

Designing Microsoft Azure Infrastructure Solutions

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About this course

Purpose – Azure Architects

- Subject matter expertise in designing cloud and hybrid solutions
- Expertise includes compute, networking, storage, application services, data solutions, monitoring and security.

Prerequisites

- Working knowledge of networking technologies including connectivity services, application delivery services, and network architectures.
- Working knowledge of storage technologies including relational and non-relational data solutions.
- Working knowledge of compute technologies including virtual machines, containers, and PaaS compute solutions. .
- Experience architecting solutions including security, migration, and business continuity.

Course schedule

Day 1

Introduction

Governance*

Compute*

Day 2

Storage (non-relational)*

Storage (relational)*

Data Integration

Day 3

App Architecture*

Authentication and Authorization*

Monitoring**

Day 4

Networks*

BCDR

Migrations

* Case study

** Fabrikam Residences case study

Get ready for your Microsoft Certification exam

Exam AZ-305: Designing Microsoft Azure Infrastructure Solutions

Understand the skills measured by the exam

Study area	Percentage
Design identity, governance, and monitoring solutions	25-30%
Design data storage solutions	20-25%
Design business continuity solutions	15-20%
Design infrastructure solutions	30-35%

Build confidence in your skills

Find in the exam page resources to help prepare

- Watch exam prep videos
- Review the exam study guide
- Take a practice assessment



Case studies

- Tailwind Traders is modernizing its infrastructure and moving to the cloud -
- You have been asked to recommend and suggest new cloud architectures - requirements and tasks are provided in case studies
- Make sure to actively participate in small groups or individually
- Become familiar with the [Azure Architecture Center](#), [Azure Charts](#), and the [Azure Documentation](#).
- Consider the Cloud Adoption Framework and Well Architected Framework as you design your case study solutions (next slides)
- Optional sandboxes are provided on Learn





AZ-305T00A

Designing Microsoft Azure Infrastructure Solutions



Design a governance solution



Learning Objectives

- Design for governance
- Design for management groups
- Design for Azure subscriptions
- Design for resource groups
- Design for resource tagging
- Design for Azure Policy and RBAC
- Case study
- Learning recap

AZ-305: Design Identity, Governance, and Monitoring Solutions (25-30%)

Design Governance

- Recommend a structure for management groups, subscriptions, and resource groups, and a strategy for resource tagging
- Recommend a solution for managing compliance
- Recommend a solution for identity governance

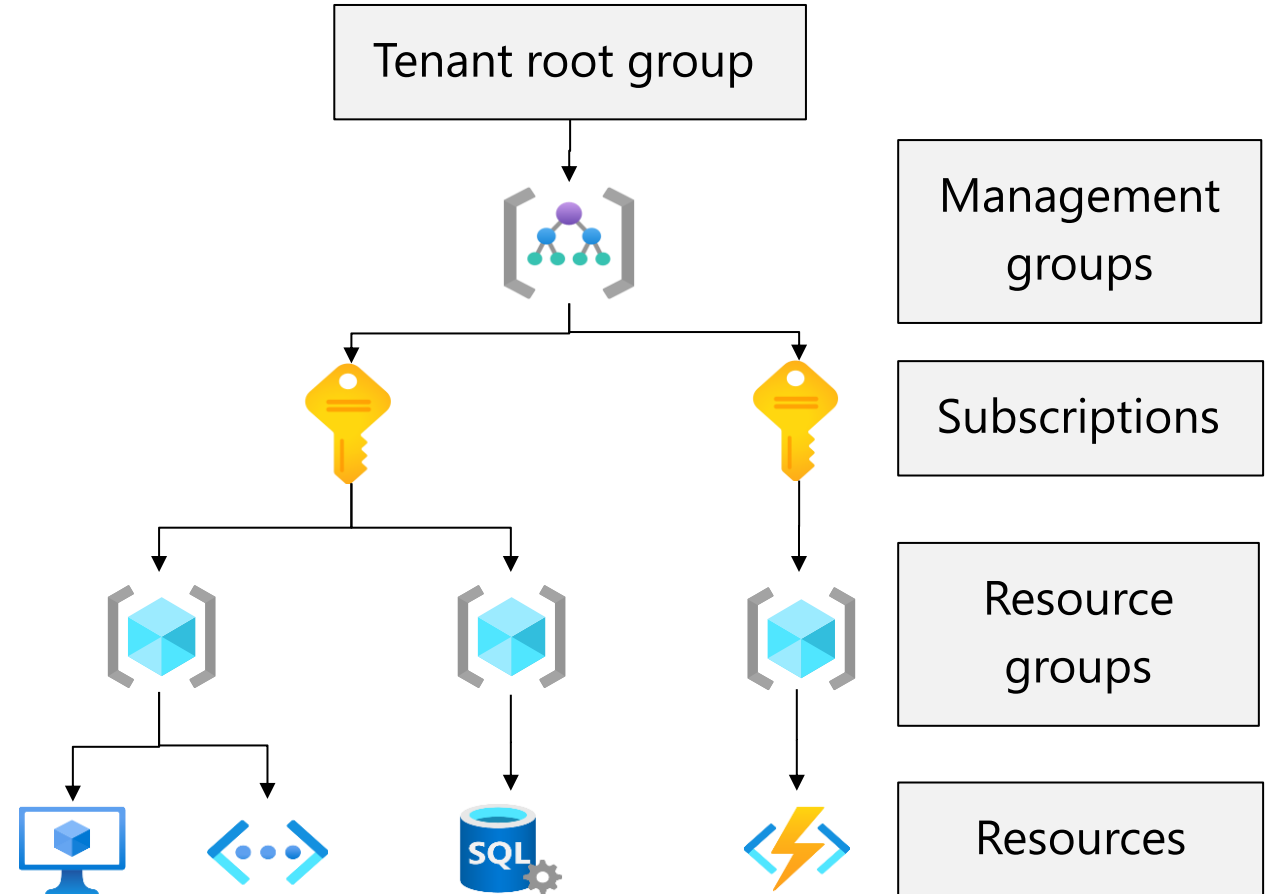
Design for governance



Govern resources in Azure

Governance provides mechanisms and processes to maintain control over your applications and resources in Azure.

- Determine your requirements, plan your initiatives, and set strategic priorities
- Plan for governance at every level
 - Management groups
 - Subscriptions
 - Resource groups
 - Resources



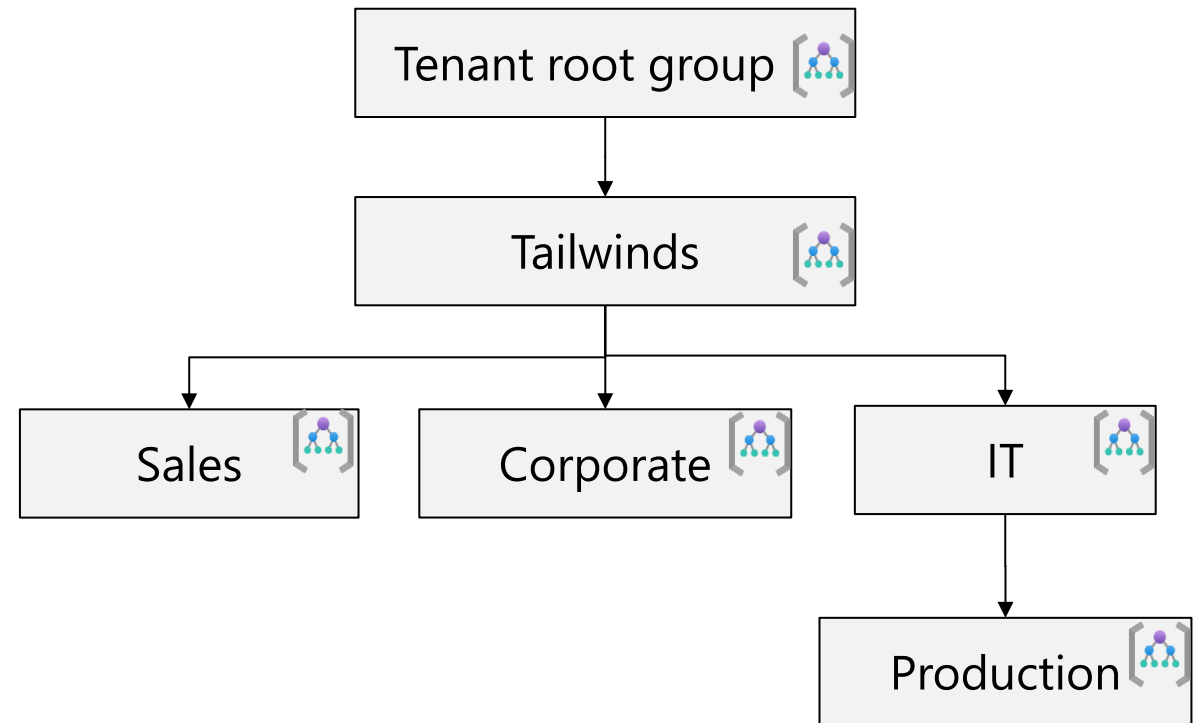
Design for management groups



Plan your management groups

Management groups manage access, policy, and compliance for multiple subscriptions.

- Keep the management group hierarchy reasonably flat
- Consider a top-level management group
- Consider an organizational or departmental structure
- Consider a geographical structure
- Consider a production management group
- Consider a sandbox management group
- Consider isolating sensitive information in a separate management group


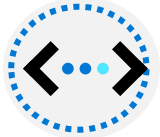






Design for Azure subscriptions



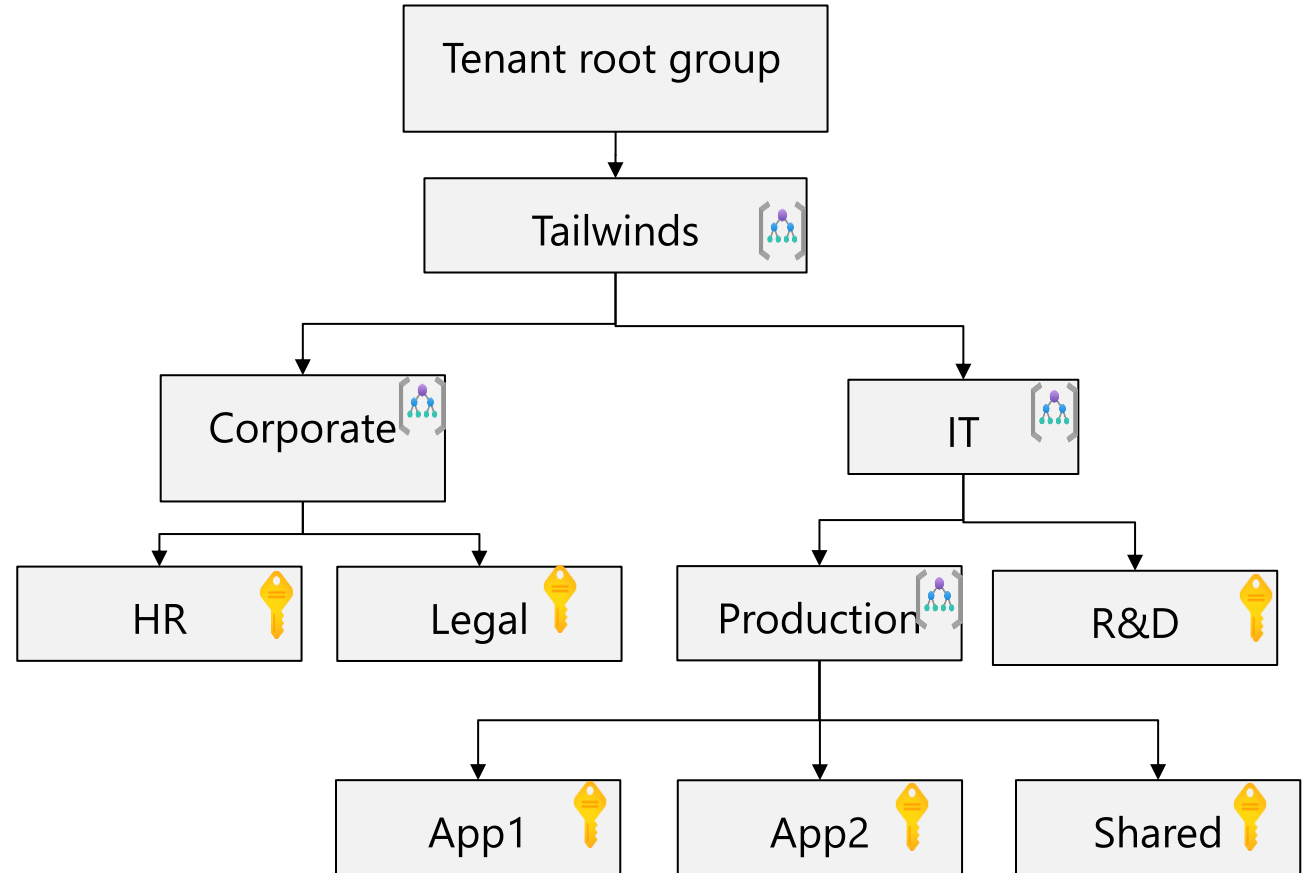
Designing for multiple subscriptions

Azure subscription are logical containers for management and billing.

-  Align your subscriptions with business needs and priorities – consider billing and cost reporting
-  Consider subscription scale limits – specialized workloads, IoT, SAP
-  Consider administrative management – centralized or decentralized
-  Consider a dedicated shared services subscription – common services everyone shares
-  Group subscriptions together under management groups – apply common policies and role assignments.
-  Make subscription owners aware of their roles and responsibilities

When to use subscriptions - example

- Secure workloads that require additional policies and role-based access control to achieve compliance
- Specialized workloads and the need to scale outside the subscription limits
- Manage and track costs for your organizational structure
- Identify different environments such as development, test, and production that are often isolated from a management perspective

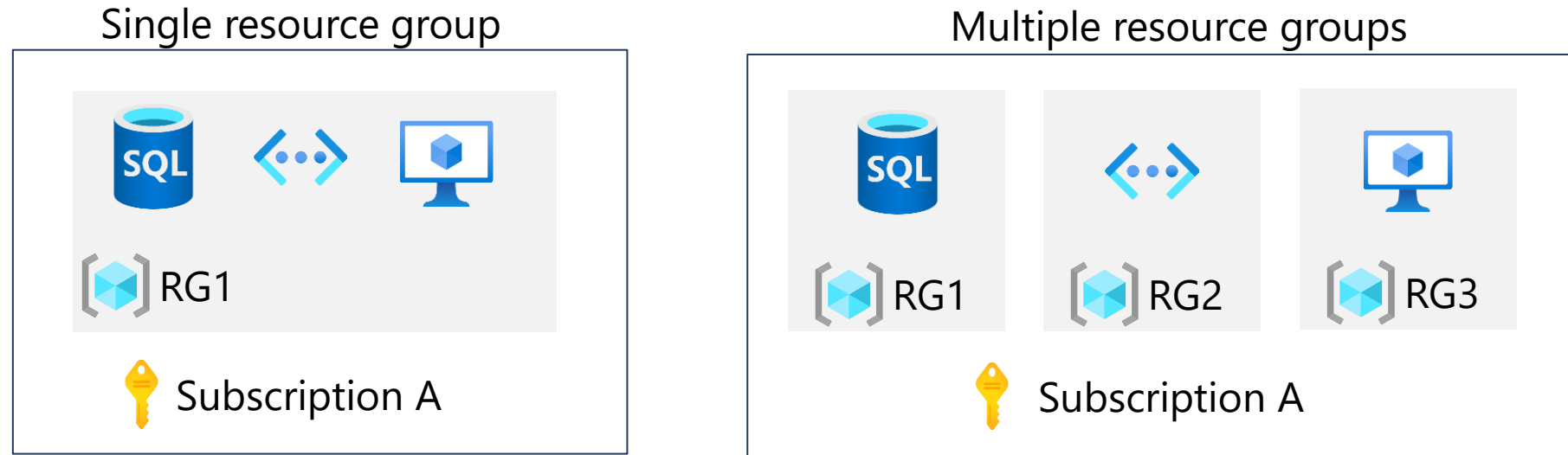


Design for resource groups



Plan your resource groups

A resource group is a container that holds related resources for an Azure solution.



- Group resources that share the same life cycle
- Group by type, app, department, location, or billing
- Apply RBAC and policies to a group of resources
- Use resource locks to protect individual resources from deletion or change

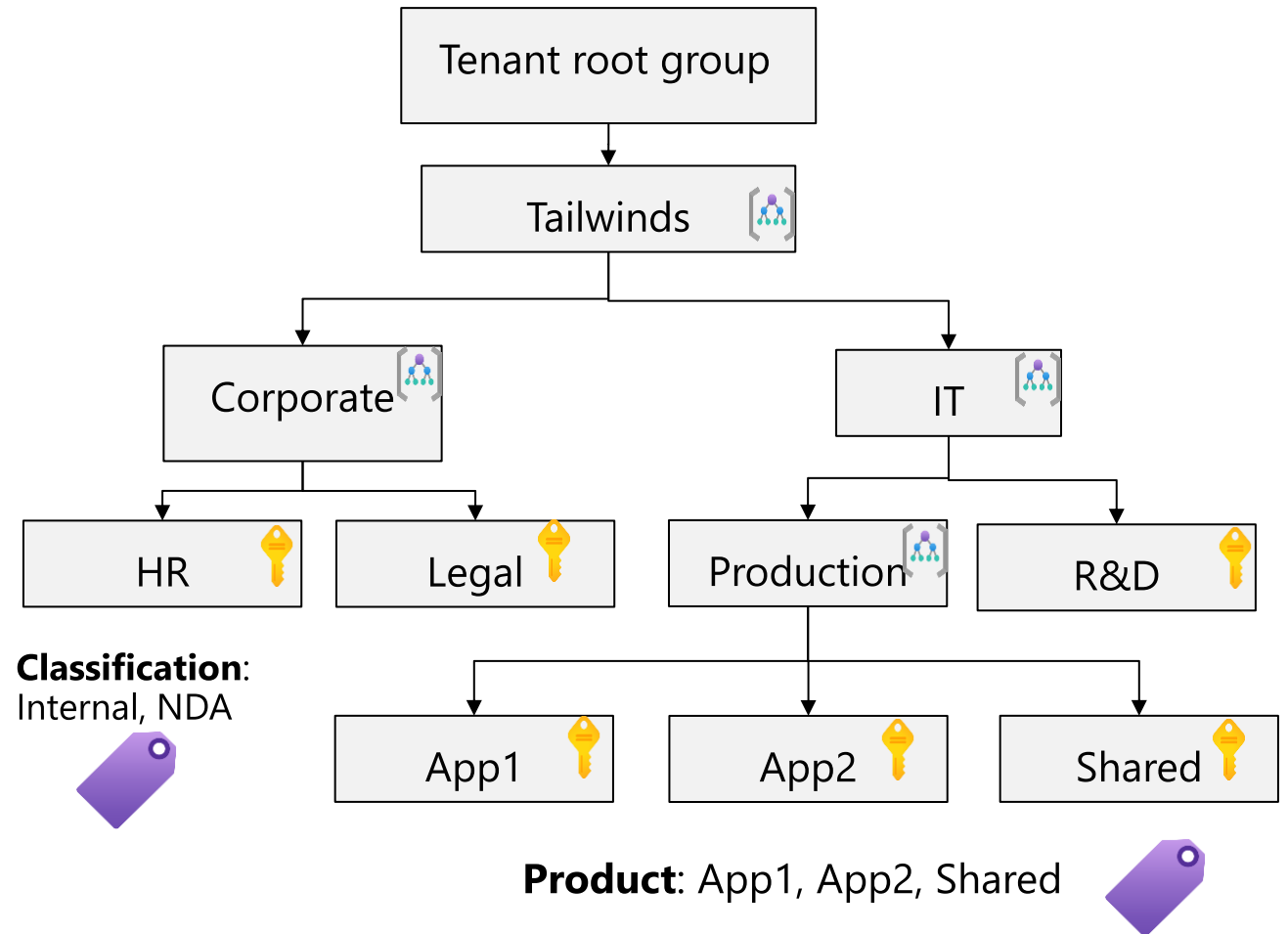
Design for resource tagging



Plan your resource tagging

Resource tagging can be business-aligned or IT-aligned

- Consider your organization's taxonomy
- Determine the reason for the tagging - functional, classification, accounting, partnership, or purpose
- Start with a few tags (mission-critical resources) and then scale out
- Policies could be used to apply tags and enforce tagging rules and conventions - mimic inheritance

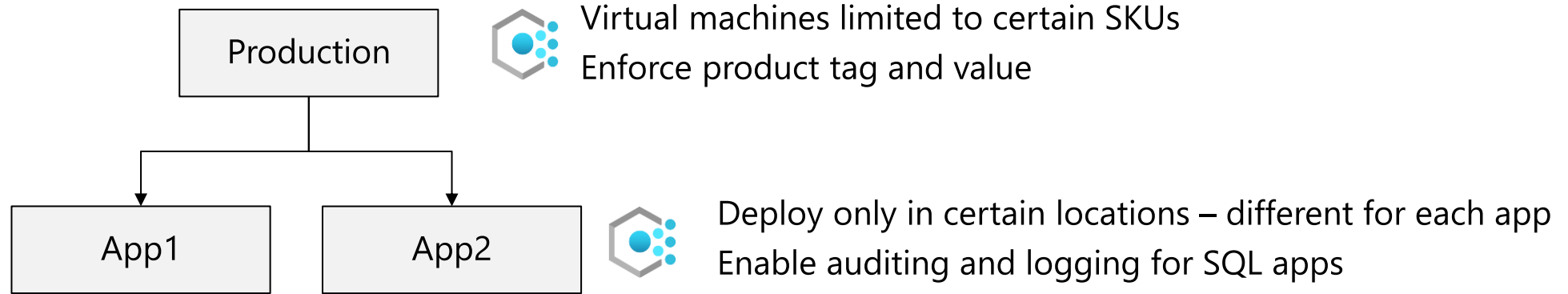


Design for Azure Policy and RBAC



When to use Azure Policy

Azure Policy helps to enforce organizational standards and to assess compliance at-scale.



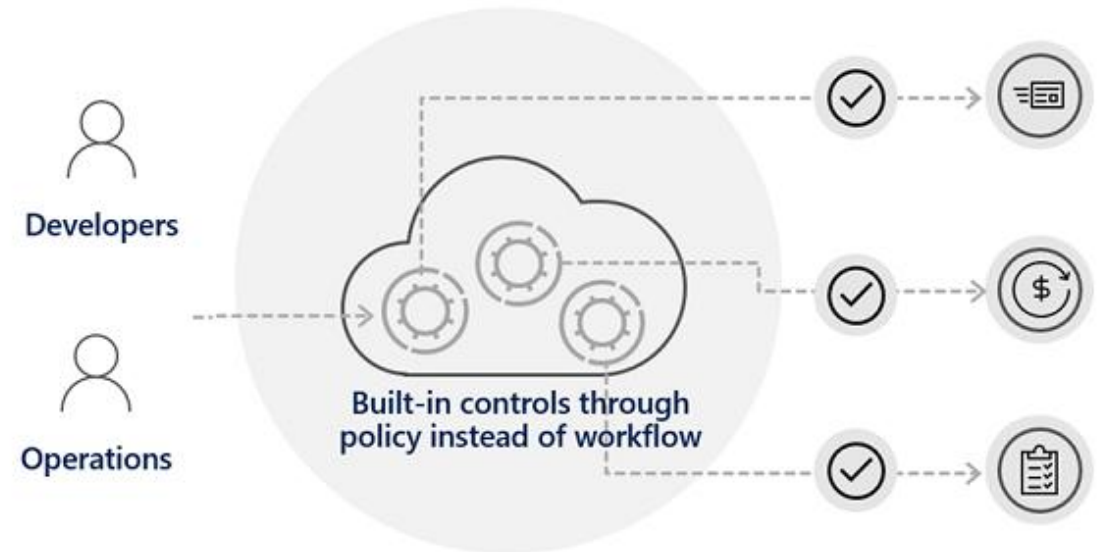
- Large number of built-in policies and you can create custom policies

Examples

- Allow only certain virtual machines sizes for your project
- Ensure all resources are correctly tagged – if not, apply the tag
- Recommend system updates on your servers
- Enable multifactor authentication for all subscription accounts

Considerations for Azure Policy





- Apply policy at the highest scope possible
- Know when policies are evaluated
- Decide what to do if a resource is non-compliant
- Consider when to automatically remediate non-compliant resources
- Use the Azure policy compliance dashboard for auditing and review
- Effectively combine Azure policy with RBAC (RBAC on next slide, combination on slide after)



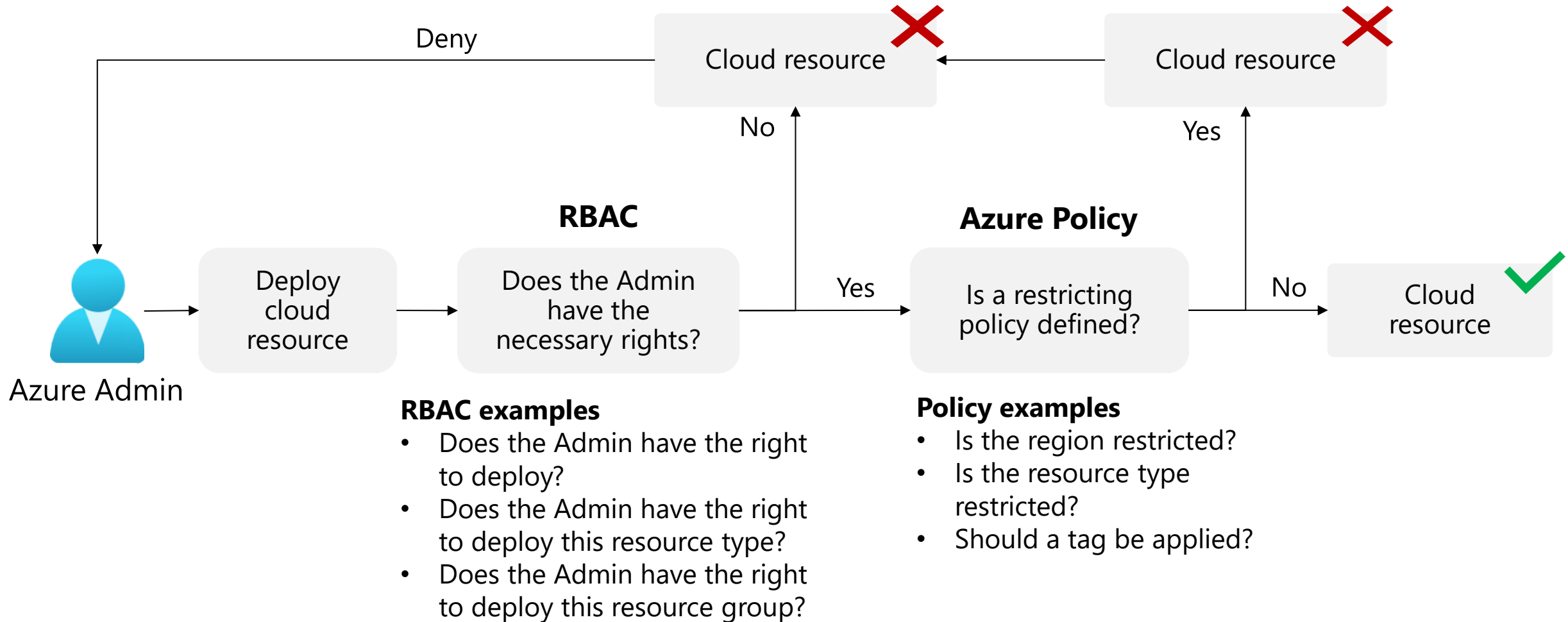
Design for Azure role-based access control (RBAC)

Azure RBAC allows you to grant access to Azure resources that you control.

- Only grant users the access they need
- Assign at the highest scope level that meets the requirements
- Assign roles to groups, not users
- Know when to create a custom role
- Consider what happens if you have overlapping role assignments

		Role				
		Reader	Resource-specific	Custom	Contributor	Owner
Scope	 Management group	Observers Auditors Reviewers	Helpdesk personnel Developers Users managing resources			Admins
	 Subscription					
	 Resource group					
	 Resource	Automated processes				

When to combine Azure Policy and Azure RBAC



Case Studies and Review



Case Study – Cost and accounting

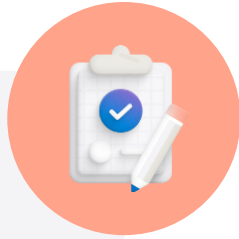
- Tailwind Traders has two main business units that handle Apparel, and Sporting Goods.
 - Each of the business units consist of three departments: Product Development, Marketing, and Sales.
 - Each business unit and subunit will be responsible for tracking their Azure spend.
 - The Enterprise IT team will be responsible for providing company-wide Azure cost reporting.
- What are different ways Tailwind Traders could organize their subscriptions and management groups. Which would be the best to meet their requirements?
 - Design two alternative hierarchies and explain your decision-making process.

Case study – New development project

- The company has a new development project for customer feedback.
 - The CFO wants to ensure all costs associated with the project are captured.
 - For the testing phase workloads should be hosted on lower cost virtual machines.
 - The virtual machines should be named to indicate they are part of the project.
 - Any instances of non-compliance with resource consistency rules should be automatically identified.
- What are the different way Tailwind Traders could track costs for the new development project?
 - How are you ensuring compliance with the requirements for virtual machine sizing and naming?
 - Propose at least two ways of meeting the requirements. Explain your final decision.

Learning Recap – Governance solutions

Check your
knowledge
questions and
review



Module references

- [Control and organize Azure resources with Azure Resource Manager](#)
- [Describe core Azure architectural components](#)
- [Build a cloud governance strategy on Azure](#)
- [Introduction to the Microsoft Azure Well-Architected Framework](#)

End of presentation

