

1 Preliminaries

Gõ và trình bày lại văn bản sau, với các yêu cầu:

- Căn chỉnh lề trên dưới 2cm, trái phải 3,5cm
- Phong chữ Times new roman, cỡ chữ 11pt
- Chuẩn trình bày toán học: có tham chiếu, các dấu biến đổi thẳng nhau, ngắt đoạn phù hợp với công thức dài,...

2 Proof

Firstly, let $u \in \Omega_{\text{SVIP}}$. Hence, $u \in \mathcal{S}_{(\mathcal{A}, \mathcal{B})}$.

$$\begin{aligned}
 \|y^k - u\|^2 &= \left\| \beta_k(x^k - u) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + (1 - \beta_k) \left[P_{\mathcal{C}}(I^{\mathcal{H}_1} - \lambda \mathcal{A})x^k - P_{\mathcal{C}}(I^{\mathcal{H}_1} - \lambda \mathcal{A})u \right] \right\|^2 \\
 &\leq \beta_k \|x^k - u\|^2 + (1 - \beta_k) \|x^k - u\|^2 \\
 &\quad - \beta_k(1 - \beta_k) \|x^k - P_{\mathcal{C}}(I^{\mathcal{H}_1} - \lambda \mathcal{A})x^k\|^2 \\
 &= \|x^k - u\|^2 - \beta_k(1 - \beta_k) \|x^k - P_{\mathcal{C}}(I^{\mathcal{H}_1} - \lambda \mathcal{A})x^k\|^2 \quad (2.1) \\
 &\leq \|x^k - u\|^2. \quad (2.2)
 \end{aligned}$$

It follows from Step 3 in Algorithm 1, the property of adjoint operator \mathcal{F}^* that

$$\begin{aligned}
 \|v^k - u\|^2 &= \|y^k + \gamma_k \mathcal{F}^*(z^k - \mathcal{F}y^k) - u\|^2 \\
 &= \|y^k - u\|^2 + \gamma_k^2 \|\mathcal{F}^*(z^k - \mathcal{F}y^k)\|^2 \\
 &\quad + \gamma_k \left(\|z^k - \mathcal{F}u\|^2 - \|\mathcal{F}y^k - \mathcal{F}u\|^2 - \|z^k - \mathcal{F}y^k\|^2 \right).
 \end{aligned}$$

Since $u \in \Omega_{\text{SVIP}}$, $\mathcal{F}u \in \mathcal{S}_{(\mathcal{B}, \mathcal{Q})}$.

$$\begin{aligned}
\|v^k - u\|^2 &= \|y^k - u\|^2 + \gamma_k^2 \|\mathcal{F}^*(z^k - \mathcal{F}y^k)\|^2 \\
&\quad + \gamma_k \left(\|P_{\mathcal{Q}}(I^{\mathcal{H}_2} - \lambda \mathcal{B}) \mathcal{F}y^k - P_{\mathcal{Q}}(I^{\mathcal{H}_2} - \lambda \mathcal{B}) \mathcal{F}u\|^2 \right. \\
&\quad \left. - \|\mathcal{F}y^k - \mathcal{F}u\|^2 - \|z^k - \mathcal{F}y^k\|^2 \right) \\
&\leq \|y^k - u\|^2 + \gamma_k^2 \|\mathcal{F}^*(z^k - \mathcal{F}y^k)\|^2 \\
&\quad + \gamma_k \left(\|\mathcal{F}y^k - \mathcal{F}u\|^2 - \|\mathcal{F}y^k - \mathcal{F}u\|^2 - \|z^k - \mathcal{F}y^k\|^2 \right) \\
&= \|y^k - u\|^2 + \gamma_k^2 \|\mathcal{F}^*(z^k - \mathcal{F}y^k)\|^2 - \gamma_k \|z^k - \mathcal{F}y^k\|^2 \\
&\leq \|y^k - u\|^2 + \rho_k^2 \frac{\|z^k - \mathcal{F}y^k\|^4}{(\|\mathcal{F}^*(z^k - \mathcal{F}y^k)\|^2 + \kappa_k)^2} (\|\mathcal{F}^*(z^k - \mathcal{F}y^k)\|^2 + \kappa_k) \\
&\quad - \rho_k \frac{\|z^k - \mathcal{F}y^k\|^4}{\|\mathcal{F}^*(z^k - \mathcal{F}y^k)\|^2 + \kappa_k} \\
&= \|y^k - u\|^2 - \rho_k(1 - \rho_k) \frac{\|z^k - \mathcal{F}y^k\|^4}{\|\mathcal{F}^*(z^k - \mathcal{F}y^k)\|^2 + \kappa_k} \tag{2.3}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\leq \|y^k - u\|^2. \tag{2.4}$$

Now we claim that $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \|x^k - u^*\| = 0$, where u^* is the unique solution of the VIP($I^{\mathcal{H}_1} - \mathcal{T}, \Omega_{\text{SVIP}}$), that is, $u^* = P_{\Omega_{\text{SVIP}}} \mathcal{T}u^*$. Indeed, from the convexity of $\|\cdot\|^2$, Step 4 in Algorithm 1, (2.1), (2.3) with u replaced by u^* , we get

$$\begin{aligned}
\|x^{k+1} - u^*\|^2 &= \|\alpha_k(\mathcal{T}x^k - u^*) + (1 - \alpha_k)(v^k - u^*)\|^2 \\
&\leq \alpha_k \|\mathcal{T}x^k - u^*\|^2 + \|x^k - u^*\|^2 - \rho_k(1 - \rho_k) \frac{\|z^k - \mathcal{F}y^k\|^4}{\|\mathcal{F}^*(z^k - \mathcal{F}y^k)\|^2 + \kappa_k} \\
&\quad - \beta_k(1 - \beta_k) \|x^k - P_{\mathcal{C}}(I^{\mathcal{H}_1} - \lambda \mathcal{A})x^k\|^2.
\end{aligned}$$

Hence,

$$\begin{aligned}
& \rho_k(1 - \rho_k) \frac{\|z^k - \mathcal{F}y^k\|^4}{\|\mathcal{F}^*(z^k - \mathcal{F}y^k)\|^2 + a_k} \\
& \quad + \beta_k(1 - \beta_k) \|x^k - P_{\mathcal{C}}(I^{\mathcal{H}_1} - \lambda \mathcal{A})x^k\|^2 \\
& \leq \left(\|x^k - u^*\|^2 - \|x^{k+1} - u^*\|^2 \right) + \alpha_k \|\mathcal{T}x^k - u^*\|^2. \quad (2.5)
\end{aligned}$$