

UNIT 9. LESSON 14

Crime and Punishment

Get ready!

Before you begin the lesson, talk about these questions.

1. How do citizens and law officers work together to prevent crime in your country?
2. What should someone do if they fall victim to a crime?

Active words: arson, vandalism, theft, shoplifting, embezzlement, robbery, extortion.

VOCABULARY

Task 1. Use your dictionaries and translate the words of crimes against property into Uzbek or Russian.

- | | |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------|
| a) arson | h) burglary |
| b) vandalism | i) forgery |
| c) theft | j) receiving stolen goods |
| d) shoplifting | k) taking a vehicle without consent |
| e) embezzlement | l) computer crime |
| f) robbery | l) mugging |
| g) extortion | |

Task 2. Listen and read the new words and definitions then copy out them into your notebooks.

cause - reasonable grounds for doing, thinking, or feeling something

constant - occurring continuously over a period of time

concern - anxiety; worry

account for - a description of an event or experience

in conjunction with - two things are done or used together.

tackle - to deal with a problem or difficult task

install - place or fix an equipment or machinery

device - a thing made or adapted for a particular purpose

scheme - a large-scale systematic plan

or arrangement for attaining some particular object

private - belonging of people only

encourage - give support or hope to someone

inner - situated inside or further in; internal

rural - characteristic of the countryside rather than the town

rape - the crime, typically committed by a man, of forcing another person to have sexual intercourse with the offender against their will

mount - organize and initiate

breath - the air taken into or expelled from the lungs

acute - present or experienced to a severe or intense degree

racial - racial describes things relating to people's race

assault - make a physical attack on

harassment - harassment is behaviour

which is intended to trouble or annoy someone

campus - the grounds and buildings of a university or college

mail - send (a letter or parcel) by post

Task 3. Translate the following words and phrases into your language.

1. to be alleged to have killed someone
2. to break a law
3. to be arrested for stealing a diamond ring
4. to be convicted of theft
5. to commit a crime or an offence
6. to go on the run
7. to have a criminal record
8. to restrain a violent suspect
9. to serve a sentence
10. to be sought for questioning

READING

Task 4. Read the article once. Did the article mention any of the things you thought of?

CRIME

Crime in both Britain and USA is a cause of constant and serious concern, and increasing attention is being paid to methods of preventing it.

The majority of crime is directed against property, with car theft accounting for a quarter of all crimes, and in Britain local crime prevention panels operate in conjunction with the police to discuss ways of tackling this type of crime.

In the USA there has been a marked rise in violent crime among young people, with murder, rape and assault all on the increase. In both countries there have been incidents of mass shootings, which have resulted in a review of the regulations controlling the purchase of firearms.

In Britain, the police have not always effectively combated the problem of racial violence. There continue to be incidents of assault on members of ethnic minority groups, either by direct harassment in their homes or by acts of vandalism in shops run by them. A similar situation exists in the USA, where there have been cases of racial harassment on college campuses and of the mailing of letter bombs.

SPEAKING

Task 5. Read the article about crimes. Then, mark the statements as true (T) or false (F).

1. ___ British police prevents crimes without help of local people.

2. ___ There has been decrease in violent crime among young people in the USA.
3. ___ In Britain, the police effectively combats the problem of racial violence.

Task 6. Answer the following control questions.

1. Why majority of crime is directed against property?
2. How many percent of all crimes in USA is consist car theft?
3. Why there is a rise in violent crime in the USA? What kind of crimes are they?
4. Why police have not always effectively combated the problem of racial violence in the UK?

Article 14. Notion of Crime

A culpable socially dangerous act (action or inaction) prohibited by this Code on pain of imposing of a penalty shall be recognized as a crime.

An act causing or inviting a real danger to the objects protecting by this Code shall be recognized as a socially dangerous act.

CRIMINAL CODE
OF THE REPUBLIC OF UZBEKISTAN

LISTENING

Task 7. Listen to a conversation between a police officer and a suspect.

Choose the correct answers.

1. What is the officer mainly asking about?

- A. where a weapon is now
- B. what happened in a fight
- C. how a fight was stopped
- D. who was injured in a fight

2. Why might the man go to jail?

- A. He injured witnesses.
- B. He would not obey commands.
- C. He threatened to hurt the other man.
- D. He refused to answer questions.

Task 8. Listen again and complete the conversation.

Officer: Darren, I don't want to tell you again. 1 _____
_____ and answer my questions.

Darien: Why? I didn't do anything! You should arrest Paul!

Officer: I'll talk to Paul in a moment. 2 _____
_____, you need to stop yelling.

Darren: This is ridiculous.

Officer: What caused the fight between you and Paul?

Darren: It was his fault. He was trying to start a fight
3 _____.

Officer: The witnesses said that you pulled out a knife.

Darren: I told you, 4 _____.

Officer: Well, Darren, you're in some serious trouble,
too. You committed an assault with a deadly weapon.

Darren: What? I never even 5 _____! He threw
a glass at my face!

Officer: Calm down, Darren. You threatened to hurt him.
6 _____ to send you to jail.

SPEAKING

Task 9. With a partner, act out the roles below based on Task 7. Then, switch roles.

USE LANGUAGE SUCH AS:
<i>What caused the...</i> <i>I didn't do anything!</i>

Witnesses say that...

Student A: You are a police officer. Talk to *Student B* about:

- *a recent fight*
- *possible charges*

Student B: You are a suspect. Talk to *Student A* about:

what happened during a fight.

WRITING

Task 10. Use the report and the conversation from Task 8 to fill out the officer's notes.

Incident Notes

Individuals involved: _____

Events: _____

Possible charges: _____

READING

Task 11. Read the words then group them into “Crimes against Property”.

- | | | |
|-----------------|---------------------------|---------------------|
| a) arson | f) robbery | k) taking a vehicle |
| b) vandalism | g) extortion | without consent |
| c) theft | h) burglary | l) computer crime |
| d) shoplifting | i) forgery | (‘hacking’) |
| e) embezzlement | j) receiving stolen goods | m) mugging |

SPEAKING

Task 12. Which crime is punished with the following sentence? Some sentences may not be applied in your country.

Sentences

1. life in prison without parole
2. 15 years in prison
3. 10 years in prison
4. 18 years in prison
5. the death penalty
6. 12 years in prison
7. 15 days in prison
8. 1,5 years in prison

WRITING

Task 13. What sentence is applied to these crimes? The one is given.

If you are convicted of:	The maximum penalty is:
Causing death by careless driving whilst under the influence of drink or drugs	<i>10 years imprisonment and banned for at least 2 years</i>
Driving or attempting to drive whilst above the legal limit or unfit through drink	
In charge of a vehicle whilst above the legal limit or unfit through drink	
Refusing to provide a specimen	

Task 14. Crossword – name the crime

1						m			
	2					a			
3						n			
			4			s			
5						l			
			6			a			
	7					u			
	8					g			
		9				h			
		10				t			
11						e			
	12					r			

1. the action, treated as a criminal offence, of demanding money from someone in return for not revealing compromising information which one has about them
2. the offence of marrying someone while already married to another person
3. the crime of betraying one's country, especially by attempting to kill or overthrow the sovereign or government
4. the action or crime of making a false spoken statement damaging to a person's reputation
5. make a physical attack on
6. the criminal act of deliberately setting fire to property
7. moving (goods) illegally into or out of a country
8. falsification of a copy or imitation of a document, signature, banknote, or work of art
9. the action or crime of stealing
10. the practice of obtaining something, especially money, through force or threats
11. the act of offering someone money or something valuable in order to persuade them to do something for you.
12. the unlawful premeditated killing of one human being by another