# create a new database for movie review application

DROP SCHEMA IF EXISTS movRevApp;

CREATE DATABASE IF NOT EXISTS movRevApp;

USE movRevApp;

CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS actors (

id SMALLINT UNSIGNED UNIQUE NOT NULL,

name VARCHAR(45) NOT NULL,

gender CHAR(1) NOT NULL CHECK(gender IN ("M", "F", "U", "B")),

date\_of\_birth DATE NOT NULL,

PRIMARY KEY (id)

) ENGINE=INNODB;

INSERT INTO actors

(id, name, gender, date\_of\_birth)

VALUES

(1, 'PENELOPE GUINESS' , 'B',19530717),

(2, 'MARK CLARKSON' , 'M',19700628),

(3, 'ED CHASE' , 'U',19610722),

(4, 'JENNIFER DAVIS' , 'M',19480520),

(5, 'JOHNNY LOLLOBRIGIDA', 'U',19580124),

(6, 'BETTE NICHOLSON' , 'F',19310615),

(7, 'GRACE MOSTEL' , 'M',19940505),

(8, 'MATTHEW JOHANSSON' , 'B',19620722),

(9, 'JOE SWANK' , 'M',19830510),

(10,'CHRISTIAN GABLE' , 'B',19800811);

CREATE TABLE if not exists users (

id SMALLINT UNSIGNED UNIQUE NOT NULL,

name VARCHAR(45) NOT NULL,

date\_of\_birth DATE NOT NULL,

PRIMARY KEY(id)

) ENGINE=INNODB;

INSERT INTO users

(id, name, date\_of\_birth)

VALUES

(1, 'JOHN DOE' , 19530218),

(2, 'PATRICIA JOHNSON', 19910819),

(3, 'LINDA WILLIAMS' , 19810616),

(4, 'BARBARA JONES' , 20170813),

(5, 'ELIZABETH BROWN' , 19320513),

(6, 'JENNIFER DAVIS' , 20000416),

(7, 'MARIA MILLER' , 19700604),

(8, 'SUSAN WILSON' , 19420623),

(9, 'MARGARET MOORE' , 19870921),

(10,'DOROTHY TAYLOR' , 19921215);

CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS movies (

id SMALLINT UNSIGNED UNIQUE NOT NULL,

name VARCHAR(45) NOT NULL,

genre VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,

release\_date DATE NOT NULL,

PRIMARY KEY (id)

) ENGINE=INNODB;

INSERT INTO movies

(id, name, genre, release\_date)

VALUES

(1, 'ACADEMY DINOSAUR', 'Comedy' ,19721211),

(2, 'ACE GOLDFINGER' , 'Thriller' ,19550709),

(3, 'ADAPTATION HOLES', 'Horror' ,19971124),

(4, 'AFFAIR PREJUDICE', 'Adventure',19510620),

(5, 'AFRICAN EGG' , 'Thriller' ,20021209),

(6, 'AGENT TRUMAN' , 'Fantasy' ,20050515),

(7, 'AIRPLANE SIERRA' , 'Comedy' ,20010729),

(8, 'AIRPORT POLLOCK' , 'Scifi' ,19700729),

(9, 'NOTEBOOK' , 'Drama' ,20030713),

(10,'ALADDIN CALENDAR', 'Western' ,19990224);

CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS reviews (

user\_id SMALLINT UNSIGNED NOT NULL,

movie\_id SMALLINT UNSIGNED NOT NULL,

rating SMALLINT NOT NULL,

comment VARCHAR(5000) NOT NULL,

PRIMARY KEY (user\_id, movie\_id),

INDEX (user\_id, movie\_id),

FOREIGN KEY (user\_id)

REFERENCES users(id)

ON UPDATE CASCADE ON DELETE RESTRICT,

FOREIGN KEY (movie\_id)

REFERENCES movies(id)

ON UPDATE CASCADE ON DELETE RESTRICT

) ENGINE=INNODB;

INSERT INTO reviews

(user\_id, movie\_id, rating, comment)

VALUES

(1 ,2, 9, 'A Epic Drama of a Feminist And a Mad Scientist who must Battle a Teacher in The Canadian Rockies'),

(3 ,3, 7, 'A Astounding Epistle of a Database Administrator And a Explorer who must Find a Car in Ancient China'),

(10 ,3, 0, 'A Astounding Reflection of a Lumberjack And a Car who must Sink a Lumberjack in A Baloon Factory'),

(4 ,2, 8, 'A Fanciful Documentary of a Frisbee And a Lumberjack who must Chase a Monkey in A Shark Tank'),

(4 ,4, 5, 'A Fast-Paced Documentary of a Pastry Chef And a Dentist who must Pursue a Forensic Psychologist in The Gulf of Mexico'),

(1 ,9, 1, 'A Intrepid Panorama of a Robot And a Boy who must Escape a Sumo Wrestler in Ancient China'),

(8 ,7, 9, 'A Touching Saga of a Hunter And a Butler who must Discover a Butler in A Jet Boat'),

(8 ,9, 7, 'A Epic Tale of a Moose And a Girl who must Confront a Monkey in Ancient India'),

(5 ,8, 6, 'A Thoughtful Panorama of a Database Administrator And a Mad Scientist who must Outgun a Mad Scientist in A Jet Boat'),

(3 ,7, 6, 'A Action-Packed Tale of a Man And a Lumberjack who must Reach a Feminist in Ancient China'),

(5 ,2, 1, 'A Boring Epistle of a Butler And a Cat who must Fight a Pastry Chef in A MySQL Convention'),

(1 ,5, 1, 'A Fanciful Saga of a Hunter And a Pastry Chef who must Vanquish a Boy in Australia'),

(9 ,7, 9, 'A Action-Packed Drama of a Dentist And a Crocodile who must Battle a Feminist in The Canadian Rockies'),

(6 ,6, 6, 'A Emotional Drama of a A Shark And a Database Administrator who must Vanquish a Pioneer in Soviet Georgia'),

(5 ,1, 10, 'A Brilliant Drama of a Cat And a Mad Scientist who must Battle a Feminist in A MySQL Convention'),

(6 ,9, 6, 'A Fast-Paced Drama of a Robot And a Composer who must Battle a Astronaut in New Orleans'),

(4 ,8, 1, 'A Fast-Paced Character Study of a Composer And a Dog who must Outgun a Boat in An Abandoned Fun House'),

(4 ,1, 9, 'A Thoughtful Drama of a Composer And a Feminist who must Meet a Secret Agent in The Canadian Rockies'),

(8 ,2, 1, 'A Emotional Display of a Pioneer And a Technical Writer who must Battle a Man in A Baloon');

CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS leads (

actor\_id SMALLINT UNSIGNED NOT NULL,

movie\_id SMALLINT UNSIGNED NOT NULL,

PRIMARY KEY (actor\_id, movie\_id),

INDEX (actor\_id, movie\_id),

FOREIGN KEY (actor\_id)

REFERENCES actors(id)

ON UPDATE CASCADE ON DELETE RESTRICT,

FOREIGN KEY (movie\_id)

REFERENCES movies(id)

ON UPDATE CASCADE ON DELETE RESTRICT

) ENGINE=INNODB;

INSERT INTO leads

(actor\_id, movie\_id)

VALUES

(4 ,9),

(9 ,8),

(9 ,4),

(6 ,8),

(10,7),

(7 ,1),

(1 ,2),

(9 ,1),

(1 ,10),

(1 ,1),

(7 ,9),

(10,6),

(6, 7),

(3, 10),

(9, 5),

(9, 2),

(7, 7),

(1, 7),

(1, 8),

(6, 5),

(8, 6),

(2, 1),

(1, 3),

(5, 9),

(4, 1);

# ANSWERING QUESTIONS:

#1. List the name(s) of the user(s) born in April who rated at most 8

# for the movie 'Notebook'. Output their names sorted in descending order.

SELECT users.name

FROM users, reviews, movies

WHERE MONTH(users.date\_of\_birth) = 4

AND users.id = reviews.user\_id

AND movies.name = "NOTEBOOK"

AND movies.id = reviews.movie\_id

AND reviews.rating <= 8

ORDER BY users.name DESC;

#2. Find user ‘John Doe’'s favorite type of movie genre(s)

# based on his movie reviews ratings. List the name(s)

# and genre(s) of all the movie(s) under this/these movie genre(s)

# sorted them based on the movie genre then movie name in the ascending order.

SELECT name, genre, MAX(avg\_rating)

FROM

(SELECT AVG(rating) AS avg\_rating, genre, name

FROM

(SELECT users.name AS name, movies.genre AS genre, reviews.rating AS rating

FROM users, movies ,reviews

WHERE movies.id = reviews.movie\_id

AND users.id = reviews.user\_id

AND users.name = "JOHN DOE") AS Q2\_1

GROUP BY genre) AS Q2\_2;

SELECT movies.name, movies.genre

FROM

movies, (SELECT name, genre, MAX(avg\_rating)

FROM

(SELECT AVG(rating) AS avg\_rating, genre, name

FROM

(SELECT users.name AS name, movies.genre AS genre, reviews.rating AS rating

FROM users, movies ,reviews

WHERE movies.id = reviews.movie\_id

AND users.id = reviews.user\_id

AND users.name = "JOHN DOE") AS Q2\_1

GROUP BY genre) AS Q2\_2) AS userFAV

WHERE movies.genre = userFAV.genre

ORDER BY movies.genre, movies.name ASC;

#3. List the movie id(s) with most male lead. Sort the ids in descending order.

#3.1 list the movie id with MOST number of MALE leads

SELECT movieid, numMaleLead

FROM

(SELECT leads.movie\_id AS movieid, COUNT(leads.actor\_id) as numMaleLead

FROM leads, actors

WHERE leads.actor\_id = actors.id

AND actors.gender = "M"

GROUP BY leads.movie\_id

ORDER BY numMaleLead DESC) as Q3\_1

WHERE numMaleLead = (SELECT MAX(numMaleLead) FROM (SELECT leads.movie\_id AS movieid, COUNT(leads.actor\_id) as numMaleLead

FROM leads, actors

WHERE leads.actor\_id = actors.id

AND actors.gender = "M"

GROUP BY leads.movie\_id

ORDER BY numMaleLead DESC) as Q3\_1)

ORDER BY movieid DESC;

#4. List the name(s) of all comedy movie(s) that were released before 2006

# and have reviews rating better than average rating of all movies,

# sorted in ascending order. Note that you should compute the average of movie average ratings,

# not the average of all ratings. E.g. movie A got reviewss 10, 10, and 10,

# and movie B got just one 6, the result should be ((10 + 10 + 10) / 3 + 6) / 2 = 8,

#instead of (10 + 10 + 10 + 6) / 4 = 9.

SELECT name

FROM

(SELECT movieid, name, AVG(rating) AS avgrating

FROM

(SELECT reviews.movie\_id AS movieid, movies.name AS name, movies.release\_date as release\_date, reviews.rating as rating

FROM movies, reviews

WHERE YEAR(movies.release\_date)<2006

AND movies.genre = "COMEDY"

AND movies.id = reviews.movie\_id

ORDER BY movies.name) AS Q4\_1

GROUP BY movieid

ORDER BY movieid) as Q4\_3

WHERE avgrating> (SELECT AVG(avgrating)

FROM

(SELECT reviews.movie\_id, AVG(reviews.rating) AS avgrating

FROM reviews

GROUP BY reviews.movie\_id) AS Q4\_2)

ORDER BY avgrating ASC;

#5. List the movie id(s) and average reviews(s) where the average reviews higher than 9

# and one of their leading actorss is the actors 'Mark Clarkson'.

# Sort the output by average reviewss and then movie ids.

SELECT movieid, name, avgrating

FROM

(SELECT movieid, name, AVG(rating) AS avgrating

FROM

(SELECT reviews.movie\_id AS movieid, movies.name AS name, movies.release\_date as release\_date, reviews.rating as rating

FROM movies, reviews, actors, leads

WHERE movies.id = reviews.movie\_id

AND movies.id = leads.movie\_id

AND leads.actor\_id = actors.id

AND actors.name = "MARK CLARKSON"

ORDER BY movies.name) AS Q5\_1

GROUP BY movieid

ORDER BY movieid) AS Q5\_2

WHERE avgrating> 9

ORDER BY avgrating, movieid ASC;

#6. Find the actorss who played the lead together the most.

# Display these their names and the number of times they played the lead together.

# Note: The resulting table must show both actorss info in the same row (actors1 and actors2).

# This might result in duplicate data where two rows might have the same actorss

# but in different columns. Here is an example of two actorss that played the lead

# in two movies together.

SELECT actors1.name, actors2.name, shared\_movie

FROM actors actors1,actors actors2,

(SELECT r1.actor\_id as actors\_a, r2.actor\_id as actors\_b, count(r1.movie\_id) as shared\_movie

FROM leads r1 inner join leads r2 on r1.movie\_id = r2.movie\_id and r1.actor\_id > r2.actor\_id

GROUP BY r1.actor\_id, r2.actor\_id

ORDER BY shared\_movie desc) as Q6\_1

WHERE shared\_movie =

(SELECT max(shared\_movie)

FROM

(SELECT r1.actor\_id as actors\_a, r2.actor\_id as actors\_b, count(r1.movie\_id) as shared\_movie

FROM leads r1 inner join leads r2 on r1.movie\_id = r2.movie\_id and r1.actor\_id > r2.actor\_id

GROUP BY r1.actor\_id, r2.actor\_id

ORDER BY shared\_movie desc) as Q6\_2)

AND actors1.id = actors\_a

AND actors2.id = actors\_b;