Topical Outline & Content Prompts

Title Page

- Title: Food Insecurity on College Campuses: Causes, Consequences, and Responses
- **Prepared for:** [Audience, e.g., City Council / Board of Trustees / Nonprofit Governing Board]
- Prepared by: [Your Name]
- Date: [Insert Date]
- Course/Organization: [If applicable]

Executive Summary (~0.5 page; separate page)

- **Purpose:** Provide decision-makers a concise overview of the scope of food insecurity among college students, its underlying causes, impacts, and institutional/community responses.
- Content Prompts:
 - o Define "food insecurity" in plain language.
 - Note prevalence (e.g., percentage of U.S. college students affected).
 - o Summarize key causes (financial pressures, rising housing costs, tuition).
 - Highlight major consequences (academic performance, health, equity concerns).
 - Preview responses (campus food pantries, meal swipe programs, state/federal support).
- **Evidence & Sources:** USDA definitions, national survey data (e.g., Hope Center), higher-ed research reports.

Introduction (~0.5 page)

- **Purpose:** Establish scope, relevance, and importance of the issue for non-expert decision-makers.
- Content Prompts:
 - Define food insecurity (technical term explained simply).
 - Explain why the issue matters for student success, equity, and workforce readiness.
 - Clarify why a topical structure (causes, consequences, responses) provides the clearest understanding.
- Evidence & Sources: USDA reports, NACUFS research, major policy briefs.

Discussion (~5-6 pages)

I. Causes of Food Insecurity (~1.5–2 pages)

- **Purpose:** Explain the structural and situational factors driving food insecurity among college students.
- Content Prompts:
 - Rising tuition, housing, and textbook costs outpacing financial aid.
 - Ineligibility or difficulty accessing federal food programs (SNAP).
 - o Part-time jobs with low pay and competing academic demands.
 - o Broader economic pressures (inflation, wage stagnation).
 - Embedded case study: A university where food insecurity rose following tuition hikes.
- **Evidence & Sources:** Hope Center national surveys, U.S. Department of Education, state-level policy briefs.

II. Consequences of Food Insecurity (~2 pages)

- Purpose: Show the wide-ranging impacts on students and institutions.
- Content Prompts:
 - Academic effects: lower GPA, higher dropout rates.
 - o Health effects: malnutrition, stress, mental health issues.
 - Social equity: disproportionate effects on first-generation, minority, and low-income students.
 - Institutional implications: retention rates, graduation statistics, workforce development.
 - Embedded case study: Survey data from a mid-sized university linking food insecurity to academic probation.
- **Evidence & Sources:** Peer-reviewed research (Journal of Nutrition Education & Behavior), mental health studies, institutional reports.

III. Responses to Food Insecurity (~2–2.5 pages)

- Purpose: Document efforts to address the problem, from local to national levels.
- Content Prompts:
 - Campus food pantries, community food partnerships.
 - Meal voucher/swap programs.
 - Policy changes expanding student access to SNAP.
 - o University emergency aid funds.
 - o Innovative responses: mobile apps for food redistribution, community gardens.
 - Embedded case study: A successful campus program that reduced reported food insecurity rates.
- **Evidence & Sources:** University program evaluations, nonprofit reports (Feeding America), state legislation summaries.

IV. Looking Forward (~0.5 page)

- Purpose: Provide evidence-based outlook on the issue.
- Content Prompts:
 - o Future challenges: sustaining programs, addressing stigma.
 - Opportunities: stronger federal/state partnerships, systemic changes in financial aid.
 - Broader implications for equity and workforce development.
- **Evidence & Sources:** Policy think-tank reports (Brookings, Urban Institute), ongoing research by the Hope Center.

Conclusion (~0.25–0.5 page)

- Purpose: Reinforce the importance of understanding and addressing campus food insecurity.
- Content Prompts:
 - Restate scope of the problem.
 - Summarize causes, consequences, and responses.
 - Stress relevance for decision-makers tasked with community well-being and educational success.
- Evidence & Sources: Synthesis of earlier sections.

References (not counted in page length)

- Purpose: Document sources for verification and credibility.
- Content Prompts: 8–10 credible sources, using IEEE (or required) citation style.
- **Potential Sources:** USDA, Hope Center for College, Community, and Justice, peer-reviewed journals, government policy briefs, reputable media outlets.