

ECMA Script 6 JS

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JS **ECMA Script 6** **About the Program**

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Formally "ECMA Script 2015"

6 years! from ES5

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JS ECMA Script 6 ECMA Timeline

ECMAScript 1 (1997)

variables functions control flow

ECMAScript 2 (1998)

minor changes

ECMAScript 3 (1999)

regex better error and string handling and XML

ECMAScript 4 (Never Released)

ECMAScript 5 (2009)

JSON support, array methods and strict mode, & loads of utilities

ECMAScript 5.1 (2011)

Mostly was standardized version of ES5

ECMAScript 6 (2015)

block scope, arrow functions, template literals, & classes

ECMAScript 7 (2016)

more array methods, promises

ECMAScript 8 (2017)

async/ await and new object methods

ECMAScript 9 (2018)

rest/spread and promise finally

ECMAScript 10 (2019)

array flat, flatMap and object methods

ECMAScript 11 (2020)

support for large integers, allSettled for promises

ECMAScript 12 (2021)

any for promises and replaceAll for strings

ECMAScript 13 (2022)

improvements and standardization continues

ECMAScript 14 (2023)

many features including typed array, array and objects methods

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JS ECMA Script 6 **Typical flow of a JavaScript in browser**

JavaScript Browser

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JS **ECMA Script 6** **Why ES6 ?**

Modern syntax fixing pitfalls

Better support for large applications

No (or few) breaking changes

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JS **ECMA Script 6** **Browser Support...**

Modern browsers and io.js (node.js) support half of ES6 features.

Safari 9 (WebKit) will support many ES6 features soon.

Except for IE11...

Check <http://www.caniuse.com>

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JS ECMA Script 6 **Libraries to bridge the support now...**

BabelJs : <https://babeljs.io/>

Traceur : <https://github.com/google/traceur-compiler>

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JS ECMA Script 6 What's new in ES6 ?`

Block Scope (let/const)

Destructuring

Functional Programming

- Default Params

- Rest parameters

- Spread Syntax

- Arrow Function (Fat Arrow Function)

Array Methods

Object & Extended Object

Iterator

Generator

Template Strings

Promise

Classes

Modules

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JS ECMA Script 6 What's new in ES7 ?

Exponentiation Operator (**) ES7

Async / Await ES7 // deal with functions that may take time to execute

Array.includes() ES7 // to check if a value exists in an array

Object.entries() ES7 // returns object's key value pairs

Object.values() ES7 // returns object's values

Optional Chaining ES7

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JS ECMA Script 6 Few Array methods in ES5

forEach()

map()

filter()

every()

some()

reduce()

reduceRight()

indexOf(searchTerm, fromIndex)

lastIndexOf()

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JS ECMA Script 6 Promises

```
loginUser(  
  userinfo,  
  function (result) {  
    if(result){  
      failedToLogin(  
        function (result) {  
          forwardToSignup(  
            nestedResult,  
            function (deepNestedResult) {  
              console.log("you were not logged in because ", "deepNestedResult");  
            },  
            errorHandler  
          );  
        },  
        errorHandler  
      );  
    },  
    errorHandler  
  );  
},  
errorHandler  
);
```

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Thank you

please forward your comments and feedback

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JS **ECMA Script 6** **Block Scope in ES6**

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JS **ECMA Script 6** **Block Scope in ES6**

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JS ECMA Script 6 Block Scope in ES6

VAR

- Globally Available in the function which it is declared
- Hoisted
- Names can be declared many times

LET / CONST

- Only available in the block in which it is declared
- Not Hoisted
- Names can only be declared once per block

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JS ECMA Script 6 **Generics in ES6**

Generics are templates that allow the same function to work with different data types. Good when we create reusable code that preserve the data type that go in and out of them.

You can use data type markers to denote a data type and refer those markers to represent the same data type inside a function / program

```
function getType<T>(value:T):string{  
    return typeof (value);  
};  
getType("hello there") ; // says string  
getType(true) ;// says boolean
```

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JS ECMA Script 6 About me

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Training on web and Adobe products from past 10+ years

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