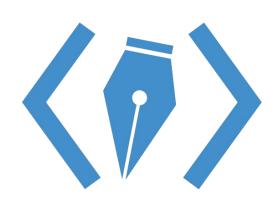
Week 03 Box Model and Spacing



Announcements

Homework 3

Will be released after lecture (finstas!)

Figma Lab on Thursday

Highly recommended to come to section! We'll show you how to use Figma! Important for project (released next week)!

Give us anonymous feedback at wdd.io/go/feedback

Add songs to our class playlist: wdd.io/go/spotify

CSS CHEAT SHEET

GENERAL FORMAT

IMPORTANT + USEFUL SELECTORS

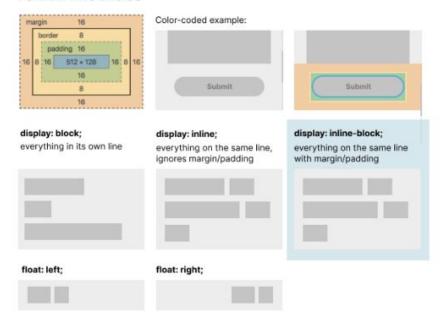
.classname	Class selector (many elements)
#idname	ID selector (unique element)
:first-child	First object within the selected
:hover	Format when cursor is hovering over the selected
:active :clicked	Format when selected is clicked/activated
sel1 sel2	Selects all of type sel2 within sel1
:visited	Format after selected has been clicked on
:before :after	Slightly more advanced selector, generate content around the selected element

LINKING YOUR CSS IN HTML

Put this inside your <head> tags in HTML:

k rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="file path
+ file name" />

FORMATTING BASICS



REMEMBER: Separate each element with a comma to select multiple elements!

CSS Selectors

Box Model

Intro to Layout

CSS Selectors

Box Model

Intro to Layout

HTML Reminders

- <head> is a special part of the HTML document
 - Think of it like the title/copyright page at the front of a book: not actual content, but important for the production of the book!
- <body> is where all your actual content goes! (like the chapters of the book)
- <header> is a tag for your content, similar to <div> but with a more descriptive and meaningful name.

CSS Reminders

- color refers to text color, whereas background or background-color changes background color
- for changing fonts, you can either do it separately:

```
p {
    font-size: 18px;
    font-family: Arial;
}
```

semicolon at the end of every line!!!

for hover effects:

```
a:hover {
   color: blue;
}
```

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Selectors Examples - https://jsbin.com/suzogoyido/edit?html,css,output

```
index.html
<h1 class="highlight">Food Places</h1>
id="food-list">
  <1i>Mezzo</1i>
  <1i>Pho K&K</1i>
  Taco Bell
id="cafe-list">
  Yali's
  Asha Tea House
  Srewed Awakening
```

```
style.css
h1, li {
   font-family: Arial;
#food-list li {
   color: blue;
ul .highlight {
   background-color: yellow;
#cafe-list li {
   color: green;
          Web Design DeCal Fall 2020
```

Select multiple things by separating with commas

```
index.html
<h1 class="highlight">Food Places</h1>
id="food-list">
  Mezzo
  <1i>Pho K&K</1i>
  Taco Bell
id="cafe-list">
  Yali's
  Asha Tea House
  Srewed Awakening
```

```
style.css
h1, li {
   font-family: Arial;
#food-list li {
   color: blue;
ul .highlight {
   background-color: yellow;
#cafe-list li {
   color: green;
          Web Design DeCal Fall 2020
```

Select only the inside #food-list

```
index.html
<h1 class="highlight">Food Places</h1>
ul id="food-list";
  Mezzo
  <1i>Pho K&K</1i>
  Taco Bell
ul id="cafe-list">
  Yali's
  Asha Tea House
  Srewed Awakening
```

```
style.css
h1, li {
   font-family: Arial;
#food-list li {
   color: blue;
ul .highlight {
   background-color: yellow;
#cafe-list li {
   color: green;
          Web Design DeCal Fall 2020
```

Select only class="highlight" inside

```
index.html
<h1 class="highlight">Food Places</h1>
  id="food-list">
  <1i>Mezzo</1i>
  <1i>Pho K&K</1i>
  Taco Bell
dul id="cafe-list">
  Yali's
  Asha Tea House
  Srewed Awakening
```

```
style.css
h1, li {
   font-family: Arial;
#food-list li {
   color: blue;
ul .highlight {
   background-color: yellow;
#cafe-list li {
   color: green;
          Web Design DeCal Fall 2020
```

Select only class="highlight" inside

```
index.html
<h1 class="highlight">Food Places</h1>
ul id="food-l;
  <1i>Me===
  Ph Does not
  cli cl highlight <h1>
                      Bell
       because it's not
inside 
  Yali's
  Asha Tea House
  Srewed Awakening
```

```
style.css
h1, li {
   font-family: Arial;
#food-list li {
   color: blue;
   .highlight {
   background-color: yellow;
#cafe-list li {
   color: green;
          Web Design DeCal Fall 2020
```

CSS Selectors

Box Model

Intro to Layout









content

The picture itself



padding

Space between the picture and the picture frame



border

The picture frame



margin

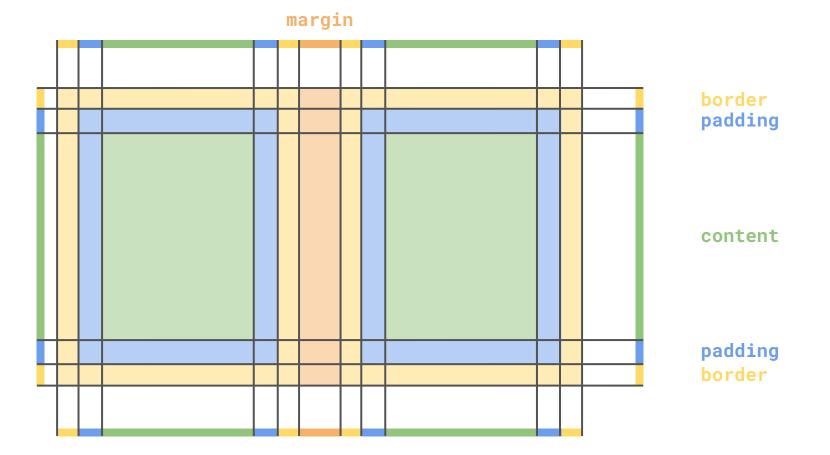
Spacing in between pictures

margin

border
padding

content

padding border



Box model

content

The picture itself

padding

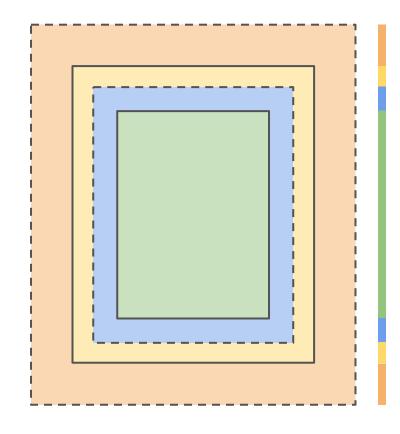
Space between the picture and the picture frame

border

The picture frame

margin

Spacing in between pictures



margin border padding

content

padding border margin

https://jsbin.com/yekuhalawu/edit?html,css,output

Welcome to WDD! Homework 3 will be released tonight.

- No spacing
- No visual hierarchy
- Low-contrast colors → hard to read

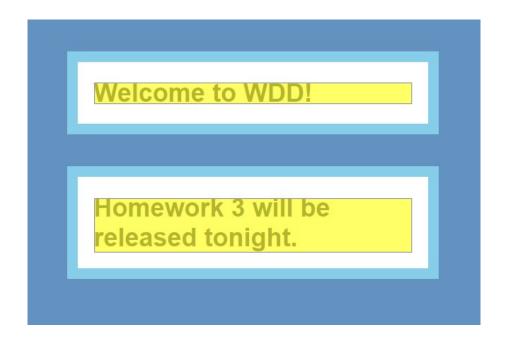
```
Design Issues
```

```
<div class="hox">
  Welcome to WDD!
</div>
<div class="hox">
  Homework 3 will be released
  tonight.
</div>
HTML
```

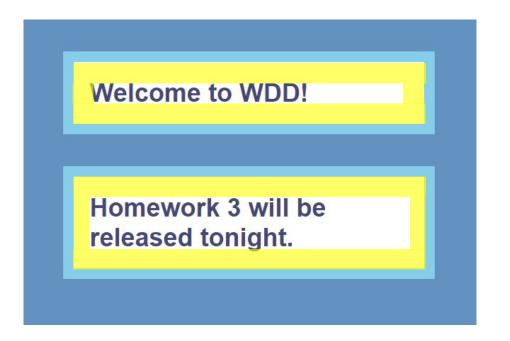
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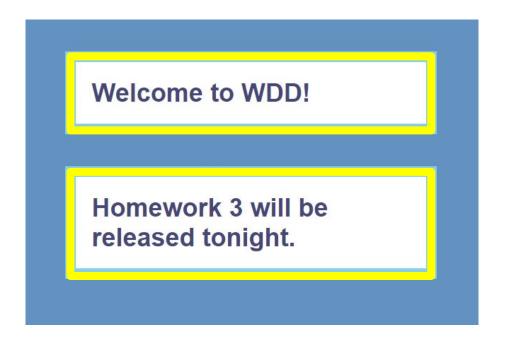
```
.box {
   background-color: white;
   width: 300px;
   padding: 15px;
   border: 10px solid skyblue;
   padding: 30px;
CSS
```



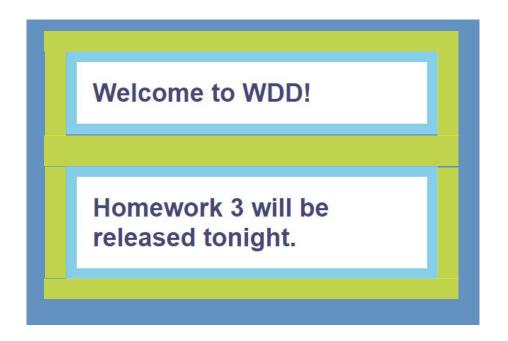
```
.box {
   background-color: white;
   width: 300px;
   padding: 15px;
   border: 10px solid skyblue;
   margin: 30px;
CSS
```



```
.box {
   background-color: white;
   width: 300px;
   padding: 15px;
   border: 10px solid skyblue;
   margin: 30px;
CSS
```



```
.box {
   background-color: white;
   width: 300px;
   padding: 15px;
   border: 10px solid skyblue;
   margin: 30px;
CSS
```



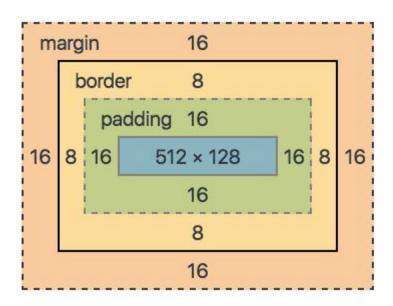
```
.box {
   background-color: white;
   width: 300px;
   padding: 15px;
   border: 10px solid skyblue;
  margin: 30px;
CSS
```

We can have different amounts of spacing on different sides of the box! The four sides are: top, right, bottom, left

```
width: 512px;
height: 128px;
```

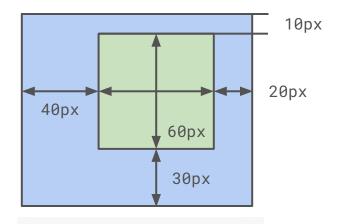
padding-top: 16px;
padding-right: 16px;
padding-bottom: 16px;
padding-left: 16px;

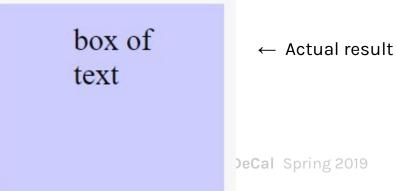
margin-top: 16px;
margin-right: 16px;
margin-bottom: 16px;
margin-left: 16px;



Example of different padding on different sides

```
#box {
   width: 60px;
   height: 60px;
   padding-top: 10px;
   padding-right: 20px;
   padding-bottom: 30px;
   padding-left: 40px;
   /* or more neatly... */
   padding: 10px 20px 30px 40px;
```

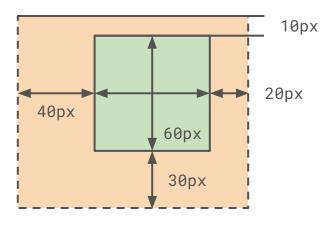




You can do the same thing for margin!

Specifying margins

```
#box {
   width: 60px;
   height: 60px;
   margin-top: 10px;
   margin-right: 20px;
   margin-bottom: 30px;
   margin-left: 40px;
   /* or more neatly... */
   margin: 10px 20px 30px 40px;
```



Units

- Pixels: the tiny squares that make up your screen!
 - 100px is approx an inch, or a little less than an inch
 - Good for cases when you know the exact size of something, and you know that the size does not need to scale

Units

- Percents: Depends on size of the parent HTML element
 - Helpful to an extent for responsive design

```
<div id="outer">
     <div id="inner"></div>
</div>
```

```
#outer {
    width: 50%;
    height: 200px;
}

#inner {
    width: 50%;
    height: 50%;
}
```

Result: width is 50% of the page width (<body> has 100% width unless you specify otherwise

Result: width is 25% of the page width, and height is 100px.

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Units for typography

- **Points:** (like, 12pt font) physically, it's 1/72 of an inch.
 - But can be inconsistent, so stick with pixels or em.

CSS Selectors

Box Model

Intro to Layout

Example: Design 🍪

Header

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit.

Donec non eros ex. Sed varius velit sit amet volutpat
pharetra. Cras tincidunt justo diam, at dictum est pretium
in. Sed in facilisis urna, vitae blandit ligula. Curabitur
tempor faucibus sapien ut vulputate. Suspendisse sed
sollicitudin tellus. Ut nunc risus, aliquam ut congue non,
venenatis nec leo. Integer porttitor sagittis vestibulum.
Proin tincidunt viverra orci in interdum. Vivamus eget
tristique ligula. Mauris vitae vestibulum ante.

Example: Thought Process 🤔



We want the main, white content container to always be centered on the page and 100px from the top.

Should the container be a set width, like 600px? Or a percent, like 50%?

→ A pixel width. Something like 50% can be pretty narrow at a smaller screen size.

Example: Code 🔆

What we need to make:

white content container

- centered
- 100px from the top
- 600px width
- has heading and text

💡 Thing to remember:

If we set a width, then we can use margin: auto to center the item!

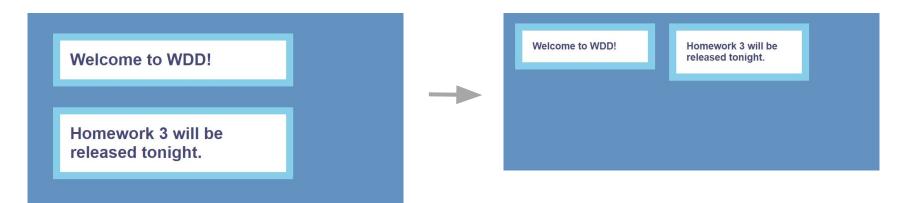
```
style.css

#container {
    width: 600px;
    margin-left: auto;
    margin-right: auto;
    margin-top: 100px;
}
```

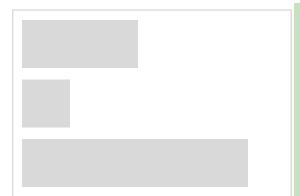
How do we put stuff next to each other?

We've noticed how by default, a lot of html elements like <div> will span as wide as it can across the page, and each new div goes on its own line.

Sometimes we want stuff full-width.
But sometimes we want to create
layouts where boxes can be
side-by-side, just like on this slide!



CSS display

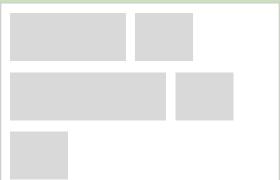


display: block;

Everything goes on its own line, no matter the width!

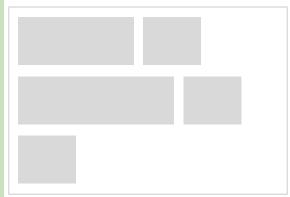
Can use margin and padding

Examples: <div>, <h1>,



display: inline-block;

A happy medium. Stuff goes on the same line **and** uses **margin/padding** !!



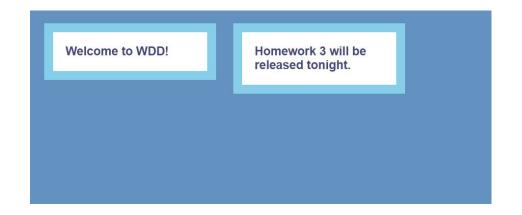
display: inline;

Everything on the same line, only as long as the text inside it is.

Does not listen to margin/padding

Examples: , <a>, text

Use display and float



```
.box {
   display: inline-block;
   float: left;
   background-color: white;
  width: 300px;
  padding: 15px;
   border: 10px solid skyblue;
   padding: 30px;
CSS
```

Berkeley Food Guide

<u>Home</u>

Restaurants

Coffee Shops

This site features food places in Berkeley that WDD students recommend!

Restaurants

UC Berkeley has a large variety of restaurants nearby. Check out favorites on southside, northside, and downtown.

Coffee Shops

There are also several coffee shops and cafés that have outlets and free wifi, ideal for studying!

Berkeley Food Guide

Home

Restaurants

Coffee Shops

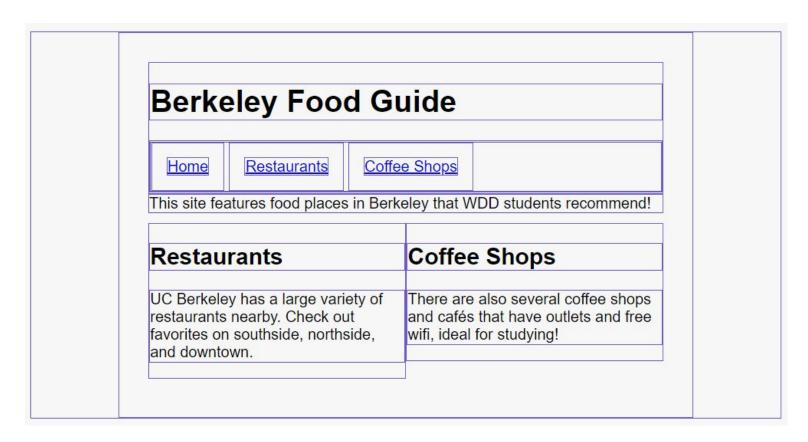
This site features food places in Berkeley that WDD students recommend!

Restaurants

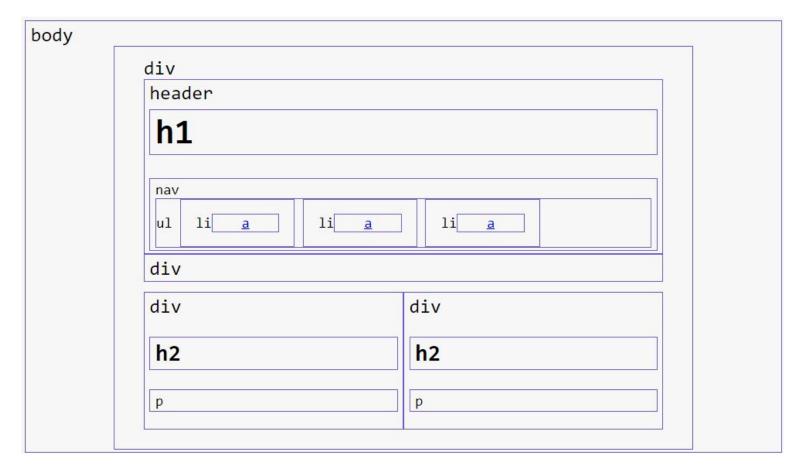
UC Berkeley has a large variety of restaurants nearby. Check out favorites on southside, northside, and downtown.

Coffee Shops

There are also several coffee shops and cafés that have outlets and free wifi, ideal for studying!



Now we add the CSS from this lecture to create the spacing and layout that we want.



Berkeley Food Guide

Home

Restaurants

Coffee Shops

This site features food places in Berkeley that WDD students recommend!

Restaurants

UC Berkeley has a large variety of restaurants nearby. Check out favorites on southside, northside, and downtown.

Coffee Shops

There are also several coffee shops and cafés that have outlets and free wifi, ideal for studying!

Chrome DevTools

Chrome DevTools

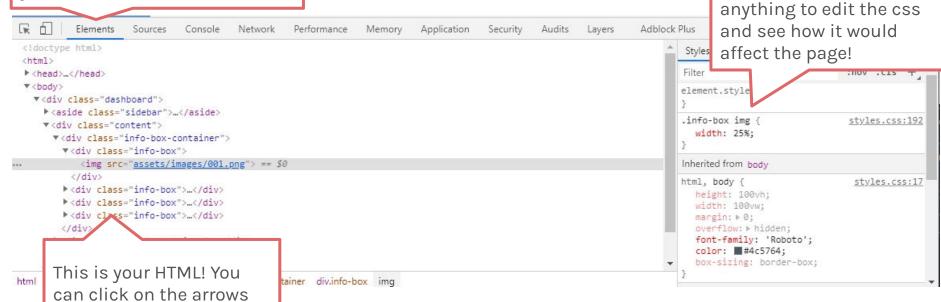
- Best way to debug & figure out what's going on with your code!
- Best in Chrome, decent in Firefox, iffy in other browsers
- Ways to get to it:
 - Right-click → Inspect Element
 - ctrl/cmd + shift + i

Chrome DevTools Demo

For HTML and CSS, make sure you're on the Elements tab.

on the left to hide or

expand the elements.



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This is the CSS for the

clicked on from the left.

You can double click on

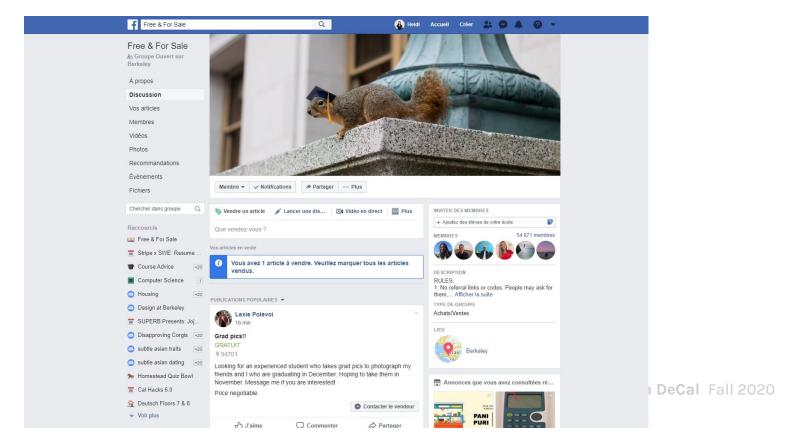
HTML element you

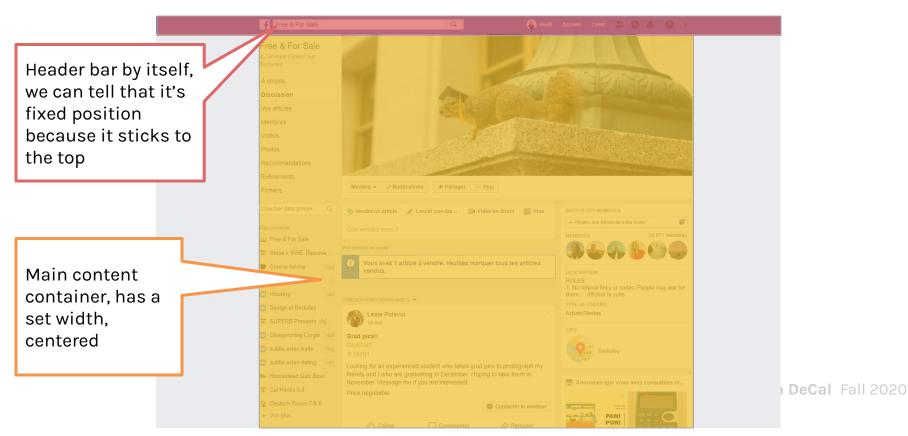
panel.

Chrome DevTools - some things you can do!

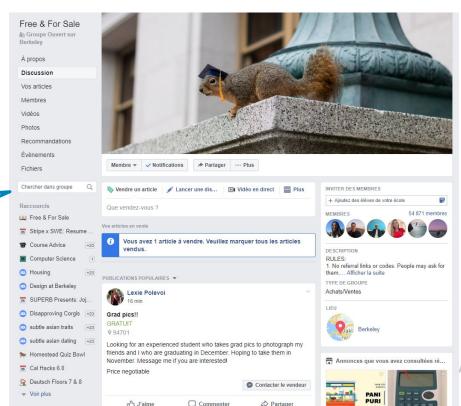
- Hover over an HTML tag → it will show you the box model diagram of the element (its width, height, padding, margin)
- Click on an HTML tag → see what CSS rules are affecting it
- Click on a CSS property or value → edit the CSS and see the changes happen!
- Click in the CSS rules area → add CSS to the specific HTML tag you're on and see the changes happen!

(if time) How to Think About Layouts





Now let's look at what's in the main content container



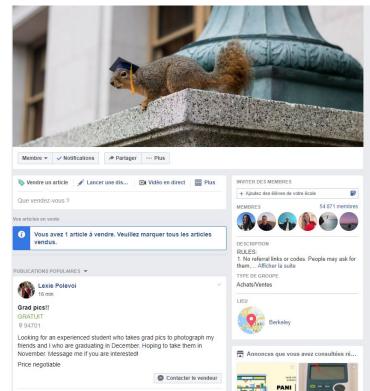
Column on the left. Each section (like the title, first set of links, search bar, second set of links) is its own thing



Right column has a lot of stuff, let's keep breaking this down!

ות' J'aime

Commenter



A Partager



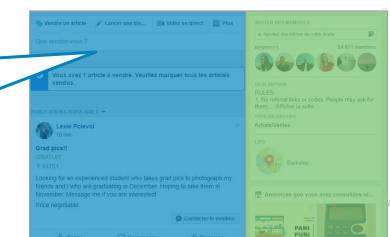
ן ל'aime

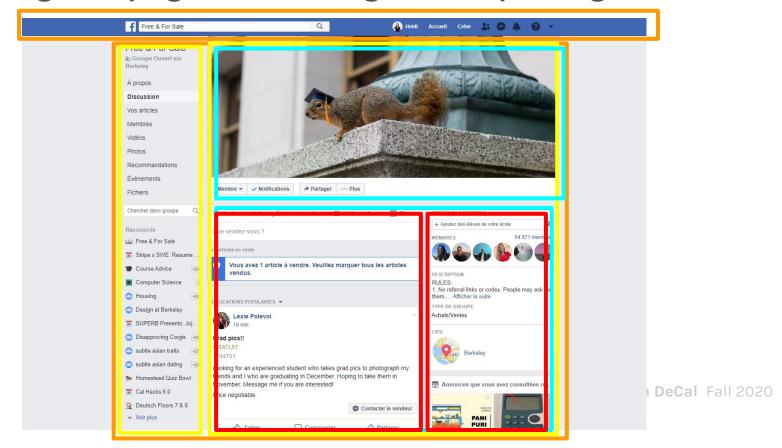
Commenter



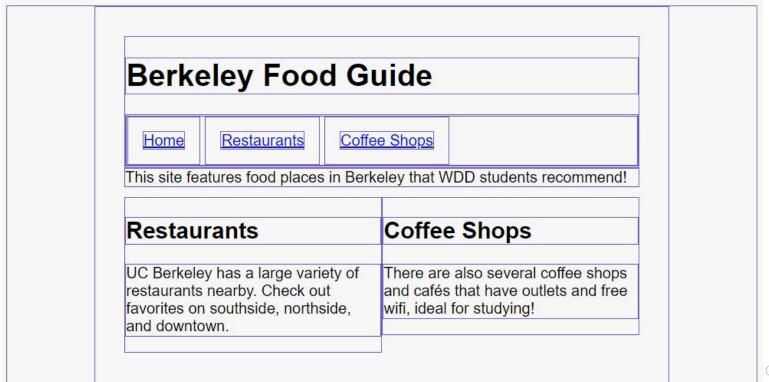
A Partager

Again, we have columns, each of which have distinct blocks of content (text field to make a new post, alerts, posts, etc)





It's like our diagram from week 3!



Some common patterns in layout structure

- There is a main container for the page that holds everything
 - The **header** might be separate since it's a block of its own
- A column of content is a div
 - These columns have **components** like a list of links, some text, a post
- Columns of content next to each other are put next to each other in a row

Start from simple components

- → piece together in rows and columns
- → complex layouts are just put together from simple layouts!

Some common patterns in layout structure !!!

- There is a main container for the page that
 - The **header** might be separate since it'
- A column of content is a div
 - These columns have components like
- Columns of content next to each other are presented.

This is how web developers in the industry structure stuff - content is divided into small building blocks by themselves, which then creates larger building blocks!

Start from simple components

- → piece together in rows and columns
- → complex layouts are just put together from simple layouts!

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You can probably create like 90% of all websites ever like this!!!!



Questions?