CSCI596 Assignment 3—Parallel Computation of π and Scalability Analysis Due: September 23 (Wed), 2020

The purpose of this assignment is to acquire hands-on experience on the *scalability analysis* of a parallel program — one of the key skills you learn in this class. We use a simple application that utilizes the function you have written for assignment 2, where the purpose was to:

- (i) Convince ourselves that MPI_Send() and MPI_Recv() are sufficient to build any parallel programs, using global reduction as a concrete example.
- (ii) Perform a unit software test of the global_sum() function used in this assignment.

Part I: Programming

Write a message passing interface (MPI) program, global_pi.c, to compute the value of π based on the lecture note on "Parallel Computation of Pi" and using the global_sum() function you have implemented and unit-tested in assignment 2. Please also utilize the serial program pi.c (which computes the value of π) in the assignment 3 package.

(Assignment)

1. Submit the source code of global pi.c.

(Note)

• Insert MPI_Wtime() function (which takes no argument and returns the wall-clock time in seconds as double) to measure the running time of the program.

Part II: Scalability

In this assignment, we measure the scalability of global_pi.c. (Assignment)

- 2. (Fixed problem-size scaling) Run your global_pi.c with a fixed number of quadrature points, $N_{\text{BIN}} = 10^9$, while varying the number of compute nodes = 1, 2 and 4 with processor per node to be 1 (i.e., the number of processors P = 1, 2 and 4). Plot the fixed problem-size parallel efficiency as a function of P. Submit the plot.
- 3. (*Isogranular scaling*) In this scalability test, we consider a constant number of quadrature points, $N_{BIN}/P = 10^9$, per processor for P = 1, 2 and 4. To do this, we slightly modify global_pi.c by defining

#define NPERP 1000000000 /* Number of quadrature points per processor */
long long NBIN;
and determining the total number of quadrature points as
NBIN = (long long)NPERP*nprocs;
Run the resulting program global_pi_iso.c, and plot the isogranular parallel efficiency as
a function of P. Submit the plot.

(Note)

• Please perform the entire scaling tests in a single batch job to minimize measurement fluctuations, using the Slurm script, global_pi.sl, in the assignment 3 package.