## 第十二次作业答案

P162 5.

$$\begin{cases} y_{n+1} = y_n + \frac{h}{6}(k_1 + 2k_2 + 2k_3 + k_4) \\ k_1 = f(x_n, y_n) \\ k_2 = f\left(x_n + \frac{1}{2}h, y_n + \frac{1}{2}hk_1\right) \\ k_3 = f\left(x_n + \frac{1}{2}h, y_n + \frac{1}{2}hk_2\right) \\ k_4 = f(x_n + h, y_n + hk_3) \end{cases}$$
(1)

$$\begin{cases} y_{n+1} = y_n + \frac{h}{8}(k_1 + 3k_2 + 3k_3 + k_4) \\ k_1 = f(x_n, y_n) \\ k_2 = f\left(x_n + \frac{1}{3}h, y_n + \frac{1}{3}hk_1\right) \\ k_3 = f\left(x_n + \frac{2}{3}h, y_n + \frac{1}{3}hk_1 + hk_2\right) \\ k_4 = f(x_n + h, y_n + hk_1 - hk_2 + hk_3) \end{cases}$$
(2)

使用式 (1):

$$y_1 = 1.35651, y_2 = 1.66136, y_3 = 1.9391.$$

使用式 (2):

$$y_1 = 1.33523, y_2 = 1.63069, y_3 = 1.90319.$$

## P162 8.

原题:由三阶显式 Adams 公式

$$y_{n+1} = y_n + \frac{h}{12} \left[ 23f(x_n, y_n) - 16f(x_{n-1}, y_{n-1}) + 5f(x_{n-2}, y_{n-2}) \right]$$

推导截断误差

$$T_{n+1} = \frac{3}{8}h^4 y^{(4)}(\xi)$$

**原题证明:** (证明类似于第八章常微分方程数值解 PPT的第29页.) 可以验证公式是由Lagrange插值构造的,于是

 $T_{n+1} = \int_{x_n}^{x_{n+1}} R(x) dx = \int_{x_n}^{x_{n+1}} \frac{y^{(4)}(\xi(x))}{3!} (x - x_n)(x - x_{n-1})(x - x_{n-2}) dx$  由于 $(x - x_n)(x - x_{n-1})(x - x_{n-2})$ 在积分区间上不变号,因此可以使用积分中值定理,即:

$$T_{n+1} = \frac{y^{(4)}(\xi)}{6} \int_{x_n}^{x_{n+1}} (x - x_n)(x - x_{n-1})(x - x_{n-2}) dx = \frac{3}{8} h^4 y^{(4)}(\xi).$$
 if \( \xi\$.

如果证明的是:  $T_{n+1} = \frac{3}{8}h^4y^{(4)}(x_n) + O(h^5)$ ,则需要在 $x_n$ 处进行泰勒展开. 首先由条件有

$$y_{n+1} = y(x_n) + \frac{h}{12} \left( 23y'(x_n) + 5y'(x_{n-2}) - 16y'(x_{n-1}) \right) \tag{*}$$

然后在 $x_n$ 处进行泰勒展开,可以得到:

$$y'(x_{n-2}) = y'(x_n) - 2hy''(x_n) + 2h^2y^{(3)}(x_n) - \frac{4}{3}h^3y^{(4)}(x_n) + O(h^4)$$

$$y'(x_{n-1}) = y'(x_n) - hy''(x_n) + \frac{h^2}{2}y^{(3)}(x_n) - \frac{1}{6}h^3y^{(4)}(x_n) + O(h^4)$$

$$y(x_{n+1}) = y(x_n) + hy'(x_n) + \frac{h^2}{2}y''(x_n) + \frac{h^3}{6}y^{(3)}(x_n) + \frac{h^4}{24}y^{(4)}(x_n) + O(h^4)$$

进一步可以得到,

$$\frac{h}{12}\left(23y'(x_n) + 5y'(x_{n-2}) - 16y'(x_{n-1})\right) = hy'(x_n) + \frac{h^2}{2}y''(x_n) + \frac{h^3}{6}y^{(3)}(x_n) - \frac{h^4}{3}y^{(4)}(x_n) + O(h^5)$$

最后带入(\*)式, 化简即可得到:

$$T_{n+1} = y(x_{n+1}) - y_{n+1} = \frac{3}{8}h^4y^{(4)}(x_n) + O(h^5).$$

证毕.