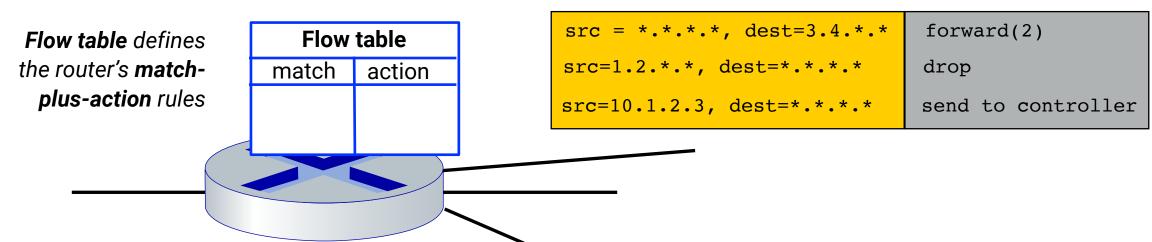
New Abstraction: match-plus-action

Flow: defined by header field values (in link-, network-, transport-layer fields)

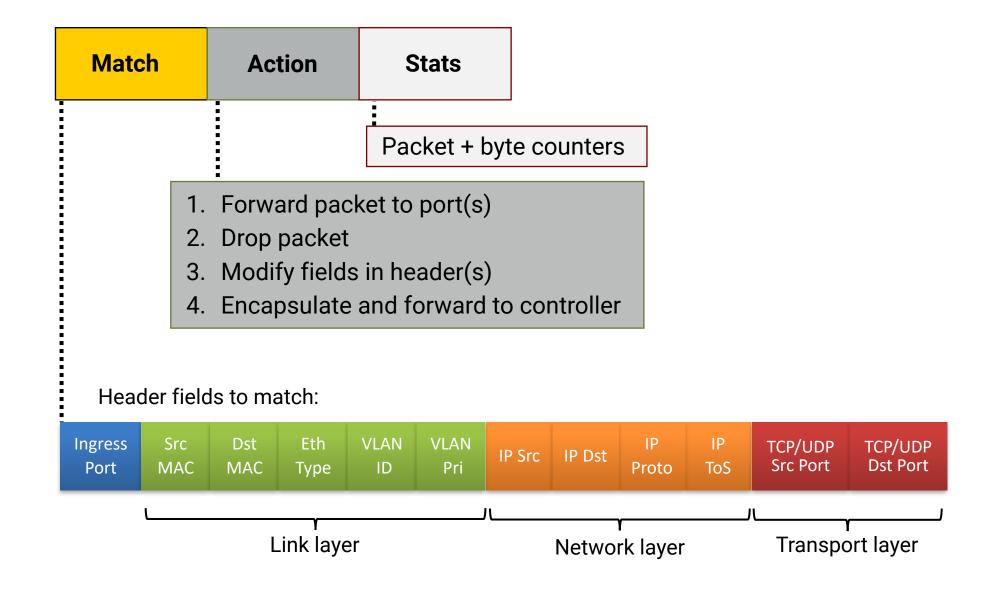
Generalized Forwarding: simple packet-handling rules

- match: pattern values in packet header fields
- actions: drop, forward, modify or send to controller
- priority: disambiguate overlapping patterns

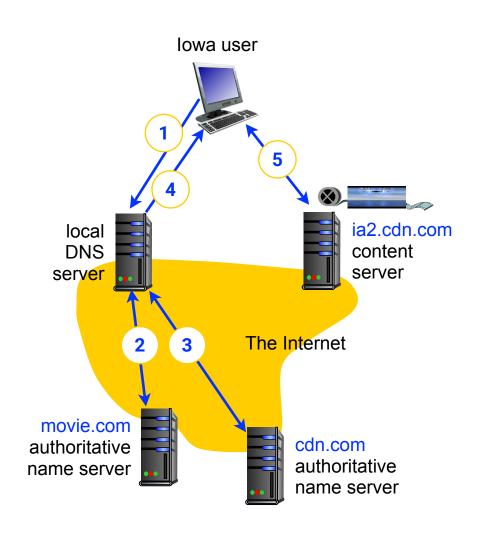
an example flow table



OpenFlow: flow table entries



CDN operation



- 1. **DNS lookup**: User visits *movie.com*, and user's host sends a DNS query to the local DNS server
- 2. **CDN handover**: local DNS server relays the query to an authoritative name server for *movie.com*. Instead of an IP address, it returns the name of its CDN operator
- 3. **Content server selection**: local DNS server sends another query to *cdn.com*, to which the CDN responds with the IP address of the chosen/nearby content delivery server
- 4. **DNS response**: local DNS forwards the IP address of the content serving CDN node, *ia2.cdn.com*
- 5. **Content flow**: client establishes a *TCP* connection with the local content server, and sends *HTTP GET* request for the video

Real-world CDNs





Operator	2007 - 2012: Akamai, Limelight, Level 3 2012 onwards: Self owned and operated	Google CDN (since 2006)
Architecture	Hybrid: ~200 IXP locations, ~100 ISPs. Offered free of cost to any ISP/IXP	Hybrid: several hundred IXP and ISP locations. Offered free of cost to any ISP/IXP
CDN content	Preprocessing on Amazon cloud; Netflix refreshes CDN content daily (i.e push caching)	Preprocessing on Google data centers; Employs DNS redirect and pull caching (lecture-7)
Streaming	DASH w/ manifest file	HTTP Streaming, choice of bit rate left to users

Ponder about: network neutrality | network economics | network principles