Paper Review #10

[CHI 2021] Effects of Support-Seekers' Community Knowledge on Their Expressed Satisfaction with the Received Comments in Mental Health Communities

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1. Introduction

Research Questions

How would support-seekers' community knowledge & sought and received support affect ...

RQ1:

whether they will reply or not.

RQ2:

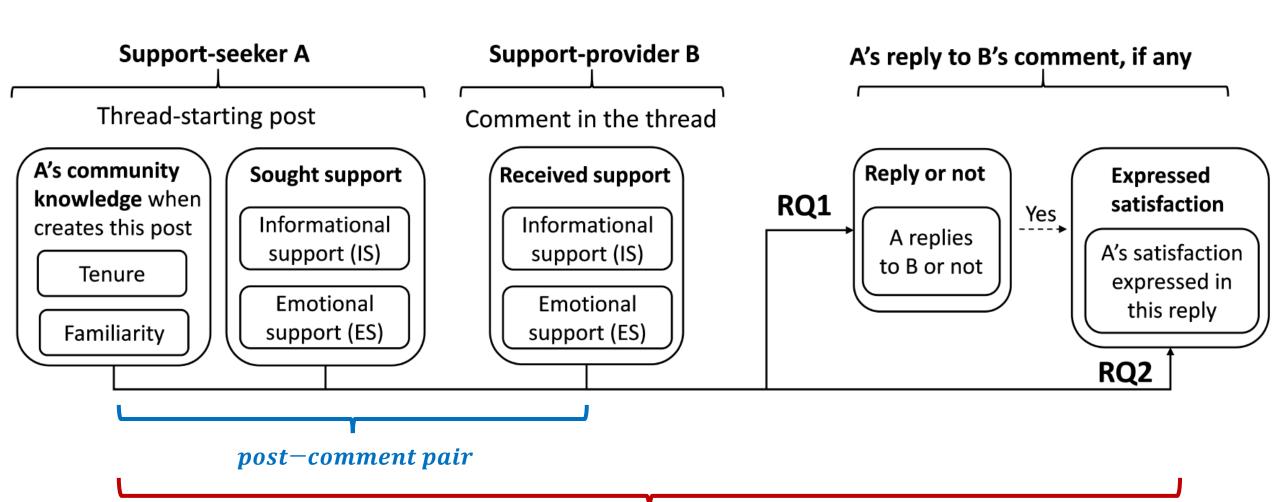
how they express satisfaction with each received comment.

Community Knowledge

- Defined by members' **familiarity**, **awareness**, or **understanding** of things.
- In this paper, it measured by **members' tenure** in and **posting experience** with that community.
- Support-seekers with more community knowledge tend to express less satisfaction in their response. (but, engage more actively and positively!)

2. Method

Conceptual model



Dataset Description

	Number	Count of Support-Seekers	Targeted Dependent Variables	Targeted RQ
Post-comment pairs	590,158	124,837	Reply or not	RQ1
Post-comment-reply triples	155,067	57,881	Expressed satisfaction	RQ2

- Collection Period: Jan 2009 to Mar 2019
- Crawling target site: Reddit NoDepr (via Pushshift API)
- **Pre-process**: Remove ...
 - (1) support-seekers whose names are "[deleted]"
 - (2) any of post-comment(-reply) pair(triple) containing "[deleted]" or "[removed]"

Developing Model to Assess Satisfaction

Labeling Satisfaction

- 1,000 randomly sampled triples are labeled by five workers from MTurk.
- Workers answer four questions about seekers' satisfaction in the reply:
 - (1) overall satisfaction
 - (2) satisfaction with the received health information
 - (3) change in sentiment
 - (4) change of closeness to the other members of the community

(**7-point Likert scales**, **1** – Completely dissatisfied, decreased very much, **7** – Completely satisfied, increased very much)

Developing Model to Assess Satisfaction (Cont'd)

Labeling Satisfaction (Cont'd)

- **Composite satisfaction scale*** is highly reliable! (Cronbach's alpha=0.90) (*avg. of the four ratings)
- Final label of expressed satisfaction: M=4.35, SD=1.05, min/max=1.40/6.65
- **Politeness score** is also measured, but not used.

Developing Model to Assess Satisfaction (Cont'd)

Predicting Expressed Satisfaction

- Linear Regression model is built. (using comments' linguistic features)
- Model inputs:
 - (1) 65 features from the LIWC 2015 library
 - (2) sentence/word count
 - (3) Frequencies of word in various keyword sets ("trial", "thankful", etc.)
- Pearson Correlation between predicted and human-coded: 0.72

Community Knowledge Measurement

- Community knowledge is quantified into Tenure and Posting experience.
- Tenure: Timestamp of Seekers' current post seekers' first post/comment
- **Posting experience**: # of posts and comments created by the seekers in the community before the current post

Amount of Sought Support in Post

Annotating

- The amount of sought IS and ES are expressed in a **3-point scale**. (1 small)
- 3 experienced annotators rate 50 random samples separately.
- Judges are very reliable. (Cronbach's alphas: 0.91/0.81 for IS/ES)
- The number of labeled posts by score:

1: 189/160, **2**: 127/199, **3**: 184/141 (for IS/ES)

Amount of Sought Support in Posts (Cont'd)

Training Models

- Two classifiers for sought IS and ES were trained, respectively.
- Use a set of **linguistic features** (e.g., LIWC, sentence/word count)
- XGBoost/MLP achieve the best result in predicting IS/ES.

(SVM, Multinomial Logistic Regression, Random Forest were also attempted.)

XGB	oost
	MLP

	Accuracy	Precision	Recall	F1-score
Sought Informational Support	0.70 (0.05)	0.69 (0.06)	0.68 (0.06)	0.68 (0.06)
Sought Emotional Support	0.65 (0.12)	0.66 (0.11)	0.65 (0.14)	0.64 (0.12)

Amount of Received Support in Comments

- Adopt the open-sourced models in previous work.*
- Features: (1) 64 features from the LIWC 2015 library
 - (2) binary feature corresponding to the presence of URL(s)
 - (3) word count (weighted by 60), sentence count (weighted by 10)
- Predicting IS model: Random forest model (64% accuracy)
- Predicting ES model: XGBoost model (68% accuracy)

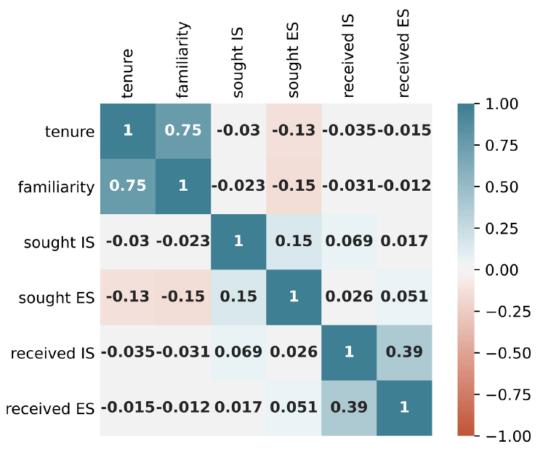
(*Exploring the Effects of Technological Writing Assistance for Support Providers in Online Mental Health Community, CHI 2020)

3. Result

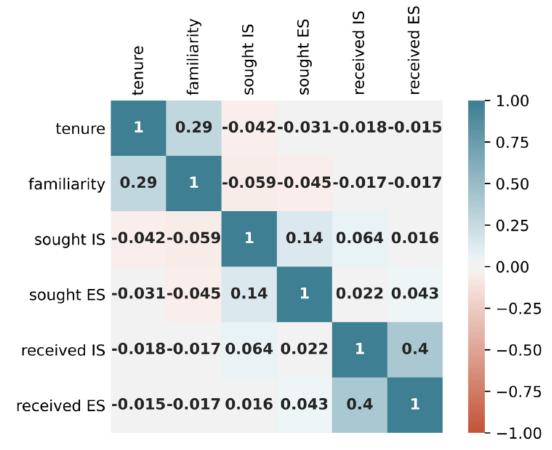
Statistics of variables (predicted)

	1	(RQ1) Dataset for replying or not ($N = 590, 599$)			(RQ2) Dataset for expressed satisfaction ($N = 155, 174$)		
	Variables	Min / Max	Mean (SD)	Median	Min / Max	Mean (SD)	Median
Community Knowledge	tenure (sec)	0 / 291M	16M (36M)	19M	0 / 272M	12M (24M)	1.5M
Collinating Knowledge	posting experience (#)	0 / 3553	68.66 (340.21)	3	0 / 3553	36.60 (131.46)	4
Consider Consider	sought IS	1 / 3	1.97 (0.88)	2	1/3	2.01 (0.87)	2
Sought Support	sought ES	1 / 3	1.95 (0.79)	2	1/3	1.99 (0.78)	2
Received Support	received IS	1 / 3	1.74 (0.74)	2	1/3	1.84 (0.76)	2
	received ES	1 / 3	1.98 (0.66)	2	1 / 3	2.03 (0.68)	2
Seekers' Reply	reply or not	0 / 1	0.26 (0.44)	0	1 / 1	1 (0)	1
	satisfaction	-	-	_	56 / 8.17	4.31 (0.71)	4.22

Correlations (independent variables)



(A) Correlations between independent variables in RQ1 dataset for replying or not (N = 590, 158).



(B) Correlations between independent variables in RQ2 dataset for expressed satisfaction (N = 155,067).

- Variance Inflation Factor(VIF) score < 5 → Reliable!

Analysis 1: Logistic Regression

Reply to the Received Comment or Not

		Models for RQ1 – Reply or not					
	Predictors	Model 1	Model 2	Model 3	Model 4	Model 5	
	Tenure	106***	102***	101***	098***	099***	
Posti	ng Experience	116***	110***	113***	108***	107***	
Posting experience / tenure	Post Frequency	.024***	.025***	.025***	.026***	.026***	
	Seek IS		.047***		.037***	.037***	
	Seek ES		.044***		.041***	.041***	
	Receive IS			.157***	.154***	.158***	
	Receive ES			.023***	.021***	.020***	
Seel	k IS x Receive IS				008**	008*	
Seek	IS x Receive ES				.006	.006	
Seek	ES x Receive IS				.004	.006	
Seek	ES x Receive ES				012***	013***	
Tenu	re x Receive IS					.009	
Posting Experience	ce x Receive IS					.022***	
Tenur	e x Receive ES					003	
Posting Experienc	Posting Experience x Receive ES					011	
	Intercept	-1.042***	-1.043***	-1.048***	-1.049***	-1.050***	
	R Square	0.004	0.005	0.009	0.010	0.010	

Table 4: Regression coefficients of RQ1 models for predicting whether support-seekers' would reply to the received comments or not. The numbers of users are 124,837. The numbers of observations are 590, 158. Here, ***: p < 0.001; **: p < 0.01; *: p < 0.05.

Analysis 2: Linear Regression

Support-Seekers' Expressed Satisfaction in the Reply

	Models for RQ2 – Expressed Satisfaction					
Predictors	Model 1	Model 2	Model 3	Model 4	Model 5	
Tenure	005	004	003	003	002	
Posting Experience	092***	092***	088***	089***	091***	
Post Frequency	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	
Seek IS		.020***		.017***	.017***	
Seek ES		025***		028***	028***	
Receive IS			.013***	.011***	.010***	
Receive ES			.080***	.081***	.079***	
Seek IS x Receive IS				.018***	.018***	
Seek IS x Receive ES				003	002	
Seek ES x Receive IS				002	004	
Seek ES x Receive ES				.005*	.004*	
Tenure x Receive IS					011***	
Posting Experience x Receive IS					002	
Tenure x Receive ES					003	
Posting Experience x Receive ES					019***	
Intercept	4.305***	4.305***	4.298***	4.299***	4.300***	
R Square	0.003	0.004	0.018	0.021	0.021	

Table 5: Regression coefficients of RQ2 models for predicting support-seekers' expressed satisfaction in the replies to the received comments. The numbers of users are 57,881. The numbers of observations are 155,067. Here, ***: p < 0.001; *: p < 0.05.

Conclusion

- Lower tenure or less posting experience seekers: express satisfaction \
- More experienced seekers,
 When receiving IS: reply ↑, express satisfaction ↓
- Receiving IS/ES: most valuable factor in RQ1/RQ2, respectively
- Compared with the results of studies on online cancer groups, **people in OMHC** tend to be more appreciative for **emotional support**.