COMPILER DESIGN LAB

PROJECT – 1

LEXICAL ANALYSER

Table of Contents

1.	Compiler
2.	<u>Lexical Analysis</u>
3.	Syntax Analysis
4.	Semantic Analysis
5.	Intermediate Code Generation
6.	Code Optimization
7.	Code Generation
8.	Symbol Table
9.	Test cases for data types
10.	Test cases for for-loops and if-conditions
11.	Test cases for functions and function calls
12.	Test cases for comments

COMPILER:

A compiler is computer software that transforms computer code written in one programming language (the source language) into another programming language (the target language). Compilers are a type of translator that supports digital devices, primarily computers. The name *compiler* is primarily used for programs that translate source code from a high-level programming language to a lower level language (e.g., assembly language, object code, or machine code) to create an executable program.

The compilation process is a sequence of various phases. Each phase takes input from its previous stage, has its own representation of source program, and feeds its output to the next phase of the compiler. Let us understand the phases of a compiler.

Lexical Analysis:

The first phase of scanner works as a text scanner. This phase scans the source code as a stream of characters and converts it into meaningful lexemes. Lexical analyser represents these lexemes in the form of tokens as: <token name, attribute value>.

Sequences of characters in a token are called lexemes.

Functions of lexical analyser:

- 1. Tokenization i.e. dividing the program into valid tokens.
- 2. Remove white space characters.
- 3. Remove comments.
- 4. It also provides help in generating error message by providing row number and column number.

The lexical analyser identifies the error with the help of automation machine and the grammar of the given language on which it is based like C,C++.

Syntax Analysis:

The next phase is called the syntax analysis or parsing. It takes the token produced by lexical analysis as input and generates a parse tree (or syntax tree). In this phase, token arrangements are checked against the source code grammar, i.e. the parser checks if the expression made by the tokens is syntactically correct.

Semantic Analysis:

Semantic analysis checks whether the parse tree constructed follows the rules of language. For example, assignment of values is between compatible data types, and adding string to an integer. Also, the semantic analyser keeps track of identifiers, their types and expressions; whether identifiers are declared before use or not etc. The semantic analyser produces an annotated syntax tree as an output.

Intermediate Code Generation:

After semantic analysis the compiler generates an intermediate code of the source code for the target machine. It represents a program for some abstract machine. It is in between the high-level language and the machine language. This intermediate code should be generated in such a way that it makes it easier to be translated into the target machine code.

Code Optimization:

The next phase does code optimization of the intermediate code. Optimization can be assumed as something that removes unnecessary code lines, and arranges the sequence of statements in order to speed up the program execution without wasting resources (CPU, memory).

Code Generation:

In this phase, the code generator takes the optimized representation of the intermediate code and maps it to the target machine language. The code generator translates the intermediate code into a sequence of (generally) re-locatable machine code. Sequence of instructions of machine code performs the task as the intermediate code would do.

Symbol Table:

It is a data-structure maintained throughout all the phases of a compiler. All the identifier's names along with their types are stored here. The symbol table makes it easier for the compiler to quickly search the identifier record and retrieve it. The symbol table is also used for scope management.

Lex code for the lexical analyser:

```
%
{
    #include <stdio.h>
    #include <string.h>
    #include <math.h>
    #include <stdlib.h>
    #include <stdbool.h>
    struct symboltable {
       char token[100];
       char type[100];
    };
    struct symboltable* stable[10000];
    struct symboltable* ctable[10000];
    struct symboltable* dummyItem;
    //strcpy (dummyItem->token,"-1");
    struct symboltable* item;
    int hashCode(char token[100]) {
       int i,x=0,j=strlen(token);
       x=0;
       for(i=j;i>=0;i--)
            x=x*10+token[i];
            x%=10000;
       return x%10000;
    struct symboltable *search(char token[100]) {
       char hashIndex = hashCode(token);
       while(stable[hashIndex] != NULL) {
          if(stable[hashIndex]->token == token)
             return stable[hashIndex];
          ++hashIndex;
          hashIndex%=10000;
       }
       return NULL;
    }
    void insert(char a[100],char b[100]) {
       printf("%s - %s\n",a,b);
```

```
struct symboltable *item = (struct symboltable*) malloc(sizeof(struct
symboltable));
   strcpy(item->type,b);
   strcpy(item->token,a);
   char token[100];
   strcpy(token,item->token);
   int hashIndex = hashCode(token);
   if (stable[hashIndex]!=NULL)
       if (strcmp(stable[hashIndex]->token,a)==0)
   while(stable[hashIndex] != NULL && stable[hashIndex]->token != "-1") {
      ++hashIndex;
      hashIndex%=10000;
   }
   stable[hashIndex] = item;
}
void cinsert(char a[100],char b[100]) {
   printf("%s - %s\n",a,b);
   struct symboltable *item = (struct symboltable*) malloc(sizeof(struct
symboltable));
   strcpy(item->type,b);
   strcpy(item->token,a);
   char token[100];
   strcpy(token,item->token);
   int hashIndex = hashCode(token);
   if (ctable[hashIndex]!=NULL)
       if (strcmp(ctable[hashIndex]->token,a)==0)
       return;
   while(ctable[hashIndex] != NULL && ctable[hashIndex]->token != "-1") {
      ++hashIndex;
      hashIndex%=10000;
   }
   ctable[hashIndex] = item;
}
struct symboltable* delete(struct symboltable* item) {
   char token[100];
   strcpy(token,item->token);
   int hashIndex = hashCode(token);
   while(stable[hashIndex] != NULL) {
      if(stable[hashIndex]->token == token) {
         struct symboltable* temp = stable[hashIndex];
         strcpy(stable[hashIndex]->token,"-1");
```

```
return temp;
      }
      //go to next cell
      ++hashIndex;
              hashIndex%=10000;
   }
   return NULL;
}
int i=0;
letter [a-zA-Z]
digit[0-9]
{digit}+("E"("+"|"-")?{digit}+)? {cinsert(yytext, "Real Number");}
{digit}+"."{digit}+("E"("+"|"-")?{digit}+)? {cinsert(yytext, "Floating point number");}
"\""(.*)"\"" {cinsert(yytext, "Character constant");}
"#include <"{letter}*".h>"|"#include<"{letter}*".h>" {insert(yytext,"Include
statement"); }
"auto"|"break"|"case"|"char"|"const"|"continue"|"default"|"do"|"double"|"else"|"enum"|
"extern"|"float"|"for"|"goto"|"if"|"int"|"long"|"register"|"return"|"short"|"signed"|"
sizeof"|"static"|"struct"|"switch"|"typedef"|"union"|"unsigned"|"void"|"volatile"|"whi
le" {insert(yytext, "Keyword");}
({letter}|"_")({letter}|{digit})* {insert(yytext,"Identifier");}
"&&"|"<"|">"|"<="|">="|"="|"+"|"-"|"?"|"*"|"/"|"%"|"&"|"||"
{insert(yytext, "Operators");}
"{"|"["|"(" {insert(yytext, "Opening bracket"); }
"}"|"]"|")" {insert(yytext, "Closing bracket");}
"#"|"'"|"."|"\""|"," {insert(yytext, "Special characters");}
"\;" {insert(yytext, "Delimiter");}
"%d"|"%s"|"%c"|"%f"|"%e" {insert(yytext, "Format Specifier");}
"\\n" {insert(yytext,"New line");}
\/\/.*"\n" {insert(yytext,"Single line Commment");}
"/*"([^*]|\*+[^*/])*\*+"/" {insert(yytext,"Multi Line Commment");}
"@"|"$" {insert(yytext,"Lexical error");}
" "|"\t"|"\n"
void display() {
   int i = 0;
   for(i = 0; i<10000; i++) {
      if(stable[i] != NULL && stable[i]->token!="-1")
         printf("%s - %s\n",stable[i]->token,stable[i]->type);
   }
```

```
}
void cdisplay() {
   int i = 0;
  for(i = 0; i < 10000; i++) {
      if(ctable[i] != NULL && ctable[i]->token!="-1")
         printf("%s - %s\n",ctable[i]->token,ctable[i]->type);
}
 int yywrap()
 {
 return 1;
 }
 int main()
 yyin=fopen("abc.txt","r");
 yylex();
 int j;
 printf("\n\nSymbol table: \n \n");
 display();
 printf("\n\nConstant table: \n \n");
 cdisplay();
 return 0;
```

Screenshots of Outputs:

1. Test case for datatypes:

```
// Test case for data types, declarations and assignment statements
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
                            //valid char assignment
       char a;
       char a[100];
                           //valid char assignment
       int 5xyz;
                           //invalid identifier
       int x=10;
                           //valid int assignment
                            //invalid assignment
        x=2*q;
        float z=30.0; //valid float assignment float @y=25.0; //invalid float assignment
       float y=25.1.0;
                           //invalid float assignment
```

```
tejas_0008Asus-pc ~

$ ./a.exe
// - Comments
Test - Identifer
ty- Special Character
declaration - Identifer
and - Identifer
and - Identifer
statements - Identifer
and - Identifer
and - Identifer
and - Identifer
c - Opening bracket
/ - Opening bracket
- Opening bra
```

```
assignment - Identifer

@ - Lex error Invalid token
y - Identifer
= - Operator
25.0 - Floating point number
; - Delimiter
// - Comments
invalid - Identifer
assignment - Identifer
= - Operator
25.1 - Floating point number
. - Special Character
O - Real Number
: - Delimiter
// - Comments
invalid - Identifer
assignment - Identifer
= Joperator
x - Identifer
= Operator
y - Identifer
= Operator
y - Identifer
= Operator
y - Identifer
- Operator
y - Identifer
+ Operator
y - Identifer
+ Operator
y - Identifer
the identifer
- Operator
y - Identifer
- Operator
- Operator
- Identifer
- Operator
- Identifer
- Operator
- Identifer
- Operator
- Operator
- Identifer
- Operator
- Ident
```

2. Test case for loops and if-conditions:

```
// Test case for for loop, while loop, nested while loop and if-else statements
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
       int i,j=0;
       for (i=0;i<10;i++)
                            // valid for loop
              printf("%d \n",i);
       }
       for [i=0;i<10;i++]
                                             // invalid for loop
              printf("%d \n",i);
       }
       while (i<20)
                                             // valid nested while loops
              j=0;
              while (j<3)
                     j++;
       }
       while {x<9}
                                              // invalid while statement
              x++;
       if (i<20)
                                             // valid if-else statements
              printf("Hello World \n");
       else if (i>20)
              printf("Bye World \n");
       }
       else
              printf("Equality \n");
       if [i<20]
                                               // invalid if-else statements
              printf("Nothing happens \n");
}
```

```
Coutput:

Tejas_0000Asus-pc ~
5 /A exe   
// - Comments

Test - Identifer
loop - Identifer
- Special character
loop - Identifer
- Special character
nested - Identifer
and - Identifer
and - Identifer
- Operator
statements - Identifer
#include <a href="statements">statements</a>
- Include Statement
main - Identifer
(- Opening bracket
) - Closing bracket
(- Opening bracket
) - Closing bracket
i - Identifer
- Special character
j - Identifer
- Opening bracket
i - Identifer
- Operator
0 - Real Number
- Delimiter
i - Identifer
- Operator
10 - Real Number
- Operator
- Opening bracket
- Opening bracket
- Special Character
- Special Character
- Opening bracket
- Openin
```

```
- Operator
- Closing bracket
- Closing bracket
- Operator
- Operat
```

```
Symbol table:

( - Opening bracket
) - Closing bracket
) - Closing bracket
+ Operators
- Special characters:
- Delimiter
- Operators
- Opening bracket
- Closing b
```

3. Test case for datatypes:

```
// Test case for defining user-defined functions and invoking them in the main
function
#include <stdio.h>
void printpattern()
                                                   //correct function declaration
{
                  \n");
       printf("*
}
int ret10[]
                                                 //incorrect function declaration
       return 10;
}
void checkg10(int x)
                                                  //correct function declaration
       if (x>10)
              printf("%d is greater than 10\n",x);
       }
       else
              printf("%d is not greater than 10\n",x);
int main()
       int i,j;
       printpattern();
                                                  //correct function call
       i=ret10{};
                                                 //incorrect function call
       checkg10(i);
                                                 //correct function call
}
```

```
tejas_0000Asus-pc ~

5 ./a.exe
// - Comments
Test - Identifer
defining - Identifer
user - Identifer
defining - Identifer
defined II service in Identifer
and - Identifer
and - Identifer
invoking - Identifer
them - Identifer
them - Identifer
them - Identifer
them - Identifer
function - Identifer
- Opening bracket
/ - Comments
function Identifer
- Opening bracket
- - Identifer
- Opening bracket
- Opening bracket
- Opening bracket
- Opening bracket
- Identifer
- Opening bracket
- Opening bracket
- Identifer
- Opening bracket
- Closing bracket
- Identifer
- Opening bracket
- Closing bracket
- Identifer
- Opening bracket
- Identifer
- Real Number
- Real Number
- Real Number
- Real Number
                                                             - Real Number
Closing bracket
opening bracket
nff - Identifer
opening bracket
special Character
- Format specifier
and real Number
- New line
- Special Character
- Jeneing bracket
- Special Character
- Jeneing bracket
- Special Character
- Jeneing bracket
- Special Character
- Special Character
- Jeneing bracket
- Special Character
- Jeneing bracket
- New line
- Special Character
- Lentifer
- New line
- Special Character
- Special Character
- Special Character
- Jeneing bracket
- Jeneing brack
                                                                                                                                                    orrect - Identifer

ction - Identifer

ckcgl0 - Identifer

ckcgl0 - Identifer

Opening bracket

Identifer

Closing bracket

Delimiter

- Comments

rect - Identifer

Lidentifer

Lidentifer

Closing bracket
```

```
Symbol table:

( - Opening bracket
) - Closing bracket
. - Special characters
: - De limiter
= - Operators
- Operators
[ - Opening bracket
] - Identifier
] - Identifier
| Identifier
| Identifier
| Identifier
| Opening bracket
| - Closing bracket
| - Closing bracket
| - Closing bracket
| - Opening bracket
```

4. Test case for comments:

```
tejas_000@Asus-pc ~
$ ./a.exe
#include <stdio.h> - Include Statement
main - Identifer
( - Opening bracket
) - Closing bracket
// - Comments
This - Identifer
is - Identifer
a - Identifer
comment - Identifer
valid - Identifer
/* - Comments
This - Identifer
comment - Identifer
valid - Identifer
/* - Comments
This - Identifer
/* - Comments
This - Identifer
a - Identifer
also - Identifer
also - Identifer
also - Identifer
valid - Identifer
valid - Identifer
valid - Identifer
comment - Identifer
*/ - Comments
Invalid - Identifer
*/ - Comments
Invalid - Identifer
comment - Identifer
/* - Comments
Invalid - Identifer
/* - Comment -
```

```
Symbol table:

( - Opening bracket
) - Closing bracket
* - Operators
/ - Operators
{ - Opening bracket
} - Closing bracket
#include <stdio.h> - Include statement
comment - Identifier
end - Identifier
no - Identifier
no - Identifier
has - Identifier
int - Keyword
//This is a commment
- Single line Commment
This - Identifier
/*
This is also a comment
*/ - Multi Line Commment
//Invalid comment
- Single line Commment
- Single line Commment

*/ - Multi Line Commment
Constant table:
```