if there are no *self-loops*.

Exercice: What is the maximal size of a graph of order n if there are self-loops?

## Where is the ecology in all that?

- graph The whole community, *i.e.* the populations and their interactions
- vertices The composition of the community (species present)
  - edges The interactions between the populations

### Where is the ecology in all that?

Exemple of "networkable" systems

- Trophic systems
- Plant-pollinators
- Hosts-parasites
- Mutualism
- Social interactions

Any system in which the **same ecological interaction** happens several time in a community can (should) be studied using network theory

The niche model of food webs