

Application PDBs and Application Installation

Objectives

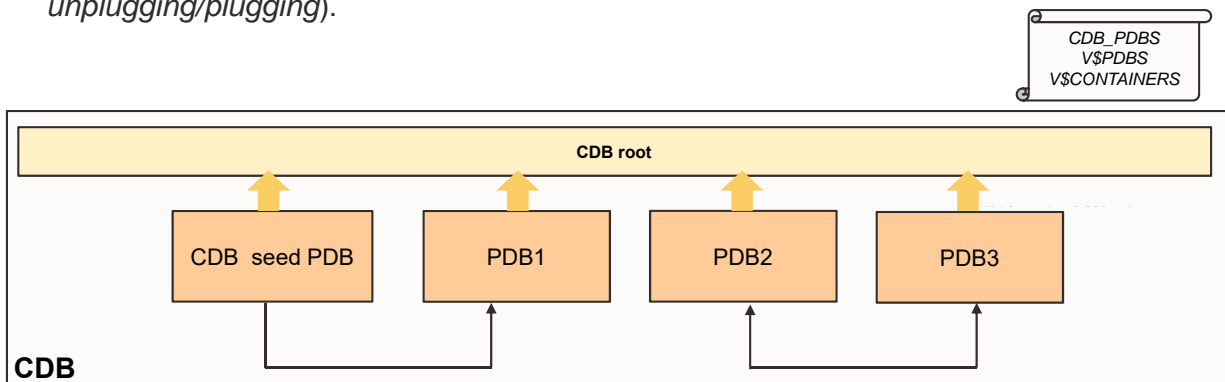
After completing this lesson, you should be able to:

- Describe application containers in CDBs
- Explain the purpose of application root and application seed
- Define application PDBs
- Create application PDBs
- Explain application installation on top of application containers
- Install an application
- Upgrade and patch applications
- Describe the commonality concept in application contexts
- Use a dynamic container map
- Describe enhancements in various areas



Regular PDBs

- A regular PDB is a PDB within a CDB, storing data in objects independently of other PDBs.
- A regular PDB can be created from the CDB seed or from another PDB (*cloning or unplugging/plugging*).



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PDBs and Applications

Applications in regular PDBs need to be upgraded or patched in the same CDB or across many CDBs.



The upgrade script has to be executed in all regular PDBs individually.



No single master definition of application

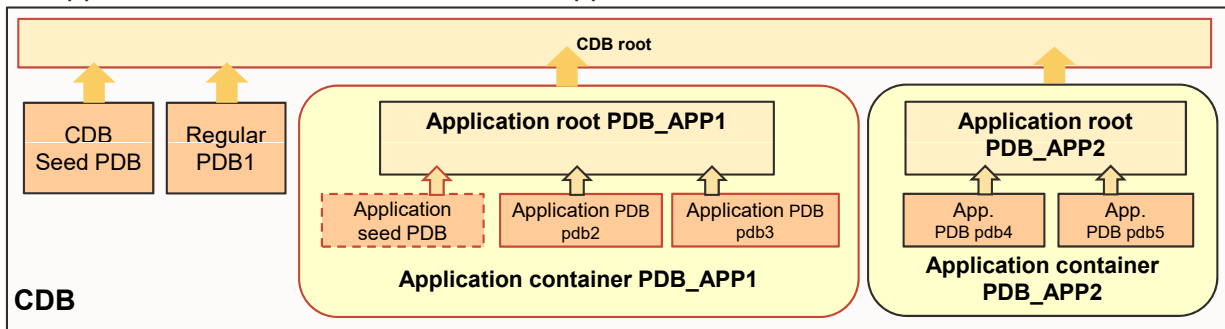
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Application Containers

An application container is a collection of PDBs grouped together within a CDB to store data for an application.

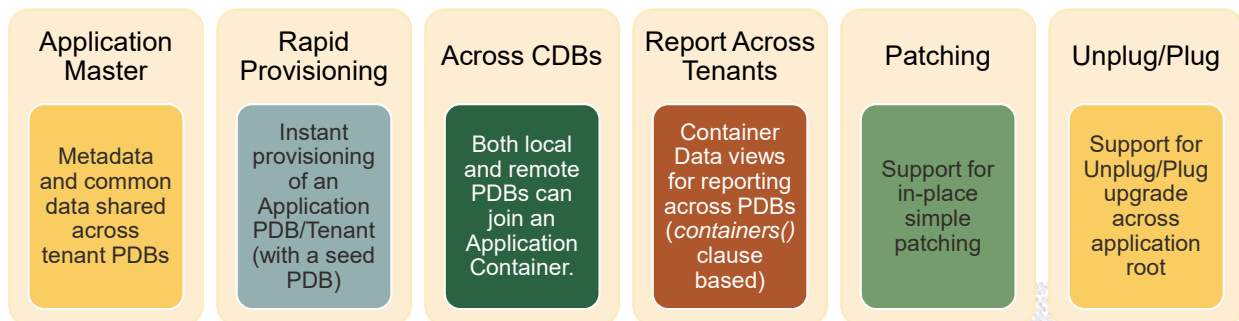
- The application root
- An optional application seed
- Application PDBs associated with the application root

Columns in
CDB_PDBS
V\$PDBS
V\$CONTAINERS



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Application Containers: Other Features



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Types of Containers

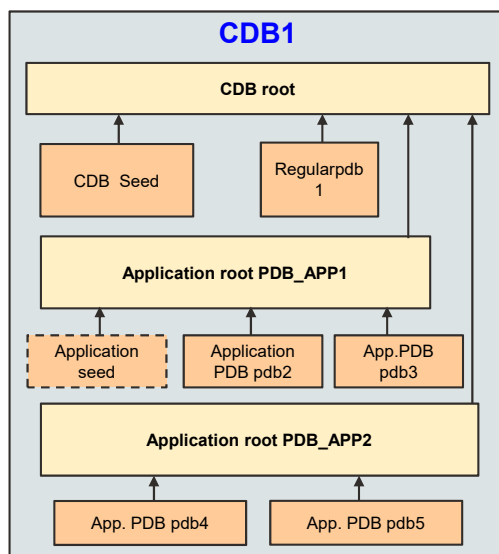
- The **CDB root container** (CDB\$ROOT)
 - The first **mandatory** container created at CDB creation
 - Oracle system–supplied common objects and metadata
 - Oracle system–supplied common users and roles
- **Pluggable database containers** (PDBs)
 - The CDB seed (PDB\$SEED)
 - The second **mandatory** container created at CDB creation
 - Oracle system–supplied common entities for new PDBs
 - Regular PDBs
 - Application containers
 - Application root PDB
 - Optional application seed PDB (*application_container_root_name\$SEED*)
 - Application PDBs

Columns in	
CDB_PDBS	
V_PDBS	
V_CONTAINERS	

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Creating Application PDBs



1. Connect to the **CDB1** CDB root.
2. Create the **PDB_APP1** PDB as the application root.


```
SQL> CONNECT / AS SYSDBA
SQL> CREATE PLUGGABLE DATABASE pdb_app
      AS APPLICATION CONTAINER ...;
```
3. Connect to the **PDB_APP1** application root.
4. Install the application.
5. Optionally, create the application seed for the application PDBs in the application root.
6. Create the **PDB2** PDB as an application PDB within the **PDB_APP1** application root.
7. Create other application PDBs if required.
8. Synchronize all application PDBs with the application installed if step 5 was not completed.

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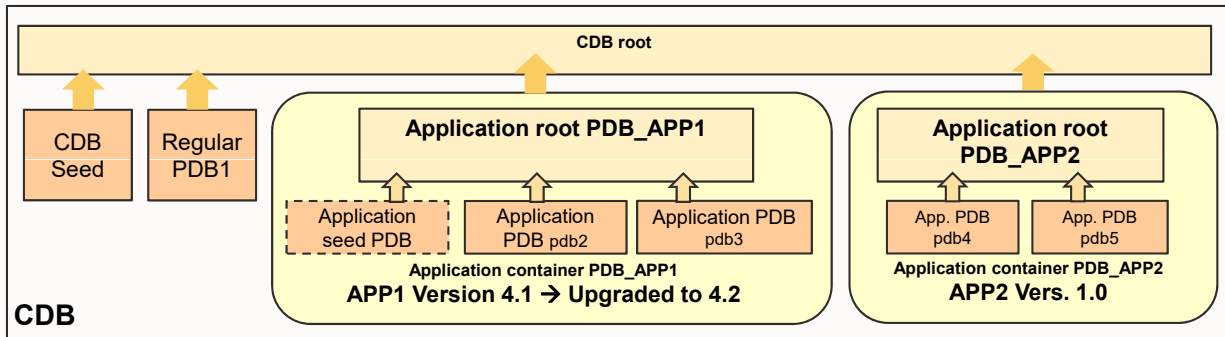
Application Name and Version

An application container can be tagged with:

- An application name
- An application version

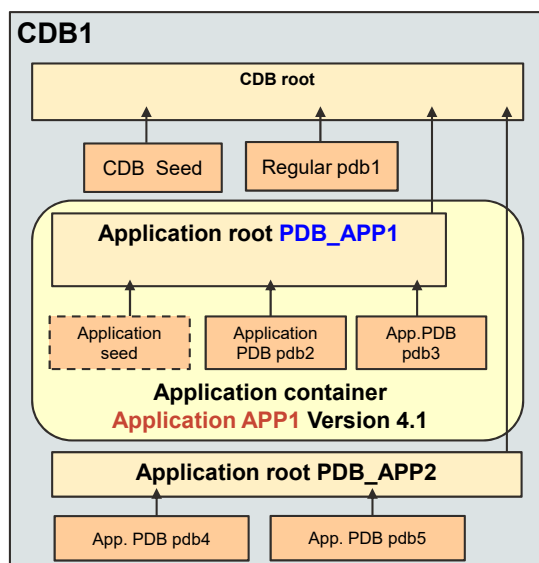
An application can be patched, upgraded, or uninstalled.

DBA_APPLICATIONS
DBA_APP_VERSIONS
DBA_APP_PATCHES
DBA_APP_ERRORS
DBA_APP_STATEMENTS



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Installing Applications



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1. Connect to the **PDB_APP1** application root.
2. Assign an application name and version to the new **APP1** application that is being installed.

```
SQL> ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE APPLICATION app1
      BEGIN INSTALL '4.1' ;
```

3. Execute the user-defined scripts.

```
SQL> @scripts
```

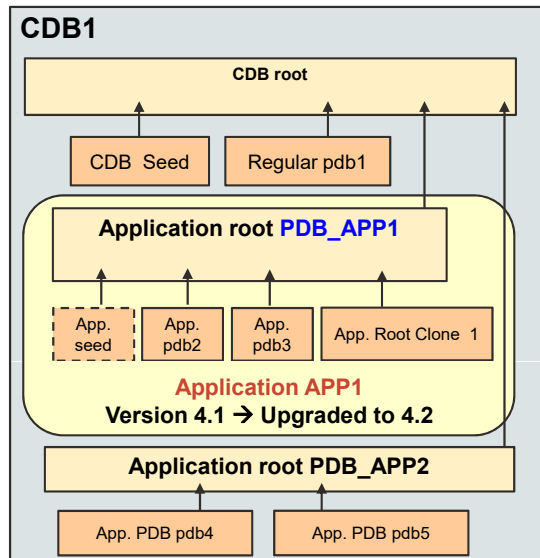
4. Finish the application installation.

```
SQL> ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE APPLICATION app1
      END INSTALL '4.1' ;
```

5. Synchronize each application PDB

```
SQL> CONNECT sys@pdb2
SQL> ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE APPLICATION app1
      SYNC ;
```

Patching and Upgrading Applications



1. Connect to the **PDB_APP1** application root of the **APP1** application.
2. Check the current version of the **APP1** application before starting the upgrade.
3. Start the application upgrade to a higher version.

```
SQL> ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE APPLICATION app1
      BEGIN UPGRADE '4.1' TO '4.2';
```

4. Complete the application upgrade.

```
SQL> @scripts
SQL> ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE APPLICATION app1
      END UPGRADE TO '4.2';
```

5. Synchronize each application PDB.

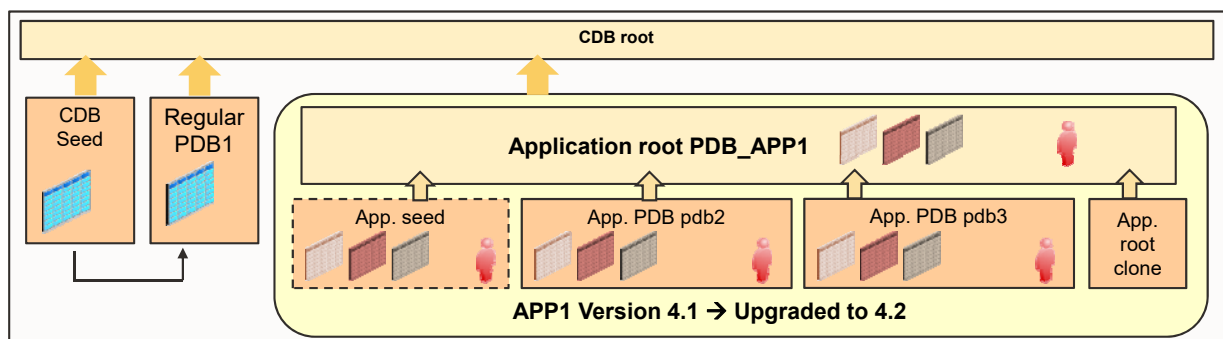
```
SQL> CONNECT sys@pdb2
SQL> ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE APPLICATION app1
      SYNC;
```

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Application Common Objects

- The application root holds the common objects:
 - Users, roles, granted privileges, profiles, tables, views, and so on
- Synchronization of application PDBs with the application root is required.
- If an application is patched or upgraded, resynchronization of application PDBs is required.



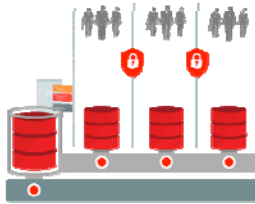
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Use Cases for Application Containers

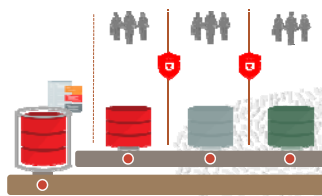
Pure SaaS

- Each customer's data resides in an individual PDB.
- All PDB-level operations are applicable on individual customer data.
- Customer data can be securely managed.
- Thousands of tenants can be handled.



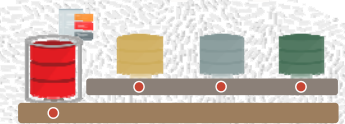
Hybrid SaaS

- Large customers reside in individual PDBs.
- Smaller customers share a PDB.
- It is suitable for applications with a high density of customers.
- Similar types of customers can be grouped in a PDB.
- Hundreds of thousands of tenants can be handled.



Logical DW

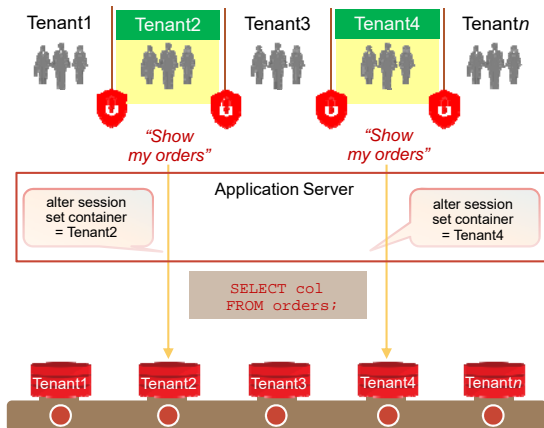
- Customers may address data sovereignty issues: *Country or region data will be segregated into a separate PDB.*
- There is efficient execution of ETLs for every region without impacting each other.
- The best execution plans are based on actual data distribution.



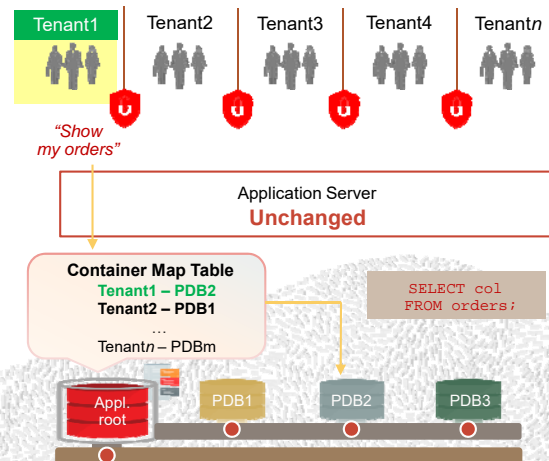
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Use Case: Pure PDB-Based Versus Hybrid Model

Pure PDB-Based Tenancy



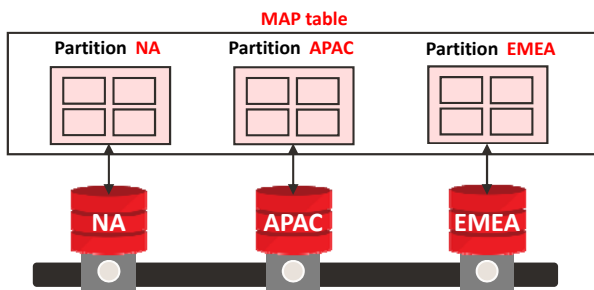
Hybrid Model: Container Map



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Container Map

- Define a PDB-based partition strategy based on the values stored in a column.
- Select a column that is commonly used and never updated.
 - Time Identifier (versus creation_date) / Region Name
- Set the database property CONTAINER_MAP in the application root.



Each PDB corresponds to data for a particular partition.

```

DATABASE_PROPERTIES
PROPERTY_NAME =
CONTAINER_MAP
PROPERTY_VALUE = app.tabapp
DESCRIPTION = value of container
mapping table
    
```

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Container Map: Example

```

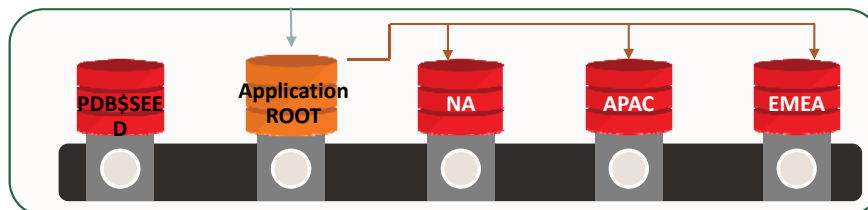
CREATE TABLE tab1 (region ..., ...);
CREATE TABLE tab2 (... , region ...);

CREATE TABLE appl.app_map ( columns ..., region VARCHAR2(20))
PARTITION BY LIST (region)
(PARTITION NA VALUES ('AMERICA', 'MEXICO', 'CANADA'),
 PARTITION EMEA VALUES ('UK', 'FRANCE', 'GERMANY'),
 PARTITION APAC VALUES ('INDIA', 'CHINA', 'JAPAN'));

ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE SET CONTAINER_MAP = 'appl.app_map';
ALTER TABLE tab1 ENABLE container_map;
    
```

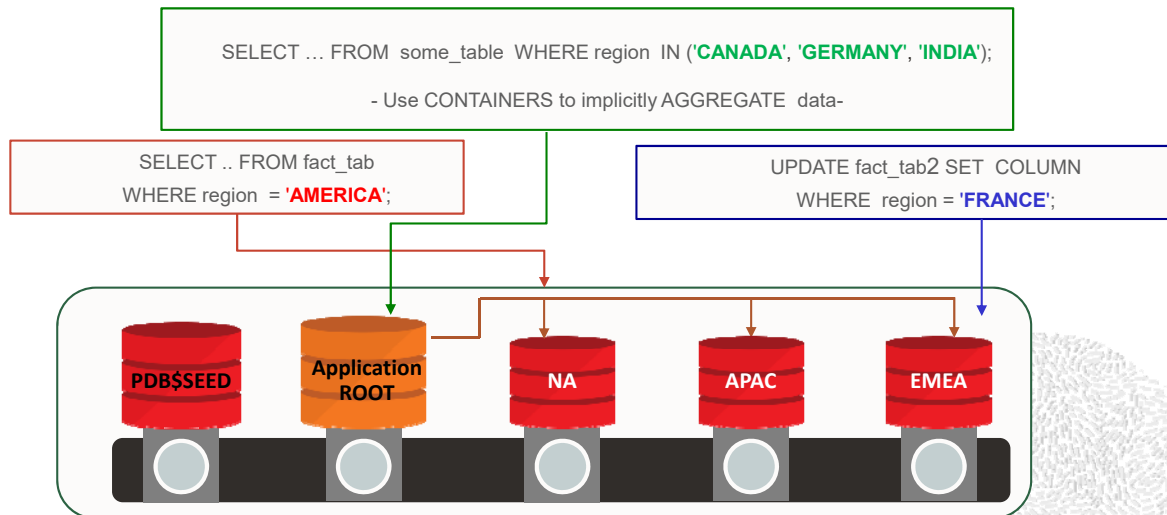
```

DBA_TABLES
CONTAINER_MAP_OBJECT
= YES
    
```



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Query Routed Appropriately

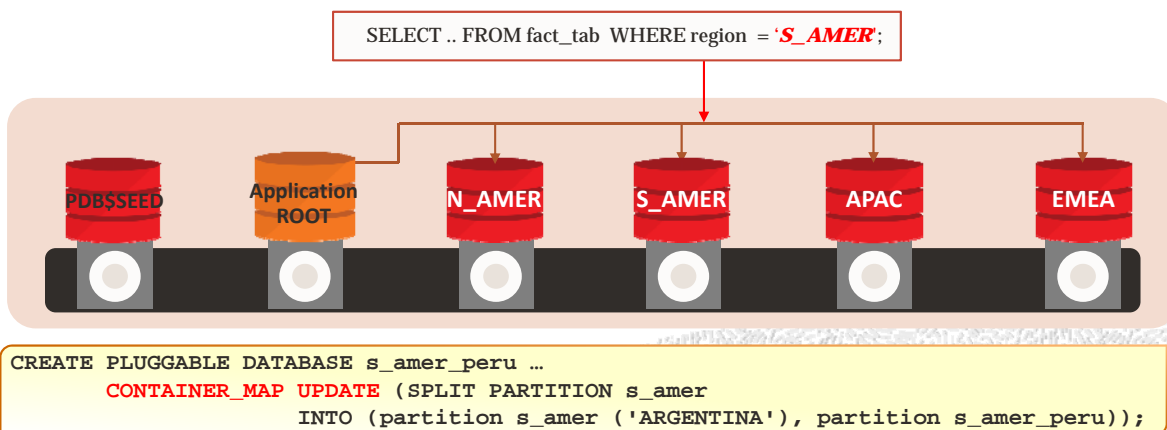


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Dynamic Container Map

```
CREATE PLUGGABLE DATABASE s_amer ...
CONTAINER_MAP UPDATE (ADD PARTITION s_amer VALUES ('PERU','ARGENTINA'));
```

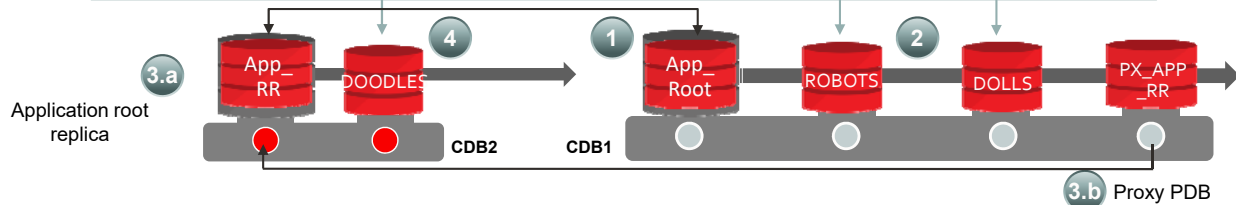


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Query Across CDBs Using Application Root Replica

```
SELECT sum(revenue), year, CDB$NAME, CON$NAME
FROM CONTAINERS(sales_data)
WHERE year = 2014 GROUP BY year, CDB$NAME, CON$NAME;
```

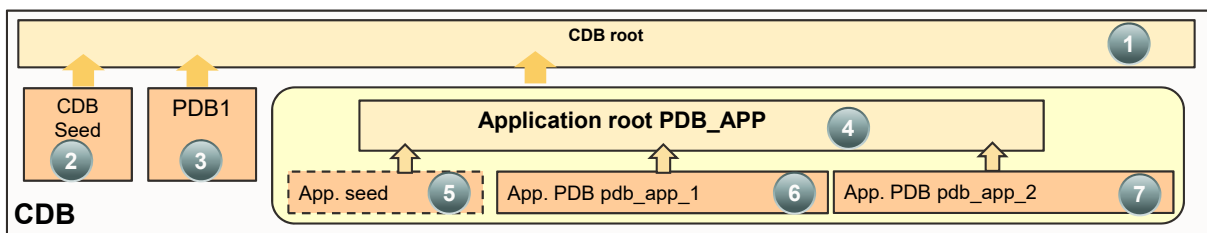


→ Retrieves all rows from the shared table whose data is stored in all application PDBs in the application root and replicas in CDBs.

Revenue	Year	CDB\$NAME	CON\$NAME
15000000	2014	CDB1	ROBOTS
20000000	2014	CDB2	DOODLES
10000000	2014	CDB1	DOLLS

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Data Dictionary Views



```
SQL> SELECT name, con_id, application_root "APP_ROOT", application_seed "APP_Seed",
application_pdb "APP_PDB", application_root_con_id "APP_ROOT_CONID"
FROM v$containers order by con_id;
```

NAME	CON_ID	APP_ROOT	APP_Seed	APP_PDB	APP_ROOT_CONID
CDB\$ROOT	1	NO	NO	NO	
PDB\$SEED	2	NO	NO	NO	
PDB1	3	NO	NO	NO	
PDB_APP	4	YES	NO	NO	
PDB_APP\$SEED	5	NO	YES	YES	4
PDB_APP_1	6	NO	NO	YES	4
PDB_APP_2	7	NO	NO	YES	4

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Commonality in Application Containers

In an application root, statements to create common entities can be issued only as part of an application operation.

Application Operation	Common Entity
BEGIN INSTALL / END INSTALL	Create, alter, or drop a common user.
BEGIN UPGRADE / END UPGRADE	Create, alter, or drop a common role.
BEGIN PATCH / END PATCH	Create, alter, or drop a common profile.
	Commonly grant privileges or roles to or revoke them from a common user or common role.
	Create, alter, and drop common objects.

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Summary

In this lesson, you should have learned how to:

- Describe application containers in CDBs
- Explain the purpose of application root and application seed
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Practice 3: Overview

- 3-1: Installing an application in an application container
- 3-2: Upgrading an application in an application container
- 3-3: Querying data across application PDBs in CDB