# Automating Disk and Memory Evidence Collection in AWS

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# Ryan Tick and Vaishnav Murthy

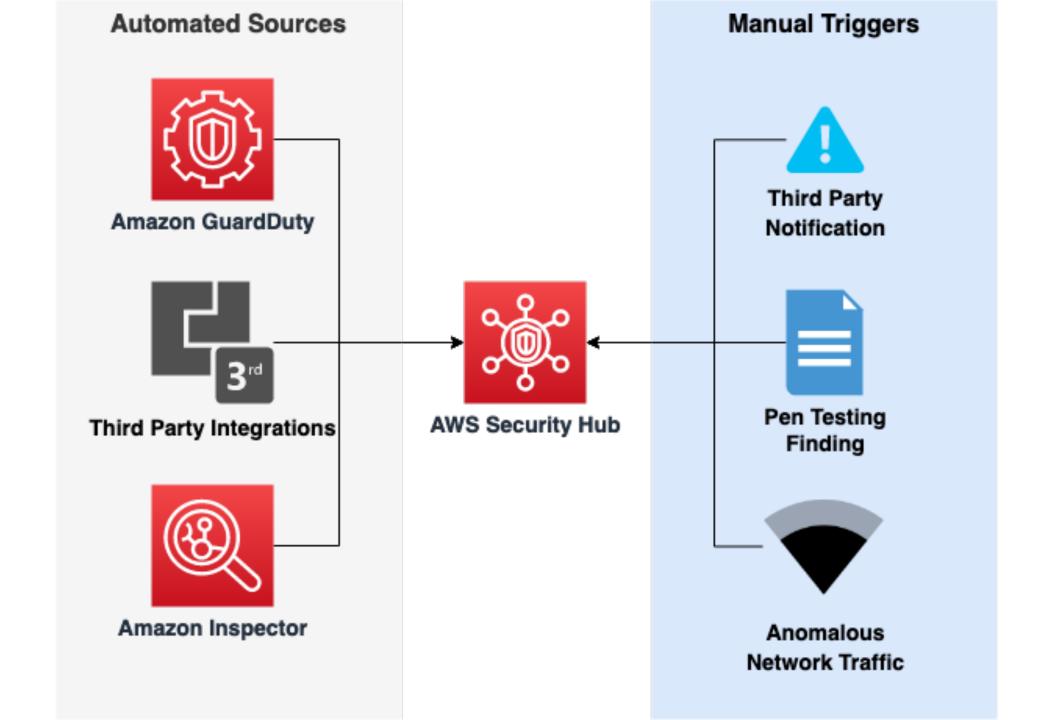
- Cloud Security Architects at Goldman Sachs
- SANS (GCFE, GCFA, GNFA) & AWS (SAA, SOA, DVA, SCS) certified
- Previously DFIR consultants for KPMG
- University of Notre Dame Graduates
- Fun facts

# Overview

#### **Problem Statement**

 Companies have successfully automated on-prem evidence collection using both commercial and open-source tools. However, few have tackled this task in the cloud.

- Primarily concerned about:
  - Scalable (3 orgs and over 3000 accounts)
  - Auditable (AWS CloudTrail)
  - Automated/repeatable (cut down on human error)



### Collection Outputs

- Disk Evidence
  - Raw dd image per volume
  - dc3dd log files
  - Custom collection log files
- Memory Evidence
  - Full memory capture
  - If Linux, custom memory profile
  - Collection log files

### Main Takeaways

- Much more going on behind the scenes to do it right
- MTTR, cost, and error-rate reduced
- Scalable and auditable while following AWS best practices
- Collection done over the AWS backbone network







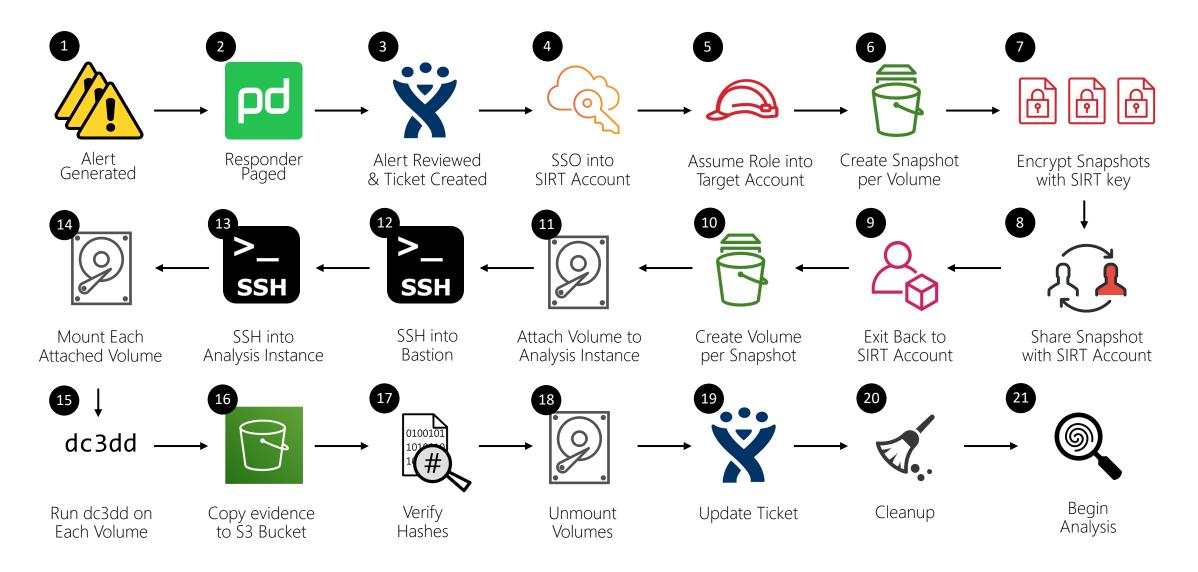
# Disk Collection

Deep Dive

### What Exists Today

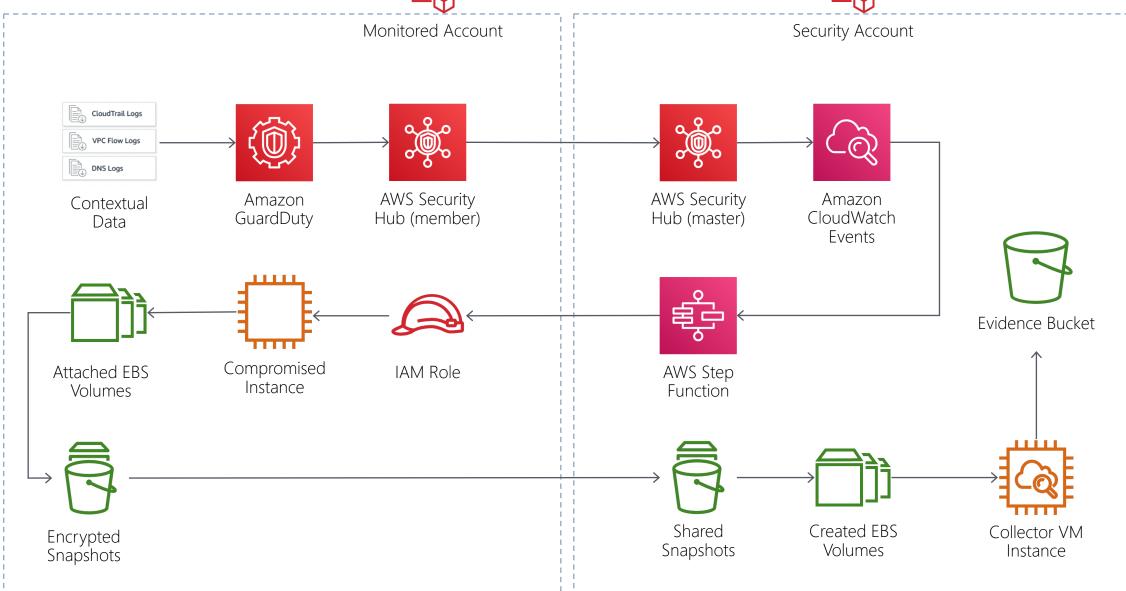
- Much of the documentation on best practices in AWS digital forensics suggests the use of a "forensic workstation" AMI, "forensic" VPC, and an "investigator" user or role in each account
- Does not fit our use case:
  - Does not necessarily follow principle of least privilege
  - Potentially takes up resources in a production account (AWS service limits)

#### Before Automation

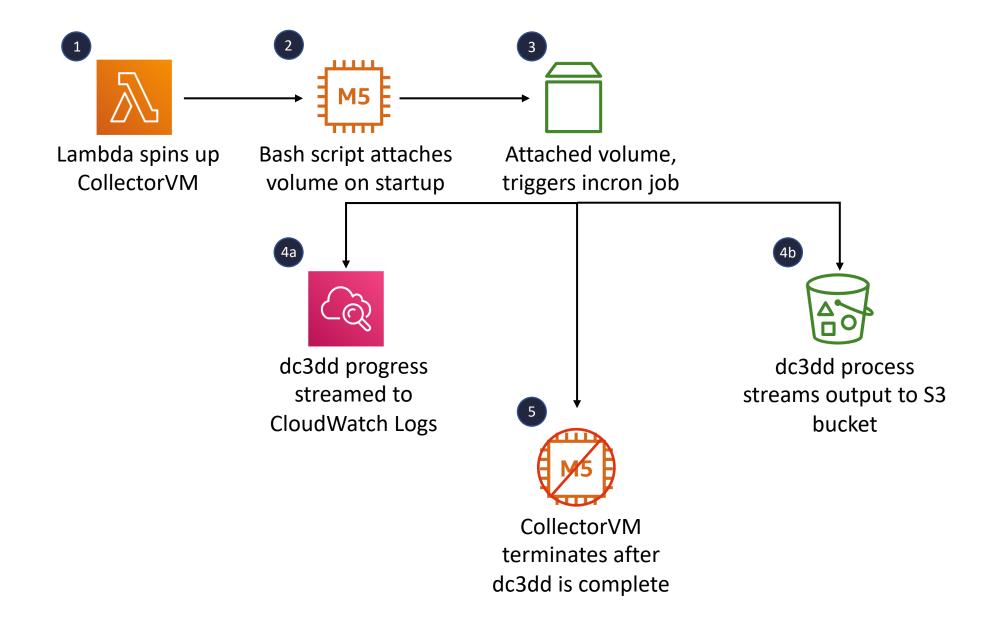


### After Automation



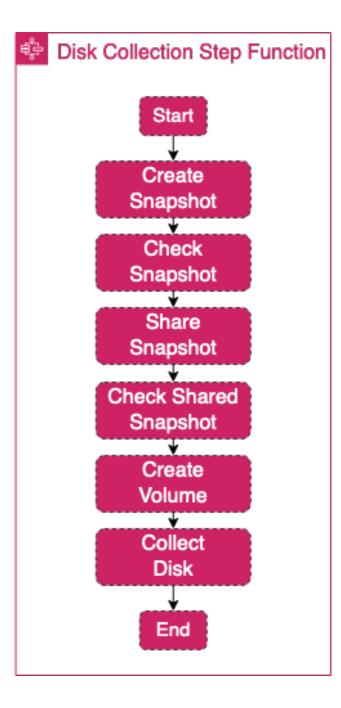


### CollectorVM



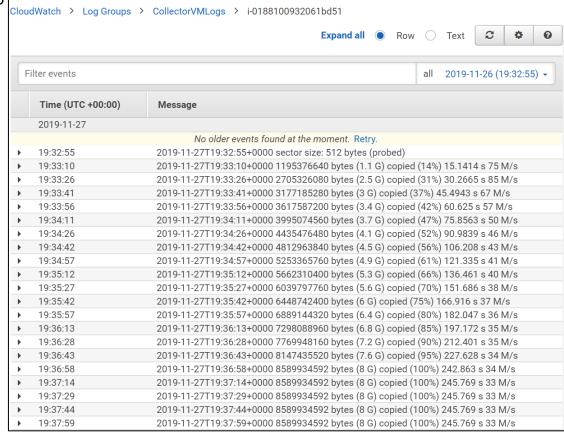
## Pro Tips

- Lambdas multi-threading vs. concurrent execution
- Full disk collection or triage collection?
  - Full disk collection in tandem with high priority logs streamed to CloudWatch Logs
- Streaming dc3dd output directly to S3
- Auditable and done entirely over AWS backbone network
- Cost vs. collection speed
- Instance store data
- Logging
  - Hashing SSD vs. HDD



## CloudWatch Logs Agent

- Creates the log group "CollectorVMLogs" in the Security account
- Creates a log stream per instance ID of the CollectorVM
- Necessary since the CollectorVM does not have SSH access
- Allows real-time monitoring of speed and collection progress
  - Bytes copies
  - Collection speed
  - Time elapsed
- Additionally we're streaming all standard logs off the instance that may help us debug



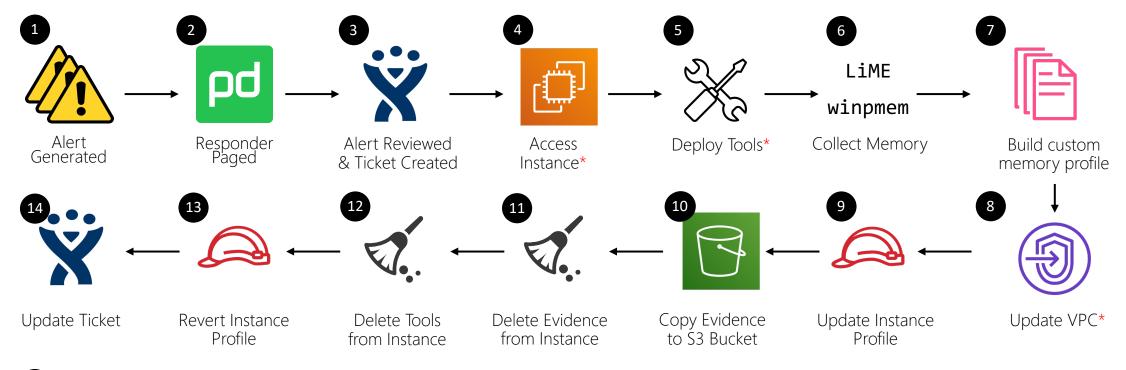
# Memory Collection

Deep Dive

## What Exists Today: Margarita Shotgun

- Developed by ThreatResponse
- Remote memory acquisition tool:
  <a href="https://github.com/ThreatResponse/margaritashotgun">https://github.com/ThreatResponse/margaritashotgun</a>
- Allows streaming memory directly to an S3 bucket
- Great tool, but requires SSH access into the target instance

### Before Automation



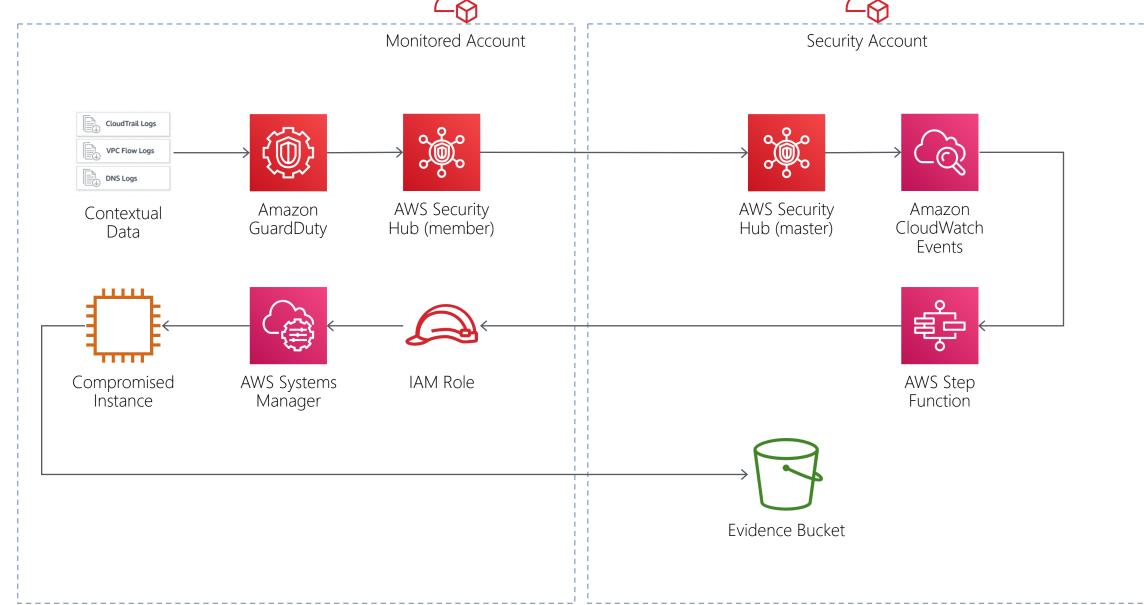


Begin Analysis

### After Automation

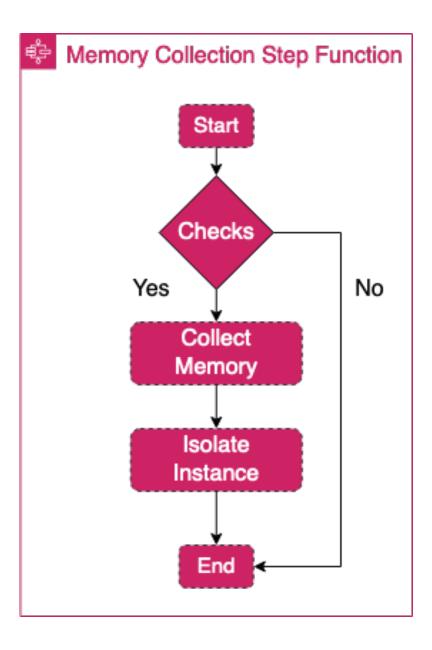






## Pro Tips

- Stream directly to S3
  - Expected size flag
- Consider business impact
  - VPC endpoints vs. NAT gateway vs. IGW
  - When to collect memory?
- Complexities of Gateway VPC Endpoints
- File integrity monitoring
- Evidence verification
- Tracked vs untracked connections



## Streaming Directly to S3

- Initial challenge: Instance needs to have enough storage to collect full memory dump
- Solution: Leverage S3 to upload a local file stream from standard input to an S3 evidence bucket
  - Need to compute memory size prior to stream and include --expectedsize flag if size is larger than 50 GB
  - aws s3 cp --acl bucket-owner-full-control s3://evidence-bucket/{{FindingID}}/\$(curl http://169.254.169.254/latest/meta-data/instance-id).mem

# Custom Memory Profiles (Linux)

- Create the LiME kernel module used to collect memory upon reboot if kernel changes
- Create the dwarf file containing the Linux kernel data structures
- Zip up dwarf file and System map file for the active kernel version

## Ensuring Network Connectivity

- Are you comfortable streaming evidence to S3 over the public internet?
  - If yes, target VPC requires IGW or NAT Gateway
- What if the instance doesn't have internet access?
  - Dynamically create VPC endpoints (S3 and SSM)

# Closing Thoughts

#### Future Work

- Collect instance store data
- Further leverage FIM to restrict access to necessary tools
- Automate analysis (T1/T2) of evidence using ECS/Fargate
  - Currently Fargate does not support Windows platform versions
- Assign confidence score based off analysis
- Generate example reports

### Questions and Feedback

- LinkedIn
- Twitter
  - @tracer\_tick
  - @VMurthyDFIR

### Thank You!

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