

ICS Homework 1

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T1

1

$$\begin{aligned} -114_{ten} &= 1000\ 1110_{two} \\ +81_{ten} &= 0101\ 0001_{two} \end{aligned}$$

2

$$\begin{aligned} 0011\ 0010_{two} &= 50_{ten} \\ 1111\ 1101_{two} &= -3_{ten} \end{aligned}$$

T2

1

$$\begin{aligned} \text{smallest: } &-128_{ten} \\ \text{largest: } &127_{ten} \end{aligned}$$

2

$$\text{range: } -2^N \text{ to } 2^N - 1$$

T3

$$-64_{ten}$$

T4

1

While the value of $a - b$ exceeds the largest value of the data type int.

2

Then the program will give the right answer. That's because under the rules of 2's complement, when a - operator is put before a, the computer will invert all bits of a and add 1. That gives $2^N - a$ in unsigned int representation.

T5

$$4098_{\frac{1}{256}}$$

T6

smallest number: 1 11111111 111111111111111111111111

smallest positive number: 0 00000000 000000000000000000000000

T7

0

T8

1

```

1  void swap(int *a, int *b){
2      *c= *a ^ *b;
3      *a= *a ^ *c;
4      *b= *b ^ *c;
5  }
```

2

T9

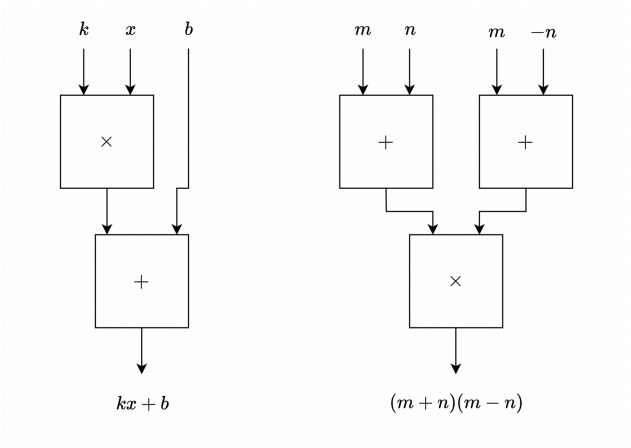


Figure 1: 9.1&9.2

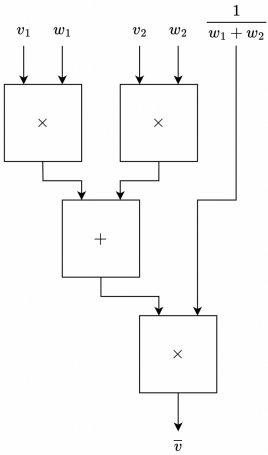


Figure 2: 9.4

T10

1

$2^6 = 64$
So we need 6 bits.

2

$6N$

3

000111 011101 100101 100101 101000 111111 010110 101000 101011 100101 011101 111110