## **Chapter 2 - Practice Questions**

1.	The interest rate charged by banks with excess reserves at a Federal Reserve Bank	to
	banks needing overnight loans to meet reserve requirements is called the	<b>_</b> •

- A) prime rate
- B) discount rate
- C) federal funds rate
- D) call money rate
- E) money market rate
- 2. Which one of the following is **not** a money market instrument?
  - A) a Treasury bill
  - B) a negotiable certificate of deposit
  - C) commercial paper
  - D) a Treasury bond
  - E) a Eurodollar account
- 3. Commercial paper is a short-term security issued by \_\_\_\_\_ to raise funds.
  - A) the Federal Reserve Bank
  - B) commercial banks
  - C) large, well-known companies
  - D) the New York Stock Exchange
  - E) state and local governments
- 4. Which of the following is **true** regarding a firm's securities?
  - A) Common dividends are paid before preferred dividends.
  - B) Preferred stockholders have voting rights.
  - C) Preferred dividends are usually cumulative.
  - D) Preferred dividends are contractual obligations.
  - E) Common dividends usually can be paid if preferred dividends have been skipped.

Use the following to answer question 5:

Consider the following three stocks:

<b>Stock</b>	<u>Price</u>	Number of shares outstanding
Stock A	\$40	200
Stock B	\$70	500
Stock C	\$10	600

- 5. The value-weighted index constructed with the three stocks using a divisor of 100 is
  - A) 1.2
  - B) 1200
  - C) 490
  - D) 4900
  - E) 49
- 6. If the market prices of each of the 30 stocks in the Dow Jones Industrial Average (DJIA) all change by the same percentage amount during a given day, which stock will have the greatest impact on the DJIA?
  - A) The stock trading at the highest dollar price per share.
  - B) The stock with total equity has the higher market value.
  - C) The stock having the greatest amount of equity in its capital structure.
  - D) The stock having the lowest volatility.
  - E) All will have an equal impact.
- 7. A form of short-term borrowing by dealers in government securities is
  - A) reserve requirements.
  - B) repurchase agreements.
  - C) banker's acceptances.
  - D) commercial paper.
  - E) brokers' calls.
- 8. Which of the following is **not** a mortgage-related government or government sponsored agency?
  - A) The Federal Home Loan Bank
  - B) The Federal National Mortgage Association
  - C) The U.S. Treasury
  - D) Freddie Mac
  - E) Ginnie Mae
- 9. In order for you to be indifferent between the after tax returns on a corporate bond paying 8.5% and a tax-exempt municipal bond paying 6.12%, what would your tax bracket need to be?
  - A) 33%
  - B) 72%
  - C) 15%
  - D) 28%
  - E) Cannot tell from the information given

- 10. Suppose an investor is considering a corporate bond with a 7.17% before-tax yield and a municipal bond with a 5.93% before-tax yield. At what marginal tax rate would the investor be indifferent between investing in the corporate and investing in the muni?
  - A) 15.4%
  - B) 23.7%
  - C) 39.5%
  - D) 17.3%
  - E) 12.4%
- 11. In order for you to be indifferent between the after tax returns on a corporate bond paying 9% and a tax-exempt municipal bond paying 7%, what would your tax bracket need to be?
  - A) 17.6%
  - B) 27%
  - C) 22.2%
  - D) 19.8%
  - E) Cannot tell from the information given
- 12. For a taxpayer in the 15% marginal tax bracket, a 15-year municipal bond currently yielding 6.2% would offer an equivalent taxable yield of:
  - A) 6.2%.
  - B) 5.27%.
  - C) 8.32%.
  - D) 7.29%.
  - E) none of the above.

## **Answer Key**

- 1. C
- 2. D 3. C
- 4. C
- 5. C
- 6. A
- 7. B
- 8. C
- 9. D
- 10. D
- 11. C
- 12. D