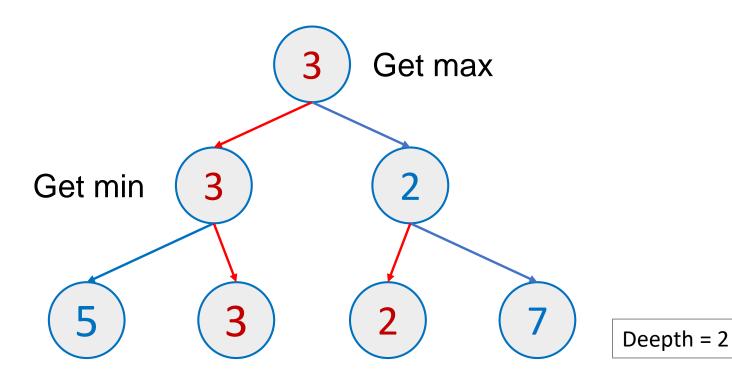
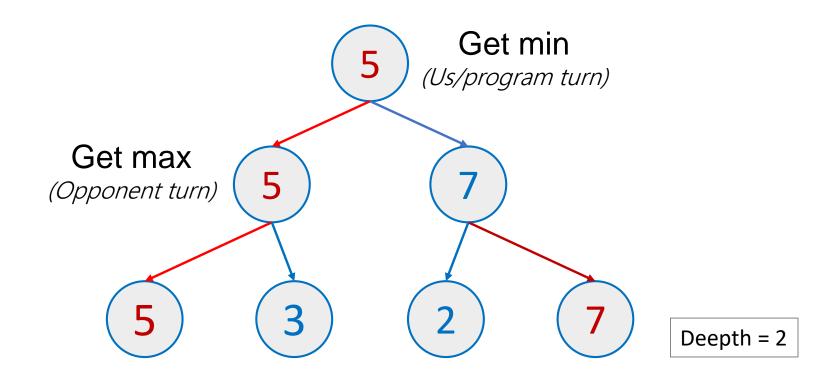
MiniMax Algorithm

- MiniMax algorithm help us/program make a decision which is the best move in all of state can happen.
- To basically, the whole algorithm is divided into two-phase. Get max and get min from children of each state.



MiniMax Algorithm

 When we combine this algorithm with Adversarial Search, we must predict our's opponent move. Suppose they always select the best move for them. So, we change our algorithm a little bit.

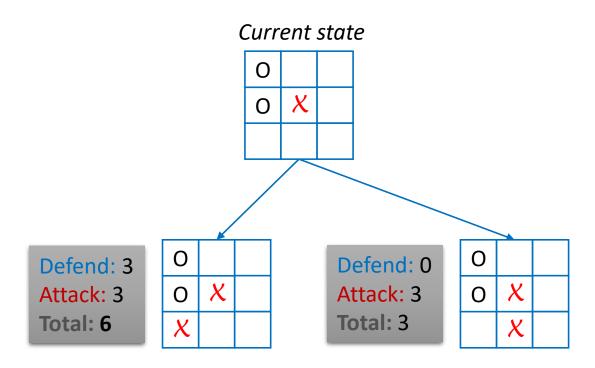


MiniMax Algorithm

```
def mini max(crr state, deepth, turn):
    if deepth == 1:
        return get max benefit(crr state)
    else:
        best move = None
        crr benefit = 1000#if deepth is odd, 0 if not
        for move in can move (crr state, turn):
            get benefit = mini max(move, deepth - 1,
                                          change turn)
            if get benefit > crr benefit and
             deepth%2==1 or get benefit < crr benefit
             and deepth%2==0:
                crr benefit = get benefit[1]
                best move = move
        return best move, crr benefit
```

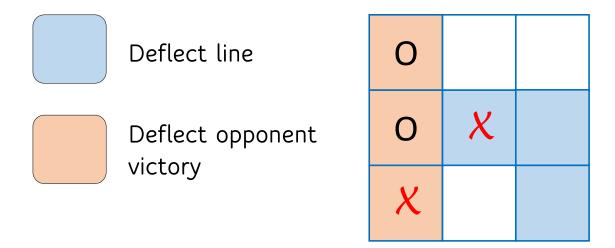
The benefit of a state depends on two main part:

- How many point can earn from defend move.
- How many point can earn from attack move.
 - * Do not do stupid move.



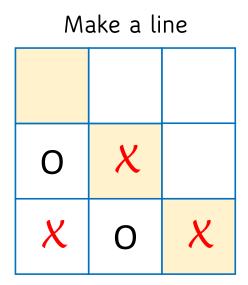
Point of defend move in gomoku/tic-tac-toe game consist of:

- How many lines you can deflect, prioritize the longest line first.
- Move into the position that our opponent can get the victory.



Point of attack move in caro/gomoku game consist of:

- How many lines you can make, prioritize the longest line first.
- Move into the position that we can get the victory.



Get the victory

X

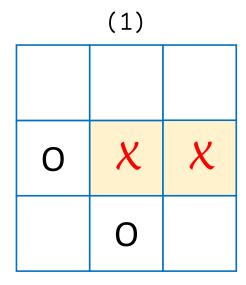
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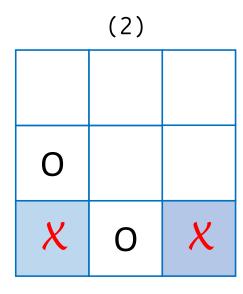
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Stupid move is:

- Move to the position can't get the victory after that. (1)
- Move into the position not necessary to defend. (2)

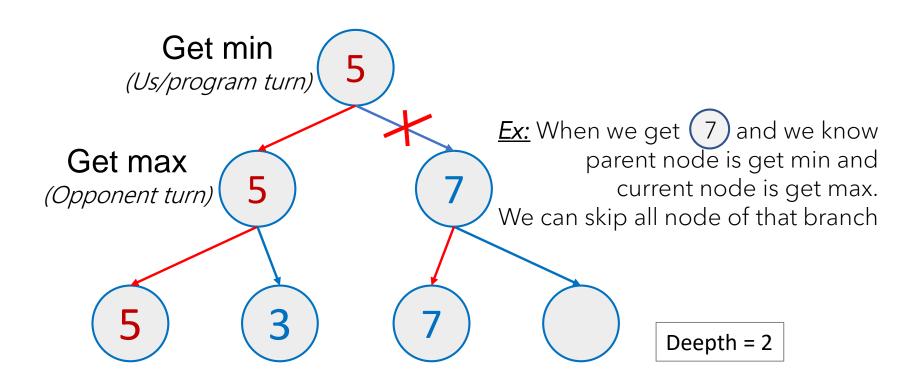




```
def get max benefit(crr state):
    best move = None
    crr benefit = 0
    for move in can move (crr state, turn):
        if not is stupid move(move):
           get benefit = depend(move) + attack(move)
           if get benefit > crr benefit:
              crr benefit = get benefit
              best move = move
    return best move, crr benefit
```

Alpha-beta Pruning

- Alpha-Beta pruning is an optimization technique for MiniMax algorithm.
- It will cut off all states that no longer necessary to calculate.



MiniMax and Alpha-beta Pruning

```
def mini_max(crr_state, deepth, turn, tgt_benefit):
    if deepth == 1:
        return get_max_benefit(crr_state, tgt_benefit)
    else:
    # The rest of the pseudocode in the next slide
```

MiniMax and Alpha-beta Pruning

```
# The rest...
best move = None
crr benefit = 1000#if deepth is odd, 0 if not
for move in can move (crr state, turn):
    get benefit = mini max(move, deepth - 1,
                            change turn, crr benefit)
    if can pruning(turn, tgt benefit, crr benefit):
       return None, None
    if get benefit > crr benefit and deepth%2==1 or
       get benefit < crr benefit and deepth%2==0:
       crr benefit = get benefit[1]
       best move = move
return best move, crr benefit
```