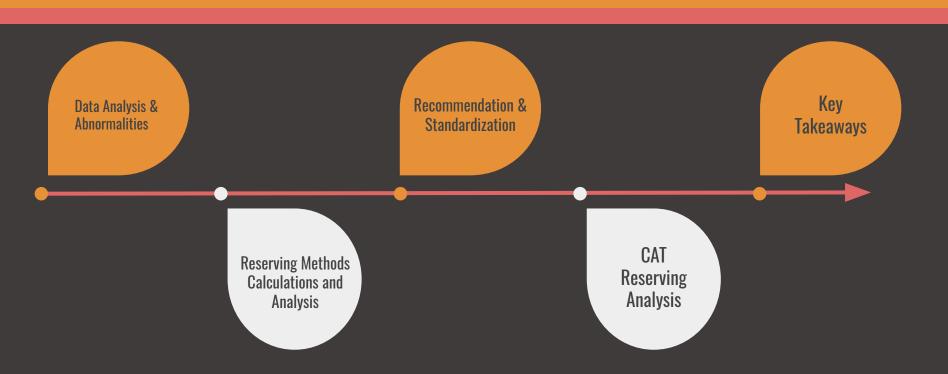
# 2022 Case Competition: Bruin Mutual

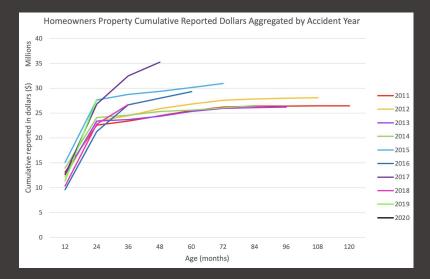
Team 11 - Tracy C., Minju K., Shannon L., Susanna T.

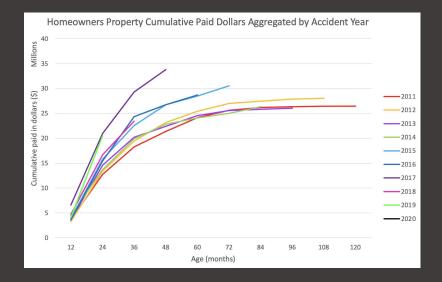
# Agenda



#### **Homeowners Property**

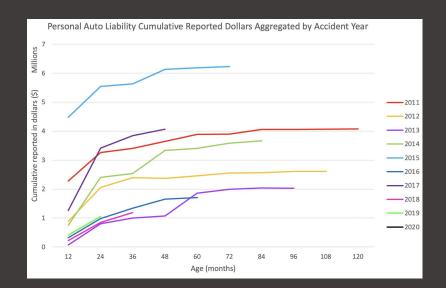
- Similar trends across different AYs
  - Rapid increase in the loss with the first year
  - Continuous gradual increase after the first year
- Abnormalities in 2017

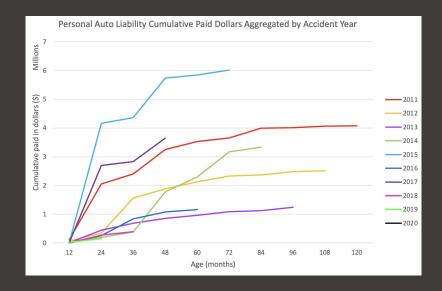




#### **Personal Auto Liability**

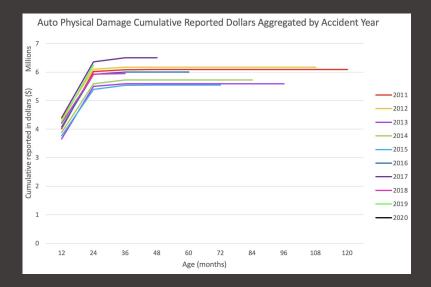
- Inconsistent and fluctuating across different AYs
  - o Rapid increase in the loss with the first year
- Abnormalities in 2015

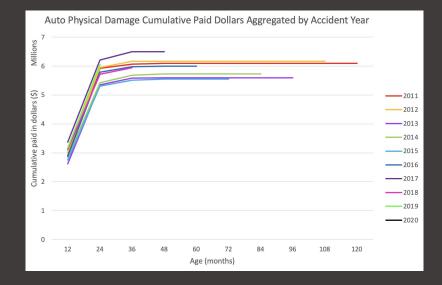




#### **Personal Auto Physical Damage**

- Similar trends across different AYs
  - Rapid increase in the loss with the first year
  - Gradually levels off after the first year





# Reserving Method Calculations & Analysis

#### **Assumptions**



Average										
Simple Aver	age									
Latest 3	2.256	1.212	1.053	1.027	1.023	1.010	1.003	1.003	1.000	
Selected	2.256	1.212	1.053	1.027	1.023	1.010	1.003	1.003	1.000	1.000

Selected averages for the age-to-age factors and tail factors

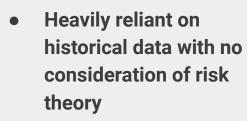
$$Selected\ Loss\ Ratio = \frac{Total\ Initial\ Selected\ Ultimate\ Claims}{Total\ Earned\ Premium}$$

**Selected Loss Ratio Formula** 

#### **Chain Ladder Method**



 Simple & reliable with stable environment and consistent historical data



	Projected Ultimate Losses (\$000)						
Accident Year	Auto Physdam		Auto Liability		Homeowners Prop		
	Reported	Paid	Reported	Paid	Reported	Paid	
2011	6,093	6,093	4,075	4,077	26,466	26,458	
2012	6,167	6,167	2,614	2,518	28,102	28,051	
2013	5,594	5,594	2,029	1,258	26,281	26,038	
2014	5,728	5,728	3,692	3,564	26,693	26,372	
2015	5,537	5,547	6,375	6,639	31,472	30,549	
2016	6,001	6,001	1,823	1,515	30,497	28,730	
2017	6,502	6,502	4,437	5,358	37,703	33,913	
2018	5,947	5,962	1,463	749	30,061	23,726	
2019	6,325	6,308	1,678	564	37,815	22,084	
2020	6,727	6,742	1,660	7,658	40,890	11,049	
Total	60,631	60,643	29,847	33,899	315,980	256,971	

### **Chain Ladder Method**

# **Expected Method**



 Maintains stability over time, as actual claim data is not used



Accident	Projected Ultimate Losses (\$000)					
Year	Auto Physdam	Auto Liability	Homeowners Prop			
2011	5,723	2,916	20,944			
2012	6,704	3,029	25,504			
2013	5,630	2,789	24,503			
2014	5,854	3,035	25,100			
2015	5,723	2,843	27,960			
2016	5,780	3,425	28,175			
2017	6,674	3,502	32,759			
2018	5,562	3,153	32,549			
2019	6,754	2,497	34,548			
2020	6,231	3,684	34,433			
Total	60,637	31,873	286,475			

# **Expected Method**

#### Bornhuetter-Ferguson Method



 Weighted combination of Chain Ladder and Expected methods



	Projected Ultimate Losses (\$000)						
Accident Year	Auto Physdam		Auto Liability		Homeowners Prop		
	Reported	Paid	Reported	Paid	Reported	Paid	
2011	6,093	6,093	4,074	4,075	26,465	26,458	
2012	6,167	6,167	2,615	2,519	28,100	28,051	
2013	5,594	5,594	2,031	1,281	26,274	26,039	
2014	5,728	5,728	3,688	3,530	26,682	26,372	
2015	5,547	5,547	6,297	6,282	31,412	30,549	
2016	6,001	6,001	1,927	1,960	30,407	28,730	
2017	6,501	6,502	4,358	4,764	37,383	33,910	
2018	5,947	5,943	1,779	1,895	30,338	23,823	
2019	6,331	6,051	2,359	2,704	36,943	22,962	
2020	6,571	3,472	3,269	3,692	36,532	21,610	
Total	60,480	57,097	32,398	32,702	310,537	268,505	

# Bornhuetter-Ferguson Method

### Cape Cod Method



 Variability in losses at early maturities do not significantly skew estimates  Highly dependent on a constant loss exposure and an accurate ELR

Accident	Projected Ultimate Losses (\$000)					
Year	Auto Physdam	Auto Liability	Homeowners Prop			
2011	6,093	4,075	26,465			
2012	6,167	2,615	28,102			
2013	5,594	2,031	26,283			
2014	5,728	3,688	26,699			
2015	5,547	6,298	31,458			
2016	6,001	1,931	30,514			
2017	6,502	4,364	37,590			
2018	5,947	1,790	30,692			
2019	6,331	2,385	37,843			
2020	6,566	3,328	38,801			
Total	60,475	32,506	314,448			

# Cape Cod Method

#### **Recommendations & Standardization**

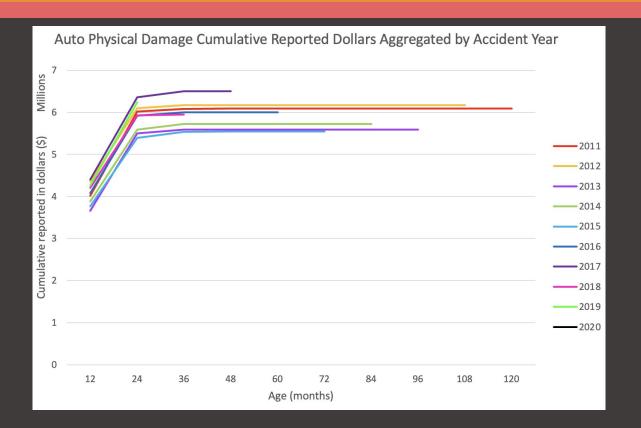
#### Recommendation

	·					
A	Ultimate Loss Selection (\$) for					
Accident Year	Auto Physical Damage	Auto Liability	Homeowners Property			
2011	\$6,093,005.04	\$4,075,202.45	\$26,467,240.97			
2012	\$6,167,101.82	\$2,576,402.25	\$28,091,633.06			
2013	\$5,594,091.84	\$1,726,270.90	\$26,251,736.2			
2014	\$5,727,696.43	\$3,632,517.81	\$31,623,721.67			
2015	\$5,547,188.08	\$6,378,235.02	\$30,904,648.57			
2016	\$6,000,913.12	\$1,831,354.14	\$38,301,891.37			
2017	\$6,501,639.72	\$4,656,282.02	\$38,301,891.37			
2018	\$5,952,411.08	\$1,535,039.31	\$31,128,096.7			
2019	\$6,324,123.81	\$1,937,772.81	\$38,658,010.38			
2020	\$6,620,224.861	\$3,921,467.68	\$40,591,136.83			
Total	\$60,528,395.79	\$32,270,544.40	\$319,132,706.06			

#### **Ultimate loss selection**

Average of the three reserving methods (excluding Expected method)

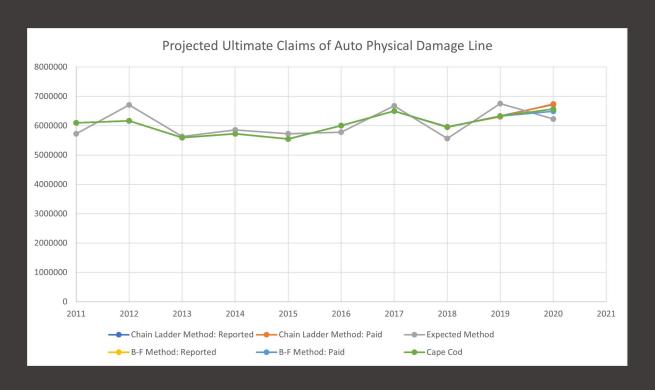
#### **Standardization**



LoB: Auto
Physical Damage

 Similar trends for all accident years

#### **Standardization**



LoB: Auto
Physical Damage

2) Least variability across methods

#### **Standardization**

Chain Expected Ladder Method **Bornhuetter** Method -Ferguson Method

# **CAT Reserving Analysis**

### CAT Reserving Analysis: A Separate Process

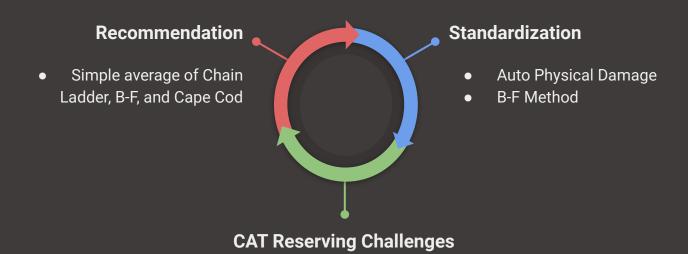


## **CAT Reserving Analysis: Challenges**



# **Key Takeaways**

### Key Takeaways



- Quantity
- Quality
- Unpredictability

Thank you!

# Appendix

