The cocotex.dtx Package

A modular package suite for automatic, flexible typesetting

Version 0.4.0 (2024/01/16)

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Introduction

1 Basic concepts

The core concept of the CoCoT_EX Framework is the strict separation between document specific information bearing units and publisher specific layout and rendering instructions to a degree that is far more versatile and delicate than LATEX's usual distinction between form and content.

The basic data type in the Framework is the **Container**. On the end-user level, this is virtually always a LATEX environment that contain a specific set of macros used to store the atomic units of information. Those macros and their contents are called **Components**.

The instructions on how those Components are to be processed and ultimately rendered are called **Properties**.

2 Flow of macro definitions and their expansions in modules that use the Property and Component mechanism

WARNING!

The following section is deprecated and will be changed or deleted in future releases.

Modules, that utilize the Property and Component mechanisms, define a *Declare macro*. This Declare macro is basicly a constructor for a new LATEX environment which should share some common *Properties* and *Components* with other environments that are defined with the same Declare macro. Modules, therefore, constitute what in other programming languages may be referred to as *Namespaces*.

The purpose of the Declare macro is

- 1. to define a LATEX environment to be used in tex documents,
- 2. to define the Component macros available and allowed within that environment
- 3. to define the available Properties used to determine the appearance of the environment's content in the final render
- 4. to define the processing of the information specific to each instance of the environment.

Within the body of the Declare macro's definition, a Use macro is defined which determines the Namespace-specific processing of an environment's contents. This macro is (usually) expanded at the \end of the declared environment. The Use macro is where the actual processing of an environment's contents takes place. Since it is part of the body of the Declare macro, each environment declared with this Declare macro defines it's own Use macro.

The Declare macro usually has at least two arguments: one argument to give a *name* to the soon-to-be-defined environment, and a second one to define the Properties *specific* to that environment *on top of* the Namespace's default Properties. Some environments may also have a Parent which causes Properties cascade across different inter-dependent environments.

Within the tex-document, whenever an environment is used, the flow is as follows:

- 1. store the contents of all Components used within the environment in internal, locally defined, tex macros
- 2. expand the property lists:

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- (a) expand the Default Properties of the Namespace
- (b) If necessary, expand the specific Properties of the parent environment (overwriting the default properties of the same name). This step may occur recursively for each of the parent's own parents.
- (c) expand the Specific Properties of the Environment itself.

3. Expand the Use-Macro

- (a) Process the components, depending on contents, presence, or absence of Components alter other Components or trigger property manipulations, etc.
- (b) Calculate the final states of variable properties (in dependency on the available components, other properties or global parameters)
- (c) Print the overall result of those calculations.

One more driver function

%<*driver>

If we want to run the splitted development dtx locally, this macro prevents undefined control sequence errors and actually includes the dtx chunks.

25 \def\includeDTX#1{\input src/#1.dtx}

End driver function

26 %</driver>

Modul 1

cocotex.dtx

This is the main class file for the CoCoTeX LATEX package.

File Preamble

Hard-coded requirements

```
| RequirePackage{kvoptions-patch} | RequirePackage{xkeyval}
```

Passing options down to the LATEX standard packages

```
77 \DeclareOptionX{main}{\PassOptionsToPackage{\CurrentOption}{babel}}
78 \DeclareOption{es-noindentfirst}{\PassOptionsToPackage{es-noindentfirst}{babel}}
79 \DeclareOption{es-noshorthands}{\PassOptionsToPackage{es-noshorthands}{babel}}
80 \PassOptionsToPackage{shorthands=off}{babel}
```

The option pubtype (short for "publication type") has possible four values: mono, collection, journal, and article . mono (also the default when no pubtype is given) and collection are used to switch between single and multiple contributor documents; collection and journal to switch between one-time text collections and periodicals, respectively. All three types implicitly load the LATEX standard class book.

collection is used when the document's components (i. e., chapters) are contributed by different authors like collections or proceedings. journal is used for collections where each contribution is accompanied by a myriad of meta data. mono stands for monographs, i.e., whole books that are written by the same author(s).

The publicaten type article is intended for single articles of a journal. It loads the LATEX standard class article.

```
newif\ifcollection \collectionfalse
newif\ifarticle \articlefalse
newif\ifmonograph \monographfalse
newif\ifjournal \journalfalse
define@choicekey{cocotex.cls}{pubtype}[\tp@pubtype\nr]{collection,article,journal,mono}{%
ifcase\nr\relax% collection
global\collectiontrue
nr' article
global\articletrue
or* article
nglobal\articletrue
or* journal
```

Passing options down to various CoCoT_FX modules:

```
\DeclareOptionX{debug}{\PassOptionsToPackage{\CurrentOption}{coco-kernel}}

DeclareOptionX{a11y}{\PassOptionsToPackage{\CurrentOption}{coco-common}}

DeclareOptionX{color-enc}{\PassOptionsToPackage{\CurrentOption}{coco-common}}

DeclareOptionX{usescript}{\PassOptionsToPackage{\CurrentOption}{coco-script}}

DeclareOptionX{nofigs}{\PassOptionsToPackage{\CurrentOption}{coco-floats}}

DeclareOptionX{ennotoc}{\PassOptionsToPackage{\CurrentOption}{coco-notes}}

DeclareOptionX{endotes}{\PassOptionsToPackage{\CurrentOption}{coco-notes}}}

DeclareOptionX{resetnotesperchapter}{\PassOptionsToPackage{\CurrentOption}{coco-notes}}}

PeclareOptionX{endnotesperchapter}{\PassOptionsToPackage{\CurrentOption}{coco-notes}}}

ProcessOptionSX
```

All publication types supported by CoCoT_EX are based on one of LAT_EX's default classes book or article:

Offsets are the removed to make all values relative to the upper left corner of the page to ease maintainance.

```
74 \voffset-1in\relax
75 \hoffset-1in\relax
```

Typesetting automata need some room to play

```
76 \emergencystretch=2em
```

and strong restrictions:

```
77 \frenchspacing
78 \clubpenalty10000
79 \widowpenalty10000
```

page style without any headers or footers

```
80 \def\ps@empty{%
81  \let\@oddhead\@empty
82  \let\@evenhead\@empty
83  \let\@oddfoot\@empty
84  \let\@evenfoot\@empty
85 }
```

vacancy pages need to have page style empty:

```
| \def\cleardoublepage{\clearpage\if@twoside \ifodd\c@page\else | \hbox{}\thispagestyle{empty}\newpage\if@twocolumn\hbox{}\newpage\fi\fi\}
```

```
\ifarticle\else
88
     \newif\if@frontmatter \@frontmatterfalse
89
90
     \renewcommand\frontmatter{%
91
       \cleardoublepage
92
       \@mainmatterfalse
93
       \@frontmattertrue
       \pagenumbering{arabic}}
94
95
     \renewcommand\mainmatter{%
       \cleardoublepage
96
97
       \@frontmatterfalse
       \@mainmattertrue}
98
     \renewcommand\backmatter{%
99
       \cleardoublepage
100
       \@mainmatterfalse
101
       \@frontmatterfalse}
102
   \fi
103
   \usepackage{soul}
```

Inclusion of the script module which also loads the babel package

```
105 \ifLuaTeX
106 \RequirePackage{coco-script}
107 \else
108 \RequirePackage{babel}
109 \fi
```

In the coco-headings.sty, we include the bookmark package, which within calls the hyperref package.

```
110 \PassOptionsToPackage{breaklinks,linktoc=none,pdfborder={0 0 0},pdfencoding=auto,
       bookmarksnumbered=true}{hyperref}
111 \RequirePackage{coco-headings}
```

Inclusion of the float module

```
112 \RequirePackage{coco-floats}
```

Inclusion of the title page module

```
113 \RequirePackage{coco-title}
```

Inclusion of the end-/footnotes module

```
114 \RequirePackage{coco-notes}
```

Fallback, in case, coco-headings.sty is not loaded for some reason.

Some more hard dependencies:

```
115 \RequirePackage{index}
116 \makeindex
117 \RequirePackage{hyperref}
```

Since 1tpdfa messes with a lot of LATEX Kernel macros (like \begin and \end) as well as external package (hyperref), it must be loaded last:

```
118 \ifx\tp@do@ally\relax
     \RequirePackage{coco-accessibility}
119
120 \fi
```

```
121 %</class>
```

Part I

Core Functions

Modul 2

coco-kernel.dtx

This file provides the object-oriented interfaces for all other CoCoTEX modules.

```
24 %<*kernel>
```

Preamble and Package Options

```
25 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}[2018/12/01]
26 \ProvidesPackage{coco-kernel}
27 [2024/01/16 0.4.0 cocotex kernel]
```

The debug option triggers the output of additional information messages to the shell.

```
28 \newif\if@tp@debug \@tp@debugfalse
29 \DeclareOption{debug}{\global\@tp@debugtrue}%
30 \ProcessOptions
```

Hard dependencies

```
31 \RequirePackage{etoolbox}
```

1 Exception handlers

\tpKernelDebugMsg is used to print debug messages iff the debug class option is set.

```
\def\tpKernelDebugMsg#1{\if@tp@debug\message{[tp Kernel Debug]\space\space#1^^J}\fi}
```

\tpPackageError is a macro to create error messages specific to the Framework. #1 is the module, #2 is the type of error, #3 is the immediate error message, #4 is the help string.

```
33 \def\tpPackageError#1#2#3#4{%
34 \GenericError{%
35    (#1)\@spaces\@spaces\@spaces
36    }{%
37         [CoCoTeX #1 #2 Error] #3%
38    }{}{#4}%
39 }
```

\tpPackageWarning is a macro to create warnings specific to the Framework. #1 is the module, #2 is the type of error, #3 is the immediate warning message.

```
40 \def\tpPackageWarning#1#2#3{%
41    \GenericWarning{%
42    (#1)\@spaces\@spaces\@spaces
43    }{%
```

```
[CoCoTeX #1 \if!#2!\else#2 \fi Warning] #3%
45
     }%
46 }
```

\tpPackageInfo is a macro to create shell output specific to the Framework. #1 is the module, #2 is the type of message, #3 is the immediate info string.

```
\def\tpPackageInfo#1#2#3{%
47
48
      \GenericInfo{%
49
          (#1)\@spaces\@spaces\@spaces
50
      } {%
51
          [CoCoTeX #1 \backslash if!#2! \backslash else#2 \backslash fi] #3%
52
      }%
53 }
```

Containers

Containers are the package's core data structure. They are basicly sets of properties that are processed in the same

\tpDeclareContainer is the constructor for new Containers. #1 is the Container's name, #2 its body which conists of Inheritance instructions, Type and Env declarations.

```
\def\tp@warningspaces{\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space
                               space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\space\s
          \long\def\tpDeclareContainer#1#2{%
55
                  \ifcsdef{tp@container@#1}
56
                            {\tpPackageWarning{Kernel}{}{'#1' has already been declared!^^J
57
58 \tp@warningspaces Properties from the original Declaration may be^^J
          \tp@warningspaces overridden by the global defaults. Use \string\tpAddToType^^J
60 \tp@warningspaces to alter pre-existing Containers!^^J
61 }}
                            {\csdef{tp@container@#1}{}}%
62
                   \csdef{tp@cur@cont}{#1}%
```

We want the declarator macros to be only allowed inside the \tpDeclareContainer macro.

```
\begingroup
```

\tpInherit The inherit mechanism is dynamic, i.e., we can load multiple type declarations from multiple containers

```
\def\tpInherit ##1 from ##2;{\@tp@inherit{##1}{##2}{#1}}%
```

\tpDeclareType Each Container is defined by the data types it provides. These data types are declared with this macro. The first argument ##1 is the name of the data type. The second argument ##2 is a list of code that is specific to this type, usually something like Component or Property declarations, handlers, and so forth.

```
\long\def\tpDeclareType##1##2{\csgappto{tp@type@##1@#1}{##2}}%
```

\tpDeclareEnv Each container usually is realised as a LATEX environment. The \tpDeclareEnv macro is used to set up this environment. Usually, the environment has the same name as the Container. With the optional argument ##1 you can override the environment's name. However, keep in mind that the Container's name is not changed by re-naming the corresponding environment. ##2 is used for the stuff done at the beginning of the environment, ##3 for the stuff done at the end.

In the begin part, the Types declared in the Container declaration's body should be evaluated using the \text{\text{tpEvalType}} macro, see below.

```
\def\tpDeclareEnv{\@ifnextchar [{\tp@declare@env}{\tp@declare@env[#1]}}%]
67
      \def\tp@declare@env[##1]##2##3{%
68
69
       \csgdef{##1}{\global\let\reserved@cont\tp@cur@cont\def\tp@cur@cont{#1}##2}%
70
       \csgdef{end##1}{##3}\global\let\tp@cur@cont\reserved@cont}%
```

```
71
      \def x{\%}
72
        #2%
73
      }%
74
    \expandafter\x\endgroup
75 }
  \@onlypreamble\tpDeclareContainer
```

\tpAddToType add additional content (i.e., the next token) to a Type #1 of a previously declared Container #2.

```
\def\tpAddToType#1#2{\csgappto{tp@type@#1@#2}}
```

\tpEvalType calls the Declaration list for data Type #2. With optional #1 the Container Class can be overriden.

```
78 \def\tpEvalType{\tp@opt@curcont\tp@eval@type}
79 \def\tp@eval@type[#1]#2{%
    \expandafter\ifx\csname tp@type@#2@#1\endcsname\relax
80
      \tpPackageError{Kernel}{Class}
81
      {Data Type #2 in Container #1 undefined!}
82
      {You try to evaluate a data type '#2' from container '#1', but that data type has not been
83
          declared.}%
    \else
84
      \tpKernelDebugMsg{Evaluating tp@type@#2@#1:^^J \csmeaning{tp@type@#2@#1}}%
85
      \csname tp@type@#2@#1\endcsname
86
    \fi
87
88 }
```

\tpCheckParent checks if a Container #1 is declared so that another container #2 can inherit.

```
89 \def\tpCheckParent#1#2{%
    \expandafter\ifx\csname tp@container@#1\endcsname\relax
90
91
      \tpPackageError{Kernel}{Class}
92
      {Parent Container '#1' undeclared}
      {You tried to make a Container named '#2' inherit from a Container named '#1', but a
93
          Container with that name does not exist.\MessageBreak
       Please make sure that parent Containers are declared before their descendents.}%
94
95
    \else
      \csgdef{tp@parent@#2}{#1}%
96
97
    \fi
98 }
```

\@tp@inherit is the low-level inherit function. #1 is a comma-separated list of things to be inherited, and #2 is the Container-list that should be inherited from, and #3 is the name of the descending Container.

```
99 \def\@tp@inherit#1#2#3{\@tp@parse@inherit #1,,\@nil #2,,\@nil #3\@@nil}
```

low-level function to recursively parse the parameters of the \@tp@inherit macro, above.

```
\def\@tp@parse@inherit #1,#2,\@nil #3,#4,\@nil #5\@@nil{%
100
     \let\next\relax
101
     \mathbf{if}!#1!\else
102
       \mathbf{if}!#3!\else
103
104
         \tp@do@inherit{#1}{#3}{#5}%
         \def\@argii{#2}\def\@argiv{#4}%
105
         \ifx\@argii\@empty
106
107
           \ifx\@argiv\@empty\else
             \def\next{\@tp@parse@inherit #1,,\@nil #4,\@nil #5\@@nil}%
108
109
           \fi
         \else
110
           \ifx\@argiv\@empty
111
             \def\next{\qparseqinherit $\#2,\qnil $\#3,,\qnil $\#5\qqnil}
112
           \else
113
             \def\next{%
114
               \@tp@parse@inherit #1,,\@nil #4,\@nil #5\@@nil
115
               \@tp@parse@inherit #2,\@nil #3,#4,\@nil #5\@@nil
116
117
118
           \fi\fi\fi\fi
     \next}
119
```

Ultimately, this function is called for each Type-Container combination invoked by the \tpInherit macro.

```
120 \def\tp@do@inherit#1#2#3{%
     \tpKernelDebugMsg{#3 inherits #1 from #2.}%
121
     \tpCheckParent{#2}{#3}%
122
     \expandafter\ifx\csname tp@type@#1@#2\endcsname\relax
123
       \tpPackageError{Kernel}{Type}{Type '#1' was not declared}{Type '#1' was not declared for
124
           Container '#2'.}%
125
     \else
       \edef\x{\noexpand\csgappto{tp@type@#1@#3}}%
126
127
       \expandafter\x\expandafter{\csname tp@type@#1@#2\endcsname}%
       \tpKernelDebugMsg{value tp@type@#1@#3:^^J \expandafter\meaning\csname tp@type@#1@#3\
128
           endcsname}%
     \fi
129
130 }
```

3 Components

3.1 Simple Components

"Simple Components" are basicly data storages. They are used within Containers to obtain data and store them for further processing at the end of the Container, or even beyond.

\tpDeclareComp defines simple component macros.

- is the Component's identifier. The internal macro that is used to store the Component's value is \csname tp@ <current Container name>@<#1>\endcsname. If omitted, #1 is the same as #2.
- #2 is the Component's name.
- #3 is code that is executed before assignment of the user's value
- #4 is code that is executed *after* assignment of the user's value

```
\expandafter\long\expandafter\def\csname tp#2\endcsname##1{%
134
135
      #3\expandafter\long\expandafter\def\csname tp@\tp@cur@cont @#1\endcsname{##1}\ignorespaces
           #4}%
136 }
```

\tpDeclareGComp is a shortcut to declare simple, globally available Components with the name #2 and an optional initial value #1. They are usually empty.

```
137 \def\tpDeclareGComp{\tp@opt@empty\tp@declare@global@comp}%
138 \def\tp@declare@global@comp[#1]#2{%
     \tpDeclareComp{#2}{\expandafter\global}{}%
139
140
     if!#1!\\else\\csname tp#2\\endcsname{#1}\\fi%
141 }
```

Once declared, a component can be set in two ways: The first way is to use \tp<name> with one argument for its value. The second, preferred, way is to use the \tpComp macro which takes two arguments: #1 is the name of the Component, #2 is the value. This macro checks whether an Component of name #1 has actually been declared and does so, if not.

\tpComp This is the preferred way to fill a Component with content. #1 is the Component's name, #2 is the value.

```
\long\protected\def\tpComp#1#2{%
142
     \ifx\tp@is@counted\relax
143
       \ifcsdef{tp@\tp@cur@cont @#1}{}
144
         {\theta \in \mathbb{Z}}  {\tp@cnt@grp-#1-\csname \tp@cnt@grp Cnt\endcsname}{#1}{}}
145
       \csgdef{tp@\tp@cur@cont @\tp@cnt@grp-#1-\csname \tp@cnt@grp Cnt\endcsname}{#2}%
146
147
148
       \ifcsdef{tp@\tp@cur@cont @#1}{}{\tpDeclareComp{#1}{}}}%
       \csname tp#1\endcsname{#2}%
149
150
     \fi
151 }
152
   \let\tpSetComp\tpComp
```

\tpUseComp is a high level command to return (or print) the material stored as a Component with the name #1.

```
\def\tpUseComp#1{\csname tp@\tp@cur@cont @#1\endcsname}
```

\tpStoreComp is a high level command to store the value of a Component #2 into a TeX macro #1.

```
154 \def\tpStoreComp#1#2{%
155
     \def\@tempa{\protected@edef#1}%
     \expandafter\@tempa\expandafter{\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\noexpand\csname tp@\
156
         tp@cur@cont @#2\endcsname}
157 }
```

\tpGStoreComp is the global variant of \tpStoreComp.

```
158 \def\tpGStoreComp#1#2{%
     \def\@tempa{\protected@xdef#1}%
159
     \expandafter\@tempa\expandafter{\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\noexpand\csname tp@\
160
         tp@cur@cont @#2\endcsname}
161 }
```

\tpUseGComp is a high level command to return (or print) the material stored as a global Component from the Container #1 with the name #2.

```
\def\tpUseGComp#1#2{\csname tp@#1@#2\endcsname}
```

```
\label{loss} $$ \def \times {\mathbb{1}}{\tau}_{163} \def \end{**} $$ \def \end{***} $$ \def \end{****} $$ \def \end{***} $$ \def \end{**} $$
```

\tpIfComp is a high level macro that executes #2 if the Component macro #1 is used in a Container (empty or non-empty), and #3 if not.

```
| \long\def\tpIfComp#1#2#3{\expandafter\ifx\csname tp@\tp@cur@cont @#1\endcsname\relax#3\else#2\fi
```

\tpWhenComp is a high level variant of **\tpIfComp** that omits the **else**-branch. #2 is code that is expanded when the Component #1 is used in a container (empty or non-empty).

\tpUnlessComp is a high level variant of **\tpIfComp** that omits the **then**-branch. #2 is the code that is expanded when a Container #1 is *not* used in a Container (neither empty nor non-empty).

```
\long\def\tpUnlessComp#1#2{\expandafter\ifx\csname tp@\tp@cur@cont @#1\endcsname\relax#2\fi}
```

\tpIfComp Global variant of **\tpIfComp**. #1 is the name of the Container, #2 is the name of the Component, #3 is the then-branch, #4 is the else-branch.

```
| \long\def\tpIfGComp#1#2#3#4{\expandafter\ifx\csname tp@#1@#2\endcsname\relax#4\else#3\fi
```

\tpIfCompEmpty is a high level macro that executes #2 if the Component macro #1 is empty (or {}) within its Container, and #3 if it is either not existant or non-empty.

```
| \long\def\long@empty{} | \long\def\tpIfCompEmpty#1#2#3{\expandafter\ifx\csname tp@\tp@cur@cont @#1\endcsname\long@empty #2\else#3\fi}
```

\tpIfGCompEmpty is a global variant of **\tpIfCompEmpty**. #1 is the name of the Container, #2 is the name of the Component, #3 is the then-branch, #4 is the else-branch.

```
| \long\def\tpIfGCompEmpty#1#2#3#4{\expandafter\ifx\csname tp@#1@#2\endcsname\long@empty#3\else#4\| fi}
```

\tp@check@empty handles the distinction between empty and un-used components: First, check if #4#3 is set (=anything but \relax). If it is set, check if it is empty. If empty, set #4#3 to \relax, meaning further occurences of \IfComp{#4#3} will execute the else branch. If #4#3 is non-empty, do nothing.

If #4#3 is already \relax, check if the fallback #1#3 is set. If so, make #4#3 an alias of #1#3. If not, do nothing.

Optional #1 is the prefix of the fallback component, #2 is the Container name, #3 is the name of the Component, #4 is the Override's prefix.

```
| \def\tp@check@empty{\tp@opt@empty\@tp@check@empty}%
                     \def\@tp@check@empty[#1]#2#3#4{%
172
173
                                         \tpIfComp{#4#3}
                                                     {\tpIfCompEmpty{#4#3}
174
                                                                 \label{lem:let-csname} $$ \{\expandafter \le tp@#2@#4#3\endcsname \le t
175
176
                                                                 {}}
                                                      {\tpIfComp{#1#3}
177
178
                                                                 {\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\let\expandafter\csname tp@#2@#4#3\expandafter\
                                                                                               endcsname\csname tp@#2@#1#3\endcsname}
179
                                                                 {}}}
```

3.2 Counted Components

Counted Components are Components that may occur in the same parent Container multiple times. They may be multiple instances of single-macro Components, or recurring collections of multiple Components, called Component Groups.

Component Groups

\tpDeclareComponentGroup is a user-level macro to declare a new Component Group with the name #1 and the body #2.

```
\def\tpDeclareComponentGroup#1#2{%
180
     \csnumgdef{#1Cnt}{\z@}%
181
     \csdef{#1}{\tp@opt@empty{\csname @#1\endcsname}}%
182
     \csdef{@#1}[##1]{%
183
       \def\tp@cnt@grp{#1}%
184
       \csxdef{#1Cnt}{\expandafter\the\expandafter\numexpr\csname #1Cnt\endcsname+\@ne\relax}%
185
       \if!##1!\else\csgdef{tp@\tp@cur@cont @#1-\csname #1Cnt\endcsname @attrs}{##1}\fi
186
187
       \csname @#1@hook\endcsname
188
     }%
189
     \csdef{end#1}{{\tpToggleCountedCond\csname tp@compose@group@#1\endcsname}}%
190
191 }
```

\tpGroupHandler is used to declare a new group handler. A Group Handler is a hook for code #2 that is expanded at the end of a Component Group #1's environment. It is mostly used to process Components within a Group instance and store the result in their own components. For instance, a Group Handler can be used to combine a First Name and a Surname to a combined Component "FullName".

```
192 \def\tpGroupHandler#1#2{%
    \ifcsdef{@#1}
193
194
       {\ifcsdef{tp@compose@group@#1}
        {\csgappto{tp@compose@group@#1}{#2}}
195
        {\csgdef{tp@compose@group@#1}{#2}}}
196
       {htpPackageError{Kernel}{Type}{Component Group '#1' unknown!}{You tried to declare a Group
197
           Handler for a Component Group that has not been declared, yet! Use \string\
           tpDeclareComponentGroup{#1}{} to declare the Component Group first.}}%
198 }
```

\tp@cnt@grp is a designated group name. Counted Components of the same group use the same counter.

```
199 \let\tp@cnt@grp\@empty
```

\tpUseGCompIdx picks a Component with name #3 and index #2 from a group #1.

```
\def\tpUseGCompIdx#1#2#3{\csname tp@\tp@cur@cont @#1-#3-#2\endcsname}
```

\tpUseGroupProp picks a specific Property of a group.

```
201
   \def\tpUseGroupProp#1#2#3{%
     \begingroup
202
       \@tempcnta\numexpr#2\relax
203
204
       \letcs\tpTotalCount{#1Cnt}%
       \def\tp@cnt@grp{#1}%
205
206
       \tpToggleCountedCond
207
       \csnumdef{#1Cnt}{\the\@tempcnta}%
208
       \tpCurCount=\the\@tempcnta\relax%
209
       \csname tp@\tp@cur@cont @#3\endcsname%
```

Iterating over Component Groups

The following two macros iterate over all instances of a Component Group #1 in the current Container and applies for each instance the Property #2. The result is appended to the Collector Component #3, if and only if that Component is not yet set for the current Container at the time of the first iteration.

While the first macro only writes the Property definition into the Collector Component, the second fully expands the macros inside the Property and stores the result in Component #3.

Use the former to print and the latter to further process the respective results.

\tpCurCount stores the number of the current instance of a Counted Component. Use this in the declarations of Properties that are expanded within the Component Group.

```
\newcount\tpCurCount
```

\tp@assign@res assignes the result of the Component collection to a control sequence with the name #1 and resets the temporary storage.

```
212 \def\tp@assign@res#1{%
     \ifx\tp@iterate@res\relax
213
       \cslet{#1}\relax
214
215
216
       \expandafter\csname #1\expandafter\endcsname\expandafter{\tp@iterate@res}%
217
     \global\let\tp@iterate@res\relax
218
219 }
```

\tpIfCompOverride is a switch to apply #2 if the Collection Component #1 has been set manually within a container or #3 if it has been generated from Counted Components.

```
220 \def\tpIfCompOverride#1#2#3{\expandafter\ifx\csname tp@used@#1@override\endcsname\@empty#2\else
       #3\fi}
```

\tpComposeCollection is used to create an unexpanded Collection Component #3 from all instances of Component Group #1 using the instructions given by property #2.

```
\def\tpComposeCollection#1#2#3{%
221
     \tpIfComp{#3}{\cslet{tp@used@#3@override}\@empty}{%
222
223
       \ifcsdef{#1Cnt}{%
         \expandafter\ifnum\csname #1Cnt\endcsname > \z@\relax
224
           \edef\tp@iterate@res{%
225
            \noexpand\bgroup
226
              \noexpand\def\noexpand\tpTotalCount{\csname #1Cnt\endcsname}%
227
              \noexpand\tpToggleCountedCond
228
229
              \noexpand\def\noexpand\tp@cnt@grp{#1}}%
230
            \expandafter\@tempcntb=\csname #1Cnt\endcsname\relax
231
            \tp@iterate{\@tempcnta}{\@ne}{\@tempcntb}{%
              \edef\@tempb{%
232
                %% top-level counter for user interaction
233
234
                \noexpand\tpCurCount=\the\@tempcnta
235
                %% evaluating group attributes
236
                \ifcsdef{tp@\tp@cur@cont @#1-\the\@tempcnta @attrs}{\noexpand\tpParseAttributes{#1-\
                    the\@tempcnta}{\csname tp@\tp@cur@cont @#1-\the\@tempcnta @attrs\endcsname}}{}
237
                %% internal counter for macro grabbing
                \noexpand\csnumdef{#1Cnt}{\tpCurCount}%
238
```

```
\noexpand\tpUseProperty{#2}}%
239
240
             \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\def
             \expandafter\expandafter\tp@iterate@res
241
242
              \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\\expandafter\tp@iterate@res\@tempb}%
243
244
            \expandafter\def\expandafter\tp@iterate@res\expandafter{\tp@iterate@res\egroup}%
            \tp@assign@res{tp#3}%
245
        \fi
246
247
       }{}}%
248 }
```

\tpApplyCollection is an alternative version of \tpComposeCollection and fully expands the Property #2 before it is stored inside the Component #3.

```
249 \def\tpApplyCollection#1#2#3{%
     \tpIfComp{#3}{\cslet{tp@used@#3@override}\@empty}
250
251
       {\tp@apply@collection{#1}{#2}%
        \tp@assign@res{tp#3}%
252
      }%
253
254 }
```

#1 is the group name, #2 is the property to format the collection

```
\def\tp@apply@collection#1#2{%
255
     \begingroup
256
257
       \global\let\tp@iterate@res\relax
258
       \letcs\tpTotalCount{#1Cnt}%
259
       \tp@iterate{\@tempcnta}{\@ne}{\tpTotalCount}{%
260
         \bgroup
           \tpToggleCountedCond
261
          \def\tp@cnt@grp{#1}%
262
263
           \csnumdef{#1Cnt}{\the\@tempcnta}%
          \ifcsdef{tp@\tp@cur@cont @#1-\the\@tempcnta @attrs}{\tpParseAttributes{#1-\the\@tempcnta
264
               }{\csname tp@\tp@cur@cont @#1-\the\@tempcnta @attrs\endcsname}}{}
          \tpCurCount=\the\@tempcnta
265
          \protected@xdef\@tempb{\csname tp@\tp@cur@cont @#2\endcsname}%
266
267
          \@temptokena \expandafter{\@tempb}%
268
          \def\@tempc{\csgappto{tp@iterate@res}}%
269
          \expandafter\@tempc\expandafter{\@tempb}%
270
        \egroup
271
      }%
272
     \endgroup
273 }
```

\tp@comp@def is used to pass a Counted Component into a TeX macro. #1 is a prefix to the def command, e.g., \global or \protected; #2 is the name of the TeX macro, #3 is the Name of the Counted Component (incl. the tp-prefix), and #4 is the Property that should be applied to all Members of the Counted Component.

```
274 \def\tp@comp@def[#1]#2#3#4{%
275
     \tp@apply@collection{#3}{#4}%
     \ifx\tp@iterate@res\relax
276
       #1\let#2\relax%
277
     \else
278
       \def\@\text{tempa}{\#1\def\#2}\%
279
       \tp@assign@res{@tempa}%
280
     \fi
281
282 }
```

\tpCompDef is the User-level command for *local* \tp@comp@def.

```
\def\tpCompDef{\tp@comp@def[]}
```

\tpCompDef is the User-level command for global \tp@comp@def.

```
\def\tpCompGDef{\tp@comp@def[\global]}
```

Declaring Counted Component

\tpDeclareCountedComp is a user-level macro to create a new Counted Component. #1 is the user-level name of the Component.

```
\def\tpDeclareCountedComp#1{%
285
     \tp@def@counted@comp
286
       {\tp@cnt@grp-#1-\csname \tp@cnt@grp Cnt\endcsname}
287
288
289
       {}
       {\expandafter\global}%
290
  }
291
```

\tp@def@counted@comp registers counter dependent Components. #1 is the internal name of the Component which is composed out of the group name, the value of the group counter and the user-level macro name #2; #3 is some custom code passed to the second argument of \tpDeclareComp; and #4 is a modifier to the internal macro definition.

```
\def\tp@def@counted@comp#1#2#3#4{%
292
     \tpDeclareComp[#1]{#2}
293
       {\bgroup#3\expandafter\global}
294
295
       {\def\@tempa{{@tp@reset@components@\tp@cur@cont}}%
        \edef\@tempb{\noexpand\csgundef{tp@\noexpand\tp@cur@cont @#1}}%
296
        \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\csgappto\expandafter\@tempa\expandafter{\@tempb}%
297
298
        \egroup}%
     #4\expandafter\long\expandafter\def\csname tp@\tp@cur@cont @#2\endcsname{\csname tp@\
299
         tp@cur@cont @#1\endcsname}%
300 }
```

Resetting Counted Component

\tp@reset@components is used to reset Counted Components to prevent later Containers of a given type to feed the components from the previous Container of the same type. Usually, this is prevented by keeping Component definitions strictly local.

I some cases, however, Components may be declared globally, i.e., they may be re-used after the Container is ended. In this so-called Asynchronuous Processing of Components, the reset should be done at the very beginning of the next instance of the container type to prevent bleeding of one container's components into the next one, specifically if a container occurs more than once in the same document.

#1 is the type of the Component set.

```
301
   \def\tp@reset@components#1{%
302
     \csname @tp@reset@components@#1\endcsname
     \global\cslet{@tp@reset@components@#1}\relax%
303
304 }
```

Toggling Conditionals for Counted Components

\tpToggleCountedCond In order to process Counted Components, we need to re-define the Conditionals in a way such that the Component is expanded twice before the comparison takes place to correctly resolve the Component counter.

Warning! Use this macro only within local groups!

```
305
   \long\def\tpToggleCountedCond{%
306
     \let\tp@is@counted\relax
307
     \long\def\tpIfComp##1##2##3{%
308
       \expandafter\let\expandafter\@tempa\csname tp@\tp@cur@cont @##1\endcsname\relax
309
       \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\ifx\@tempa\relax##3\else##2\fi%
310
     }%
311
     \long\protected\def\tpIfCompEmpty##1##2##3{%
312
      \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\ifx\csname tp@\tp@cur@cont @##1\endcsname\long@empty
           ##2\else ##3\fi}}
```

Hooks

Hooks are used to patch code into different parts of a Container's processing chain.

\tpDeclareHook registers a new hook. Optional #1 is the container for which the Hook is declared. If omitted, this defaults to \tp@cur@cont. #2 is the Hook's user-level name. Hooks always default to an empty string.

```
313 \def\tpDeclareHook{\tp@opt@curcont\tp@declare@hook}
314 \def\tp@declare@hook[#1]#2{\expandafter\global\expandafter\let\csname tp@hook@#1@#2\endcsname\
       @empty}
```

\tpAddToHook adds new material to a Hook. If the hook has not yet been declared, a tpDeclareHook for that hook is applied first. In that case, use the optional #1 to specify the Container name that hook is intended for. If it is omitted, the current Container is used. #2 is the name of the hook the material in #3 is to be appended to.

```
315 \def\tpAddToHook{\tp@opt@curcont\tp@add@to@hook}
316 \def\tp@add@to@hook[#1]#2#3{%
     \verb|\expandafter | ifx \csname tp@hook@#1@#2 \endcsname | relax| \\
317
       \tpDeclareHook[#1]{#2}%
318
319
320
     \csgappto{tp@hook@#1@#2}{#3}%
321 }
```

\tpUseHook expands the current state of the hook with the name #2 from Container #1 (current Container if omitted).

```
322 \def\tpUseHook{\tp@opt@curcont\tp@use@hook}
323 \def\tp@use@hook[#1]#2{\csuse{tp@hook@#1@#2}}
```

Properties

5.1 **Setting Properties**

\tpSetProperty is a user-level macro that provides the Property-Value interface for Containers. #1 is the name of the Property, #2 is the Value assigned to that Property.

\tpPropertyLet can be used to create an alias Property #1 of a given Property #2. Is is equivalent to \tpSetProperty ${\frak{1}}{\true{1}}.$

```
\label{longdef} $$120 \leq \lceil \log \det tp \Pr + 1 + 2 \lceil \log \operatorname{tp} \operatorname{csun} \mathbb{C}^2 \rceil $$
```

\ttpPropertyLetX creates a Property #1 with the fully expanded value of another Property #2 Is is equivalent to $\tpSetPropertyX{\#1}{\tpUseProperty{\#2}}.$

```
326 \long\def\tpPropertyLetX#1#2{\long\csedef{tp@\tp@cur@cont @#1}{\csuse{tp@\tp@cur@cont @#2}}}
```

\tpSetValProp is a variant of \tpSetProperty that expands the value #2 once before assigning it to the Property macro with the name #1. This can be used to assign the current value of a variable macro, dimension, counter or length to a Property.

```
\long\def\tpSetValProp#1#2{\def\@tempa{\tpSetProperty{#1}}\expandafter\@tempa\expandafter{#2}}
```

\tpSetPropertyX is another variant of \tpSetProperty, but it fully expands the value (using \edef) defined in #2 before the Property is stored in the Property macro named #1. Use this if you need to use conditionals to determine the actual values of Properties that otherwise expect fixed named or dimensional values.

```
328 \long\def\tpSetPropertyX#1#2{\long\csedef{tp@\tp@cur@cont @#1}{#2}}
```

\tpAddToDefault adds the material in the next token to a Container of name #1's Property Type.

```
329 \long\def\tpAddToDefault#1{\tpAddToType{Properties}{#1}}
```

5.2 Using Properties

\tpUseProperty is a user-level command to directly access a previously set Property.

```
330 \def\tpUseProperty#1{\csuse{tp@\tp@cur@cont @#1}}
```

\tpUsePropErv is a user-level command to access a previously set Property and make it an environment accessible to Property specific processing instrunctions (see below).

```
331 \def\tpUsePropEnv#1{\cslet{tp@#1@active}{\relax}\csuse{tp@\tp@cur@cont @#1}\csundef{tp@#1@active
       }}
```

Processing Instructions

In general, processing instructions are commands that are only visible to a specific process and ignored by others. In CoCoTpX, Processing Instructions (PIs) are commands placed inside a Component that should only take effect when that Component is processed through a specific Property.

\tpPI is a Processing Instruction that executes #2 when a Property with the name #1 is currently processed with the \tpUsePropEnv macro.

```
332 \DeclareRobustCommand\tpPI[2]{\ifcsdef{tp@#1@active}{#2}{}}
```

WARNING! The following section is deprecated and will be changed or deleted in future releases.

TODO: Incorporate into the Container inheritance mechanism. Check if inheritance of Container Types is to be distinguished from inheritance of Properties and their Values!

\tpCascadeProps recursivly loads a Container's own Properties, the Properties of the Container's parent(s), and the default Properties of the top-level Container. #1 is the current Container's name, #2 is the top-level Container.

```
333 \def\tpCascadeProps#1#2{%
     \csname tp@#2@default\endcsname
334
     \expandafter\ifx\csname tp@#2@#1@parent\endcsname\relax\else
335
       \expandafter\tp@inherit@props\expandafter{\csname tp@#2@#1@parent\endcsname}{#2}%
336
337
338
     \csname tp@#2@#1@properties\endcsname
339 }
```

This low-level macro recursivly loads properties from parent namespaces, if they exist. #1 is the parent (may be empty), #2 is the macro family.

```
340 \def\tp@inherit@props#1#2{%
     \expandafter\ifx\csname tp@#2@#1@parent\endcsname\relax\else
341
       \edef\@tempa{\csname tp@#2@#1@parent\endcsname}%
342
       \expandafter\tp@inherit@props\expandafter{\@tempa}{#2}%
343
344
     \fi
     \csname tp@#2@#1@properties\endcsname
345
346 }
```

Property Conditionals

\tpIfProp checks if a Property with the name #1 is defined and non-empty. If so, do #2, otherwise do #3.

```
347 \long\def\tpIfProp#1#2#3{%
348
     \expandafter\ifx\csname tp@\tp@cur@cont @#1\endcsname\relax#3\else
       \expandafter\ifx\csname tp@\tp@cur@cont @#1\endcsname\long@empty #3\else#2\fi
349
350
     \fi
351
   \ignorespaces}
```

\tpIfPropVal checks if a Property #1 expands to #2. If so, do #3, otherwise do #4.

Warning: Do not use this conditional in Properties that are used in \tpApplyCollection!

```
352 \long\def\tpIfPropVal#1#2#3#4{\long\def\@tempa{#2}%
353
     \expandafter\ifx\csname tp@\tp@cur@cont @#1\endcsname\@tempa\relax#3\else#4\fi\ignorespaces}
```

Helper macros

Handling of Optional Arguments

Two simple internal macros to ease up the handling of optional arguments.

\tp@opt@curcont overrides Container Names with the optional argument.

```
354 \long\def\tp@opt@curcont#1{\@ifnextchar[{#1}{#1[\tp@cur@cont]}}%]
```

\tp@opt@empty passes an empty string if the optional argument is missing.

```
\lceil \log \det \right] = 1000
```

\tp@opt@second passes the first mandatory argument to the optional argument if the latter is missing.

```
\let\tp@opt@second\@dblarg
```

6.2 Iterators

\tp@iterate traverses in #1-th steps (optional, defaults to +1) through counter #2 start at number #3 until and including number #4 and do at every loop #5 (from forloop.sty):

```
357 \long\def\tp@iterate{\@ifnextchar[{\@tp@iterate}{\@tp@iterate[\@ne]}}%]
   \long\def\@tp@iterate[#1]#2#3#4#5{%
358
     \advance#2 by #1\relax
359
     #2=#3\relax%
360
     \expandafter\ifnum#2>#4\relax%
361
362
363
       \tp@iterate[#1]{#2}{\the#2}{#4}{#5}%
364
365
     \fi}%
```

\csmean displays the meaning of a control sequence with the name of #1.

```
\def\csmean#1{\expandafter\meaning\csname#1\endcsname}%
```

6.3 **Attributes**

Many macros and environments deal with optional arguments that are used to alter the behaviour of that macro or environment. The combination of a parameter and its set of possible values are calles Attributes. In this section, we define the parsers for those paramters.

In order to catch the babel package's messing with the quote symbol, we make sure it has the correct cat-code.

```
367 \begingroup
   \catcode'"=12
368
```

\tpParseAttributes High level wrapper for the attribute parser; #1 is the parent node of the attribute, #2 is the attribute chain

```
369 \gdef\tpParseAttributes#1#2{%
     \mathbf{if}!#1!\else
370
371
       if!#2!else
         \def\tp@cur@node{#1}%
372
         \@tp@parse@attributes #2,,\@nil
373
       fi\fi
374
```

The actual, recursively applying, parser comes in two parts:

\@tp@parse@attributes parses the single attributes in an optional argument,

```
375 \gdef\@tp@parse@attributes #1,#2,\@nil{%
     if!#1!else
376
       \tp@parse@kv#1==\@nil
377
       \if!#2!\else
378
         \@tp@parse@attributes#2,\@nil
379
380
       \fi\fi}
381
   \endgroup
```

and

\tp@parse@kv distinguishes between the parameter name and its value(s).

```
382 \gdef\tp@parse@kv#1=#2=#3\@ni1{%
     \edef\@argii{#2}%
383
     \ifx\@argii\@empty
384
       \expandafter\let\csname tp@\tp@cur@node @attr@#1\endcsname\@empty%
385
     \else
386
       \ifx #2 =\else
387
388
         \expandafter\def\csname tp@\tp@cur@node @attr@#1\endcsname{#2}%
389
       \fi
     \{fi\}
390
```

\tpGetAttr returns the value of an attribute.

#1 is the attribute node, #2 is the attribute name.

```
\def\tpGetAttr#1#2{\csuse{tp@#1@attr@#2}}
```

\tpIfAttr can be used to call macros depending on whether an attribute is set.

#1 is the attribute node, #2 is the attribute name, #3 and #4 are the true and false branch, respectively.

```
392 \def\tpIfAttr#1#2#3#4{\ifcsdef{tp@#1@attr@#2}{#3}{#4}}
```

\tpIfAttrStr can be used to call macros depending if an attribute is set to the current (sub)container or group and what value it has.

#1 is the attribute node, #2 is the attribute name, #3 is the comparision value (a string!), #4 and #5 are the true and false branch, respectively.

```
393 \def\tpIfAttrStr#1#2#3#4#5{\tpIfAttr{#1}{#2}{\ifcsstring{tp@#1@attr@#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}}{#5}}
```

\tpIfAttrIsset can be used to check of a value-less attribute has been set (i.e., it expands to \@empty).

#1 is the attribute node, #2 is the attribute name, #3 and #4 are the true and false branch, respectively.

```
394 \def\tpIfAttrIsset#1#2#3#4{\tpIfAttr{#1}{#2}{\expandafter\ifx\csname tp@#1@attr@#2\endcsname\
       @empty#3\else#4\fi}{#4}}
```

6.4 Style Classes

Style Classes are locally usable sub-Containers.

\tpDeclareClass The top-level macro \tpDeclareClass[#1] \{#2\} [#3] \{#4\} has four arguments, two of which are optional. #2 is the name of the class. If this argument is empty, the special class name default is used. #4 is the declaration block of the class. This argument usually contains set of property assignments using the \tpSetProperty\{prop>\{<val>}\} macro, see Sect. 5. The first optional argument #1 is the Style Class' parent Container. Using parent Containers, you can have Style Classes of the same name for different (sub-)Containers, e.g., a default class for each float and heading Container. The second optional argument #3 is the parent Style Class. Properties from that Style Class are loaded automatically prior to the loading of the current Style Class's Properties. This applies recursively allowing for a cascading of property values, as in CSS.

```
long\def\tpDeclareClass{\@ifnextchar [{\@tp@set@class}{\@tp@set@class[default]}}%]

long\def\@tp@set@class[#1]#2{\tp@opt@empty{\tp@set@class[#1] {#2}}}%

long\def\tp@default@class@default{}

long\def\tp@set@class[#1]#2[#3]#4{%

\def\@argii{#2}\ifx\@argii\@empty\let\@argii\tp@str@default\fi%

\if!#3!\else

\expandafter\long\expandafter\def\csname tp@#1@class@\@argii @parent\endcsname{#3}%

if:

\expandafter\long\expandafter\def\csname tp@#1@class@\@argii\endcsname{#4}%

}
```

\tpUseClass is a user-level macro to expand and âĂIJactivateâĂİ a Style Class' Properties, those of its recursive ancestor Style Classes, and the default Style Class respecting the current Container. #1 is the Style Class name, #2 is the Container.

```
\def\tpUseClass#1#2{%
405
406
     \expandafter\ifx\csname tp@#2@class@#1\endcsname\relax
       \expandafter\ifx\csname tp@default@class@#1\endcsname\relax
407
         \PackageError{cocotex.cls}{Class '#1' with scope '#2' not defined!}{Please declare the
408
             class '#1'!}%
      \fi
409
     \fi
410
     \csname tp@default@class@#1\endcsname%
411
     \expandafter\ifx\csname tp@#2@class@#1@parent\endcsname\relax\else
412
       \expandafter\tpUseClass\expandafter{\csname tp@#2@class@#1@parent\endcsname}{#2}%
413
     \fi
414
415
     \csname tp@#2@class@#1\endcsname}
```

\CoCoTeX the CoCoTeX Logo.

```
416 \def\CoCoTeX{{\ttfamily CoCo\TeX}}
```

7 Legacy Functions

```
WARNING!
The following section is deprecated and will be changed or deleted in future releases.
```

```
417 \def\tpNamespace#1{\def\tp@cur@cont{#1}}
```

```
418 %</kernel>
```

Modul 3

coco-common.dtx

This file provides some macros that are used in more than one CoCoT_EX module.

1 Package options

1.1 Accessibility Features

The option ally triggers loading of the CoCoT_EX Accessibility Module and its features.

```
36 \DeclareOptionX{a11y}{\let\tp@do@ally\relax}
```

Default color encoding passed as option to the xcolor package.

```
37 \def\@tp@color@enc{cmyk}
38 \define@choicekey{coco-common.sty}{color-enc}[\tp@color@enc\nr]{srgb,rgb,gray,cmy,cmyk,natural}[
       cmyk] {%
    \let\@tp@color@enc\tp@color@enc
39
40
    \ifcase\nr\relax% srgb
41
      \def\@tp@color@enc{rgb}
42
     \or% rgb
43
     \or% gray
    \or% cmy
44
45
     \or% cmyk
    \ensuremath{\backslash} \textbf{else}\!\% natural, i.e. no conversion of color spaces takes place
46
47
48 }
49 \ProcessOptionsX
50 \PassOptionsToPackage{\@tp@color@enc}{xcolor}%
```

\tpIfAlly is a switch to distinct between compilation with (implicit #1) or without (implicit #2) activated accessibility features.

- 52 \let\tpIfAlly\tp@if@ally
- 53 | \def\tp@if@preamble{\ifx\@nodocument\relax\expandafter\@secondoftwo\else\expandafter\@firstoftwo
- 54 \let\tpIfPreamble\tp@if@preamble

Commonly Used Low-Level Macros and Registers

Contains common macros used in the CoCoTFX modules and that are intended for macro and stylesheet programming.

\RequirePackage{coco-kernel}

Hard Dependencies

Hard requirements for all CoCoT_FX modules:

56 \RequirePackage{xcolor}

Including the graphicx package and catching case-insensitive graphics file's endings from Word:

- 57 \RequirePackage{graphicx}
- 58 \DeclareGraphicsRule{.EPS}{eps}{.EPS}{}

2.2 Common Variables

String Variables for Value Comparisions

\tp@str@default

59 \def\tp@str@default{default}

\tp@str@table

\def\tp@str@table{table}

\tp@str@figure

61 \def\tp@str@figure{figure}

Box Registers

Some temporary boxes that won't interfere with LaTeX's temporary boxes.

\tp@tempboxa

\newbox\tp@tempboxa

\tp@tempboxb

63 \newbox\tp@tempboxb

Length and Skip Registers

\tp@tempskipa

```
64 \newskip\tp@tempskipa
```

2.3 Helper macros

\afterfi used to execute code after the next \fi:

```
65 \def\afterfi#1\fi{\fi#1}
```

\tp@topstrut is a \strut that has the height of \topskip and the depth of the difference between the \baselineskip and \topskip.

```
\def\tp@topstrut{\vrule\@width\z@\@height\topskip\@depth\dimexpr\baselineskip-\topskip\relax}
```

\afterbox prevents indentation and additional spacing after environments. Intended to be used in combination with \aftergroup.

```
\def\@afterbox{%
67
68
    \everypar{%
69
      \if@nobreak
70
        \@nobreakfalse
71
        \clubpenalty \@M
        \if@afterindent \else
72
73
          {\setbox\z@\lastbox}%
74
          \everypar{}%
        \fi
75
76
        \clubpenalty \@clubpenalty
77
        {\setbox\z@\lastbox}%
78
        \everypar{}%
79
      \{fi\}\}
80
```

2.4 Masks

These macros are intended to mask non-content markup, like page- or line breaking commands in order to find and remove or alter them easier.

\hack intended to mask line breaking macros.

```
81 \let\hack\@firstofone
```

\hackfor intended to hide line breaking macros.

```
82 \let\hackfor\@gobble
```

\Hack intended to mask page breaking macros.

```
\let\Hack\@firstofone
```

\Hackfor intended to hide page breaking macros.

```
84 \let\Hackfor\@gobble
```

\@gobbleopt intended to nullify a macro's argument with a possible optional argument interfering.

Use it like this: \let\yourMacroWithOptArg\@gobbleopt

```
\long\def\@gobbleopt{\@ifnextchar[\@@gobbleopt{\@@gobbleopt[]}}%]
86 \long\def\@@gobbleopt[#1]#2{}%
```

\tpGobble is used to de-activate certain macros to prevent them from being called multiple times while processing contents. An example is a footnote inside a caption while calculating the height of the caption. In this case, we need the space the footnote symbol requires without the actual footnote being written into the footnote insert, since that should happen when we actually print the caption.

```
87 \def\tpGobble{%
88  \renewcommand\footnote[2][\the\c@footnote]{\def\@thefnmark{##1}\@makefnmark}%
89  \renewcommand\index[2][]{}%
90  \renewcommand\marginpar[2][]{}%
91  \renewcommand\glossary[2][]{}%
92  \let\label\@gobble
93 }%
```

2.5 Arithmetics

\CalcRatio is used to calculate the ratio between two integers.

```
\def\CalcRatio#1#2{\strip@pt\dimexpr\number\numexpr\number\dimexpr#1\relax*65536/\number\dimexpr #2\relax\relax sp}
```

CalcModulo is used to calculate the remainder of integer division of #1 by #2. This needs a different approach than the common modulo definition, which would return negative results in some cases, as TeX rounds up the quotient of #1 and #2 if the first decimal place is equal to or greater 5.

```
95 \def\CalcModulo#1#2{\numexpr#1+#2-((#1+#2/2)/#2)*#2\relax}
```

\minusvspace Counterpart to LATEX's \addvspace: if the value of \minusvspace is larger than \lastskip, \lastskip is used. Otherwise, the value of \minusvspace is used.

```
\def\@xminusvskip{%
 96
      \ifdim\lastskip<\@tempskipb
 97
      \else
 98
         \ifdim\lastskip<\z@
 99
         \else
100
           \ifdim\@tempskipb<\z@
101
102
             \advance\@tempskipb\lastskip
103
           \fi
           \vskip-\lastskip
104
           \vskip \@tempskipb
105
         \fi
106
      \mathbf{fi}
107
    \def\minusvspace#1{%
108
109
      \ifvmode
          \if@minipage\else
110
            \left\langle \mathbf{ifdim} \right\rangle = \left\langle \mathbf{z} \right\rangle
111
```

Compatibility to texlive pre 2020:

```
\ifx\@vspace@calcify\@undefined
\vskip #1\relax
```

```
\else
114
115
               \@vspace@calcify{#1}%
116
             \fi
117
           \else
118
           \setlength\@tempskipb{#1}%
119
             \@xminusvskip
120
           \fi
121
         \fi
122
      \else
123
        \@noitemerr
      \{fi\}
124
```

2.6 **Determine actual page number**

We need to determine the real page a floating object is printed. This mechanism is largely an adaption of the mechanism used in the marginnote package.

Counting absolute page numbers, however, may be misleading when the coco-title module is loaded and the cover page is not followed by an empty page. Therefore, we save the default page counter from LATEX to evaluate it independently from the actual manner of counting.

\the@tp@thispage

```
125 \def\the@tp@thispage{}%
```

\tp@abspage

```
\newcount\tp@abspage \tp@abspage\z@
```

\thetp@abspage

```
\def\thetp@abspage{\the\tp@abspage}
```

\if@tp@odd

```
128 \newif\if@tp@odd \@tp@oddtrue
```

```
129 \AtBeginDocument {%
130
     \global\tp@abspage=\c@page\relax%
     \g@addto@macro\@outputpage{\global\tp@abspage\c@page}%
131
132 }
```

\tp@test@page We split this into two parts. The first one is run before the floating object is placed. It will store the page according to the placement in the tex source code.

```
\def\tp@test@page{%
133
134
     \expandafter\ifx\csname the@tp@thispage\endcsname\@empty
135
       \gdef\the@tp@atthispage{1}%
     \else
136
       \expandafter\ifnum \the@tp@thispage=\tp@abspage%
137
138
         \begingroup
139
          \@tempcnta\the@tp@atthispage\relax
140
          \advance\@tempcnta\@ne\relax
          \xdef\the@tp@atthispage{\the\@tempcnta}%
141
142
         \endgroup
       \else
143
```

```
\gdef\@tp@atthispage{1}%
144
145
       \fi
     \fi
146
147
     \xdef\the@tp@thispage{\the\tp@abspage}%
148
     \let\@tp@currpage\relax
149
     \expandafter\ifx\csname \tp@cur@cont-\the@tp@thispage-\the@tp@atthispage\endcsname\relax
150
       \ifodd\tp@abspage\relax\@tp@oddtrue\else\@tp@oddfalse\fi
151
     \else
       \edef\@tp@currpage{\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@firstofone\csname \tp@cur@cont-\
152
           the@tp@thispage-\the@tp@atthispage\endcsname}%
153
       \ifodd\@tp@currpage\relax\@tp@oddtrue\else\@tp@oddfalse\fi
154
     \fi
155 }
```

\tp@save@page the second macro writes the actual position of the floating object into the aux files. This macro has to be placed inside the float environment/macro.

3 Re-Thinking LATEX Core Functions

3.1 Keeping .aux-Files Up-to-Date

\tpBreak is a general line break macro intended to be re-defined if necessary without touching LaTeX's kernel page and line breaking macros.

```
160 \DeclareRobustCommand{\tpBreak}{\hfill\break}
```

3.2 Content lists

This part contains macros to "simplify" the generation of content lists like the table of contents or list of figures/tables, etc.

Entries in the list-files (e.g., \jobname.toc, \jobname.lof, etc.) usually contain \contentsline macros that expand to 10<level>. Whenever a level of Components that are to be written into content lists is declared, the package automatically generates a \tp010<level> macro for this level of entries. The content-baring argument of \tpContentsline (or \tp010<level>, resp.) contains Components.

Once a list file is read, those \tp@l@<level> macros are expanded in two steps. Each entry constitutes a Container in its own right. It therefore can have multiple Components. The first step is the extraction phase, where the entry's Container is dynamically declared, the corresponding properties are initialised, and its Components are extracted

\tp@init@1@ is a low-level macro used to dynamically define \tp@1@<level> macros. Optional #1 is an override for counters that have to be restored, #2 is the list file ending (raw entries being stored in a file \jobname.#2), #3 is a number that indicated the nesting depth, #4 is the nested level's unique name.

```
161 \def\tp@init@l@{\tp@opt@empty\@tp@init@l@}%
162 \def\@tp@init@l@[#1]#2#3#4{%
163 \expandafter\ifx\csname c@#2depth\endcsname\relax
164 \expandafter\global\expandafter\newcount\csname c@#2depth\endcsname
```

```
\expandafter\global\csname c@#2depth\endcsname=0\relax
165
166
     \expandafter\ifx\csname tp@#2@extract@data\endcsname\relax
167
168
       \expandafter\let\csname tp@#2@extract@data\endcsname\tp@extract@generic
169
170
     \expandafter\ifx\csname tp@#2@print@entry\endcsname\relax
       \expandafter\let\csname tp@#2@print@entry\endcsname\tp@print@eneric
171
172
     \fi
173
     \expandafter\long\expandafter\gdef\csname tp@l@#4\endcsname##1##2{%
174
       \ifLuaTeX\suppresslongerror=1\fi
       \expandafter\ifnum \csname c@#2depth\endcsname<#3\relax
175
       \else
176
         \bgroup
177
          \long\def\tpTocLink####1{\hyper@linkstart{link}{\Hy@tocdestname}{####1}\hyper@linkend}%
178
179
          \csname tp@#2@extract@data\endcsname{#3}{#4}{##1}{##2}%
          \csname tp@#2@print@entry\endcsname{#4}%
180
181
        \egroup
182
       \fi
183
       \ifLuaTeX\suppresslongerror=0\fi
184
     }}
```

\tpContentsline has two purposes: It re-directs 1@<level> macros to our own version, and it ensures that LATEX won't break if Components in the content lists contain \par. In order for the latter to work correctly, however, we need to patch \contentsline to make it \long, first.

```
185 \AtBeginDocument {%
186
     \begingroup\toks0=\expandafter{\contentsline{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}}
     \edef\x{\endgroup\long\def\noexpand\contentsline##1##2##3##4{\the\toks0 }}\x
187
188 }
189
   \label{longdef} $$ \prod_{x\in\mathbb{Z}^4}_{\phi^2}(\theta^1)^{0,\theta^2} \ d\theta^1, \ \theta^1.
       earoup}
```

\tp@extract@generic

```
\def\tp@extract@generic#1#2#3#4{}
```

\tp@print@generic

```
191 \def\tp@print@generic#1{}
```

\tp@expand@l@contents expands the content of the tp@l@<level> macro and contains some code to catch and handle standard LATEX headings. #1 is the content of the tp@1@-macro, #2 is the namespace, #3 is the Component prefix and #4 is the name of the Content component.

```
192 \def\tp@expand@l@contents#1#2#3#4{%
      \global\let\tp@tempa\relax
193
      \label{limits} $$\sum_{0\in\mathbb{N}}def\sum_{0\in\mathbb{N}}{1}{xdef}\exp_{0\in\mathbb{N}}(csdef\{tp@#2@#3Number}{\##1})}#1$$
194
      \left\langle \mathbf{ifdim}\right\rangle \mathbf{vd} = 0
195
         \let\numberline\@gobble%
196
         \protected@csedef{tp@#2@#3#4}{#1}%
197
         \tp@tempa
198
      \else
199
200
        #1%
201
      \fi
      \global\let\tp@tempa\relax
202
203 }
```

Indentation and Left Margins of Potentially Numbered Items

The left margin means the space between the left border of the page area and the imaginary line that multi-line text aligns to. The indent is the offset of the very first line of that block of text relative to that value.

If the indent is a negative value you'll get a hanging indent; if it is positive, you get a paragraph style indent, and if it is set to Opt, you get a clean alignment of the whole item.

CoCoTeX provides a feature that allows the indention of counted elements to be just as wide as the widest Number of the same level (if indent is set to auto), as well as a feature that allows the indent to be as wide as all Numbers of the same cotainer type (if indent is set to auto-global).

The approach to set the indent, margin-left and the position of the Number Component in numbered items such as Headings, entries in ToC and listof-X, captions, etc. is to store the maximum width for each level and the maximum width across all Numbers of a Container Type in the .aux file at the very end of the compilation after it has been constantly updated during the entire LATEX runtime. That way, for the next LATEX run, the maximum values are available immediately and can be used to fortify those parameters.

\tp@store@latest low-level macro that stores the maximum value of a dimension Property #1. An internal Property \#1-local is constantly updated whenever the macro is called and the previously stored value is lower than the one given in #2.

The first call of the macro for a given Property triggers an addendum to the \@enddocumenthook which causes the last value for that dimension to be stored in the .aux file. If the Property hasn't been set from a previous LATEX run or a previous call to the \tp@store@latest macro for the same Property and the same level, it is set to #2.

#1 is the internal name of the property, #2 is the check value.

```
\def\tp@store@latest#1#2{%
204
     \expandafter\ifx\csname tp-\tp@cur@cont-#1\endcsname\relax
205
       \csxdef{tp-\tp@cur@cont-#1}{#2}%
206
207
       \expandafter\ifdim\csname tp-\tp@cur@cont-#1\endcsname<#2\relax
208
         \csxdef{tp-\tp@cur@cont-#1}{#2}%
209
       \fi
210
     \fi
211
     \expandafter\ifx\csname tp-\tp@cur@cont-#1-local\endcsname\relax
212
       \csxdef{tp-\tp@cur@cont-#1-local}{#2}%
213
214
       \expandafter\ifdim\csname tp-\tp@cur@cont-#1-local\endcsname<#2\relax
215
        \csxdef{tp-\tp@cur@cont-#1-local}{#2}%
216
       \fi
217
     \fi
218
```

The second step is to store the highest values in the .aux file for later LaTeX runs. A \write\@auxout command for the storage macro is therefore added to the \@enddocumenthook and a flag is set that indicates that the write command has already been added to the hook, since that needs to be done only once for each to-be-stored dimension.

Note that the value that is eventually stored, is the updated local maximum, not the value that is retrieved at the beginning of the run. This allows the values to be down-graded if the LaTeX source changed during two consecutive runs. However, if values change, you still need to do at least two more LATEX runs before the values stabilize.

```
\ifcsdef{tp-\tp@cur@cont-#1-stored-trigger}{}
219
       {\edef\@tempa{%
220
221
         \noexpand\immediate\noexpand\write\noexpand\@auxout{%
222
           \noexpand\string\noexpand\csgdef{tp-\tp@cur@cont-#1}{%
223
             \noexpand\csname tp-\tp@cur@cont-#1-local\noexpand\endcsname}}}%
224
        \expandafter\AtEndDocument\expandafter{\@tempa}%
        \csgdef{tp-\tp@cur@cont-#1-stored-trigger}{\@empty}}}
225
```

\tp@format@number calculates number widths and prepares macros to be used by the user. #1 is the internal Property prefix, #2 is the user-level Component prefix, #3 is the numerical list level.

```
226 \def\tp@format@number#1#2#3{%
    \tpSetValProp{#1curr-number-level}{#3}%
```

First step: measuring the natural width of the Number if it exists for the current item.

```
228
     \tpIfComp{#2Number}
229
       {\sbox\z@{\tpUseProperty{#1number-format}}}
230
       {\sbox\z@{}}}%
```

Second step: we store the width of \box0 if it is wider than the previously stored width for that level. The end value will be written into the .aux file during expansion of the \@enddocumenthook. We do the same for the maximum across all levels of the same Container Type.

```
\tp@store@latest{#1number-#3-maxwd}{\the\wd\z@}%
231
    \tp@store@latest{#1number-maxwd}{\the\wd\z@}%
```

We provide the maximum level as a user-level Property #1number-width-level-max, the global maximum across all levels as #1number-width-max, and the width of the current number as #1number-width.

```
\tpSetValProp{#1number-width-level-max}{\csname tp-\tp@cur@cont-#1number-#3-maxwd\endcsname}%
233
    \tpSetValProp{#1number-width-max}{\csname tp-\tp@cur@cont-#1number-maxwd\endcsname}%
234
    235
```

Third step: we calculate and fortify the actual #1margin-left (i.e., the overall left indent of the whole item) and #1indent (offset of the first line) of the entry.

```
\tp@get@indent{#1}{#3}%
236
     \tp@set@hang{#1}%
237
238 }
```

\tp@set@hang determines and sets the hanging indent of a counter. #1 is the internal Property prefix.

```
239 \def\tp@set@hang#1{%
```

First, we set the #1hang-number to be an alias of #1number-format as fallback.

```
\tpPropertyLet{#1hang-number}{#1number-format}%
```

Then, we check for #1indent.

```
241
     \tpIfProp{#1indent}
       {\ifdim\tpUseProperty{#1indent}<\z@
```

If it is set and negative, we alter the #1hang-number Property in such a way that it is shifted to the left by #1indent amount and put into a hbox of -#lindent width (remember that the value is negative).

```
243
        \tpSetProperty{#1hang-number}{%
244
         \hskip\tpUseProperty{#1indent}%
         \hbox to -\tpUseProperty{#1indent}{%
245
           \tpIfPropVal{#1number-align}{left}{}{\hss}%
246
247
           \tpUseProperty{#1number-format}%
           248
      \fi}{}}
```

In all other cases, we stick to the default (#1number-format) we set in the first step.

\tp@calc@margin@left determines the left margin of the current level by subtracting the current level's indent from the left margin of the next-higher level. "Next-higher" meaning "hierarchically", i.e., the level counter is lower. Remember that for hang indent, the indent is negative, so margin-left grows larger.

#1 is the Property prefix, #2 is the current numerical list level.

```
250 \def\tp@calc@margin@left#1#2{%
251
     \@tempcnta\numexpr#2-1\relax
252
     \expandafter\ifx\csname tp-\tp@cur@cont-#1\the\@tempcnta-margin-left\endcsname\relax
       \@tempdima=-\tpUseProperty{#1indent}\relax%
253
254
     \else
       \@tempdima=\dimexpr\csname tp-\tp@cur@cont-#1\the\@tempcnta-margin-left\endcsname-\
255
           tpUseProperty{#1indent}\relax
     \fi
256
     \tp@store@latest{#1#2-margin-left}{\the\@tempdima}%
257
     \tpSetProperty{#1margin-left}{\the\@tempdima}}
258
```

\tp@get@indent Eventually, write the actually used values for margin-left and indent into the current container's Property list. #1 is the internal property prefix, #2 is the numerical list level.

```
259 \def\tp@get@indent#1#2{%
```

First, we need to store the initial values for both #1margin-left and #1indent since, first their values might be non-dimensional, and second, they will be altered during macro expansion to ultimatly being passed to \hskip.

```
\tpPropertyLetX{int-#1margin-left}{#1margin-left}%
260
     \tpPropertyLetX{int-#1indent}{#1indent}%
261
     \tpIfPropVal{#1indent}{auto-global}
262
```

If #lindent is set to auto-global, the item gets an indent that is set to the negative value of the maximum width of all numbers across all Levels of the same Container Type. The same maximum is added to the user-set value of margin-left.

```
{\tpSetPropertyX{#1indent}{-\tpUseProperty{#1number-width-max}}%
```

If the user has not set margin-left, we set it to $\z0$.

```
\tpIfPropVal{#1margin-left}{}
264
         {\tpSetProperty{int-#1margin-left}{\z@}}
265
         {\tpPropertyLetX{int-#1margin-left}{#1margin-left}}%
266
       \tpSetPropertyX{#1margin-left}{\dimexpr\tpUseProperty{#1number-width-max}+\tpUseProperty{int
267
            -#1margin-left}\relax}}
```

Next, we check if #1margin-left is set to auto.

```
{\tpIfPropVal{int-#1margin-left}{auto}
268
```

If #1margin-left is set to auto, all items of the same level get the same left margin that is determined by the sums of the indents of all higher levels.

```
{\tpIfPropVal{int-#1indent}{auto}
269
```

if #lindent is also set to auto, the indent of the current item is set to the wides Number of the same level.

```
270
            {\tpSetPropertyX{#1indent}{-\tpUseProperty{#1number-width-level-max}}}
```

otherwise it is set to the value of indent, or Opt if it was not set at all.

```
{\tpIfProp{int-#1indent}
271
               {\tpSetPropertyX{#1indent}}\tpUseProperty{int-#1indent}}}
272
               {\tpSetProperty{#1indent}{\z@}}}%
273
```

the final value for margin-left is calculated by the \tp@calc@margin@left macro, above. It will be set to the sum of indent and

```
274
          \tp@calc@margin@left{#1}{#2}}
```

This branch is reached when the left margin is not set to auto.

```
275
          {\tpIfProp{int-#1margin-left}
            {\tpIfPropVal{int-#1indent}{auto}
276
```

If margin-left is set to a specific value and indent is set to auto, set the actual indent to the width of the level's widest Number.

```
277
              {\tpSetPropertyX{#1indent}{-\tpUseProperty{#1number-width-level-max}}}
              {\tpIfProp{int-#1indent}
278
```

Otherwise, if indent is set to a specific width, apply that value, or else set the inden to 0pt.

```
{\tpSetPropertyX{#1indent}}\tpUseProperty{int-#1indent}}}
279
                 {\tpSetProperty{#1indent}{\z@}}}}
280
```

If margin-left is not set,

```
{\tpIfPropVal{int-#1indent}{auto}
281
```

and indent is set to auto, set margin-left to the width of the level's widest Number and the actual indent to the negative of that.

```
{\tpPropertyLetX{#1margin-left}{#1number-width-level-max}%
282
283
               \tpSetPropertyX{#1indent}{-\tpUseProperty{#1number-width-level-max}}}
              {\tpIfProp{int-#1indent}
284
```

If margin-left is not set, and indent is set to a specific value, apply that value for indent and set margin-left to Opt. In this branch, indent should have a positive value, otherwise the content would probably lap over the left edge of the type area.

```
{\tpSetPropertyX{#1indent}{\tpUseProperty{int-#1indent}}%
285
286
                 \tpSetProperty{#1margin-left}{\z@}}
```

otherwise set both indent nad margin-left to Opt.

```
287
                 {\tpSetProperty{#1indent}{\z@}%
288
                 \tpSetProperty{#1margin-left}{\z@}}}}}}
```

Label generation and selection

\tpSetBabelLabel defined a language-dependent string macro for German and English varieties. #1 is the language, #2 is the internal reference name, and #3 is the language specific label.

```
289
   \def\tpSetBabelLabel#1#2#3{%
     \def\@lang{#1}%
290
     \expandafter\def\expandafter\@tempa\expandafter\\expandafter\def\csname #2name\endcsname{#3}}%
291
292
     \ifdefstring\@lang{german}{%
293
       \expandafter\addto\expandafter\captionsgerman\expandafter{\@tempa}%
294
       \expandafter\addto\expandafter\captionsngerman\expandafter{\@tempa}%
     }{%
295
296
       \ifdefstring\@lang{english}{%
297
        \expandafter\addto\expandafter\captionsbritish\expandafter{\@tempa}%
```

```
\verb|\expandafter| add to \verb|\expandafter| captions UK english \verb|\expandafter| {\tt \expandafter}| % add to $\tt \expandafter| add t
298
                                                                    \expandafter\addto\expandafter\captionsenglish\expandafter{\@tempa}%
299
300
                                                                    \expandafter\addto\expandafter\captionsamerican\expandafter{\@tempa}%
301
                                                                     \expandafter\addto\expandafter\captionsUSenglish\expandafter{\@tempa}%
302
                                                     }{}}}
```

3.5 Link Generation

\tpCompLink creates a hyperlink with the target taken from Component with the name #1 and the label #2.

```
303 \def\tpCompLink#1#2{%
   304
   \verb|\expandafter| href| expandafter{ @argi}{#2}| %
305
306 }
```

\tpPageLabel enables referencing pages via ??y using to create a hyperref anchor for label #1.

```
307 \def\tpPageLabel#1{\phantomsection\label{#1}}
```

```
308 | %</common>
```

Modul 4

coco-accessibility.dtx

This file provides code for the interaction between the CoCoTeX framwork and the ltpfdfa package.

Please consider this module as highly experimental!

There are two files created from this dtx: one coco-accessibility.sty and one coco-accrssibility.lua.

1 TeX code

```
24 %<*a11y-sty>
```

File preamble

The ltpdfa package is a hard requirement for the accessibility features of CoCoT_FX

The local setup for CoCoTeX's accessibility features is done via the tpMeta environment. Therefore, we hook the neccessary Components and Properties right into the titlepage container. Therefore, coco-title.sty is a hard requirement for the accessibility module.

```
37 \RequirePackage{coco-title}%
```

The accessibility-specific new Components and Properties are added to the titlepage container:

```
38 \tpAddToType{Components}{titlepage}{\tp@ally@comps}
```

\tp@ally@comps collects Declarations for Components that represent data needed to create output that conforms to the PDF/UA standard.

```
44 }
45 \def\tp@Ally{}
46 \def\tp@endAlly{}
```

\tp@title@insert@xmp override of the same macro in the coco-title.

```
47 \def\tp@title@insert@xmp{\addToConfig{metadata}{xmpfile=\tpUseGComp{Meta}{XmpFile}.xmp}}
48 %\edef\pdfobjcompresslevel{\pdfvariable objcompresslevel}
49 %\pdfcompresslevel=0
50 %\pdfobjcompresslevel=0
```

Loading lua modules for meta data processing.

Note: 1tpdfhyper.sty deactivates all DocumentInfo processing (l. 367 ff.), so the mechanism that passes the XMP meta data down to \hypersetup has actually no practical effect at the moment.)

```
51 \directlua{ally = require('coco-accessibility')}
52 \directlua{ally.extract_meta()}
  % \setDocInfo{conformance}{pdfaid=2;level=A;pdfuaid=1}%
```

transformation of common combined glyphs (e.g. ligatures) into distinct unicode characters (cf. texdoc glyphtounicode):

```
54 \protected\def\pdfglyphtounicode{\pdfextension glyphtounicode}
55 \input glyphtounicode
56 \edef\pdfgentounicode{\pdfvariable gentounicode}
57 \pdfgentounicode = 1
```

1.1 ICC profiles

First, we check if the user has the default icc profiles installed:

```
58 \newif\if@tp@use@default@icc\@tp@use@default@iccfalse
59 \IffileExists{suppl/cmyk.icc}{\IffileExists{suppl/srbg.icc}{\QtpQuseQdefaultQicctrue}{}}}}}
60 \ifx\tp@icc@profile\@undefined
    \if@tp@use@default@icc
61
62
      \addToConfig{intent}{profile=suppl/\tp@color@enc.icc;components=4;identifier=PSO Uncoated
          ISO12647 (ECI)}
      \addToConfig{intent}{profile=suppl/srgb.icc;components=3;identifier=sRGB IEC61966-2.1}
63
    \fi
64
65 \fi
```

End of style source code.

```
%</a11y-sty>
%<*a11y-lua>
```

Lua code

Local Variables, Tables, and Methods

1tpdfa is an instance of the 1tpdfa Lua table.

```
68 local ltpdfa = require('ltpdfa')
```

meta is a table that holds the metadata that are extracted from the \jobname.xmp file.

```
69 local meta = {
   Author = '',
70
   Title = '',
71
    Creator = ''
72
    Producer = ''
73
    Keywords = ''
74
75 }
```

cocotex.extract_meta() loads the meta data from the \jobname.xmp and stores certain values to be accessed by LaTeX.

```
76 local function extract_meta()
    local xmpfile = ltpdfa.metadata.xmphandler.fromFile(ltpdfa.config.metadata.xmpfile)
77
    local f = io.open(xmpfile, "r")
78
    local content = f:read("*all")
79
    f:close()
80
81
    if (content:find('<dc:title>')) then
82
      meta.Title = content:gsub('.*<dc:title>[^<]*<rdf:Alt>[^<]*<rdf:li[^>]*>(.*)</rdf:li>[^<]*</
          rdf:Alt>[^<]*</dc:title>.*', "%1")
      -- log(">>>" .. meta.Title)
83
    end
84
    local authors
85
86
    local author = {}
    if (content:find('<dc:creator>')) then
87
      authors = content:gsub('.*<dc:creator>[^<]*<rdf:Seq>(.*)</rdf:Seq>[^<]*</dc:creator>.*', "%
88
      for k in string.gmatch(authors, "<rdf:li>([^>]+)</rdf:li>") do
89
       table.insert(author , k)
90
91
92
      meta.Author = table.concat(author, ', ')
93
94 end
```

2.2 Public Methods

cocotex is the base table that contains all public methods and sub-tables available in the CoCoTeX framework. Here, it is defined unless it is already defined elsewhere.

```
95 if type(cocotex) ~= 'table' then
96 cocotex = {}
97 end
```

cocotex.ally is a globally available namespace for coco-accessibility specific lua tables.

```
98 cocotex.ally = {}
```

cocotex.ally.extract-meta is the globally available method to trigger extraction of meta information from the xmp meta file.

```
cocotex.ally.extract_meta = extract_meta
```

cocotex.ally.meta is the globally available table that holds the extracted meta data.

```
100 cocotex.ally.meta = meta
```

After loading coco-accessibility.lua via the require() method, a cocotex.ally table is returned.

101 return cocotex.ally

no more lua code.

102 %</a11y-lua>

Modul 5

coco-meta.dtx

This file provides some macros that are used to process meta data, both for the whole document, as well as parts of a document.

File preamble

```
%%
provides a document's meta data.
%%
white a document's meta data.
%%
% white a document's meta data.
%%
% white a document's meta data.
%%
% white a document's meta data.
%%
% white a document's meta data.
%%
% white a document's meta data.
%
```

Container CommonMeta is an abstract Container for commonly used meta data, both for whole documents as well as parts of documents.

```
36 \tpDeclareContainer{CommonMeta}{%
37  \tpDeclareType{Components}{%
38  \tpDeclareRole[author]{Author}%
39  \tp@declare@common@meta@comp
40  \tp@extended@common@meta@macros
41  \tp@declare@meta@affils
42  }%
43  \tpDeclareType{Properties}{}%
44 }
```

1 Counted Container Handlers

1.1 Generic Blocks

\tp@meta@generic@comp is used to define a generic meta data block. It provides two Components for each instance, one for the block's Heading and one for its Content.

```
\def\tp@meta@generic@comp{%

tpDeclareComp{GenericMetaBlock}{\expandafter\global}{}%

tpDeclareComponentGroup{tpGenericMeta}{%

   \tpDeclareCountedComp{Heading}%

   \tpDeclareCountedComp{Content}%

}
```

\tp@meta@generic@eval evaluates the Components and tells the Framework how the generic counted Sub-Containers should be rendered.

```
51 \def\tp@meta@generic@eval{{%
   \def\tp@cur@cont{titlepage}%
52
    \tpComposeCollection{tpGenericMeta}{generic-meta-format}{GenericMetaBlock}
53
54 }}
```

1.2 Contributor Roles

Contributors are counted sub-containers that represent the meta-data of people that share a role in contributing content to a document. Examples for such roles are an article/chapter/book's authors, or a collection/series' editors.

\tpDeclareRole is used to declare the Components that belong to each member of a contributor role. #2 is the name of the role, optional #1 is the internal name of the Role's formatting Property. If omitted, it is the same as #2.

The output of all members of a role is controlled by a Component called "<role>NameList" that is formatted according to the <role>-format Property. For reasons of naming conventions, the role names for a Component and its respective Property do not necessarily need to be identical.

```
55 \def\tpDeclareRole{\tp@opt@second\tp@declare@role}%
56 \def\tp@declare@role[#1]#2{%
57
          \tpDeclareComponentGroup{tp#2}{%
              \tpDeclareCountedComp{FullName}%
58
              \tpDeclareCountedComp{CiteName}%
59
              \tpDeclareCountedComp{ShortCiteName}%
60
              \tpDeclareCountedComp{PDFInfoName}%
61
62
              \tpDeclareCountedComp{Initial}%
              \tpDeclareCountedComp{LastName}%
63
              \tpDeclareCountedComp{FirstName}%
64
65
              \tpDeclareCountedComp{MidName}%
              \tpDeclareCountedComp{Honorific}%
66
              \tpDeclareCountedComp{Lineage}%
67
              \tpDeclareCountedComp{ORCID}%
68
69
              \tpDeclareCountedComp{AffilRef}% for references to the tpAffil Group
70
              \tpDeclareCountedComp{Affiliation}% for affiliations as direct tpAuthor meta data
              \tpDeclareCountedComp{Email}%
71
              \tpDeclareCountedComp{CorrespondenceAs}%
72
          }%
73
          \tpGroupHandler{tp#2}{%
74
              \tpIfComp{FullName}{}{\tpFullName{\tpUseProperty{#1-full-name-format}}}%
75
              \tpIfComp{Initial}{}{\tpUseProperty{initials-format}}}%
76
              \tpIfComp{CiteName}{}{\tpUseProperty{#1-cite-name-format}}}%
77
78
              \tpIfComp{ShortCiteName}{}{\tpShortCiteName{\tpUseProperty{#1-short-cite-name-format}}}%
79
              \tpIfComp{PDFInfoName}{}\tpPDFInfoName{\tpUseProperty{#1-pdfinfo-name-format}}}%
              \label{thm:correspondenceAs} $$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \text{\colored} \\ \text{\colored} \\ \end{array} $$ \cline{thm:correspondenceAs} \\ \end{array} $$\cline{thm:correspondenceAs} \\ \begin{array}{c} \text{\colored} \\ \end{array} $$\cline{thm:correspondenceAs} \\ \end{array} $$\cline{thm:correspondenceAs} \\ \begin{array}{c} \text{\colored} \\ \text{\colored} \\ \end{array} $$\cline{thm:correspondenceAs} \\ \end{array} $$\cline{thm:correspondenceAs} \\ \begin{array}{c} \text{\colored} \\ \text{\colored} \\ \end{array} $$\cline{thm:correspondenceAs} \\ \times \cline{thm:correspondenceAs} \\ \times \cline
80
                        }}}%
81
              \tpIfComp{AffilRef}{\tpIfComp{Affiliation}{%
82
                      \tpPackageError{Meta}{Ambiguity}
83
                           {You cannot use both Containers \string\tpAffilRef\space and \string\tpAffiliation\
                                     space in the same 'tp#2' Sub-Container}
                          {At least one 'tp#2' Sub-Container contains both \string\tpAffilRef\space and \string\
84
                                     tpAffiliation. This is not allowed. Please decide for one affiliation strategy:
                                     Either two lists with cross-references, or affiliations directly as an author's
                                     meta-data.}}{}}{}%
85
          }%
          \tpDeclareRoleBlock{#2}{NameList}{#1-list-print-format}%
86
87
          \tpDeclareRoleBlock{#2}{CitationList}{#1-list-cite-format}%
         \tpDeclareRoleBlock{#2}{ShortCitationList}{#1-list-short-cite-format}%
```

```
\tpDeclareRoleBlock{#2}{PDFInfo}{#1-list-pdfinfo-format}%
89
90
    \tpDeclareRoleBlock{#2}{Correspondence}{#1-list-correspondence-format}%
91 }
```

\tpAddToRole appends another Component declaration block #2 to a pre-defined Role #1.

```
92 \def\tpAddToRole#1#2{%
    \csgappto{@tp#1@hook}{#2}%
93
94 }
```

\tpDeclareRoleBlock is used to create a new output container (named \tp#1#2) for a given Role #1. A Role Block is a Component of the parent Container which contains certain Components of all members of the Role within its parent Container. Format and selection of the utilised Components are specified via the Property given in #3.

```
95 \def\tpDeclareRoleBlock#1#2#3{%
    \tpDeclareComp{#1#2}{\expandafter\global}{}%
96
    \csgdef{tp@meta@role@#1@#2}{#3}}
```

\tp@meta@role@eval creates the name lists for the role. #1 is the name of the role.

```
98
   \def\tp@meta@role@eval#1{%
99
       \tp@meta@role@compose{#1}{NameList}%
       \tp@meta@role@compose{#1}{CitationList}%
100
101
       \tp@meta@role@compose{#1}{ShortCitationList}%
       \tp@meta@role@compose{#1}{Correspondence}%
102
       \tp@meta@role@apply{#1}{PDFInfo}%
103
104
     }
```

\@tp@meta@role@eval #1 is the name of the macro used to compose the Collection (either tpComposeCollection, or tpApplyCollection), #2 is the name of the role and #3 is the name of the list. The access Component is #2#3, i.e., both argumets together.

```
\def\@tp@meta@role@eval#1#2#3{%
```

First, we check if the Collection Component has already been set in the input. If so, we set an internal flag to indicate that the Collection Component has been filled manually.

```
\tpIfComp{#2#3}{\cslet{tp@used@#2#3@override}\@empty}{%
```

Second, we check if the counter for the Role is defined and greater than 0. If neither is the case, this means that the Group does not occur in the input, at all, so we don't need to do anything.

```
\ifcsdef{tp#2Cnt}
107
         {\expandafter\ifnum\csname tp#2Cnt\endcsname>\z@
108
```

otherwise, we call the Property that is stored in \tp@meta@role@#2@#3 and store the result in the Component #2#3.

```
109
            #1{tp#2}{\csname tp@meta@role@#2@#3\endcsname}{#2#3}%
           \fi
110
         }{}}}
111
```

\tp@meta@role@apply #1 is the name of the role and #2 is the name of the composition. This macro applies (i.e. fully expands) the \tp@meta@role@#1@#2 Property and stores the result in the #1#2 Component.

```
\def\tp@meta@role@apply#1#2{\@tp@meta@role@eval\tpApplyCollection{#1}{#2}}
```

\tp@meta@role@compose #1 is the name of the role and #2 is the name of the composition. This stores the unexpaded contents of the \tp@meta@role@#1@#2 Property in the #1#2 Component.

```
\def\tp@meta@role@compose#1#2{\@tp@meta@role@eval\tpComposeCollection{#1}{#2}}
```

Labeled Components 2

\tpDeclareLabeledComp declares two Components: one named \csname tp#2\endcsname for the value and another one named \csname tp#2Label\endcsname for its corresponding label. #3 is used for property overrides. The optional Argument #1 allows to set a default value for the Label.

```
\def\tpDeclareLabeledComp{\tp@opt@empty\tp@declare@labeled@comp}
115 \def\tp@declare@labeled@comp[#1]#2#3{%
116
     \tpDeclareComp{#2}{\expandafter\global}{}%
117
     \tpDeclareComp{#2Label}{\expandafter\global}{}%
118
     \csxdef{labeled-meta-property-infix-\tp@cur@cont-#2}{#3}%
119
     \mathbf{if}!#1!\else
       \long\csgdef{tp@\tp@cur@cont @#2Label}{#1}%
120
121
     \fi
122 }
```

\tpUseLabeledComp declares two Components: one named \csname tp#1\endcsname for the value and another one named \csname tp#1Label\endcsname for its corresponding label. An optional Argument allows to set a default value for the Label.

```
123 \def\tpUseLabeledComp#1{%
    \tpIfComp{#1}{%
```

\tpCurInfix stores the currently active property infix for the Labeled Component

```
\letcs\tpCurInfix{labeled-meta-property-infix-\tp@cur@cont-#1}%
125
```

\tpCurComp stores the currently active Component name

```
\def\tpCurComp{#1}%
126
127
       \tpIfProp{labeled-meta-\tpCurInfix-format}
128
         {\tpUseProperty{labeled-meta-\tpCurInfix-format}}
         {\tpUseProperty{labeled-meta-format}}%
129
     }{}}
130
```

3 common meta data

\tp@declare@common@meta@comp defines some commonly used meta Components

```
\def\tp@declare@common@meta@comp{%
       \tpDeclareComp{Copyright}{\expandafter\global}{}% Copyright text
132
       \tpDeclareComp{DOI}{\expandafter\global}{}% DOI
133
134 }%
```

\tp@extended@common@meta@macros provides some extended markup. Some headings use these Components for compilations of contributions by different authors. They are also loaded by article title pages.

```
135 \def\tp@extended@common@meta@macros{%
     \tpDeclareLabeledComp[Abstract]{Abstract}{abstract}%
136
     \tpDeclareLabeledComp[Keywords]{Keywords}{keyword}%
137
     \tpDeclareLabeledComp{DOI}{doi}%
138
     \tpDeclareLabeledComp{TitleEn}{title-en}%
139
140 }
```

3.1 Affiliations

\tp@meta@affils is a wrapper that creates the user-level macros for the affiliations.

```
141 \def\tp@declare@meta@affils{%
142
    \tpDeclareComp{AffilBlock}{\expandafter\global}{}%
143
    \tpDeclareComponentGroup{tpAffil}{%
      \tpDeclareCountedComp{Affiliation}%
144
      \tpDeclareCountedComp{Address}%
145
      \tpDeclareCountedComp{Institute}%
146
147
      \tpDeclareCountedComp{Country}%
      \tpDeclareCountedComp{Department}%
148
      \tpDeclareCountedComp{AffilID}%
149
150
    \tpGroupHandler{tpAffil}{%
151
      \tpIfComp{AffilID}{}{\expandafter\tpAffilID\expandafter{\tpAffilCnt}}%
152
      153
    }%
154
155 }
```

Defaut Property settings for the Meta Container.

```
156 \tpAddToDefault{CommonMeta}{%
             \tpSetProperty{initials-format}{%
157
158
                   \expandafter\ifx\csname tp@\tp@cur@cont @\tp@cnt@grp-FirstName-\the\tpCurCount\endcsname\
                              long@empty\else
                       \expandafter\ifx\csname tp@\tp@cur@cont @\tp@cnt@grp-FirstName-\the\tpCurCount\endcsname\
159
                                   relax\else
                            \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\@car\csname tp@\tp@cur@cont @\tp@cnt@grp-FirstName-\
160
                                        the\tpCurCount\endcsname\relax\@nil\tpUseProperty{initials-period}%
161
                       \expandafter\ifx\csname tp@\tp@cur@cont @\tp@cnt@grp-MidName-\the\tpCurCount\endcsname\
                                   long@empty\else
                            \expandafter\ifx\csname tp@\tp@cur@cont @\tp@cnt@grp-MidName-\the\tpCurCount\endcsname\
162
                                       relax\else
                                 \tpUseProperty{initials-sep}%
163
                                \verb|\expandafter| expandafter| @ car \csname tp@\tp@cur@cont @\tp@cnt@grp-MidName-\csname tp. \csname tp. \csna
164
                                            the\tpCurCount\endcsname\relax\@nil\tpUseProperty{initials-period}%
165
                            \fi\fi
166
                  \fi\fi
167
168
              \tpSetProperty{initials-sep}{~}
              \tpSetProperty{initials-period}{.}
169
170
171
             %% Properties that control how the composed compoents WITHIN each item in a Role are formatted:
172
173
              \tpSetProperty{role-full-name-format}{%
                  \if\tpUseComp{Honorific}\relax
174
175
                   \else
                       \tpUseComp{Honorific}\space
176
```

```
\fi
177
178
       \tpUseComp{FirstName}\space
179
       \if\tpUseComp{MidName}\relax
180
181
        \tpUseComp{MidName}\space
182
       \fi
183
       \tpUseComp{LastName}%
184
       \if\tpUseComp{Lineage}\relax
185
       \else
186
         \space\tpUseComp{Lineage}%
187
188
     }% How FullName for each name is built
     \tpSetProperty{role-cite-name-format}{\tpUseComp{LastName},~\tpUseComp{Initial}}% How CiteName
189
         for each name is built
190
     \tpSetProperty{role-short-cite-name-format}{\tpUseComp{LastName}}% how ShortCiteName for each name
191
     \tpPropertyLet{role-pdfinfo-name-format}{role-cite-name-format}% How PDFInfoName for each item is
     \tpSetProperty{role-correspondence-as-format}{\tpUseComp{Email}}% How PDFInfoName for each item is
192
          built
193
     %% Properties that control how the single items in a compoent list are formatted:
194
     \tpSetProperty{role-block-print-format}{\tpUseComp{FullName}\ifnum\tpCurCount<\tpTotalCount\
         tpUseProperty{counted-name-sep}\fi}% How <Role>NameList for each name is build
195
     \tpSetProperty{role-block-cite-format}{\tpUseComp{CiteName}\ifnum\tpCurCount<\tpTotalCount\</pre>
         tpUseProperty{counted-name-sep}\fi}% How each item in Component <Role>CitationList is formatted
     \tpSetProperty{role-block-short-cite-format}{\tpUseComp{ShortCiteName}\ifnum\tpCurCount<\
196
         tpTotalCount\tpUseProperty{counted-name-sep}\fi}% How each item in the Component <Role>
         ShortCitationList is formatted
     \tpSetProperty{role-block-pdfinfo-format}{\tpUseComp{PDFInfoName}\ifnum\tpCurCount<\
197
         tpTotalCount\tpUseProperty{counted-name-sep}\fi}% How each item in the Component <Role>PDFInfo
         is formatted
198
     \tpSetProperty{role-block-correspondence-format}{%
199
       \tpIfAttrIsset{\tp@cnt@grp-\the\tpCurCount}{corresp}
200
         {\ifx\is@first@corresp\relax
201
           \tpUseProperty{corresp-sep}%
         \else
202
           \global\let\is@first@corresp\relax
203
204
         \tpUseComp{CorrespondenceAs}%
205
       }{}}% How each item in the Component <Role>Correspondence is formatted
206
207
     % Aliasses
     % for Role "Author":
208
     \tpPropertyLet{author-cite-name-format} {role-cite-name-format}%
209
     \tpPropertyLet{author-short-cite-name-format} {role-short-cite-name-format}%
210
211
     \tpPropertyLet{author-full-name-format} {role-full-name-format}%
     \tpPropertyLet{author-pdfinfo-name-format} {role-pdfinfo-name-format}%
212
     \tpPropertyLet{author-correspondence-as-format} {role-correspondence-as-format}%
213
214
     \tpPropertyLet{author-list-print-format} {role-block-print-format}%
215
     \tpPropertyLet{author-list-cite-format} {role-block-cite-format}%
216
217
     \tpPropertyLet{author-list-short-cite-format} {role-block-short-cite-format}%
     \tpPropertyLet{author-list-pdfinfo-format} {role-block-pdfinfo-format}%
218
     \tpPropertyLet{author-list-correspondence-format} {role-block-correspondence-format}%
219
220
221
     \tpSetProperty{counted-name-sep}{,\space}%
     \tpSetProperty{name-and}{\space and\space}%
222
223
     \tpSetProperty{name-etal}{\space et~al.}%
224
     \tpSetProperty{name-sep}{,\space}%
225
     \tpSetProperty{corresp-mark}{*}%
226
     \tpSetProperty{corresp-sep}{,\space}%
227
```

```
228
    % Affiliation Properties
229
230
     \tpSetProperty{affiliation-format}{% Format of the affiliation block
231
       \tpIfComp{Institute}{\tpUseComp{Institute}}{}%
232
       \tpIfComp{Department}{, \tpUseComp{Department}}{}%
233
       \tpIfComp{Address}{, \tpUseComp{Address}}{}%
234
235
     \tpSetProperty{affil-sep}{\par}
236
     \tpSetProperty{affil-block-item-face}{}% Font of a single item in the affiliation list
237
     \tpSetProperty{affil-block-item-format}{% Format of a single item in the affiliation list
238
       \textsuperscript{\tpUseComp{AffilID}}%
239
       \bgroup
         \tpUseProperty{affil-block-item-face}%
240
241
         \tpUseComp{Affiliation}
242
       \egroup%
243
       \ifnum\tpCurCount<\tpTotalCount\relax\tpUseProperty{affil-sep}\fi%
244
245
     \tpSetProperty{affil-block-face}{\small\normalfont}%
     \tpSetProperty{affil-block-format}{%
246
247
       \tpIfComp{AffilBlock}
248
         {\bgroup
249
           \tpUseProperty{affil-block-face}%
           \tpUseComp{AffilBlock}%
250
251
         \egroup
          \par
252
253
        }{}}
254
255
     % Labeled Meta Properties
256
     \tpSetProperty{labeled-meta-format}{%
257
       \tpIfProp{labeled-meta-before-\tpCurInfix}
258
         {\tpUseProperty{labeled-meta-before-\tpCurInfix}}
259
260
         {\tpUseProperty{labeled-meta-before}}%
261
       \bgroup
262
         \tpIfProp{labeled-meta-\tpCurInfix-face}
           {\tpUseProperty{labeled-meta-\tpCurInfix-face}}
263
264
           {\tpUseProperty{labeled-meta-face}}%
         \tpIfProp{labeled-meta-\tpCurInfix-label-format}
265
           {\tpUseProperty{labeled-meta-\tpCurInfix-label-format}}
266
           {\tpUseProperty{labeled-meta-label-format}}%
267
268
         \tpUseComp{\tpCurComp}%
269
       \egroup
       \tpIfProp{labeled-meta-after-\tpCurInfix}
270
271
         {\tpUseProperty{labeled-meta-after-\tpCurInfix}}
272
         {\tpUseProperty{labeled-meta-after}}%
273
274
     \tpSetProperty{labeled-meta-label-format}{%
275
       \tpIfComp{\tpCurComp Label}{%
         \bgroup
276
           \tpUseProperty{labeled-meta-before-\tpCurInfix-label}%
277
278
          \tpIfProp{labeled-meta-\tpCurInfix-label-face}
            {\tpUseProperty{labeled-meta-\tpCurInfix-label-face}}
279
            {\tpUseProperty{labeled-meta-label-face}}%
280
281
          \tpUseComp{\tpCurComp Label}%
282
          \tpIfProp{labeled-meta-\tpCurInfix-label-sep}
            {\tpUseProperty{labeled-meta-\tpCurInfix-label-sep}}
283
            {\tpUseProperty{labeled-meta-label-sep}}%
284
285
         \egroup
286
     \tpSetProperty{labeled-meta-label-face}{\bfseries}
287
288
     \tpSetProperty{labeled-meta-label-sep}{:\enskip}
```

```
289 \tpSetProperty{labeled-meta-face}{}
290 \tpSetProperty{labeled-meta-before}{}
291 \tpSetProperty{labeled-meta-after}{\par}
292 }
```

293 %</meta>

Part II

Document Level Structures

Modul 6

coco-headings.dtx

This module provides handlers for headings like parts, chapters, sections, or inline headings common to all CoCoTeX projects.

```
24 %<*headings>
```

Headings are handled differently with <code>cocotex.cls</code> compared to standard LaTeX, since cocotex manuscripts tend to have a whole collection of additional information that are pressed into the headings, like subtitles or section authors down to subsection level, etc. Therefore, the <code>\@startsection</code> and <code>\@make[s]chapterhead</code> facilities from LaTeX are no longer sufficient. At the same time, the package does not redefine those macros and keeps them available for backwards compatibility.

First, we load the bookmark package:

```
36 \RequirePackage{bookmark}%
```

Since we use our own heading levels, we disable all automatically generated bookmarks.

```
37 \hypersetup{bookmarksdepth=-999}%
```

1 Facility for declaring heading levels and their layouts

Container heading

```
38 \tpDeclareContainer{heading}{%
39 \tpInherit {Components,Properties} from CommonMeta;
40 \tpDeclareType{Components}{%
```

We already have the Author Component inherited from the CommonMeta Container. We therefore just need to declare the overrides.

```
41 \tp@heading@authors%
```

The remaining Components are built as usual.

```
\tp@provide@hd@macros{Title}%
42
      \tp@provide@hd@macros{Subtitle}%
43
44
      \tp@provide@hd@macros{Number}%
      \tp@provide@hd@macros{LicenceLogo}%
45
46
      \tp@provide@hd@macros{LicenceName}%
47
      \tp@heading@quotes
48
49
    \tpDeclareType{Properties}{}%
50
    \tpDeclareEnv{\heading}{\endheading}%
51 }
```

\tpDeclareHeading is the user-level macro to declare new headings.

- #1 (optional) inherit-from: load all properties from that heading level, first.
- #2 level: used for toc entries. -1 for part, 0 for chapter, 1 for section, etc.
- #3 name: part, chapter, section, etc, to be used in toc, head lines, bookmarks, etc.
- #4 Property definitions and switches

```
52 \long\def\tpDeclareHeading{\tp@opt@empty\@tpDeclareHeading}
53 \long\def\@tpDeclareHeading[#1]#2#3#4{%
```

First, we check if the heading has already been declared.

```
\ifcsdef{tp@container@#3}{%
```

If yes, then we check if the new declaration's parameters match with the pre-existing one. We start with the heading level.

```
\tpPackageInfo{Headings}{}{Appending to '#3'}%
55
      \ifcsstring{tp@hdg@#3@level}{#2}{}{%
56
57
         \tpPackageError{Headings}
           {Level Mismatch}
58
           {Level of heading '#3' cannot be altered!}
59
           {The already existing heading '#3' has toc level '\csname tp@hdg@#3@level\endcsname',
60
                but your ^ 1%
            re-declaration states '#2'.^^J%
61
62
            ۸۸ ]%
63
            Consider declaring a new heading alltogether with '#3' as parent, ^^J%
            or add Properties to '#3' using \string\tpAddToType\string{Properties\string}\string
64
                 {#3\string}.}%
        }%
65
```

we also check the parent.

```
if!#1!else
66
       \ifcsstring{tp@parent@#3}{#1}{}{%
67
         \tpPackageError{Headings}
68
           {Parent Mismatch}
69
           {Parent of heading '#3'^^J cannot be altered!}
70
           {The already existing heading '#3' inherits from '\csname tp@parent@#3\endcsname',^^J%
71
72
            but your re-declaration sets Parent to '#1'.^^J%
73
74
            Consider declaring a new heading alltogether with '#1' as parent.}%
       }%
75
      \fi
76
```

and finally pass the new Properties to the existing heading.

```
\tpAddToType{Properties}{#3}{#4}%
```

Finally, we need to re-define the \tpUseHeading macro so that changes to the heading's Property list will be taken into account for all dependend constructions like list-ofs and toc-entries.

```
\tp@declare@heading{#2}{#3}%
78
79
    } {%
```

If the heading does not already exist, we build a new one.

Each new heading constitutes its own Sub-Container of the heading Container. The name of this Sub-Container is the headings name.

```
80
      \tpDeclareContainer{#3}{%
81
        \csgdef{tp@hdg@#3@level}{#2}%
82
        \tpPackageInfo{Headings}{}{Declaring heading '#3'}%
83
        \edef\@argi{#1}%
        \tpDeclareType{Parent}{\tp@heading@create@parent{#1}{#3}}
84
```

in case someone has altered the CommonMeta container, we inherit its properties and containers (again):

```
\tpInherit {Components,Properties} from CommonMeta;
85
```

We inherit everything from the heading levels parent, or from the default heading if no parent is present.

```
\ifx\@argi\@empty
86
          \tpInherit {Components,Properties} from heading;
87
88
          \tpInherit {Components,Properties,Parent} from #1;
89
        \fi
90
```

The main body of the heading Declaration is a list of Property definitions which we append to the Sub-Container's "Property" Type.

```
\tpDeclareType{Properties}{%
91
92
          #4%
93
        }%
```

For each heading we declare some common macros like the ToC entry handlers, the heading's counters and its hooks.

```
\tpDeclareType{Init}{%
94
           \tp@init@hooks{#3}%
95
           \let\@tp@cur@cont\tp@cur@cont
96
97
           \def\tp@cur@cont{heading}%
98
           \tp@init@l@{toc}{#2}{#3}%
99
           \let\tp@cur@cont\@tp@cur@cont
           \tp@init@cnt{#3}%
100
101
```

Unlike other Sub-Containers, headings form no own LATEX environment. Instead, headings are specifications of one common heading environment. Is is outsourced into the internal \tp@declare@heading macro, which is defined below.

The reason for that is that we don't want to define versions of the same property macros for each and every single heading level. Instead, we locally re-define the general low-level macros that represent the heading's properties for each instance of the generalised heading container.

```
102
         \tp@declare@heading{#2}{#3}%
103
       }%
     }%
104
105 }
```

\tp@declare@heading consists of two parts: In the first part, the inheritance mechanism and the initializers for each new heading level are triggered.

```
112 \def\tp@declare@heading#1#2{%
113 \tpEvalType{Parent}%
114 \tpEvalType{Init}%
```

\tpUseHeading is defined as second step. It is called at the end of each **heading** environment to process the Components within the Container instance. Each heading level has its own "version" of this macro.

```
\csgdef{tpUseHeading#2}{%
```

Since heading levels don't define their own environments, we make sure that heading is the namespace we are working in.

```
116 \tpNamespace{heading}%
117 \@setpar{\@@par}%
```

Properties are stored in macros specific to the current heading Sub-Container, therefore we evaluate the level's Properties, not those of the heading Container. However, since we made use of the inheritance mechanism earlier, each Sub-Container's Property list also contains the general heading Property list.

```
\def\tpHeadingLevel{#1}%
\tpEvalType[#2]{Properties}%
```

Processing the author name list (from coco-meta.sty).

Processing the tpQuote environments, if any.

```
\tpComposeCollection{tpQuote}{quote-block-format}{QuoteBlock}%
```

Hyperref related stuff.

```
124 \def\Hy@toclevel{#1}%
```

Call the mechanism to calculate the heading's counter.

```
125 \tp@auto@number{#1}{#2}%
```

Here, the actual construction of the heading begins.

```
126  \tpUseProperty{heading-par}%
127  \tp@hd@use@hook{before-hook}{#2}%
128  \tpUseProperty{before-heading}%
```

Add vertical space before the heading

```
129
       \tp@do@before@skip
```

The counters we calculated earlier and the space needed to render them are evaluated

```
\tp@format@number{}{}{#1}%
```

The value of after-skip is essential to determine whether the heading is to be displayed as block or inline element. In case, some heading definition omits setting a proper value, we build a fallback.

```
\tpIfProp{after-skip}{\expandafter\global\expandafter\@tempskipa\expandafter=\tpUseProperty{
131
           after-skip}\relax}{\global\@tempskipa=1sp\relax}%
       \tp@hd@use@hook{before-print-hook}{#2}%
132
       \def\@svsec{%
133
```

The heading block is the composition of all of the heading's Components that are to be printed where the heading environment is in the source.

```
134
        \tpUseProperty{before-heading-block}%
```

Labels to be used with LaTeX's cross reference mechanism are defined

```
\tp@heading@create@labels{#2}% label facility
135
         \leftskip\tpUseProperty{margin-left}%
136
137
         \rightskip\tpUseProperty{margin-right}%
         \bgroup
138
           \tpUseProperty{heading-block}%
139
```

Generate entries for ToC, bookmarks and page headers. This has to be here because in rare cases, abstracts could cause the whole heading to spread over more than one page and that results in the ToC entry pointing to the last page.

Style progammers need to make sure that no page breaks are allowed within the heading-block!

```
140
          \tpIfPropVal{no-toc}{true}{}{\tp@make@toc}% ToC entries
141
          \tpIfPropVal{no-BM}{true}{}{\tp@make@bookmarks}% Bookmarks
          \tpUseProperty{toc-hook}%
142
          \tpIfProp{extended}{\tpUseProperty{extended-heading}}{}%
143
         \egroup%
144
         \tp@make@run% Running headers
145
         \tpUseProperty{after-heading-block}%
146
147
       }%
```

Finally, we decide whether the printable material we stored in \@svsec is to be rendered as a block or inline. This is adopted from LATEX's \@startsection. The distinction is made by the sign of after-skip: a positive value yields a block heading, a negative value yields an inline heading.

```
\ifdim\@tempskipa <\z@\relax
148
         \tp@inline@heading
149
       \else
150
         \tp@block@heading
151
       \fi
152
```

This macro is called at the end of the heading environment. In order to deal with possible vertical spaces after the heading, we wait until the group of the heading environemnt is closed before we actually print the fully composed heading. The definition of \next happens in either \tp@inline@heading or \tp@block@heading.

```
\aftergroup\next%
153
154
     }%
155 }
```

\tp@hd@use@hook recursively includes a hook #1 from the heading #2's parent before expanding its own version.

```
\def\tp@hd@use@hook#1#2{%
156
     \expandafter\ifx\csname tp@parent@#2\endcsname\relax\else
157
158
       \edef\@@parent{#1-\csname tp@parent@#2\endcsname}%
159
       \expandafter\tpUseHook\expandafter{\@@parent}%
     \fi
160
     \tpUseHook{#1-\tp@heading@name}%
161
162 }
```

\tp@do@before@skip is a routine that determins the skip that is inserted before a heading.

```
\def\tp@do@before@skip{%
163
     \setlength\@tempskipa{\tpUseProperty{before-skip}}%
164
165
     \ifdim\@tempskipa<\z@\relax
166
       \def\do@skip{\minusvspace{-\@tempskipa}}%
167
     \else
       \def\do@skip{\addvspace{\@tempskipa}}%
168
     \fi%
169
     \if@nobreak
170
       \everypar{}%
171
172
       \do@skip
173
       \addpenalty\@secpenalty
174
175
       \do@skip
176
     \{fi\}
```

Initializers for New Heading Levels

\tp@init@hooks initializes the Hooks for heading level #1.

```
177 \def\tp@init@hooks#1{%
     \tpDeclareHook{toc-before-hook-#1}% Expanded before the toc entry is printed
178
     \tpDeclareHook{toc-after-hook-#1}% Expanded after the toc entry is printed
179
     \tpDeclareHook{before-hook-#1}% Expanded before before-heading property is expanded
180
     \tpDeclareHook{before-print-hook-#1}% Expanded at the very beginning of the local definition of \
181
182 }
```

\tp@init@cnt initialises a counter with the name #1 for automatic numbering if it doesn't exist, yet.

```
\def\tp@init@cnt#1{\ifcsname c@#1\endcsname\else\@definecounter{#1}\fi}
```

Initializers for Instances of Heading Levels

\tp@auto@number advances the heading counter if the numbering Property is set to auto and the current heading is not overridden by the Number Component. #1 is the numeric level of the heading, #2 is the name of the heading's counter.

```
\def\tp@auto@number#1#2{%
184
185
     \tpIfPropVal{numbering}{auto}
       {\expandafter\ifx\csname c@#2\endcsname\relax\tp@init@cnt{#2}\fi
186
187
        \tpIfAttrIsset{heading}{nonumber}
188
          {}
189
          {\tpIfComp{Number}
190
            {}
```

```
191
192
           \stepcounter{#2}%
193
           \edef\@tempa{\csname the#2\endcsname}%
194
           \expandafter\tpNumber\expandafter{\@tempa}%
195
          \fi}}
196
      }{}}
```

Label mechanism 1.3

\@tp@heading@parse@label separates multiple comma-separated values within the same label attribute.

```
\def\@tp@heading@parse@label#1,#2,\@nil{%
197
     \@tp@heading@create@labels{#1}%
198
     \if!#2!\else
199
       \@tp@heading@parse@label#2,\@nil
200
201
     \mathbf{fi}
```

\tp@heading@create@labels is the wrapper to handle multiple values in the label Attribute.

```
202
   \def\tp@heading@create@labels#1{%
     \ifx\Hy@MakeCurrentHrefAuto\@undefined\else
203
       \Hy@MakeCurrentHrefAuto{tp.#1}%
204
       \Hy@raisedlink{\hyper@anchorstart{\@currentHref}\hyper@anchorend}%
205
206
     \fi
     \tpIfAttr{heading}{label}
207
       {\expandafter\@tp@heading@parse@label\tp@heading@attr@label,,\@nil}{}}
208
```

\@tp@heading@create@labels generates the labels to be used with LATEX's cross reference and hyperref's hyperlink mechanisms, simultanuously. This macro locally redefines LaTeX's \label macro and sets both \ @currentlabel as well as a \hyperlink target.

```
209
   \def\@tp@heading@create@labels#1{%
210
     \if!#1!\else
       \tpIfComp{Number}
211
         {\edef\@tempa{\expandonce{\tp@heading@Number}}%
212
         \let\@currentlabel\@tempa\relax
213
         \let\@currentlabelname\tp@heading@Title}
214
```

in case, un-numbered headings receive a label to be accessed via \pageref or something:

```
{\phantomsection}%
215
       \expandafter\hypertarget\expandafter{#1}{}%
216
       \expandafter\tpltx@label\expandafter{#1}%
217
218
219
     \global\let\label\tpltx@label}
```

Externalisation of Heading Compoents

Components of headings may be used far away from the heading itself. Since, by design, Components are defined strictly local within their containers, those externale usages demand special treatment.

2.1 Common Stuff

\tp@check@author checks if the AuthorNameList override Component is given in the input for any given output override prefixed by #1. If not, it is built if there are any Author subcontainers, at all.

```
220 \def\tp@check@author#1{%
     \tpIfComp{#1AuthorNameList}{}{%
221
       \tpIfComp{AuthorNameList}{%
222
223
         \expandafter\csname tp#1AuthorNameList\expandafter\endcsname\expandafter{\
             tp@heading@AuthorNameList}%
       }{\ifnum\tpAuthorCnt>\z@
224
           \tpCompDef\tp@tempa{tpAuthor}{author-list-format}%
225
          \ifx\tp@tempa\relax
226
227
           \else
228
            \expandafter\csname tp#1AuthorNameList\expandafter\endcsname\expandafter{\tp@tempa}%
           \fi
229
        \fi
230
       }}}%
231
```

Table of Contents Entry

\tp@make@toc initializes the creation of a heading instance's entry in the table of contents.

Each entry is in itself treated as a Container. As such, it consists of Components that are written into the .toc file.

```
232 \def\tp@make@toc{%
              \tp@check@empty{heading}{Title}{Toc}%
233
234
               \tp@check@empty{heading}{Number}{Toc}%
               \tp@check@empty{heading}{Subtitle}{Toc}%
235
               \tp@check@author{Toc}%
236
               \tpIfAttrIsset{heading}{notoc}
237
238
                     {}
                     {\protected@edef\tp@heading@toc@entry{%
239
                            \label{thm:comp} $$ \operatorname{TocTitle}_{\boldsymbol{\string\ignorespaces\space}\expandonce} $$ \end{TocTitle} $$ \operatorname{TocTitle}_{\boldsymbol{\string\ignorespaces}\space} $$ \end{TocTitle} $$$ \end{TocTitle} $$ \end{TocTitle} $$ \end{TocTitle} $$ \end{TocTitle} $$$ \e
240
                                          tp@heading@TocTitle}}}{}%
241
                            \tpIfComp{TocNumber}{\string\tpTocNumber{\string\ignorespaces\space\expandonce{\
                                         tp@heading@TocNumber}}}}}%
                            \tpIfComp{TocAuthorNameList}{\string\tpTocAuthorNameList{\string\ignorespace\space\
242
                                         expandonce{\tp@heading@TocAuthorNameList}}}{}%
                            \tpIfComp{TocSubtitle}{\string\tpTocSubtitle{\string\ignorespaces\space\expandonce{\
243
                                         tp@heading@TocSubtitle}}}{}
244
                       \tpIfProp{toc-level}{\edef\tp@heading@name{\tpUseProperty{toc-level}}}{}%
245
                       \protected@write\@auxout
246
                            {\tpGobble}%
247
                            {\string\@writefile{toc}{\protect\tpContentsline{\tp@heading@name}{\tp@heading@toc@entry
248
                                         }{\thepage}{\@currentHref}\protected@file@percent}}\relax
249
                    }
250 }
```

\tp@toc@extract@data is called within the \l@<\level> macro to extract the Components for each entry in the .toc file. #1 is the numerical heading level, #2 is the name of the heading level, #3 is the content of the toc entry (which holds the Components), #4 is the page number.

```
251 \def\tp@toc@extract@data#1#2#3#4{%
252
    \tpNamespace{heading}%
253
     \tpEvalType[#2]{Properties}%
254
     \tpDeclareComp{TocPage}{}{}%
255 \tpTocPage{\tpUseProperty{toc-page-face}#4}%
```

```
\tpDeclareComp{TocTitle}{}{}{
256
257
     \tpDeclareComp{TocSubtitle}{}{}%
     \tpDeclareComp{TocNumber}{}{}%
258
259
     \tpDeclareComp{TocAuthorNameList}{}{}}
260
     \tp@expand@l@contents{#3}{heading}{Toc}{Title}%%
261
     \tp@format@number{toc-}{Toc}{#1}%
262 }
```

\tp@toc@print@entry is also called within the \l@<level> macro and eventually prints the entry by expanding a heading's toc-specific Properties.

```
\def\tp@toc@print@entry#1{%
263
     \bgroup
264
       \tpUseHook{toc-before-hook-#1}%
265
266
       \tpUseProperty{toc-before-entry}%
       \tpUseProperty{toc-format}%
267
       \tpUseHook{toc-after-hook-#1}%
268
       \tpUseProperty{toc-after-entry}%
269
     \egroup}
270
```

Facility to create the running title macros

\tp@make@run prepares the Components used to compose the running titles. It checks if the user provides page header specific overrides in the heading instance. If not, it uses the non-specific Components instead, as long as they are not empty.

After all the header-specific Components are set, the heading level specific property running-heading is evaluated and passed to the corresponding \<level>mark macros iff they exist.

```
\def\tp@make@run{%
271
     \tp@check@empty{heading}{Title}{Run}%
272
     \tp@check@empty{heading}{Number}{Run}%
273
     \tp@check@author{Run}%
274
275
     \tp@check@empty{heading}{Subtitle}{Run}%
     \tpUseProperty{running-extra}%
276
     \tpIfProp{running-level}
277
       {\letcs\tp@mark@name{\tpUseProperty{running-level}mark}}
278
279
       {\letcs\tp@mark@name{\tp@heading@name mark}}%
280
       \letcs\tp@heading@parent{tp@parent@\tp@heading@name}%
281
       \ifx\tp@mark@name\@undefined
         \ifx\tp@heading@parent\relax\else
282
283
           \letcs\tp@mark@name{\tp@heading@parent mark}%
         \fi
284
       \fi
285
     \ifx\tp@mark@name\@undefined\else
286
287
       \begingroup
288
         \tpGobble
         \protected@edef\@tempa{\csname tp@heading@running-heading\endcsname}%
289
         \expandafter\tp@mark@name\expandafter{\@tempa}%
290
       \endgroup
291
292
     \fi
293 }
```

Facility to create PDF bookmarks

\tp@make@bookmarks generates an entry that is directly written as Bookmark into the PDF file. This is done using the bookmark package.

```
294 \def\tp@make@bookmarks{%
     \tp@check@empty[Toc]{heading}{Title}{BM}%
295
     \tp@check@empty[Toc]{heading}{Number}{BM}%
296
297
     \tp@check@empty[Toc]{heading}{AuthorNameList}{BM}%
298
     \tp@check@empty[Toc]{heading}{Subtitle}{BM}%
299
     \tpIfAttrIsset{heading}{noBM}
300
       {\tpIfProp{bookmark-level}{\edef\Hy@toclevel{\tpUseProperty{bookmark-level}}}{}}
301
        \begingroup
302
303
         \tpGobble
         \protected@edef\@tempa{\csname tp@heading@bookmark\endcsname}%
304
         \bookmark[level=\Hy@toclevel,dest=\@currentHref]{\expandonce{\@tempa}}%
305
306
        \endgroup
      }}
307
```

Rendering the Headings

Inline Headings 3.1

\tp@inline@heading Inline headings are stored in a temporary box and expanded after the next (non-heading) paragraph is opened.

```
308 \newbox\tp@inlinesecbox
   \def\tp@inline@heading{%
     \tpIfProp{after-indent}{\global\@afterindenttrue}{\global\@afterindentfalse}%
310
311
     \tpIfProp{interline-para}
       {\global\setbox\tp@inlinesecbox\hbox{\ifvoid\tp@inlinesecbox\else\unhbox\tp@inlinesecbox\
312
           tpUseProperty{interline-para-sep}\fi\@svsec}}%
       {\global\setbox\tp@inlinesecbox\hbox{\@svsec}}
313
314
     \@nobreakfalse
315
     \global\@noskipsectrue
     \gdef\next{%
316
       \global\everypar{%
317
        \if@noskipsec
318
          \global\@noskipsecfalse
319
          320
321
          \clubpenalty\@M
          \begingroup \unhbox\tp@inlinesecbox \endgroup
322
323
          \unskip
          \hskip -\@tempskipa
324
        \else
325
          \clubpenalty \@clubpenalty
326
327
          \global\setbox\tp@inlinesecbox\box\voidb@x
328
          \everypar{}%
329
        \fi}%
       \ignorespaces}}
330
```

Block Headings

\tp@block@heading is used to print block headings.

```
\def\tp@block@heading{%
331
     \@svsec
332
333
     \tpUseProperty{after-heading-par}%
     \tpIfProp{after-indent}{\global\@afterindenttrue}{\global\@afterindentfalse}%
334
335
     \gdef\next{%
       \ifdim\parskip>\z@\relax\advance\@tempskipa-\parskip\relax\fi
336
       \vskip \@tempskipa
337
       \@afterheading
338
       \ignorespaces}}
339
```

The heading environment

Environment Macros

\heading is the macro called at the begin of the heading environment. Optional #1 stores the headings local parameters, #2 is the level of the heading.

```
340 \def\heading{\@ifnextchar [{\@heading}{\@heading[]}}%]
  \def\@heading[#1]#2{%
```

Some IATEX kernel macros are saved, the namespace is set and counted groups from previous headings are reset.

```
\tp@heading@reserve
```

Handling of the optional argument

```
\tpParseAttributes{heading}{#1}%
```

The mandatory argument contains the heading level. This corresponds to LATEX's way of counting heading levels, where, by default, part is -1, chapter is 0, section is 1, etc.

```
\edef\tp@heading@name{#2}%
```

The cascaded Properties of the heading level are expanded. This is excluded into its own macro to simplify re-definition if necessary.

```
\tpEvalType[#2]{Components}%
345
346 }
```

\endheading is stuff that happens at the end of the **heading** environment.

```
\def\endheading{%
347
     \expandafter\ifx\csname tpUseHeading\tp@heading@name\endcsname\relax
348
       \PackageError{coco-headings.sty}{Heading level \tp@heading@name\space unknown!}{A Heading
349
           with level \tp@heading@name\space is unknown. Use the \string\tpDeclareHeading\space
           macro to declare heading levels.}%
     \else
350
      \csname tpUseHeading\tp@heading@name\endcsname%
351
     \fi
352
     \tp@heading@reset
353
354 }
```

4.2 Content Handlers

\tp@heading@reserve re-directs some of LATEX's kernel macros and makes sure that some other macros have their default values:

```
355 \def\tp@heading@reserve{%
     \tpNamespace{heading}%
356
     \let\tpltx@dbl@backslash\\
357
     \let\\\tpBreak
358
     \let\tpltx@label\label
359
     \let\tp@heading@label\relax
360
     \def\tpAuthorCnt{\z@}%
361
362
     \def\tpAffilCnt{\z@}%
363
     \tp@reset@components{\tp@cur@cont}%
364
```

r estores LATEX's default definitions (however, this should be unnecessary since heading is an environment and therefore constitutes a closed group).

```
365 \def\tp@heading@reset{%
     \let\tp@cur@cont\relax
366
     \let\\\tpltx@dbl@backslash
367
368
     \let\label\tpltx@label
369
     \let\tp@heading@name\relax
     \let\tp@heading@label\relax
370
371
     }
```

\tp@heading@quotes covers multiple quotation blocks assocciated with a heading.

```
372 \def\tp@heading@quotes{%
     \tpDeclareComp{QuoteBlock}{}{}%
373
     \tpDeclareComponentGroup{tpQuote}{%
374
       \tpDeclareCountedComp{QuoteText}%
375
       \tpDeclareCountedComp{QuoteSource}%
376
377
     }%
378 }
```

\tp@heading@role@handlers sets up the additional Components for the Author Role specific to headings.

```
\def\tp@heading@authors{%
379
     \tpAddToRole{Author}{%
380
       \tpDeclareCountedComp{AuthorContact}%
381
382
     \tpDeclareRoleBlock{Author}{ContactBlock}{author-contact-block-format}%
383
     \tpGroupHandler{tpAuthor}{%
384
       \tpIfComp{AuthorContact}{}{\csname tpAuthorContact\endcsname{\tpUseProperty{author-contact-
385
           format}}{}{}
386
387
     \tp@provide@hd@overrides{AuthorNameList}%
388 }
```

\tp@provide@hd@macros is a wrapper that creates the user-level macros for the Component itself and its overrides. #1 is the Component name.

```
389 \def\tp@provide@hd@macros#1{%
     \tpDeclareComp{#1}{}{}%
390
391
     \tp@provide@hd@overrides{#1}%
392 }
```

\tp@provide@hd@overrides declares the Component macros for a heading Component's overrides. #1 is the Component name. The overrides allow a four-way distinction between i the data printed in-situ (\taup#1), ii data sent to toc (\tpToc#1), (iii) data sent to the page styles (\tpRun#1), and (iv) the data sent to the PDF bookmarks (\tpBM#1).

```
393 \def\tp@provide@hd@overrides#1{%
     \tpDeclareComp{Toc#1}{}{} toc overrides
394
     \tpDeclareComp{Run#1}{}{}% running overrides
395
     \tpDeclareComp{BM#1}{}{}% bookmark overrides
396
397 }
```

Defaults 5

```
\tpAddToDefault{heading}{%
398
399
     \tpSetProperty{interline-para}{}%
     \tpSetProperty{interline-para-sep}{\space}
400
     \tpSetProperty{heading-par}{%
401
       \tpIfProp{interline-para}{\if@noskipsec \leavevmode \fi}{}%
402
403
       \par
404
       \global\@afterindenttrue
405
     \tpSetProperty{after-heading-par}{\par \nobreak}% par commands at the end of non-inline headings
406
     \tpSetProperty{before-heading}{}%
407
     \tpSetProperty{title-face}{\bfseries}%
408
     \tpSetProperty{subtitle-face}{\normalfont}%
409
410
     \tpSetProperty{author-face}{\normalfont}%
411
     \tpSetProperty{quote-face}{\raggedleft}%
412
     \tpSetProperty{quote-source-face}{}%
413
     \tpSetProperty{quote-block-format}{%
       \bgroup
414
        \tpUseProperty{quote-face}%
415
416
        \tpUseComp{QuoteText}\par
417
        \tpIfComp{QuoteSource}{{\tpUseProperty{quote-source-face}--\space\tpUseComp{QuoteSource}}\
             par}{}%
418
       \egroup}
     \tpSetProperty{heading-block}
419
       {\tpUseProperty{title-face}%
420
       \tpIfComp{Number}
421
422
         {\tpUseProperty{hang-number}}
423
         {\leftskip0pt}%
424
        \tpUseComp{Title}\par%
        \tpIfComp{Subtitle}{{\tpUseProperty{subtitle-face}\tpUseComp{Subtitle}}\par}{}%
425
       \tpIfComp{AuthorNameList}{{\tpUseProperty{author-face}\tpUseComp{AuthorNameList}}\par}{}%
426
       \tpIfComp{QuoteBlock}{\tpUseComp{QuoteBlock}}{}%
427
       \tpIfComp{AffilBlock}{{\tpUseProperty{affil-block-face}\tpUseComp{AffilBlock}}\par}{}%
428
429
430
     \tpSetProperty{extended-heading}{%
431
       \tpIfComp{Abstract}
432
         {\par\vskip\baselineskip
433
         {\bfseries\tpIfComp{AbstractLabel}{\tpUseComp{AbstractLabel}}{Abstract}}\par
         {\itshape\small\tpUseComp{Abstract}}\par}
434
435
         {}%
436
       \tpIfComp{Keywords}
437
         {\par\vskip\baselineskip
         {\bfseries\tpIfComp{KeywordsLabel}}{KeywordsLabel}}{Keywords}}\par
438
439
         {\itshape\small\tpUseComp{Keywords}\par}}
440
        {}%
```

```
}%
441
442
     \tpSetProperty{before-skip}{\z@skip}% TODOC: values < Opt use \minusvspace, else \addvspace. LaTeX's
          default behaviour of @afterindent is relocated to the after-indent property.
443
     \tpSetProperty{after-heading-block}{}%
444
     \tpSetProperty{before-heading-block}{\parindent\z@ \parskip\z@}%
     \tpSetProperty{toc-hook}{}% Called, after ToC and BM entries have been written to the .aux file
445
     \tpSetProperty{after-indent}{}%
446
447
     \tpSetProperty{margin-left}{}%
448
     \tpSetProperty{margin-right}{\@flushglue}%
449
     \tpSetProperty{after-skip}{1sp}%
     \tpSetProperty{indent}{auto}%
450
451
     \tpSetProperty{number-width}{}%
452
     \tpSetProperty{number-sep}{\space}%
     \tpSetProperty{number-align}{left}%
453
454
     \tpSetProperty{number-format}{%
455
       \bgroup
         \tpUseProperty{title-face}%
456
457
         \tpUseProperty{number-face}%
458
         \tpUseComp{Number}%
459
         \tpUseProperty{number-sep}%
460
       \egroup}
461
     \tpSetProperty{numbering}{auto}%
     %% running header
462
     \tpSetProperty{running-level}{}% override level for running title, name
463
     \tpSetProperty{running-heading}{%
464
       \tpIfComp{RunAuthorNameList}{\tpUseComp{RunAuthorNameList}:\space}{}%
465
       \tpUseComp{RunTitle}%
466
     }%
467
468
     %% ToC
     \tpSetProperty{no-toc}{false}% toc entries are generally disabled iff true
469
470
     \tpSetProperty{no-BM}{false}% bookmark entries are generally disabled, iff true
471
     \tpSetProperty{toc-margin-top}{\z@}% left indent of the whole entry
472
     \tpSetProperty{toc-margin-bottom}{\z@}% bottom margin of the whole entry
     \tpSetProperty{toc-margin-left}{auto}% left indent of the whole entry
473
474
     \tpSetProperty{toc-margin-right}{\@pnumwidth}% right margin of the whole entry
475
     \tpSetProperty{toc-title-face}{}% appearance of title
     \tpSetProperty{toc-indent}{auto}% offset of the first line of the entry, auto: hang indent by max-
476
          number-width for the level
     \tpSetProperty{toc-number-width}{}% current width of the TocNumber
477
     \tpSetProperty{toc-number-align}{left}% alignment of TocNumber within the hbox when hanging
478
     \tpPropertyLet{toc-number-face}{toc-title-face}% appearance of the TocNumber
479
480
     \tpSetProperty{toc-number-sep}{\enskip}% thing between TocNumber and TocTitle
     \tpSetProperty{toc-number-format}{% Format of the TocNumber
481
482
       \bgroup
483
         \tpUseProperty{toc-number-face}%
484
         \tpUseComp{TocNumber}%
         \tpUseProperty{toc-number-sep}%
485
486
       \egroup}
     \tpSetProperty{toc-page-sep}{\dotfill}% between TocTitle and the page counter
487
     \tpSetProperty{toc-page-face}{}% appearance of the page value
488
489
     \tpSetProperty{toc-page-format}{% format of the page value
490
       \tpUseProperty{toc-page-sep}%
       \bgroup
491
         \tpUseProperty{toc-page-face}%
492
493
         \tpUseComp{TocPage}%
494
       \egroup}%
495
     \tpSetProperty{toc-link}{none}% should toc entries be linked? values: none,title,page,all
496
     \tpSetProperty{toc-level}{}% override heading level for ToC, name!
497
     \tpSetProperty{toc-before-entry}{% stuff before anything is output; used to setup margins, alignment,
          line-breaking rules, etc.
       \addvspace{\tpUseProperty{toc-margin-top}}%
498
```

```
\parindent \z@
499
500
       \let\\\@centercr
       \hyphenpenalty=\@M
501
502
       \rightskip \tpUseProperty{toc-margin-right} \@plus 1fil\relax
503
       \parfillskip -\rightskip
504
       \leftskip\tpUseProperty{toc-margin-left}%
505
     }%
506
     \tpSetProperty{toc-after-entry}{\par\addvspace{\tpUseProperty{toc-margin-bottom}}}% Thing at the
          end of the entry, after the page number
507
     \tpSetProperty{toc-format}{% Order and formatting of the entry itself
508
       \tpUseProperty{toc-title-face}%
509
       \tpIfComp{TocNumber}
         {\tpUseProperty{toc-hang-number}}
510
511
         {\leftskip0pt\leavevmode}%
512
       \tpIfComp{TocAuthorNameList}{\tpUseComp{TocAuthorNameList}:\space}{}%
513
       \tpUseComp{TocTitle}%
       \tpUseProperty{toc-page-format}%
514
515
     }%
     %% PDF-Bookmarks
516
517
     \tpSetProperty{bookmark-level}{}% override heading level for PDF bookmarks, numeric!
518
     \tpSetProperty{bookmark}{%
519
       \tpIfComp{BMNumber}{\tpUseComp{BMNumber}\space}{}%
       \tpUseComp{BMTitle}%
520
521
     \tpSetProperty{orcid-link}{% how the ORC-ID is rendered
522
       \tpIfComp{ORCID}{\def\tp@Linkimg{\includegraphics[height=1em]{logos/ORCID.pdf}}\tpCompLink{
523
           ORCID}{\tp@Linkimg}}{}%
524
     }%
     %% a single Author's contact infomration block
525
     \tpSetProperty{author-contact-format}{%Format of a single author's contact information
526
       \tpUseComp{FullName}\tpIfComp{Affil}{\textsuperscript{\tpUseComp{Affil}}}}}
527
       \tpUseProperty{orcid-link}%
528
529
      %
530
     }%
531
     \tpSetProperty{author-list-format}{% Format of the whole contact information block
       \tpUseComp{FullName}\ifnum\tpCurCount<\tpTotalCount\tpUseProperty{counted-name-sep}\fi
532
533
534
     \tpSetProperty{author-contact-block-format}{% Format of the whole contact information block
       \tpUseComp{AuthorContact}\ifnum\tpCurCount<\tpTotalCount\tpUseProperty{counted-name-sep}\fi
535
     }%
536
537 }
```

Miscellaneous 6

Alternative paragraph separation

\tpNewPar is a user-level macro to have a vertical skip between two local paragraphs and no indent in the second one. The amount of vertical space between the paragraphs can be adjusted with the optional argument. If #1 is omitted, \tpnewparskip is inserted, which defaults to 1\baselineskip if the dimension isn't set to something other than Opt in the preamble. This macro is intended to be used at the end of the first of the paragraphs.

```
538 \newdimen\tpnewparskip \AtBeginDocument{\ifdim\tpnewparskip=\z@\relax \tpnewparskip=1\
       baselineskip\relax\fi}
   \def\tpNewPar{\@ifnextchar[{\@tpnewpar}{\@tpnewpar[\the\tpnewparskip]}}%]
540 \def\@tpnewpar[#1]{%
   \ifhmode\par\fi
```

```
542 \vskip#1\relax
543
    \@afterheading
544 }
```

WARNING!

The following section is deprecated and will be changed or deleted in future releases.

\TitleBreak

545 **\let**\TitleBreak\tpBreak

546 %</headings>

Modul 7

24 %<*endnotes>

coco-notes.dtx

This file contains the code for foot- and endnote handling. It provides a switch between endnotes and footnotes as well as options to handle the resetting of footnote/endnote counters.

```
26 %% module for CoCoTeX that handles footnote/endnote switching.
27 %%
28 %% Maintainer: p.schulz@le-tex.de
29 %%
30 %% lualatex - texlive > 2019
31
  %%
32 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}[2018/12/01]
33 \ProvidesPackage{coco-notes}
      [2024/01/16 0.4.0 le-tex coco notes module]
```

internal switch for endnotes (\endnotestrue) or footnotes (\endnotesfalse, default).

```
35 \newif\ifendnotes \endnotesfalse
  \newif\ifendnotelinks \endnotelinksfalse
```

package options:

- endnotes activates endnotes.
- ennotoc prevents chapter headings in the Notes section from creating toc entries.
- resetnotesperchapter resets foot- and endnotes at the start of each chapter level heading. If omitted (default) foot- or endnotes are numbered throughout the whole document
- endnotesperchapter implies endnotes and allows the output of all collected endnotes at the end of each chapter. It also sets the note's heading to section level (otherwise it is chapter level).

```
37 \DeclareOption{endnotes}{\global\endnotestrue}
38 \DeclareOption{ennotoc}{\global\let\tp@ennotoc\relax}
39 \DeclareOption{resetnotesperchapter}{\global\let\reset@notes@per@chapter\relax}
41 \DeclareOption{endnotelinks}{\global\endnotelinkstrue}
42 \ProcessOptions
```

footnote package is mandatory since it provides the \savenotes and \spewnotes macros:

```
43 \RequirePackage{footnote}
```

Handling of endnotes:

```
44 \newif\if@enotesopen
45 \AtBeginDocument{\edef\tpfn@parindent{\the\parindent}}
46 \ifendnotes
47
    \RequirePackage{endnotes}
   \@ifpackageloaded{coco-headings}{\let\tp@useTeXHeading\relax}{}
```

```
% Allow linking endnotes to their respective occurrence in the document.
49
50
     \ifendnotelinks
51
       \global\newcount\endnoteLinkCnt \global\endnoteLinkCnt\z@
52
       \def\@endnotemark{%
53
         \leavevmode
54
         \ifhmode\edef\@x@sf{\the\spacefactor}\nobreak\fi
55
         \phantomsection%
56
         \label{endnote-\the\endnoteLinkCnt}%
57
         \hyperref[endnotetext-\the\endnoteLinkCnt]{\makeenmark}%
58
         \ifhmode\spacefactor\@x@sf\fi%
         \relax%
59
60
      }
     \fi
61
     62
     \def\enotesize{\normalsize}%
63
64
     \def\enoteformat{%
65
      % Create the label right at the start of the endnote text to prevent erroneous pointing to the next page
66
       \ifendnotelinks%
67
         \phantomsection%
         \label{endnotetext-\currentEndnote}%
68
       \fi
69
70
       \noindent
       \leavevmode
71
       \hskip-2em\hb@xt@2em{%
72
         \ifendnotelinks
73
          \hyperref[endnote-\currentEndnote]{\@theenmark}\\hss%
74
75
         \else
76
          \@theenmark\hss%
77
         \fi%
78
79
       \expandafter\parindent\tpfn@parindent\relax\expandafter%
80
     \gdef\enoteheading{%
81
       \leftskip2em
82
83
     \def\printnotes{%
84
       \ifx\endnotes@with@chapters\relax
85
         \ifnum\c@endnote>\z@
86
          \expandafter\global\expandafter\let\csname enotes@in@\the\realchap\endcsname\@empty
87
         \fi
88
89
       \fi
90
       \if@enotesopen
91
         \global\c@endnote\z@%
92
         \bgroup
93
         %\parindent\z@
94
         \parskip\z@
95
         \theendnotes
         \egroup
 96
       \{fi\}
97
98 \else
     \newcount\c@endnote \c@endnote\z@
99
     \let\printnotes\relax
100
101 \fi
102 \newcount\realchap \realchap\z@
   \ifx\endnotes@with@chapters\relax
103
104
     \AtBeginDocument{%
105
       \tpAddToHook[heading]{before-hook-chapter}{%
         \int \int c@endnote > \z@relax
106
          \expandafter\global\expandafter\let\csname enotes@in@\the\realchap\endcsname\@empty
107
         \fi
108
```

```
\global\advance\realchap\@ne
109
110
         \global\c@endnote\z@
111
         \def\tp@par@title{\tpIfComp{TocTitle}{\tpUseComp{TocTitle}}}\tpUseComp{Title}}}%
112
         \def\tp@par@runtitle{\tpIfComp{RunTitle}{\tpUseComp{RunTitle}}\\tpUseComp{Title}}}%
113
         \addtoendnotes{%
           \noexpand\expandafter\noexpand\ifx\noexpand\csname enotes@in@\the\realchap\noexpand\
114
               endcsname\noexpand\@empty
115
            \bgroup
              \noexpand\leftskip\noexpand\z@
116
117
              \noexpand\begin{heading}\ifx\tp@ennotoc\relax[notoc]\fi{section}%
118
                \noexpand\tpTitle{\tp@par@title}%
119
                \noexpand\tpRunTitle{\tp@par@runtitle}%
              \noexpand\end{heading}%
120
121
            \egroup
122
           \noexpand\fi}%
123
       }%
124
     }
125
   \fi
   \ifx\reset@notes@per@chapter\relax
126
127
     \AtBeginDocument{%
128
       \tpAddToHook[heading]{before-hook-chapter}{%
129
         \global\c@footnote\z@
         \global\c@endnote\z@
130
131
       }%
     }%
132
   \fi
133
```

Here we make a small adjustment to the \fn@fntext macro from the footnote package by making it \long and therefore allowing \par inside it's argument.

```
\long\def\fn@fntext#1{%
134
135
     \ifx\ifmeasuring@\@@undefined%
136
       \expandafter\@secondoftwo\else\expandafter\@iden%
137
138
     {\ifmeasuring@\expandafter\@gobble\else\expandafter\@iden\fi}%
139
     {%
140
       \global\setbox\fn@notes\vbox{%
141
         \unvbox\fn@notes%
142
         \fn@startnote%
143
         \@makefntext{%
           \rule\z@\footnotesep%
144
145
           \ignorespaces%
           #1%
146
           \@finalstrut\strutbox%
147
148
         }%
149
         \fn@endnote%
       }%
150
151
     }%
152 }
```

Re-definition of footnote package's footnote mark retriever to allow non-numeric values in the optional argument of \footnote.

```
153 \def\fn@getmark@i#1[#2]{%
      \sbox\z@{\@tempcnta0#2\relax}%
154
155
      \left| ifdim\right| vd \z@>0 \p@\relax
156
        \def\thempfn{#2}%
157
        \fn@getmark@iii%
158
159
        \csname c@\@mpfn\endcsname#2%
160
       \fn@getmark@ii%
```

```
\fi
161
162 }
163 \def\fn@getmark@iii#1{%
164
     \unrestored@protected@xdef\@thefnmark{\thempfn}%
165
     \endgroup%
166
     #1%
167 }
```

And the same for plain LATEX:

```
168 \def\@xfootnote[#1]{%
       \begingroup
169
         \sbox\z@{\ensuremath{\color{c}}\color{c}}\
170
         \left| \frac{v}{z} \right| = 0 \left| \frac{v}{z} \right|
171
           \unrestored@protected@xdef\@thefnmark{#1}%
172
         \else
173
            \csname c@\@mpfn\endcsname #1\relax
174
            \verb|\unrestored@protected@xdef|@thefnmark{\\ \textbf{thempfn}}| %
175
         \fi
176
177
       \endgroup
178
       \@footnotemark\@footnotetext%
179 }
```

Linking endnotes requires overwriting the endnotetext macro to save a global counter to the *.ent file.

```
180 \global\newif\if@haveenotes
   \label{longdef} \endnotetext#1{%}
181
182
     \global\@haveenotestrue
183
     \if@enotesopen \else \@openenotes \fi
     \immediate\write\@enotes{%
184
       \ifendnotelinks
185
         \string\def\string\currentEndnote{\the\endnoteLinkCnt}%
186
       \fi%
187
       \@doanenote{\@theenmark}%
188
189
     }%
190
     \begingroup
        \def \operatorname{next} \{\#1\}\%
191
192
        \newlinechar='40
        \immediate\write\@enotes{\meaning\next}%
193
     \endgroup
194
     \immediate\write\@enotes{\@endanenote}%
195
196
     \ifendnotelinks
       \global\advance\endnoteLinkCnt\@ne%
197
     \fi%
198
199 }
```

```
200 %</endnotes>
```

Modul 8

coco-script.dtx

This package is used to handle non-latin based script systems like Japanese, Chinese, Armenian and the like.

The argument of the usescript option is a list of script systems that are used in the document. It is used to determine the additional fonts that are to be loaded via the babel package.

```
34 \let\usescript\relax
35 \define@key{coco-script.sty}{usescript}{\def\usescript{#1}}
36 \ProcessOptionsX
37 \RequirePackage[quiet]{fontspec}
38 \RequirePackage[bidi=basic,silent]{babel}
39 \def\parse@script#1,#2,\relax{%
40 \tp@script@callback{#1}%
41 \edef\@argii{#2}%
42 \let\next\relax
43
   \ifx\@argii\@empty\else
44
      \def\next{\parse@script#2,\relax}%
    \fi\next}
46 \ifx\usescript\relax\else
    \def\tp@script@callback#1{\expandafter\global\expandafter\let\csname use@script@#1\endcsname\
47
    \expandafter\parse@script\usescript,,\relax
48
49 \fi
  \message{^^J [coco-script Fonts loaded: \meaning\usescript]^^J}
```

1 Default fallback font

The default fall backfont is the NotoSans Font Family

```
\newfontfamily\fallbackfont{NotoSerif-Regular.ttf}%
[BoldFont = NotoSerif-Bold.ttf,%

ItalicFont = NotoSerif-Italic.ttf,%

BoldItalicFont = NotoSerif-BoldItalic.ttf,%

Path = ./fonts/Noto/Serif/,%

WordSpace = 1.25]
```

```
57 \newfontfamily\sffallbackfont{NotoSans-Regular.ttf}%
58 [BoldFont = NotoSans-Bold.ttf,%
59 ItalicFont = NotoSans-Italic.ttf,%
BoldItalicFont = NotoSans-BoldItalic.ttf,%
Path = ./fonts/Noto/Sans/,%
62 WordSpace = 1.25]
63 \DeclareTextFontCommand\textfallback{\fallbackfont}
64 \DeclareTextFontCommand\textsffallback{\sffallbackfont}
```

Generic Fonts Declaration Mechanism 2

```
#1
     Options passed to \babelprovide
#2
     language
#3
     argument(s) passed to \babelfont{rm}
#4
     argument(s) passed to \babelfont{sf}
```

```
65 \def\tpDeclareBabelFont{\@ifnextchar[\tp@declare@babel@font{\tp@declare@babel@font[]}}%]
  \def\tp@declare@babel@font[#1]#2#3#4{%
66
    \expandafter\ifx\csname use@script@#2\endcsname\@empty
67
68
      \babelprovide[#1]{#2}%
      \message{^^J [coco-script Loaded Script: #2]^^J}%
69
70
      \expandafter\gdef\csname tp@babel@rm@font@#2\endcsname{#3}%
71
      \expandafter\gdef\csname tp@babel@sf@font@#2\endcsname{#4}%
72
      if!#2!else
73
        \def\tp@tempa{\babelfont[#2]{rm}}%
74
75
        \expandafter\expandafter\tp@tempa\csname tp@babel@rm@font@#2\endcsname
76
      \fi
77
      \mathbf{if}!#3!\else
        \def\tp@tempa{\babelfont[#2]{sf}}%
78
79
        \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\tp@tempa\csname tp@babel@sf@font@#2\endcsname
80
      \fi
    \fi
81
82 }
```

Top level macro to declare a font alias.

- #1 font family alias
- font family fallback

```
83 \def\tpBabelAlias#1#2{%
    \ifx\usescript\relax\else
84
      \def\tp@script@callback##1{%
85
       \expandafter\ifx\csname tp@no@fallback@##1\endcsname\relax
86
87
         \expandafter\ifx\csname tp@babel@#2@font@##1\endcsname\relax
88
           \PackageError
89
             {coco-script.sty}
90
             {\expandafter\string\csname #2family\endcsname\space for Language '##1' was not
                 declared!}
91
             {You attempted to declare an alias towards a font family that has not been declared
                 for the language '##1', yet.}%
92
93
           \def \tp@tempa{\babelfont[##1]{#1}}%
           \expandafter\expandafter\tp@tempa\csname tp@babel@#2@font@##1\endcsname
94
         \fi
95
        \else
96
```

```
\PackageInfo{coco-script.sty}{^^J\space\space\space No fallback for '##1';^^J\space
97
              \space\space\space Skipping font family '#1'->'#2'}%
98
        \fi}%
99
      \expandafter\parse@script\usescript,,\relax
100
    \{fi\}
```

Predefined script systems

Support for Armenian script

```
\ifx\use@script@armenian\@empty
101
     \message{^^J [coco-script Loaded Script: Armenian]^^J}
102
103
     \def\NotoArmenianPath{./fonts/Noto/Armenian/}
104
     \newfontfamily\fallbackfont@armenian{NotoSansArmenian-Regular.ttf}%
105
       [BoldFont = NotoSansArmenian-Bold.ttf,%
       Path = \NotoArmenianPath,%
106
       WordSpace = 1.25]
107
     \DeclareTextFontCommand\armenian{\fallbackfont@armenian}
108
109
     \let\tp@no@fallback@armenian\@empty%
110 \fi
```

3.2 Support for Chinese script

```
\tpDeclareBabelFont{chinese}{[%
       Path=./fonts/Noto/Chinese/,
112
       BoldFont = NotoSerifSC-Bold.otf,%
113
       WordSpace = 1.25]{NotoSerifSC-Regular.otf}}
114
     { [%
115
      Path=./fonts/Noto/Chinese/,
116
117
      BoldFont = NotoSansSC-Bold.otf,%
118
       WordSpace = 1.25]{NotoSansSC-Regular.otf}%
119
```

Support for Japanese script

```
120 \tpDeclareBabelFont{japanese}{[%
121
       Path=./fonts/Noto/Japanese/,
       BoldFont = NotoSerifJP-Bold.otf,%
122
       WordSpace = 1.25]{NotoSerifJP-Regular.otf}
123
124
     }{[%
125
      Path=./fonts/Noto/Japanese/,
126
       BoldFont = NotoSansJP-Bold.otf,%
127
       WordSpace = 1.25]{NotoSansJP-Regular.otf}
128
     }
```

Support for Hebrew script

```
129 \tpDeclareBabelFont{hebrew}{[%
Scale=MatchUppercase,%
```

```
Path=./fonts/Noto/Hebrew/,%
131
132
       Ligatures=TeX,%
133
       BoldFont = NotoSerifHebrew-Bold.ttf]{NotoSerifHebrew-Regular.ttf}%
134
   }{[%
135
       Scale=MatchUppercase,%
       Path=./fonts/Noto/Hebrew/,%
136
137
       Ligatures=TeX,%
138
       BoldFont = NotoSansHebrew-Bold.ttf]{NotoSansHebrew-Regular.ttf}%
139 }
```

3.5 Support for Arabic script

```
\tpDeclareBabelFont{arabic}{[%
140
141
       BoldFont = NotoNaskhArabic-Bold.ttf,%
       Path = ./fonts/Noto/Arabic/%
142
       ]{NotoNaskhArabic-Regular.ttf}}
143
144
     { [%
145
       BoldFont = NotoSansArabic-Bold.ttf,%
146
       Path = ./fonts/Noto/Arabic/%
147
       ]{NotoSansArabic-Regular.ttf}%
148
```

3.6 Support for Greek script

```
149
   \tpDeclareBabelFont{greek}{[%
       BoldFont = NotoSerif-Bold.ttf,%
150
151
       ItalicFont = NotoSerif-Italic.ttf,%
       BoldItalicFont = NotoSerif-BoldItalic.ttf,%
152
153
      Path = ./fonts/Noto/Serif/,%
154
       WordSpace = 1.25
155
       ]{NotoSerif-Regular.ttf}}
156
     {[BoldFont = NotoSans-Bold.ttf,%
       ItalicFont = NotoSans-Italic.ttf,%
157
158
       BoldItalicFont = NotoSans-BoldItalic.ttf,%
159
      Path = ./fonts/Noto/Sans/,%
160
       WordSpace = 1.25%
161
       ]{NotoSans-Regular.ttf}%
     }
162
```

3.7 Support for Syrian script

Since Babel does not support the Syrian script natively, we create a babel-syriac.ini file and include it, if it is needed. If we don't, the kerning and ligatures of Syriac text will be off.

Please note that due to the restrictions of the listings-Package, some Unicode characters cannot be displayed correctly in the documentation of the following code. Therefore, Syriac letters appear as "x" in the following source code listing.

```
l63
| \expandafter\ifx\csname use@script@syriac\endcsname\@empty%
| RequirePackage{filecontents}
| begin{filecontents*}{babel-syriac.ini}
| identification|
| charset = utf8
| version = 0.1
```

```
169 date = 2019-08-25
170 name.local = xxxxxxxxxx
| name.english = Classical Syriac
172 name.babel = classicalsyriac
173 tag.bcp47 = syc
174 tag.opentype = SYR
175 script.name = Syriac
176 script.tag.bcp47 = Syrc
177 script.tag.opentype = syrc
178 level = 1
179 encodings =
180 derivate = no
181 [captions]
182 [date.gregorian]
183 [date.islamic]
184 [time.gregorian]
185 [typography]
186 [characters]
187 [numbers]
188 [counters]
189 \end{filecontents*}
190 \fi
```

Now, we can create the fallback font and import the newly created ini file:

```
191 \tpDeclareBabelFont[import=syriac]{syriac}{[%
       BoldFont = NotoSansSyriac-Black.ttf,%
192
193
       ItalicFont = NotoSansSyriac-Regular.ttf,%
       BoldItalicFont = NotoSansSyriac-Black.ttf,%
194
      Path = ./fonts/Noto/Syriac/,%
195
       WordSpace = 1.25
196
197
       ]{NotoSansSyriac-Regular.ttf}}
     {[BoldFont = NotoSansSyriac-Black.ttf,%
198
199
       ItalicFont = NotoSansSyriac-Regular.ttf,%
200
       BoldItalicFont = NotoSansSyriac-Black.ttf,%
201
      Path = ./fonts/Noto/Syriac/,%
       WordSpace = 1.25%
202
       ]{NotoSansSyriac-Regular.ttf}%
203
204
```

Support for medieval scripts and special characters

only rm!

```
205 \babelfont{mdv}[%
206 Path=fonts/Junicode/,%
207 ItalicFont = Junicode-Italic.ttf,%
208 BoldFont = Junicode-Bold.ttf,%
209 BoldItalicFont = Junicode-BoldItalic.ttf,%
210 ]{Junicode.ttf}
211 \def\mdvfont#1{{\mdvfamily#1}}
```

```
212 %</script>
```

Modul 9

coco-title.dtx

This file provides macros and facilities for title pages.

```
24 %<*title>
25 %%
26 %% module for CoCoTeX for maketitle.
27 %%
28 %% Maintainer: p.schulz@le-tex.de
29 %%
30 %% lualatex - texlive > 2019
31 %%
32 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}[2018/12/01]
33 \ProvidesPackage{coco-title}
4 [2024/01/16 0.4.0 CoCoTeX title module]
35 \RequirePackage{coco-meta}
```

1 Top-Level Interface

Declarator for the tpMaketitle macro.

```
36 \tpDeclareContainer{titlepage}{%
37 \tpInherit {Components,Properties} from CommonMeta;
38 \tpDeclareType{Components}{%
39 \tp@title@simple@comps
40 \tp@meta@generic@comp
```

The following macro provides some meta data Components defined in the coco-meta module. They are:

- Abstract and AbstractTitle,
- Keywords and KeywordsTitle,
- DOI and DOITitle, and
- TitleEn and TitleEnTitle, intended for foreign language publications where the title is translated into English.

```
41  \tp@title@fundings@comp
42  \tp@title@role@handlers{author}{Author}%
43  \tp@titlepage@role{editor}{Editor}%
44  \tp@titlepage@role{series-editor}{SeriesEditor}%
45  }%
46  \tpDeclareType{Properties}{}%
47  \tpDeclareEnv[tpMeta]{\tp@Meta}{\tp@endMeta}%
48 }
```

\tp@titlepage@role declares the roles for editors and series editors and initializes the biography meta block for both.

```
49 \def\tp@titlepage@role#1#2{%
    \tpDeclareRole[#1]{#2}%
50
    \tp@title@role@handlers{#1}{#2}%
51
52 }
```

\tp@title@role@handlers adds title page specific Components and Handlers to the Author, Editor and Series-Editor Roles.

```
\def\tp@title@role@handlers#1#2{%
53
    \tpAddToRole{#2}{%
54
55
      \tpDeclareCountedComp{Bio}%
      \tpDeclareCountedComp{Biography}}%
56
57
    \tpGroupHandler{tp#2}{%
      \tpIfComp{Biography}{}{\tpIfComp{Bio}{\tpBiography{\tpUseProperty{#1-biography-format}}}{}}}
58
59
    \tpDeclareRoleBlock{#2}{BioBlock}{#1-bio-block-format}%
60
61 }
```

\tpDeclareTitlepage is the default titlepage declarator with the next token being added the titlepage's Property list.

```
\def\tpDeclareTitlepage{\tpAddToType{Properties}{titlepage}}
```

\tp@Meta is the code executed at the beginning of the tpMeta Container

```
63 \def\tp@Meta{%
    \tpEvalType{Components}%
64
65 }
```

\tpAddTitleRole is a user-level macro to add both a new Role with the name #2 and a controlling Property #1 to the titlepage container.

```
66 \def\tpAddTitleRole#1#2{%
  67
  \tpAddTitleEval{\tp@title@eds@eval{#2}}%
68
69 }
```

\tpAddTitleEval is a User-level macro to add additional Material titlepage evaluators (the next token).

```
70 \def\tpAddTitleEval{\csgappto{tp@title@add@eval}}
```

\tp@title@add@eval is a hook for additional titlepage evaluators

```
\def\tp@title@add@eval{}
```

\tp@endMeta is the code executed at the end of the tpMeta Container

```
72 \def\tp@endMeta{%
    \tpNamespace{titlepage}%
73
    \tpEvalType{Properties}%
74
75
    \tp@maketitle
76
    \tp@meta@role@eval{Author}%
77
    \tpApplyCollection{tpAuthor}{\tp@meta@role@Author@BioBlock}{AuthorBioBlock}%
    \tpApplyCollection{tpAffil}{affil-block-item-format}{AffilBlock}%
78
79
    \tp@title@eds@eval{Editor}%
80 \tp@title@eds@eval{SeriesEditor}%
```

```
\tp@meta@generic@eval
81
82
    \tp@title@fundings@eval
83
    \tp@title@add@eval
84
    \tp@if@preamble\tp@title@set@pdfmeta\relax
85
    \tpUseHook{document-meta-hook}%
86
    \let\tp@cur@cont\@empty
87 }
```

2 **PDF Meta Data**

100

101 }

\tp@title@insert@xmp

The next few macros handle the content that is written directly into the pdf as meta data.

\tp@title@set@pdfmeta is the wrapper for the whole meta data handling.

```
\def\tp@title@set@pdfmeta{%
```

\tp@write@pdf@meta is used to transfer the pdf DocumentInfo meta date to the pdf writer. If LualFTFX is used, coco-accessibility.sty is loaded and it exists an cocotex.xmp, the Document Info is extracted from the xmp file. If neither of those conditions is met, the DocumentInfo meta data are generated from the Components in the tpMeta Container.

##1 is the pdfinfo name of the property, ##2 is the cocotex.ally.meta key, ##3 is the value

```
\def\tp@write@pdf@meta##1##2##3{%
89
     \@ifpackageloaded{coco-accessibility}
90
      {\edef\@tempa{\directlua{tex.print(cocotex.ally.meta.##2)}}}
91
      {\protected\def\@tempa{##3}}%
92
     \ifx\@tempa\@empty\else
93
      94
95
     \fi
   }%
96
97
   \tp@title@process@bkt
   \tp@title@process@bka
98
   \tp@title@process@bkc
99
```

\tp@title@process@bkt processes the document's main title

```
102 \def\tp@title@process@bkt{%
     \let\tpBreak\space
103
     \protected@xdef\@title{\tpUseComp{Title}}%
104
     \tp@write@pdf@meta{pdftitle}{Title}{\tpUseComp{Title}}%
105
     \protected@edef\tp@run@book@title{\tpUseProperty{run-book-title}}%
106
107
     \expandafter\gdef\expandafter\tpRunBookTitle\expandafter{\tp@run@book@title}%
108 }
```

\tp@title@process@bka processes the document's main author or, if that doesn't exist, the main editor, or throws a warning if neither exist.

```
109 \def\tp@title@process@bka{%
     \@tempswatrue
110
111
     \begingroup
112
      \tpGobble
```

```
\renewcommand\foreignlanguage[2]{{##2}}%
113
114
       \ifnum\tpAuthorCnt>\z@
         \@setpar{\@@par}%
115
         \tpCompGDef\tpRunBookName{tpAuthor}{author-list-pdfinfo-format}%
116
117
118
         \ifnum\tpEditorCnt>\z@
119
          \tpCompGDef\tpRunBookName{tpEditor}{editor-list-pdfinfo-format}%
120
         \else
121
           \tpPackageWarning{transcript-title}{Meta Data}{No author or editor given!}%
122
           \@tempswafalse
123
         \fi
124
       \fi
       \if@tempswa
125
         \expandafter\author\expandafter{\tpRunBookName}%
126
         \tp@write@pdf@meta{pdfauthor}{Author}{\tpRunBookName}%
127
128
       \fi
129
     \endgroup
130 }
```

\tp@title@process@bkc processes the metadata for the pdf creator

\tp@title@insert@xmp inserts the contents of the XMP meta data file into the pdf, if it exists. This non-accessible varinat requires the PDF not being compressed.

```
136 \def\tp@title@insert@xmp{%
     \edef\pdfobjcompresslevel{\pdfvariable objcompresslevel}%
137
     \pdfcompresslevel=0
138
     \pdfobjcompresslevel=0
139
     \edef\include@xmp{\noexpand\@include@xmp{\tpUseComp{XmpFile}.xmp}}
140
     \def\@include@xmp##1{\IfFileExists{##1}{\@@include@xmp{##1}}{}}
141
     \def\@@include@xmp##1{%
142
       \begingroup
143
         \pdfcompresslevel=0
144
        \immediate\pdfobj stream attr {/Type /Metadata /Subtype /XML}
145
146
147
        \pdfcatalog{/Metadata \the\pdflastobj\space 0 R}
148
       \endgroup}%
149
     \include@xmp
150 }
```

3 Intermediate Level Interfaces

before-maketitle-hook Hook that is expanded right before the titlepage is printed.

\tp@maketitle collects the meta information and constructs the tpMaketitle macro

```
153
   \def\tp@maketitle{%
     \ifarticle
154
155
       \gdef\tpMaketitle{%
156
         \let\tp@cnt@grp\@empty
         \tpUseHook[titlepage]{before-maketitle-hook}%
157
         \bgroup
158
           \tpNamespace{titlepage}%
159
           \tpEvalType{Properties}%
160
           \tpUseProperty{article-title}%
161
162
         \tpUseHook[titlepage]{after-maketitle-hook}%
163
       }%
164
165
     \else
       \gdef\tpMaketitle{%
166
         \let\tp@cnt@grp\@empty
167
168
         \tpUseHook[titlepage]{before-maketitle-hook}%
169
         \bgroup
170
           \tpNamespace{titlepage}%
171
           \tpEvalType{Properties}%
           \tpUseProperty{before-titlepage}%
172
           \tpIfComp{Cover}{%
173
             \tpUseProperty{coverpage}%
174
175
          }{}%
176
           \tpUseProperty{before-titlepage-roman}%
           \tpUseProperty{titlepage-roman}%
177
178
           \tpUseProperty{after-titlepage}%
179
         \egroup
         }%
180
     \fi
181
182 }
```

Funds, Grants, and Supporters

This is a Subcontainer within tpMeta which allows to set up multiple funding, grant, or supporter callouts.

\tp@title@fundings@comp wrapper to set up the Subcontainer

```
183 \def\tp@title@fundings@comp{%
    184
185
    \tpDeclareComponentGroup{tpFunding}{%
     \tpDeclareCountedComp{FundName}%
186
     \tpDeclareCountedComp{FundLogo}%
187
     \tpDeclareCountedComp{FundID}%
188
189
    }{}%
190 }
```

\tp@title@fundings@eval Evaluator for the funding

```
\def\tp@title@fundings@eval{{%
191
192
       \def\tp@cur@cont{titlepage}%
       \tpComposeCollection{tpFunding}{fund-format}{FundingBlock}%
193
194 }}
```

\tp@title@eds@eval evaluator for the editors

```
195 \def\tp@title@eds@eval#1{%
```

```
\tp@meta@role@eval{#1}%
196
197
     \tpApplyCollection{tp#1}{\csname tp@meta@role@#1@BioBlock\endcsname}{#1BioBlock}%
198
     \tp@create@editor@string{#1}}
```

\tp@create@editor@string evaluates the editor string and adds a suffix.

```
199
   \def\tp@create@editor@string#1{%
     \expandafter\ifx\csname tp@\tp@cur@cont @#1NameList\endcsname\relax\else
200
       \csgappto{tp@\tp@cur@cont @#1NameList}{{\letcs\tpTotalCount{tp#1Cnt}\tpUseProperty{editor-
201
    \fi
202
203 }%
```

3.2 Simple Component Declarations

\tp@title@macro is an alias for \tpDeclareGComp for backwards compatibility.

```
204 \let\tp@title@macro\tpDeclareGComp
```

\tp@title@simple@comps wrapper for the Titlepage's simple Components.

```
\def\tp@title@simple@comps{%
     \tpDeclareGComp[\jobname]{XmpFile} % File basename of the XMP file ('.xmp' is added automatically)
206
207
     % Cover
     \tp@title@macro{Cover} % Path to Cover Image(!)
208
209
     %% Titles
210
     \tp@title@macro{Title} % Main Title
     \tp@title@macro{ShortTitle} % Shortened main title
211
     \tp@title@macro{RunTitle} % Shortened main title override for headers
212
213
     \tp@title@macro{AltTitle} % Alternative main title (e.g. for bastard title page)
     \tp@title@macro{Subtitle} % Sub Title
214
     \tp@title@macro{RunNames} % Shortened list of names (authors and/or publishers)
215
     \tp@title@macro{AltNames} % Alternative list of names (e.g. for bastard title page)
216
217
     %% Series
218
     \tp@title@macro{Series} % Series Title
219
     \tp@title@macro{SubSeries} % Series Subtitle
     \tp@title@macro{SeriesNote} % Series Notes
220
     \tp@title@macro{Volume} % Series Volume
221
     \tp@title@macro{Number} % Series Number
222
223
     \tp@title@macro{EditorNameList} % Editor Text Line
     \tp@title@macro{SeriesEditorNameList} % Series Editor Text Line
224
225
226
     \tp@title@macro{Publisher} % Publisher Name
     \tp@title@macro{PubDivision} % Publishing Division
227
     \tp@title@macro{PubDivInfo} % Publishing Division Info
228
     \tp@title@macro{PubPlace} % Publisher Location
229
230
     \tp@title@macro{PubLogo} % Publisher Logo
231
     \tp@title@macro{PubNote} % Additional publisher notes
232
     \tp@title@macro{PubWeb} % Publisher URL
233
     %% Pubication Meta
     \tp@title@macro{PDFCreator} % Creator for pdf metadata
234
     \tp@title@macro[le-tex xerif]{PDFProducer} % PDF producer for pdf metadata
235
236
     \tp@title@macro{Dedication} % Dedication
237
     \tp@title@macro{Acknowledgements} % Acknowledgements
238
     \tp@title@macro{Statement} % Acknowledgements
239
     \tp@title@macro{EditionNote} % Edition Note
240
     \tp@title@macro{Editorial} % Editorial
     \tp@title@macro{Edition} % Edition
241
```

```
\tp@title@macro{Year} % Publication Year
242
243
     \tp@title@macro{ISBNPreText} % Text before ISBN block
244
     \tp@title@macro{ISBN} % ISBN
245
     \tp@title@macro{ISSN} % ISSN
246
     \tp@title@macro{EISSN} % Ebook-ISSN
247
     \tp@title@macro{EpubPreText} % Text between ISBN and eISBN
248
     \tp@title@macro{EISBN} % Ebook-ISBN
249
     \tp@title@macro{EpubISBN} % Epub-ISBN
250
     \tp@title@macro{ElibPDF} % ???
251
     \tp@title@macro{BiblISSN} % Bibl-ISBN
     \tp@title@macro{BibleISSN} % Bible-ISBN
252
253
     %% Funding
254
     \tp@title@macro{FundingPreText} % Text before the Funding list
     \tp@title@macro{FundingPostText} % Text after the Funding list
255
256
     %% Imprint Meta
257
     \tp@title@macro{Biblio} % Bibliographical Information
     \tp@title@macro{BiblioTitle} % Heading Bibliographical Information
258
259
     \tp@title@macro{Print} % Printer
260
     \tp@title@macro{PrintNote} % Print Note
261
     \tp@title@macro{Lectorate} % Lector
262
     \tp@title@macro{Translator} % Translator
263
     \tp@title@macro{CoverConcept} % Cover Concept
     \tp@title@macro{CoverDesign} % Cover Designer
264
     \tp@title@macro{CoverImage} % Cover Image Creator
265
     \tp@title@macro{Typesetter} % Typesetting company
266
     \tp@title@macro{QA} % Quality Assurance
267
     \tp@title@macro{UsedFont} % Used Font(s)
268
     \tp@title@macro{Conversion} % Data Converison
269
270
     \tp@title@macro{EnvDisclaimer} % Environmental Disclaimer
     \tp@title@macro{Advertise} % Advertisements
271
272
     %% Licencing
273
     \tp@title@macro{LicenceText} % License Description
     \tp@title@macro{LicenceLogo} % License Logo
274
     \tp@title@macro{LicenceLink} % License Link
275
276
     \tp@title@macro{LicenceName} % License Name
277
     \tp@title@macro{CopyrightDisclaimer} % Copyright Disclaimer
     %% for iournals
278
     \tp@title@macro{JournalName} % Full name of the journal
279
280
     \tp@title@macro{JournalAbbrev} % Short name of the journal
     \tp@title@macro{Issue} % Issue of the journal
281
     \tp@title@macro{PubCycle} % Publication cycle
282
283
     \tp@title@macro{Prices} % Prices of the journal issues or subscription models
     \tp@title@macro{MemberList} % In case of publishing organizations, this macro may hold a list of
284
         members.
285
     %% for single articles
     \tp@title@macro{StartPage} % Start page of a single article
286
     \tp@title@macro{EndPage} % End page of a single article
287
     \tpDeclareLabeledComp[Cite as]{CiteAs}{cite-as} % As what the article should be cited
288
     \tpDeclareLabeledComp[Submitted]{Submitted}{sumbitted} % Date the article was submitted
289
     \tpDeclareLabeledComp[Received]{Received}{received} % Date the article was recieved
     \tpDeclareLabeledComp[Revised]{Revised}{revised} % Date the article was revised
291
     \tpDeclareLabeledComp[Reviewed] {Reviewed} {reviewed} % Date the article was reviewed
292
     \tpDeclareLabeledComp[Accepted]{Accepted} \{accepted} \% Date the article was accepted
293
     \tpDeclareLabeledComp[Published]{Published} \ published} \ Date the article was published
294
     \tpDeclareLabeledComp[Conflict of Interest]{COIStatement}{coi-statement}% Conflict of Interest
295
         statement
296
     %% Generic additional information
297
     \tp@title@macro{AddNoteI} % Additional information, title page I
     \tp@title@macro{AddNoteII} % Additional information, title page II
298
     \tp@title@macro{AddNoteIII} % Additional information, title page III
299
     \tp@title@macro{AddNoteIV} % Additional information, title page IV
300
```

```
301 }
```

4 Default Settings

```
302 \tpAddToDefault{titlepage}{%
     \tpSetProperty{article-title}{}%
303
     % Title page hooks
304
305
     % Before \tpMaketitle and outside the group
306
     \tpSetProperty{before-titlepage}{%
       \pagestyle{empty}%
307
       \parindent\z@
308
       \parskip\z@
309
310
     \tpSetProperty{after-titlepage}{\pagestyle{headings}}%
311
312
     % Pages of title
     %% Cover page
313
     \tpSetProperty{coverpage}{%
314
       \bgroup
315
         \def\thepage{\@alph\c@page}%
316
317
         \smash{\rlap{%
318
            \raise\dimexpr\headheight+\headsep+\topmargin+\topskip-\paperheight\relax
319
              \hskip-\oddsidemargin
320
              \includegraphics[width=\paperwidth,height=\paperheight]{\tpUseComp{Cover}}%
321
322
323
         \tpUseProperty{after-coverpage}%
324
       \egroup
325
     \tpSetProperty{after-coverpage}{\cleardoublepage}%
326
     \tpSetProperty{titlepage-roman}{%
327
       \tpUsePropEnv{titlepage-i}%
328
329
       \clearpage
330
       \tpUsePropEnv{titlepage-ii}%
331
       \clearpage
332
       \tpUsePropEnv{titlepage-iii}%
333
       \clearpage
       \tpUsePropEnv{titlepage-iv}%
334
       \clearpage
335
336
     }%
337
     %% Generic meta blocks
     \tpSetProperty{generic-meta-heading-face}{\large}% format of the heading of a generic meta block
338
     \tpSetProperty{generic-meta-format}{% Format of a single generic meta-block
339
       \tpIfComp{Heading}{{\tpUseProperty{generic-meta-heading-face}\tpUseComp{Heading}\par}\vskip\
340
           baselineskip}{}%
       \tpUseComp{Content}%
341
342
       \par%
343
     }%
344
     %% Funding
345
     \tpSetProperty{funding-columns}{2}
     \tpSetProperty{funding-format}{}%
346
```

Fallback for the width in case someone sets up a fixed value for a fund's width.

```
\tpSetProperty{fund-width}{.5\textwidth}
\tpSetProperty{fund-vertical-sep}{\baselineskip}%
\tpSetProperty{fund-sep}{%
\textwidth}
\tpSetProperty{fund-sep}{\baselineskip}%
\text{\textwidth}
\text{\text{\textwidth}}
\text{\text{\textwidth}}
\text{\text{\textwidth}}
\text{\text{\textwidth}}
\text{\text{\text{\textwidth}}}
\text{\text{\text{\text{\textwidth}}}}
\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\
```

```
\ifnum\@tempcnta=\z@
351
352
        \par
353
        \ifnum\tpCurCount<\tpTotalCount\relax
354
          \vskip\tpUseProperty{fund-vertical-sep}%
355
        \fi
356
      \else
        \hfill
357
358
      \mathbf{fi}
359
     \tpSetProperty{fund-format}{% Format of a single fund/grant/sponsor
360
      \strut\vtop{%
        \hsize\tpUseProperty{fund-width}%
361
        362
        \includegraphics[width=\tpUseProperty{fund-width}]{\tpUseComp{FundLogo}}}}%
363
      \tpUseProperty{fund-sep}%
364
365
    }%
366
     \tpSetProperty{funding-sep}{4mm}%
     \tpSetProperty{funding-block}{%
367
368
      \bgroup
```

We set fund-width here so that the value is calculated only once and only the result is stored in the fund-width Property.

```
\tpSetPropertyX{fund-width}{\dimexpr(\textwidth/\tpUseProperty{funding-columns})-(\
369
             tpUseProperty{funding-sep}/\tpUseProperty{funding-columns})\relax}
370
         \tpUseProperty{funding-format}%
         \tpGetComp{FundingPreText}%
371
         \tpGetComp{FundingBlock}%
372
         \tpGetComp{FundingPostText}%
373
         \par
374
375
       \egroup
376
377
     %% before the roman part of the title pages but after cover page
378
     \tpSetProperty{before-titlepage-roman}{%
379
       \setcounter{page}{1}%
       \def\thepage{\roman{page}}%
380
381
     }%
382
     \tpSetProperty{titlepage-i}{%
383
       \ifmonograph
         \tpUseComp{AuthorNameList}%
384
       \else
385
         \tpUseProperty{EditorNameList}%
386
       \fi%
387
       \vskip\baselineskip
388
389
       \bgroup
         \tpUseProperty{title-face}\tpUseComp{Title}%
390
391
       \egroup
       %\expandafter\meaning\csname tp@titlepage@editor-2@FullName\endcsname
392
393
     \tpSetProperty{titlepage-ii}{%
394
395
       \tpGetComp{Editorial}%
396
       \tpGetComp{SeriesNote}%
397
       \tpGetComp{GenericMetaBlock}%
398
       \vfill
399
       \tpUseProperty{bio-output}%
400
401
     \tpSetProperty{titlepage-iii}{%
402
       \ifmonograph
403
         \tpUseComp{AuthorNameList}%
404
       \else
405
         \tpUseProperty{EditorNameList}%
406
       \fi%
```

```
\par
407
408
       \tpUseProperty{title-format}
409
       \tpGetComp{Edition}%
410
       \tpGetComp{EditionNote}%
411
       \vfill
412
       \clearpage
413
     }%
     \tpSetProperty{titlepage-iv}{%
414
415
       \tpGetComp{Dedication}% Dedication
416
       \tpGetComp{Acknowledgements}% Dedication
417
       \tpUseProperty{imprint-format}%
418
       \tpUseProperty{funding-block}%
       \vfill
419
       \bgroup
420
421
         \tpUseProperty{imprint-face}%
422
         \tpIfComp{Biblio}{{\bfseries\tpGetComp{BiblioTitle}}\tpGetComp{Biblio}}{}%
         \tpUseProperty{imprint-sep}%
423
424
         \tpUseProperty{imprint}%
425
       \egroup
426
       \clearpage
427
     }%
428
     %% predefined face and format Properties
     \tpSetProperty{title-face}{\Huge\sffamily\bfseries}%
429
     \tpSetProperty{title-format}{%
430
431
       \bgroup
         \tpUseProperty{title-face}%
432
433
         \tpUseComp{Title}\par
434
       \egroup
435
       \tpIfComp{Subtitle}{\tpUseProperty{subtitle-format}}{}%
       \tpGetComp{Statement}%
436
437
       \vskip\baselineskip
438
     \tpSetProperty{subtitle-face}{\Large\sffamily\bfseries}%
439
440
     \tpSetProperty{subtitle-format}{%
441
       \bgroup
442
         \tpUseProperty{subtitle-face}%
         \tpUseComp{Subtitle}%
443
444
       \egroup
       \par
445
     }%
446
447
     %% Imprint
     \tpSetProperty{imprint-face}{\footnotesize}%
448
449
     \tpSetProperty{imprint-sep}{\ifhmode\par\fi\addvspace{\baselineskip}}%
450
     \tpSetProperty{imprint}{%
451
       \tpUseProperty{publisher}%
452
       \tpGetComp{Qualification}
453
       \tpGetComp{Conversion}%%
454
       \tpGetComp{CoverDesign}%%
455
       \tpGetComp{CoverImage}%%
       \tpGetComp{Lectorate}%%
456
457
       \tpGetComp{QA}%%
       \tpGetComp{Translator}%%
458
       \tpGetComp{Appraiser}%%
459
       \tpGetComp{Discussion}%%
460
461
       \tpGetComp{Typesetter}%%
462
       \tpGetComp{Print}%%
463
       \tpGetComp{UsedFont}
464
       \tpGetComp{DOI}%%
465
       \tpGetComp{Keywords}
       \tpUseProperty{imprint-sep}%
466
467
       \tpGetComp{ISBNPreText}%
```

```
\tpGetComp{ISBN}%
468
469
       \tpGetComp{EpubPreText}%
470
       \tpGetComp{EISBN}%
471
       \tpGetComp{EpubISBN}%
472
       \tpUseProperty{imprint-sep}%
473
       \tpGetComp{EnvDisclaimer}%
474
     3%
475
     \tpSetProperty{journal-meta}{%
476
       \tpUseLabeledComp{Submitted}%
477
       \tpUseLabeledComp{Received}%
       \tpUseLabeledComp{Revised}%
478
479
       \tpUseLabeledComp{Accepted}%
       \tpUseLabeledComp{Published}%
480
481
       \tpUseLabeledComp{Copyright}%
482
       \tpUseLabeledComp{COIStatement}%
483
       \tpUseLabeledComp{Keywords}
484
485
     \tpSetProperty{licence}{%
486
       \tpIfComp{LicenceLogo}{\includegraphics{\tpUseComp{LicenceLogo}}\par}{}%
487
       \tpGetComp{LicenceText}%
488
489
     \tpSetProperty{copyright}{%
       \tpIfComp{Copyright}
490
491
         {\tpUseComp{Copyright}\par}
492
         {\textcopyright\space\tpUseComp{Year}\space\tpUseComp{Publisher},\space\tpUseComp{PubPlace
             }\par}%
493
       }%
     \tpSetProperty{publisher}{%
494
495
       \tpGetComp{PubDivInfo}%
       \tpUseProperty{copyright}%
496
497
       \tpGetComp{PubNote}%
498
       \tpGetComp{PubWeb}%
499
     }%
     % Name Formats
500
501
     \tpSetProperty{counted-meta-sep}{\ifnum\tpCurCount<\tpTotalCount\relax\vskip\baselineskip\fi}%</pre>
          separator between multiple instances of the same meta datum
     \tpSetProperty{counted-name-sep}{% Separator between multiple names; titlepage-specific override of
502
          the same Property in coco-meta!
       \ifnum\tpTotalCount>1\relax
503
         \ifnum\tpCurCount<\tpTotalCount\relax
504
          \ifnum\tpCurCount<\numexpr\tpTotalCount-1\relax
505
506
            \tpUseProperty{name-sep}%
          \else
507
508
            \tpUseProperty{name-and}%
509
          \fi
         \fi
510
       \fi
511
512
     % Aliasses for different Roles, see coco-meta.sty for the actual Property values:
513
514
     \tpPropertyLet{editor-cite-name-format} {role-cite-name-format}%
515
     \tpPropertyLet{editor-short-cite-name-format} {role-short-cite-name-format}%
516
     \tpPropertyLet{editor-full-name-format} {role-full-name-format}%
517
     \tpPropertyLet{editor-pdfinfo-name-format} {role-pdfinfo-name-format}%
518
519
     \tpPropertyLet{editor-correspondence-as-format} {role-correspondence-string-format}%
520
521
     \tpPropertyLet{editor-list-print-format} {role-block-print-format}%
522
     \tpPropertyLet{editor-list-cite-format} {role-block-cite-format}%
     \tpPropertyLet{editor-list-short-cite-format} {role-block-short-cite-format}%
523
     \tpPropertyLet{editor-list-pdfinfo-format} {role-block-pdfinfo-format}%
524
     \tpPropertyLet{editor-list-correspondence-format} {role-block-correspondence-format}%
525
```

```
%% series-editors:
526
527
     \tpPropertyLet{series-editor-cite-name-format} {role-cite-name-format}%
     \tpPropertyLet{series-editor-short-cite-name-format} {role-short-cite-name-format}%
528
529
     \tpPropertyLet{series-editor-full-name-format} {role-full-name-format}%
530
     \tpPropertyLet{series-editor-pdfinfo-name-format} {role-pdfinfo-name-format}%
531
     \tpPropertyLet{series-editor-correspondence-as-format} {role-correspondence-as-format}%
532
533
     \tpPropertyLet{series-editor-list-print-format} {role-block-print-format}%
534
     \tpPropertyLet{series-editor-list-cite-format} {role-block-cite-format}%
535
     \tpPropertyLet{series-editor-list-short-cite-format} {role-block-short-cite-format}%
     \tpPropertyLet{series-editor-list-pdfinfo-format} {role-block-pdfinfo-format}%
536
537
     \tpPropertyLet{series-editor-list-correspondence-format} {role-block-correspondence-format}%
538
     %% name Separators
539
     \tpSetProperty{editor-suffix-sgl}{(Ed.)}%
540
     \tpSetProperty{editor-suffix-pl}{(Eds.)}%
541
     \tpSetProperty{editor-suffix}{%
542
       \space
543
       \ifnum\tpTotalCount=\@ne\relax
544
        \tpUseProperty{editor-suffix-sgl}%
545
       \else
546
        \tpUseProperty{editor-suffix-pl}%
547
       \fi
     }%
548
549
     % Biography
     % those Properties control how (Role specific) Biography Blocks are formatted, i.e. the list of all
550
         Biographies of a specific Role:
551
     \tpSetProperty{role-bio-block-face}{}% face for the entire, role-specific, Biography Block
552
     \tpSetProperty{role-bio-block-format}{{\tpUseProperty{role-bio-block-face}\tpUseComp{Biography
         }}\par}% Format of the whole, Role specific, Biography Block
     \tpPropertyLet{author-bio-block-format} {role-bio-block-format}% Override for single author meta
553
         info
     \tpPropertyLet{editor-bio-block-format} {role-bio-block-format}% Override for single editor meta
554
         info
     \tpPropertyLet{series-editor-bio-block-format} {role-bio-block-format}% Override for single
555
         series editor meta info
     % those Properties control how a (Role specific) Biography is formatted:
557
     \tpSetProperty{role-biography-format}{{\bfseries\tpUseComp{FullName}:}\space\tpUseComp{Bio}\
         par}% Format of a single entry in the Role specific Biography
     \tpPropertyLet{author-biography-format} {role-biography-format}% Override for single author meta
558
     \tpPropertyLet{editor-biography-format} {role-biography-format}% Override for single editor meta
559
     \tpPropertyLet{series-editor-biography-format} {role-biography-format}% Override for single
560
         series editor meta info
     \tpSetProperty{bio-output-format}{%
561
       \tpGetComp{AuthorBioBlock}%
562
563
       \tpGetComp{EditorBioBlock}%
564
       \tpGetComp{SeriesEditorBioBlock}%
565
     % Running headers
566
     \tpSetProperty{run-book-title}{%
567
       \tpIfComp{RunTitle}
568
         {\tpUseComp{RunTitle}}
569
         {\tpIfComp{ShortTitle}
570
571
          {\tpUseComp{ShortTitle}}
          {\tpIfComp{Title}{\tpUseComp{Title}}{No title given!}}}%
572
573
574
     \tpSetProperty{run-book-name}{%
575
       \tpIfComp{RunNames}
         {\tpUseComp{RunNames}}
576
577
         {\ifmonograph
```

```
\tpIfComp{AuthorNameList}
578
             {\tpUseComp{AuthorNameList}}
579
             {no author defined!}%
580
581
           \tpIfComp{EditorNameList}
582
583
             {\tpUseComp{EditorNameList}}
             %{\tpUseProperty{editor-string}}
584
             {no editor defined!}%
585
         \fi}%
586
     }%
587
588 }
```

```
589 %</title>
```

Modul 10

coco-floats.dtx

This module provides handlers for floating objects like tables and figures common to all CoCoTeX projects

```
24 %<*floats>

25 %%
26 %% module for CoCoTeX that extends floating objects.
27 %%
28 %% Maintainer: p.schulz@le-tex.de
29 %%
30 %% lualatex - texlive > 2019
31 %%
32 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}[2018/12/01]
33 \ProvidesPackage{coco-floats}
34        [2024/01/16 0.4.0 CoCoTeX floats module]
35 \DeclareOptionX{nofigs}{\global\let\tp@nofigs\relax}
        \ProcessOptionsX
```

1 Package Setup

1.1 Hard requirements

```
37 \RequirePackage{coco-common}
38 \RequirePackage{rotating}
39 \RequirePackage{grffile}
40 \RequirePackage{footnote}
41 \RequirePackage[Export]{adjustbox}
42 \usepackage{stfloats}
43 \setcounter{dblbotnumber}{5}
```

1.2 Document Class Option overrides

for automatic type setting and float positioning, we set very high tolerances in macros from \LaTeX 's standard

2 .clo

files:

```
44 \def\topfraction{0.9}
45 \def\textfraction{0.1}
46 \def\bottomfraction{0.8}
```

```
47 \def\totalnumber{8}
48 \def\topnumber{8}
49 \def\bottomnumber{8}
50 \def\floatpagefraction{0.8}
51 \@fptop\z@
52 \@fpbot\@flushglue
```

2.1 Internal registers

Some reserved box registers for measuring, the first one, \tp@floatbox, is for the whole float, the second one, \tp@subfltbox, is for a single sub-float. The third one, \tp@calcfltbox, is used to calculate the overall dimensions

```
53 \newbox \tp@floatbox
54 \newbox \tp@subfltbox
55 \newbox \tp@calcfltbox
```

Internal counters: \tpSubFloatCnt counts the sub-floats within a single float, \tp@int@flt@cnt is the internal global counter for all floats.

```
56 \newcount\tpSubFloatCnt \tpSubFloatCnt=\z@\relax
  \newcount\tp@int@flt@cnt \tp@int@flt@cnt\z@
```

Various dimension registers that store dimensions and spaces of floats and sub-floats:

- \tp@subflt@maxheight stores and self-updates the height of the largest sub-float inside a float
- \tp@subflt@sep is the space between sub-floats
- \tp@total@flt@width stores the cumulated overall width of the entire float
- \tp@calc@flt@width is an internal dimension used to calculate the ratio between mutiple sub-floats that should be scaled to the same height
- \tp@total@flt@height is the overall height of a float
- \tp@total@flt@depth is the overall depth of a float

```
\frac{\newdimen\tp@subflt@maxheight \tp@subflt@maxheight=\z@\relax}
59 \newdimen\tp@subflt@sep \tp@subflt@sep=\fboxsep\relax
60 \newdimen\tp@total@flt@width \tp@total@flt@width=\textwidth\relax
61 \newdimen\tp@calc@flt@width \tp@calc@flt@width=\tp@total@flt@width\relax
62 \newdimen\tp@total@flt@height \tp@total@flt@height=\textwidth\relax
63 \newdimen\tp@total@flt@depth \tp@total@flt@depth=\textwidth\relax
```

Those two dimensions are used to pass the intext-skip and float-skip Properties to the render engine for spacing above and below the float, respectively.

```
64 \newskip\tp@flt@sep@top \tp@flt@sep@top=\z@\relax
65 \newskip\tp@flt@sep@bottom \tp@flt@sep@bottom=\z@\relax
```

Internal dimensions for the horizontal margins (right, left, inner and outer, respectively)

```
66 \newdimen\tp@flt@marg@r \tp@flt@marg@r=\z@\relax
67 \newdimen\tp@flt@marg@l \tp@flt@marg@l=\z@\relax
68 \newdimen\tp@flt@marg@i \tp@flt@marg@i=\z@\relax
69 \newdimen\tp@flt@marg@o \tp@flt@marg@o=\z@\relax
```

Locally adjustable switch to allow captions to break across pages

```
70 \newif\if@tp@flt@break@capt \@tp@flt@break@captfalse
```

String definitions for Property value comparisons

```
71 \def\tp@str@figure{figure}
72 \def\tp@str@table{table}
73 \def\tp@str@bottom{bottom}
74 \def\tp@str@top{top}
```

2.2 AtBeginDocument hook

```
75 \AtBeginDocument{%
```

Storing the final definitions of \label

```
\global\let\tpltx@label\label
```

implementing the nofigs option, doing some minor adjustments to the htmltabs package and store the final definition of includegraphics.

```
77
    \ifx\tp@nofigs\relax
78
      \renewcommand\includegraphics[2][]{}%
79
    \global\let\tpltx@includegraphics\includegraphics
80
```

Adjustments to the htmltabs package, if it is used:

```
\@ifpackageloaded{htmltabs}
81
      {\global\let\tp@uses@htmltabs\relax
82
       \def\ht@adjust@linewidth{%
83
84
         \advance\ht@h@offset\leftskip
85
         \advance\ht@h@offset\@totalleftmargin
        %\advance\linewidth-\leftskip
86
87
         \advance\linewidth-\rightskip
       }%
88
      }{}%
```

In order to catch the actual dimensions of the float box, we need to hook into LATEX's \@endfloatbox macro. This macro is low-level enough so it covers regular, double-column, and rotated floats. Those values will later be written into the .aux file for each float. The values, together with the float's overall width, are stored in a macro called tp-float-\the\tp@int@flt@cnt-dimens.

```
\gappto\@endfloatbox{%
90
      \global\tp@total@flt@height=\ht\@currbox\relax%
91
      \global\tp@total@flt@depth=\dp\@currbox\relax%
92
   }%
93
94 }%
```

Internal macros

3.1 Generic resetter

\tp@flt@reset@defaults resets the parameters for sub-floats.

- #1 the caption type (e.g., figure, table)
- abbreviation of the caption list (e.g., standard LATEX uses lof for the List of Figures, lot for the List of Tables) #2

```
\def\tp@flt@reset@defaults{%
     \global\tpSubFloatCnt=\z@
96
97
     \global\tp@total@flt@width=\z@
     \global\let\tp@has@capt@top\@undefined
98
99
     \global\let\tp@has@capt@bottom\@undefined
100
     \global\let\tp@has@subcapt@top\@undefined
     \global\let\tp@has@subcapt@bottom\@undefined
101
     \global\let\tp@sub@contentsline@store\@empty
102
     \global\tp@subflt@maxheight=\z@\relax
103
104
     \ensuremath{\texttt{Qtempcnta}=\z@\mathbf{relax}}
     \tp@reset@components{\tp@cur@cont}%
105
     \let\tp@prefix\@empty
106
     \let\ht@cur@element\tp@captype
107
     \global\let\tp@current@class\relax
108
109 }
```

3.2 Internal macros that handle Attributes

\tp@get@flt@attr invokes the parser for the optional argument of float environments.

- is the content of the optional argument, #1
- #2 is the caption type.

```
110 \def\tp@get@flt@attr#1#2{%
111
     \mathbf{if}!#1!\else
       \tpParseAttributes{#2}{#1}%
112
       \tpIfAttr{#2}{class}
113
         {\global\letcs\tp@current@class{tp@#2@attr@class}%
114
          \tpUseClass{default}{\tp@captype}%
115
          \expandafter\tpUseClass\expandafter{\csname tp@#2@attr@class\endcsname}{\tp@captype}}
116
117
         \tpIfAttr{#2}{break-caption}{\@tp@flt@break@capttrue}{}%
118
     \fi
119
     \tp@get@flt@pos{#2}}
120
```

\tp@get@flt@pos is the handler for determining the floating position. Some float Properties and Attributes restrict and override the explicit float positions, e.g., fully rotated floats must be positioned in p mode (i.e., as float page). #1 is the caption type.

```
121 \def\tp@get@flt@pos#1{%
     \tpIfAttr{#1}{float-pos}
122
       {\letcs\tp@fps{tp@#1@attr@float-pos}}
123
       {\let\tp@fps\@empty}%
124
125
     \def\@tempa{h!}\ifx\tp@fps\@tempa\let\tp@fps\@empty\fi
126
     \def\@tempa{h}\ifx\tp@fps\@tempa\def\tp@fps{htbp!}\fi
     \ifx\tp@do@dblfloat\relax
127
       \ifx \times \ensuremath{\mbox{def}} \ensuremath{\mbox{def}} \htpb! \fi 11514
128
       \linewidth\dimexpr2\columnwidth+\columnsep\relax
129
130
       \hsize\linewidth\relax
131
     \tpIfAttrStr{#1}{orientation}{landscape}
132
       {\linewidth\textheight
133
        \hsize\linewidth
134
        \def\tp@fps{p}}
135
136
       {}}
```

\tp@set@flt@env determines the low-level LATEX float environment depending on orientation and document options. If no float-pos is given (implicitely or determined), the object is not treated as a float at all.

```
\def\tp@set@flt@env{%
137
                    \ifx\tp@fps\@empty
138
                            \let\tp@b@float\relax
139
                            \let\tp@e@float\relax
140
                            \ifhmode\par\fi
141
                     \else
142
143
                            \let\tp@b@float\tp@captype%
                            \tpIfAttrStr{\tp@captype}{orientation}{landscape}
144
                                    {\edef\@tp@b@float{sideways\tp@b@float}%
145
                                      \label{location} $$ \edgin{\edgin{\edgin{left} $\edgin \in \mathbb{T}_{tp@b@float} \edgin{left} \edgin{left} $\edgin \in \mathbb{T}_{tp@b@float} \edgin{left} $\edgin \in \mathbb{T}_{tp@b@float} \edgin{left} $\edgin \in \mathbb{T}_{tp@b@float} \edgin{left} $\edgin \in \mathbb{T}_{tp@b@float} \edgin{left} \ed
146
                                      \redef\tp@e@float{\noexpand\end{\@tp@b@float\ifx\tp@do@dblfloat\relax*\fi}}}
147
148
                                    {\edef\tp@flt@env{\ifx\tp@do@dblfloat\relax dbl\fi}%
149
                                       \edef\tp@b@float{\expandafter\noexpand\csname @x\tp@flt@env float\endcsname {\tp@captype
                                                         }[\tp@fps]}%
                                       \edef\tp@e@float{\expandafter\noexpand\csname end@\tp@flt@env float\endcsname}}%
150
                        \{fi\}
151
```

\tp@flt@debug prints some debug information to stdout for a single float that has the Attribute debug set.

```
\def\tp@flt@debug#1{%
152
153
    \tpIfAttr{#1}{debug}
154
    {\message{^^J[tp Float Debug]^^J
        Textheight:\space\the\textheight^^J
155
        Type:\space\space\space\space\tp@cur@cont^^J
156
157
   \ifx\tp@captype\tp@str@figure
        Path: \space\space\space\space\space\@tp@fig@path^^J
158
159
   \fi
        Class:\space\space\space\space\space\tp@current@class^^J
160
        Floatpos:\space\space\tp@fps^^J
161
        Environ:\space\space\space\space\space\expandafter\noexpand\tp@b@float...\expandafter\noexpand\
162
            tp@e@float^^J
        Subfloat:\space\space\the\tpSubFloatCnt^^J
163
   \ifnum\tpSubFloatCnt=\z@
164
        Width:\space\space\space\space\space\the\tp@total@flt@width^^J
165
        Height:\space\space\space\space\the\tp@total@flt@height^^J
166
        Depth:\space\space\space\space\space\the\tp@total@flt@depth^^J
167
   \else
168
        Width \the\tpSubFloatCnt:\space\space\space\space\space\expandafter\meaning\csname
169
            tp@\tp@cur@cont @width-\the\tpSubFloatCnt\endcsname^^J
        Height \the\tpSubFloatCnt:\space\space\space\space \expandafter\meaning\csname tp@\
170
            tp@cur@cont @height-\the\tpSubFloatCnt\endcsname^^J
        Depth \the\tpSubFloatCnt:\space\space\space\space\expandafter\meaning\csname
171
            tp@\tp@cur@cont @depth-\the\tpSubFloatCnt\endcsname^^J
172 \fi}}{}}
```

\tp@get@seps determines the top and bottom skips dependent on float position and orientation

```
173
   \def\tp@get@seps{%
     \ifx\tp@fps\@empty
174
       \expandafter\tp@flt@sep@top\dimexpr\tpUseProperty{intext-skip-top}\relax%
175
     \else
176
177
       \expandafter\tp@flt@sep@top\dimexpr\tpUseProperty{float-skip-top}\relax%
178
179
       \tpIfAttrStr{\tp@captype}{orientation}{landscape}{}
180
         {\ifx\tp@fps\@empty
181
           \expandafter\tp@flt@sep@bottom\dimexpr\tpUseProperty{intext-skip-bottom}\relax%
         \else
182
```

```
\expandafter\tp@flt@sep@bottom\dimexpr\tpUseProperty{float-skip-bottom}\relax%
\fi}}
```

\tp@set@*@sep Hooks to apply top and bottom skips, respectively.

```
\def\tp@set@top@sep{\addvspace{\tp@flt@sep@top}}
\def\tp@set@bot@sep{\addvspace{\tp@flt@sep@bottom}}
```

4 Float Container and Component Declarations

\tpMakeFltComp is a shortcut for float Component declarations. #1 is the generic name of the Component.

\tpMakeFltCompL is a shortcut to declare Float Components together with their *list*-of overrides. #1 is the generic name of the Component.

```
190 \def\tpMakeFltCompL#1{%

191 \tpMakeFltComp{#1}%

192 \tpMakeFltComp{Listof#1}}
```

\tp@flt@set@hsize calculates the available maximum width for the float contents and captions according to the values of the margin-right and the margin-left properties.

```
193
   \def\tp@flt@set@hsize{%
194
     \expandafter\tp@subflt@sep\tpUseProperty{sub-float-sep}\relax%
     \global\tp@total@flt@width=\hsize\relax
195
196
     \expandafter\tp@flt@marg@l\tpUseProperty{margin-left}\relax
197
     \expandafter\tp@flt@marg@r\tpUseProperty{margin-right}\relax
198
     \expandafter\tp@flt@marg@i\tpUseProperty{margin-inner}\relax
     \expandafter\tp@flt@marg@o\tpUseProperty{margin-outer}\relax
199
     \tp@flt@set@margins
200
     \verb|\global| advance| \verb|\tp@total@flt@width-\tp@flt@marg@r| relax|
201
202
     }
```

\tp@flt@set@margins realises inner and outer margins via the left and right margins.

```
\def\tp@flt@set@margins{%
203
     \tp@test@page
204
     \if@tp@odd
205
       \advance\tp@flt@marg@l\tp@flt@marg@i
206
       \advance\tp@flt@marg@r\tp@flt@marg@o
207
208
       \advance\tp@flt@marg@l\tp@flt@marg@o
209
       \advance\tp@flt@marg@r\tp@flt@marg@i
210
211
     \fi
212 }
```

```
\tpDeclareContainer{float}{%
213
     \tpDeclareType{Components}{%
214
       \tpMakeFltCompL{Caption}%
215
       \tpMakeFltCompL{Legend}%
216
217
       \tpMakeFltCompL{Source}%
       \tpMakeFltCompL{Number}%
218
       \tpMakeFltComp{RefLabel}%
219
220
       \tpMakeFltComp{AltText}% neu: 2023-06-08; TODO: muss noch implementiert werden
221
     \tpDeclareType{Properties}{}%
222
223 }
```

\tpDeclareFloat is the user-level macro used to (re-)declare a (new) tpFloat environment.

```
#1
      Name of the float Container from which the declared Container should inherit Properties (optional)
#2
      top-level name of the float environment (e.g., tpTable, tpFigure)
#3
      caption type (e.g., table, figure)
#4
      list (e.g., 1ot, 1of)
#5
      Property list
```

```
224 \def\tpDeclareFloat{\tp@opt@empty\@tpDeclareFloat}
225 \long\def\@tpDeclareFloat[#1]#2#3#4#5{%
    \def\tp@float@parent{#1}%
226
```

If the float Container has already been declared, we only load its parent's Properties and Containers (if any), and add the override Properties to the Container's Property List. Otherwise, we would re-load the system's defaults and override the Properties of the earlier Declaration.

```
227
     \ifcsdef{tp@container@#2}{%
       \tpPackageInfo{Floats}{}{Appending to '#2'}%
228
229
       \ifx\tp@float@parent\@empty\else
230
        \tpPackageError{Float}{Type}
231
          {Attempt to change parent of pre-existing float^^JContainer '#2'}
232
          {You cannot use the optional argument of \string\tpDeclareFloat\space for pre-existing^^J
233 float containers!^^J^^J%
   Use \string\tpAddToType{<Type>}{#2}{<code>}\space to alter the #2 container!}
234
235
       \tpAddToType{Properties}{#2}{#5}%
236
```

Other than Properties, the Float's default caption type or list-of handler may also be overridden by a re-definition.

```
237
       \tpAddToType{FloatEnvInfo}{#2}{%
238
         \def\tp@captype{#3}%
         \def\tp@caplisttype{#4}%
239
240
       }%
     } {%
241
```

Otherwise, we declare a new Container and invoke all the Initializers.

```
242
       \tpDeclareContainer{#2}{%
243
        \tpPackageInfo{Floats}{}{Declaring float '#2'}%
        \ifx\tp@float@parent\@empty
244
          \tpInherit {Properties,Components} from float;
245
246
        \else
247
           \tpInherit {Properties,Components} from \tp@float@parent;
248
249
         \tpDeclareType{FloatEnvInfo}{%
250
          \tpNamespace{#2}%
```

```
251 \def\tp@captype{#3}%

252 \def\tp@caplisttype{#4}%

253 }% /FloatEnvInfo
```

The macro actually defines two LATeX environments; a normal one for one-column floats, and a starred one for page-wide floats in two-column mode.

Generating the Handlers for the list-of entries and define the corresponding 10 macros

```
\tp@flt@generate@listof@handlers{#4}{#3}{#2}%
259
         \bgroup
260
261
           \def\tp@cur@cont{#2}%
           \tp@init@l@[list-of]{#4}{0}{#3}% Generate listof-Entries for first level floats
262
           \tp@init@l@[list-of]{#4}{1}{sub#3}% Generate listof-Entries for sub-floats
263
         \egroup
264
         \tpDeclareType{Properties}{#5}%
265
       }% /container
266
267
     }% /ifcsdef{tp@app@container@#2}
268 }
```

\tp@flt@generate@listof@handlers generates handlers for listof-entries.

```
#1 is the file ending#2 is the caption type#3 is the Container name
```

```
269 \def\tp@flt@generate@listof@handlers#1#2#3{%
```

tp@<list>@extract@data The first macro that is dynamicly defined, is the Component collector.

```
##1 is a numeric level that represents the order of the listof-entries
##2 is the caption type
##3 is the content of the 1@<level> macro
##4 is the page number associated with that entry.
```

```
\expandafter\gdef\csname tp@#1@extract@data\endcsname##1##2##3##4{%
270
       \tpNamespace{#3}%
271
       \tpEvalType[#3]{Properties}%
272
       \tpDeclareComp{ListofCaption}{}{}%
273
       \tpDeclareComp{ListofLegend}{}{}%
274
       \tpDeclareComp{ListofSource}{}{}%
275
       \tpDeclareComp{ListofNumber}{}{}%
276
       \tpDeclareComp{ListofPage}{}{}%
277
       \tpListofPage{\tpUseProperty{list-of-page-face}##4}%
278
279
       \tp@expand@l@contents{##3}{#3}{Listof}{Caption}
       \tp@format@number{list-of-}{Listof}{##1}%
280
281
     }%
```

\csname tp@<list>@print@entry\endcsname The second dynamically defined macro is the entry renderer. It applies the Listof properties and selects the components to be printed. ##1 is the caption type of the float.

```
\expandafter\gdef\csname tp@#1@print@entry\endcsname##1{%
282
       \bgroup
283
         \tpUseHook{list-of-before-hook-##1}%
284
         \tpUseProperty{list-of-before-entry}%
285
286
         \tpUseProperty{list-of-block}%
         \tpUseHook{list-of-after-hook-##1}%
287
         \tpUseProperty{list-of-after-entry}%
288
289
       \egroup}%
```

\csname tp@make@listof@<type>\endcsname The last macro to be defined here is the list-of writer. This macro is responsible to write the entry into TeX's auxiliary file system. ##1 is the name of the "level" for the entry.

```
290
     \expandafter\gdef\csname tp@make@listof@#2\endcsname##1{%
291
       \tpGobble
292
       \tp@flt@check@empty{Number}{number}%
293
       \tp@flt@check@empty{Caption}{caption}%
       \tp@flt@check@empty{Legend}{legend}%
294
       \tp@flt@check@empty{Source}{source}%
295
296
       \tpIfAttrIsset{#2}{nolist}{}
297
         {\let\@tp@listof@entry\relax
298
        \tpIfComp{ListofCaption}{\csgappto{@tp@listof@entry}{\string\tpListofCaption{\tpUseComp{
             ListofCaption}}}}{
        \tpIfComp{ListofNumber}{\csgappto{@tp@listof@entry}{\string\tpListofNumber{\tpUseComp{
299
             ListofNumber}}}{}}{}
300
        \tpIfComp{ListofLegend}{\csgappto{@tp@listof@entry}{\string\tpListofLegend{\tpUseComp{
             ListofLegend}}}}{{
301
        \tpIfComp{ListofSource}{\csgappto{@tp@listof@entry}{\string\tpListofSource{\tpUseComp{
             ListofSource}}}}{}
        \ifx\@tp@listof@entry\relax
302
          \ifx\tp@is@subflt\relax\else
303
            \tp@restore@contentsline
304
          \fi
305
306
         \else
           \protected@edef\tp@listof@entry{\@tp@listof@entry}%
307
          \ifx\tp@is@subflt\relax
308
            \tp@store@sub@contentsline{#1}{\tp@captype}{\expandonce{\tp@listof@entry}}%
309
          \else
310
            \tp@flt@addcontentsline{#1}{\tp@captype}{\expandonce{\tp@listof@entry}}%
311
312
            \tp@restore@contentsline
313
          \fi
        \fi
314
      }%
315
     }%
316
317 }
```

\tp@store@sub@contentsline saves the contentsline macros for prematurely expanded captions.

If we immediately write the list-of entries for sub-floats into the list-of files, they will be printed before their respective parent entry. This is because sub-floats are processed before their parent floats. To avoid the wrong order in the list-of, we progressively store the sub-float's addcontentsline commands in the \tp@sub@contentsline@store macro and expand it after the list-of for the parent float has been processed.

```
318 \def\tp@store@sub@contentsline#1#2#3{%
319
     \protected@xdef\tp@sub@contentsline@store{\expandonce{\tp@sub@contentsline@store}\noexpand\
         tp@flt@addcontentsline{#1}{#2}{#3}\relax}}
```

\tp@restore@contetnsline restores and expands the list of sub-float addcontentsline commands, if there are any.

```
320 \def\tp@restore@contentsline{%
321
     \ifx\tp@sub@contentsline@store\@empty\else
       \tp@sub@contentsline@store
322
323
       \global\let\tp@sub@contentsline@store\@empty
324
     \fi
325 }
```

\tp@flt@addcontentsline fork of LATEX's \addtocontents macro

- extension of the list file
- #2 caption type; passed to the first argument of LATEX's \contentsline
- the entry itself; passed to the second argument of LATEX's \contentsline #3

```
\def\tp@flt@addcontentsline#1#2#3{%
326
     \protected@write\@auxout
327
328
       {\tpGobble}%
       {\string\@writefile{#1}{\protect\tpContentsline{#2}{#3}{\thepage}{\@currentHref}\
329
           protected@file@percent}}\relax
330 }
```

\tp@flt@check@empty fork of CoCoTeX kernel's \tp@check@empty, probably DEPRECATED(?)

```
331
   \def\tp@flt@check@empty#1#2{%
     \ifx\tp@is@subflt\relax\else\tpSubFloatCnt\z@\fi
332
     \tpIfComp{Listof#1}
333
334
335
       {\tpIfComp{#1}
         {\csletcs{tp@\tp@cur@cont @Listof#1-\the\tpSubFloatCnt}{tp@\tp@cur@cont @#1-\the\
336
             tpSubFloatCnt}}
337
         {\csname Listof#1\endcsname{}}}}
```

Label and Referencing mechanisms 5

\tp@flt@create@counters creates auto-numbered counters. We advance the caption type only locally since they are automatically and globally updated when \tp@make@anchors is called.

```
\def\tp@flt@create@counters{%
338
339
     \tpIfAttrIsset{\tp@captype}{nonumber}{}
       {\tpIfPropVal{numbering}{auto}
340
         {\tpIfComp{number-0}
341
342
            {\expandafter\advance\csname c@\tp@captype\endcsname\@ne\relax
343
            \tp@set@label{0}%
344
345
            \expandafter\advance\csname c@\tp@captype\endcsname\m@ne\relax
346
347
         \ifnum\tpSubFloatCnt=\z@\relax\else
348
           \@tempcnta\z@
           \tp@iterate{\@tempcnta}{\@ne}{\tpSubFloatCnt}{%
349
             \tpIfComp{number-\the\@tempcnta}
350
351
               {\tpIfAttr{\tp@captype}{subfloat}
352
353
                  {\tp@set@sublabel{\the\@tempcnta}}
                  {\expandafter\advance\csname c@\tp@captype\endcsname\@ne\relax
354
355
                  \tp@set@label{\the\@tempcnta}%
                  \expandafter\advance\csname c@\tp@captype\endcsname\m@ne\relax}}}%
356
```

```
\fi}
357
358
           {}%
359
       }}
```

\tp@set@label generates the first level float counter. #1 is the sub-float counter.

```
\def\tp@set@label#1{%
     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\edef\expandafter\csname tp@\tp@cur@cont @number-#1\
361
         expandafter\endcsname\expandafter{\csname the\tp@captype\endcsname}%
362 }
```

\tp@set@sublabel generates second level counters for numbered sub-floats. #1 is the sub-float counter

TODO: float-number und sub-number sollten beides Components sein, nicht Properties!

```
363 \def\tp@set@sublabel#1{%
     \tpSetValProp{float-number}{\csname tp@\tp@cur@cont @number-0\endcsname}%
364
365
     \tpSetValProp{sub-number}{%
366
       \begingroup
        \expandonce{\tpUseProperty{sub-number-face}}%
367
        \relax\tpUseProperty{sub-number-before}%
368
        \csname @\tpUseProperty{sub-number-style}\endcsname{#1}%
369
        \tpUseProperty{sub-number-after}%
370
       \endgroup}%
371
     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\edef\expandafter\csname tp@\tp@cur@cont @number-#1\
372
         expandafter\endcsname\expandafter{\tpUseProperty{sub-number-format}}%
373 }
```

The next two macros are a re-implementation of hyperref's anchor mechanism to make labels work. If no explicit label is given, the mechanism generates one, unique to each (sub)float.

\tp@make@anchors iterates through the (sub-)floats of a float Container instance and generates the anchor (and hidden label, if necessary) for each of them

```
374 \def\tp@make@anchors{\@tempcnta\z@\tp@iterate{\@tempcnta}{\z@}{\tpSubFloatCnt}{\tp@make@anchor{\
       the \@tempcnta } }
```

\tp@make@anchors generates the anchor and label of a single (sub-)float. #1 is the value of the internal sub-float counter.

```
375 \def\tp@make@anchor#1{%
     \bgroup
376
       \tpSubFloatCnt#1\relax
377
       \tpIfComp{RefLabel}
378
         {\expandafter\let\expandafter\@currentlabel\csname tp@\tp@cur@cont @number-\the\
379
             tpSubFloatCnt\endcsname}
380
         {\edef\@currentlabel{tp-\tp@cur@cont-number-\the\tp@int@flt@cnt}}%
       \expandafter\H@refstepcounter\expandafter{\tp@captype}%
381
       \expandafter\hyper@makecurrent\expandafter{\tp@captype}%
382
       \global\let\Hy@tempa\Hy@float@caption
383
       \expandafter\hyper@@anchor\expandafter{\@currentHref}{\relax}%
384
       \tpIfComp{RefLabel}
385
386
         {\expandafter\let\expandafter\@currentlabel\csname tp@\tp@cur@cont @number-\the\
             tpSubFloatCnt\endcsname
         \edef\@tempa{\tpUseComp{RefLabel}}%
387
         \expandafter\tpltx@label\expandafter{\@tempa}}{\relax}%
388
     \egroup}
389
```

Processing the Float

Common Float and Sub-Float Environments

\tp@float is a mid-level Macro that provides the common floating LATEX environment. #1 is the float environment's kv-attribute list.

#1 float position (optional)

```
\def\tp@float{\tp@opt@empty\@tp@float}
390
   \def\@tp@float[#1]{%
391
     \par
392
     \begingroup
393
       \global\advance\tp@int@flt@cnt\@ne
394
       \tpEvalType{FloatEnvInfo}%
395
       \tp@flt@reset@defaults
396
       \tpToggleCountedCond
397
398
       \tpEvalType{Properties}%
399
       \tp@get@flt@attr{#1}{\tp@captype}%
       \tp@flt@set@hsize
400
401
       \tp@get@seps
       \tpEvalType{Components}%
402
       \tpUseProperty{before-float}%
403
       \tp@set@flt@env
404
405
       \ifx\tp@fps\@empty\else\savenotes\fi
406 }
```

\endtp@float is the end of the common float environment.

```
\def\endtp@float{%
407
       \tp@b@float
408
       \tp@set@top@sep
409
       \tp@test@caption{0}{capt}{top}%
410
411
       \tp@test@caption{0}{capt}{bottom}%
412
       \tp@flt@create@counters%
       \tp@flt@compose
413
       \tp@save@page
414
       \tp@set@bot@sep
415
       \tp@e@float
416
       \tp@flt@debug{\tp@captype}%
417
       \ifx\tp@fps\empty\else\spewnotes\fi
418
     \endgroup
419
     \immediate\write\@auxout
420
       {\string\expandafter\string\gdef\string\csname\space tp-float-\the\tp@int@flt@cnt-dimens\
421
           string\endcsname{%
           {\the\tp@total@flt@width}%
422
423
           {\the\tp@total@flt@height}%
424
          {\the\tp@total@flt@depth}%
425
     \global\let\tp@current@class\relax
426
427 }
```

\tpSubFloat is the user-level environment for sub-floats

TODO: transform into a Component Group

```
428 \def\tpSubFloat{%
429 \ifx\tp@is@subflt\relax
```

```
\PackageError{coco-floats.sty}{Nested tpSubFloats detected!}{You cannot (yet) nest a '
430
           tpSubFloat' environment into another 'tpSubFloat' environment!}%
431
     \else
432
       \let\tp@is@subflt\relax
433
       \global\advance\tpSubFloatCnt\@ne
434
       \ignorespaces
     \{fi\}
435
```

\endtpSubFloat is the end of the sub-float environment

```
436 \def\endtpSubFloat{%
437
    \tpUseProperty{subfloat-handler}%
    \expandafter\xdef\csname tp@\tp@cur@cont @width-\the\tpSubFloatCnt\endcsname{\the\wd\
438
        tp@subfltbox}%
    \expandafter\xdef\csname tp@\tp@cur@cont @height-\the\tpSubFloatCnt\endcsname{\the\ht\
439
        tp@subfltbox}%
    \expandafter\xdef\csname tp@\tp@cur@cont @depth-\the\tpSubFloatCnt\endcsname{\the\dp\
440
        tp@subfltbox}%
    \@tempdima=\dimexpr\the\ht\tp@subfltbox+\the\dp\tp@subfltbox\relax
441
    \@tempdimb=\dimexpr\the\wd\tp@subfltbox\relax
442
    \ifdim\@tempdima>\tp@subflt@maxheight\relax
443
      \global\tp@subflt@maxheight=\@tempdima\relax
444
445
    \fi
    \ignorespaces
446
447
    \tpIfAttr{\tp@captype}{subfloat}
      448
      {\csname tp@make@listof@\tp@captype\endcsname{\tp@captype}}% subfloats are counted separately
449
     \setbox\tp@subfltbox\box\voidb@x
450
    \let\tp@is@subflt\@undefined
451
452 }
```

6.2 Processing the Contents of the Float Environment

\tp@flt@process prints the contents of a float environment.

```
453 \def\tp@flt@process{%
454
     \tp@test@subcapt
     \ifx\tp@has@capt@top\@empty\leavevmode\fi
455
456
     \tp@make@outer@caption{top}%
     \ifnum\tpSubFloatCnt=\z@\relax
457
       \bgroup\advance\hsize-\tp@flt@marg@l
458
459
         \tpUseProperty{float-render}%
460
       \egroup
     \else
461
462
       \let\tp@is@subflt\relax
463
       \tp@flt@calc@sameheight
       \ifx\tp@has@subcapt@top\@empty\tp@flt@calc@row@ht{top}\fi%
464
       \ifx\tp@has@subcapt@bottom\@empty\tp@flt@calc@row@ht{bottom}\fi%
465
       \def\tp@prefix{sub}%
466
467
       \tpUseProperty{subfloat-render}%
       \let\tp@prefix\@empty
468
469
       \let\tp@is@subflt\@undefined
470
     \tp@make@outer@caption{bottom}%
471
472 }
```

```
\def\tp@flt@compose{%
473
     \bgroup
474
475
       \hsize\tp@total@flt@width
       \tp@flt@process
476
477
       \tp@make@anchors%
478
       \csname tp@make@listof@\tp@captype\endcsname{\tp@captype}% single float
479
       \par
480
     \egroup}
```

Caption mechanism

\tp@test@caption tests if the current sub-float has any top or bottom caption that needs to be printed.

- #1 is the value of the sub-float counter
- indicates if the caption belongs to the whole float (capt) or a sub-float (subcapt) #1
- top or bottom #1

We compare the caption of the current \SubFloatCnt level with a caption of a non-existing Float level in case there is non-expandable material hard-coded into the caption-#3 Property. If we were to compare the width of the \hbox with \z@, this scenario would give us false positives.

Warning: Long captions can cause the hbox's width to exceed \maxdimen. To avoid LATEX errors in this case, we compare sp instead of pt. This, however, means that if the difference is less than 1pt, the test fails and no caption is printed!

```
\def\tp@test@caption#1#2#3{%
481
     \setbox\tp@tempboxa\hbox{\tpGobble\tpSubFloatCnt0#1\relax\tpUseProperty{caption-#3}\relax}%
482
     \setbox\tp@tempboxb\hbox{\tpGobble\tpSubFloatCnt\m@ne\relax\tpUseProperty{caption-#3}\relax}%
483
     \edef\my@wda{\expandafter\strip@pt\wd\tp@tempboxa sp}%
484
     \edef\my@wdb{\expandafter\strip@pt\wd\tp@tempboxb sp}%
485
     \ifdim\my@wda>\my@wdb\relax
486
      \expandafter\global\expandafter\let\csname tp@has@#2@#3\endcsname\@empty
487
     \fi
488
489 }
```

\tp@test@subcapt tests if the current float has any top or bottom captions that need to be printed

```
490 \def\tp@test@subcapt{%
     \tp@iterate{\@tempcnta}{\@ne}{\tpSubFloatCnt}{%
491
       \tp@test@caption{\the\@tempcnta}{subcapt}{top}%
492
493
       \tp@test@caption{\the\@tempcnta}{subcapt}{bottom}%
    }%
494
495 }
```

\tp@capt@top@offset determines the spacing inserted above both captions.

```
496
   \def\tp@capt@top@offset{%
497
     \ifx\@argi\tp@str@top
498
       \par\if@tp@flt@break@capt\else\nopagebreak\fi%
499
       \expandafter\@tempskipa\tpUseProperty{\tp@prefix caption-sep-bottom}\relax%
500
501
       \advance\@tempskipa\dimexpr-\topskip+\dp\strutbox\relax
       \if@tp@flt@break@capt\advance\@tempskipa\dimexpr-\baselineskip-\ht\strutbox+\topskip\relax\
502
           fi
503
       \ifx\tp@has@subcapt@bottom\@empty
504
        \ifnum\tpSubFloatCnt=\z@
          %% subcapt-bot exists and capt-bot is rendered
505
```

```
\advance\@tempskipa\dimexpr\dp\strutbox\relax
506
507
           \expandafter\advance\expandafter\@tempskipa\tpUseProperty{subcaption-add-sep-bottom}\
               relax%
508
        \fi
509
       \fi
       \vskip\@tempskipa
510
       \leavevmode
511
512
     \{fi\}
```

d etermines the spacing inserted below the captions.

```
513 \def\tp@capt@bottom@offset{%
514
     \ifx\@argi\tp@str@top
       \@tempskipa\z@
515
       \expandafter\advance\expandafter\@tempskipa\tpUseProperty{\tp@prefix caption-sep-top}%
516
517
       \ifnum\tpSubFloatCnt=\z@
518
         \ifx\tp@has@subcapt@top\@empty
519
520
           %% subcapt-top exists and capt-top is rendered
           \advance\@tempskipa\dimexpr\ht\strutbox-\topskip-\p@\relax
521
           \expandafter\advance\expandafter\@tempskipa\tpUseProperty{subcaption-add-sep-top}\relax%
522
         \else
523
           \advance\@tempskipa\dimexpr-\dp\strutbox\relax
524
525
         \fi
       \fi
526
527
       \vskip\@tempskipa
528
       \par\if@tp@flt@break@capt\else\nopagebreak\fi
529
       \ifnum\tpSubFloatCnt>\z@
530
         \vskip\dp\strutbox
531
532
       \fi
     \mathbf{fi}
533
```

\tp@make@caption prints the caption.

```
#1
      is the placement (top, bottom)
#2
      is the vertical alignment (top, middle, bottom)
#3
      is the left margin.
```

```
534 \long\def\tp@make@caption#1#2{%
     \edef\@argi{#1}\edef\@argii{#2}%
535
     \tp@capt@top@offset
536
     \ifnum\tpSubFloatCnt=\z@
537
538
       \def\next{%
        \tpIfAttrStr{\tp@captype}{orientation}{landscape}
539
          {\setbox\@tempboxa\vbox\bgroup\hsize\textheight}
540
          {\hskip\tp@flt@marg@l%
541
542
           \setbox\@tempboxa\vbox\bgroup\advance\hsize-\tp@flt@marg@1}%
543
        }%
544
     \else
       \expandafter\tp@tempskipa\csname tp@flt@capt@row@height@#1\endcsname\relax
545
       \expandafter\advance\expandafter\tp@tempskipa\dimexpr-\baselineskip+\topskip\relax
546
547
       \def\next{\setbox\@tempboxa\vbox to \tp@tempskipa\bgroup}%
548
     \fi
549
     \next%
550
       \ifx\@argii\tp@str@top\else\if@tp@flt@break@capt\else\vss\fi\fi
551
       \tpUseProperty{\tp@prefix caption-face}%
552
       \tpUseProperty{\tp@prefix caption-face-#1}%
553
       \tp@topstrut\tpUseProperty{caption-#1}\strut%
```

```
\ifx\@argii\tp@str@bottom\else\if@tp@flt@break@capt\else\vss\fi\fi%
554
555
     \if@tp@flt@break@capt\unvbox\@tempboxa\else\box\@tempboxa\fi%
556
557
     \tp@capt@bottom@offset
558 }
```

\tp@make@outer@caption is a shell for the outer captions. #1 is the placement (top, bottom)

```
559
   \def\tp@make@outer@caption#1{%
     \def\@argi{#1}%
560
     \expandafter\ifx\csname tp@has@capt@#1\endcsname\@empty
561
562
       \setbox\z@\vbox{%
563
         \tpGobble
564
         \tpSubFloatCnt\z@
565
         \tp@make@caption{#1}{top}%
566
       \immediate\write\@auxout{\string\expandafter\string\gdef\string\csname\space tpFloat\the\
567
           tp@int@flt@cnt Cap#1\string\endcsname{\the\dimexpr \ht\z@+\dp\z@\relax}}%
       \bgroup
568
569
         \savenotes
         \if@tp@flt@break@capt\else\nopagebreak\fi
570
571
         \tpSubFloatCnt\z@
         \tp@make@caption{#1}{top}%
572
         \spewnotes
573
574
       \egroup
       \ifx\@argi\tp@str@top\if@tp@flt@break@capt\else\nopagebreak\fi\fi
575
576
577 }
```

\tpRenderSubFloats iterates through the single sub-floats and renders them in a nice row.

- #1 is the subfloat counter,
- Component name that contains the actual contents of the sub-float, for tpFigure it is Fig, for tpTable it is #2

```
\long\def\tpRenderSubFloats#1#2{%
578
     \leavevmode
579
     \savenotes
580
     \ifnum#1>\@ne\hfill\fi
581
     \vtop\bgroup
582
       \expandafter\hsize\csname tp@\tp@cur@cont @res@width-#1\endcsname\relax
583
       \let\includegraphics\tp@includesubgraphics
584
       \tp@render@sub@float{#1}{#2}%
585
     \egroup
586
587
     \spewnotes
588 }
```

\tp@render@sub@float renders a single sub-float. For the arguments, see \tpRenderSubFloats, above.

```
\long\def\tp@render@sub@float#1#2{%
590
     \tpSubFloatCnt=#1\relax
     \expandafter\ifx\csname tp@has@\tp@prefix capt@top\endcsname\@empty
591
      \tp@make@caption{top}{\tpUseProperty{\tp@prefix caption-valign-top}}%
592
     \fi
593
     \bgroup\strut\tpUseComp{#2}\strut\par\egroup%
594
     \expandafter\ifx\csname tp@has@\tp@prefix capt@bottom\endcsname\@empty
595
      \tp@make@caption{bottom}{\tpUseProperty{\tp@prefix caption-valign-bottom}}%
596
     \fi
597
598 }
```

\tp@flt@calc@row@ht calculates the heights of all captions in the same row.

#1 determins if the top or bottom row is calculated.

```
599 \def\tp@flt@calc@row@ht#1{%
     \@tempcnta\z@
600
     \@tempdima\z@
601
     \tp@iterate{\@tempcnta}{\@ne}{\tpSubFloatCnt}{%
602
603
       \setbox\z@\vbox{%
604
        \tpSubFloatCnt\@tempcnta\relax
        \expandafter\hsize\expandafter\dimexpr\csname tp@\tp@cur@cont @res@width-\the\@tempcnta\
605
             endcsname\relax
        \tpGobble
606
        \tpUseProperty{\tp@prefix caption-face}%
607
        \tpUseProperty{\tp@prefix caption-face-#1}%
608
        \leavevmode
609
         \strut\tpUseProperty{caption-#1}\strut%
610
611
        }%
       \expandafter\ifdim\dimexpr\ht\z@+\dp\z@\relax>\@tempdima \@tempdima\dimexpr\ht\z@+\dp\z@\
612
           relax\fi
613
     \expandafter\edef\csname tp@flt@capt@row@height@#1\endcsname{\the\@tempdima}%
614
615 }
```

\tp@flt@calc@sameheight calculates the ratio between each sub-float's height and the height of the largest sub-float

```
616 \def\tp@flt@calc@sameheight{%
     \ensuremath{\mbox{\tt @tempdima=\z@\relax}}
617
     \ensuremath{\texttt{Qtempcnta}=\z@\relax}
618
     \tp@calc@flt@width=\tp@total@flt@width\relax
619
     \advance\tp@calc@flt@width-\tp@flt@marg@l\relax
620
621
     \tp@iterate{\@tempcnta}{\@ne}{\tpSubFloatCnt}{%
       \edef\@tempa{\CalcRatio{\tp@subflt@maxheight}{\csname tp@\tp@cur@cont @height-\the\@tempcnta
622
            \endcsname}}%
       \ifnum\@tempcnta>\@ne
623
         \advance\tp@calc@flt@width-\tp@subflt@sep\relax%
624
625
       \fi
       \expandafter\@tempdimc\csname tp@\tp@cur@cont @width-\the\@tempcnta\endcsname\relax
626
627
       \@tempdimb=\@tempa\@tempdimc\relax
       \expandafter\edef\csname tp@\tp@cur@cont @adj@width-\the\@tempcnta\endcsname{\the\@tempdimb}%
628
       \advance\@tempdima\@tempdimb
629
     }%
630
     \ensuremath{\tt @tempcnta=\z@\relax}
631
     \@tempdimb=\z@\relax
632
633
     \ensuremath{\texttt{Qtempdimc}=\z@\mathbf{relax}}
634
     \tp@iterate{\@tempcnta}{\@ne}{\tpSubFloatCnt}{%
       \edef\@tempa{\CalcRatio{\csname tp@\tp@cur@cont @adj@width-\the\@tempcnta\endcsname}{\
635
            @tempdima}}%
       \expandafter\edef\csname tp@\tp@cur@cont @res@width-\the\@tempcnta\endcsname{\dimexpr\@tempa
636
            \tp@calc@flt@width\relax}%
       \@tempdimc\dimexpr\csname tp@\tp@cur@cont @height-\the\@tempcnta\endcsname\relax
637
       \@tempdimc\dimexpr\@tempa\@tempdimc\relax
638
639
       \ifdim\@tempa\@tempdimb<\@tempdimc\@tempdimb\@tempdimc\relax\fi
640
     \expandafter\edef\csname tp@\tp@cur@cont @res@height\endcsname{\the\@tempdimb}%
641
642 }
```

Handlers for different float types

Handlers for generic floats

\tpGenericRender is the Component that contains the contents of a generic float.

```
\def\tpGenericRender{\tpUseComp{Content}}
```

\tpGenericHandler is the generic content handler of a float

```
644 \def\tpGenericHandler{\tpMakeFltComp{Content}}
```

\tpSubGenericHandler is the generic handler of a sub-float.

```
\def\tpSubGenericHandler{}
```

7.2 Handlers for figures

\tpFigureHandler tells the float module the name, main namespace, and main content Container of tpFigure type floats.

```
646 \def\tpFigureHandler{\tpMakeFltComp{Fig}}
```

\tp@flt@create@natural is the actual handler for sub-figures.

```
\def\tp@flt@create@natural{\tpUseComp{Fig}}
```

\tpSubFigureHandler is the User-level macro that defines the handler for sub-figures. It also contains code for the nofigs package option.

```
648
  \def\tpSubFigureHandler{%
   \ifx\tp@nofigs\relax
649
650
     651
     \setbox\tp@subfltbox\hbox{\tpGobble\tp@flt@create@natural}%
652
653
   \{fi\}
```

\tpFigureRender tells the module how tpFigures are to be rendered.

```
\def\tpFigureRender{%
654
655
     \bgroup
       \tpIfAttrStr{\tp@captype}{orientation}{landscape}
656
         {\hsize\dimexpr\textwidth-\tp@flt@marg@r-\tp@flt@marg@l\relax}%
657
         {}%
658
       \let\includegraphics\tp@includesubgraphics
659
       \hskip\tp@flt@marg@l
660
661
       \strut\tpUseComp{Fig}\strut
662
     \egroup}
```

\tpSubFigureRender tells the module how sub-floats of tpFigure type floats are to be rendered.

```
663 \def\tpSubFigureRender{%
664
     \hskip\tp@flt@marg@l
    \tp@iterate{\@tempcnta}{\@ne}{\tpSubFloatCnt}{%
```

```
\tpRenderSubFloats{\the\@tempcnta}{Fig}%
666
667
     }}
```

\tp@includesubgraphics is an override of LATEX's \includegraphics patched to adjust for maximum width and height.

```
668 | def | 
669
                   \def\@tp@includesubgraphics[#1]#2{%
                             \ifx\tp@current@class\relax
670
                                        \def\@igopts{max width=\hsize,max height=\vsize}%
671
672
                                        \def\@igopts{width=\hsize}%
673
                              \fi
674
                              \mathbf{if}!#1!\else
675
                                       \def\@igopts{width=\hsize,#1}\%
676
677
                               \gdef\@tp@fig@path{#2}%
678
679
                               \expandafter\tpltx@includegraphics\expandafter[\@igopts]{#2}%
680 }
```

7.3 Handlers for tables

\tp@reserve@tabular is a shell macro that stores the default macro definitions for various tabular mechanisms (currently, only plain tabular, tabulary, tabularx, and htmltabs are supported as content Component of tpTable)

```
\def\tp@reserve@tabular{%
681
     \@tp@reserve@tab{}%
682
     \@tp@reserve@tab{x}%
683
684
     \@tp@reserve@tab{y}%
     \@tp@reserve@htmltab%
685
686 }
```

\@tp@reserve@tab stores the default definitions for a specific vanilla-LATEX tabular environment and re-defines the macros in a way that the tabulars are stored in the \tp@floatbox instead of printed onto the page.

```
\def\@tp@reserve@tab#1{%
687
688
     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\let\expandafter\csname orig@tabular#1\expandafter\
         endcsname\csname tabular#1\endcsname
     \expandafter\expandafter\let\expandafter\csname orig@endtabular#1\expandafter\
689
         endcsname\csname endtabular#1\endcsname
     \expandafter\def\csname tabular#1\endcsname{%
690
       \global\setbox\tp@floatbox
691
692
      \vbox\bgroup
        if!#1!else
693
          \let\tabular\orig@tabular
694
          \let\endtabular\orig@endtabular
695
        \fi
696
        \csname orig@tabular#1\endcsname}%
697
     \expandafter\def\csname endtabular#1\endcsname{\csname orig@endtabular#1\endcsname\egroup}%
698
699 }
```

\@tp@reserve@htmltab special handler for tables using the htmltabs package:

```
700 \AtBeginDocument {%
     \@ifpackageloaded{htmltabs}{%
701
702
       \def\@tp@reserve@htmltab{%
703
        \let\tp@addstyle\@empty
```

```
\ifx\tp@fps\@empty
704
705
          \expandafter\ifx\csname tpFloat\the\tp@int@flt@cnt Captop\endcsname\relax\else
            \htInitSkip\csname tpFloat\the\tp@int@flt@cnt Captop\endcsname
706
707
            \advance\htInitSkip\tp@flt@sep@top%
708
709
          \expandafter\ifx\csname tpFloat\the\tp@int@flt@cnt Capbottom\endcsname\relax\else
710
            \htAddToBottom\csname tpFloat\the\tp@int@flt@cnt Capbottom\endcsname
            \advance\htAddToBottom\tp@flt@sep@bottom%
711
712
          \fi
713
         \else
          \def\tp@addstyle{;break-table:false;}%
714
715
         \fi
        \edef\tp@tempa{margin-left:\tp@flt@marg@l\tp@addstyle}%
716
717
        \expandafter\htAddStyle\expandafter{\tp@tempa}%
718
        \global\setbox\htTableBox\box\voidb@x
719
        \let\htOutputTable\relax
       }}{\let\@tp@reserve@htmltab\relax}%
720
721 }
```

\tpTableHandler defines the content handler for tpTable.

```
722 \def\tpTableHandler{%
723 \tpMakeFltComp{Content}%
724 \tp@reserve@tabular
725 }
```

\tpGetTableContent returns the tp@floatbox if it is not un-itialized or void.

```
726 \def\tpGetTableContent{%
727 \ifx\htTableBox\@undefined\else
728 \ifvoid\htTableBox\else
729 \let\tp@floatbox\htTableBox%
730 \fi\fi}
```

\tpSubTableHandler is the handler for sub-tables. So far, coco-floats.sty does not support tables to be sub-floats, so we just generate an Error message.

\tpTableRender defines the Renderer for tpTable content Components

```
734 \def\tpTableRender{%
735 \tpGetTableContent
736 \tpContent{\unvbox\tp@floatbox}%
737 \tpUseComp{Content}%
738 \par\if@tp@flt@break@capt\else\nopagebreak\fi
739 \vskip\dp\strutbox
740 }
```

\tpSubTableRender Is the Renderer for table sub-floats (which we don't allow yet, so this definition is un-used at the moment)

```
741 \def\tpSubTableRender{%
742 \tp@iterate{\@tempcnta}{\@ne}{\tpSubFloatCnt}{%
743 \tpGetTableContent
```

```
\tpContent{\unvbox\tp@floatbox}%
744
745
       \tpRenderSubFloats{\the\@tempcnta}{Content}%
746
     }}
```

7.4 Helpers

\tpFloatBarrier can be used to force all pending floats to be printed at the next shipout.

```
\def\tpFloatBarrier{\AtBeginShipoutNext{\clearpage}}
```

Default Settings 8

```
\tpAddToDefault{float}{%
748
     \tpSetProperty{intext-skip-top}{\intextsep}%% non-float sep top
749
     \tpSetProperty{intext-skip-bottom}{\intextsep}%% non-float sep bottom
750
     \tpSetProperty{float-skip-top}{\z@}\% float sep top
751
752
     \tpSetProperty{float-skip-bottom}{\z@}\% float sep bottom
753
     \tpSetProperty{sub-float-sep}{\tp@subflt@sep}\% space between sub-floats
754
     \tpSetProperty{margin-inner}{\z@}%% left margin on odd pages/right margin on even pages
     \tpSetProperty{margin-outer}{\z@}%% right margin on odd pages/left margin on even pages
755
     \tpSetProperty{margin-left}{\z@}%% left margin
756
     \tpSetProperty{margin-right}{\z@}\ right margin
757
758
     \tpSetProperty{before-float}{\parindent\z@}%% executed before content is evaluated
     \tpSetProperty{float-handler}{\tpGenericHandler}% Alias for the caption type specific content
759
     \tpSetProperty{subfloat-handler}{\tpSubGenericHandler}% Alias for the caption type specific content
760
     \tpSetProperty{float-render}{\tpGenericRender}% Alias for the caption type specific content printer
761
     \tpSetProperty{subfloat-render}{\tpGenericRender}% Alias for the caption type specific content
762
         printer for sub-floats
763
     \tpSetProperty{subfloat-same-height}{}% if true, the subfloat must/can be adjusted to the same
         heights
764
     %% captions
     \tpSetProperty{caption-face}{}% style applied to top and bottom captions
765
     \tpSetProperty{caption-face-top}{}% style applied to top captions
766
767
     \tpSetProperty{caption-face-bottom}{}% style applied to bottom captions
     \tpSetProperty{source-face}{}% Format of source, additional to caption-format
768
     \tpSetProperty{legend-face}{}% Format of legend, additional to caption-format
769
770
     \tpSetProperty{caption-sep-top}{\z@}%% vertical space between top caption and content
     \tpSetProperty{caption-sep-bottom}{\z@}%% vertical space between content and bottom caption
771
     \tpSetProperty{caption-top}{%
772
       \tpIfComp{Number}{{\tpUseProperty{number-face}\tpUseComp{Number}\tpUseProperty{number-sep
773
           }}}{}
774
       \tpUseComp{Caption}%
775
     }%
776
     \tpSetProperty{caption-bottom}{%
777
       \tpIfComp{Legend}{{\tpUseProperty{legend-face}\tpUseComp{Legend}}}{}%
778
       \tpIfComp{Source}{%
        779
780
         {\tpUseProperty{source-face}%
781
         \tpUseComp{Source}}}{}}%
782
     \tpPropertyLet{subcaption-face}{caption-face}% style applied to top and bottom captions
783
     \tpSetProperty{subcaption-face-top}{\tpUseProperty{caption-face-top}}\% style applied to top
         captions
```

```
\tpSetProperty{subcaption-face-bottom}{\tpUseProperty{caption-face-bottom}}\squares style applied to
784
         bottom captions
     \tpSetProperty{subcaption-add-sep-top}{\z@}%% additional vertical space between top caption and top
785
         sub-caption
786
     \tpSetProperty{subcaption-add-sep-bottom}{\z@}%% additional vertical space between bottom sub-
         caption and bottom caption
787
     \tpSetProperty{subcaption-sep-top}{\tpUseProperty{caption-sep-top}}\% vertical space between top
         sub-caption and content
     \tpSetProperty{subcaption-sep-bottom}{\tpUseProperty{caption-sep-bottom}} % vertical space
788
         between content and bottom sub-caption
789
     \tpSetProperty{subcaption-top}{\tpUseProperty{caption-top}}% in case, sub-float captions diverge
         from main caption
     \tpSetProperty{subcaption-bottom}{\tpUseProperty{caption-bottom}}% in case, sub-float captions
790
         diverge from main caption
791
     \tpSetProperty{subcaption-valign-top}{top}\% vertical alignment of neighboring top-placed sub-
792
     \tpSetProperty{subcaption-valign-bottom}{top}\% vertical alignment of neighboring bottom-placed sub-
         captions
793
     %% Numbers
     \tpSetProperty{numbering}{auto}\square automatic numbering for missing Number component
794
795
     \tpSetProperty{number-sep}{\enskip}% Separator between label and caption
796
     \tpSetProperty{number-face}{\bfseries}% Format of number, additional to caption-format
     \tpSetProperty{sub-number-sep}{\,}%% when sub-captions, this is placed between the float counter and
797
         the sub-float counter
798
     \tpSetProperty{sub-number-style}{alph}%% counting style of subcaption counters
     \tpSetProperty{sub-number-face}{}%% format of subcaption counters
799
800
     \tpSetProperty{sub-number-before}{()% stuff that is put immediately before the sub counter
     \tpSetProperty{sub-number-after}{)}% stuff that is put immediately after the sub counter
801
802
     \tpSetProperty{sub-number-format}{% Format of the sub number
       \tpUseProperty{float-number}%
803
804
       \tpUseProperty{sub-number-sep}%
805
       \tpUseProperty{sub-number}}%
806
     %% List-of entries
     \tpSetProperty{list-of-page-sep}{\dotfill}%
807
808
     \tpPropertyLet{list-of-number-face}{list-of-caption-face}%
     \tpSetProperty{list-of-number-sep}{\enskip}%
809
     \tpSetProperty{list-of-number-align}{left}%
810
811
     \tpSetProperty{list-of-number-format}{%
       \bgroup
812
        \tpUseProperty{list-of-number-face}%
813
        \tpUseComp{ListofNumber}%
814
815
        \tpUseProperty{list-of-number-sep}%
       \egroup}%
816
817
     \tpSetProperty{list-of-parfillskip}{-\rightskip}%
818
     \tpSetProperty{list-of-margin-right}{\@pnumwidth \@plus 1fil}%
819
     \tpSetProperty{list-of-margin-left}{auto}%
     \tpSetProperty{list-of-indent}{auto}% list-of-float appearance
820
821
     \tpSetProperty{list-of-block}{%
822
       \tpUseProperty{list-of-caption-face}%
       \tpIfComp{ListofNumber}
823
824
         {\tpUseComp{list-of-hang-number}}
825
         {\leftskip0pt}%
       \tpUseComp{ListofCaption}%
826
       \tpUseProperty{list-of-page-sep}\tpUseComp{ListofPage}%
827
828
     }% list-of-float appearance
     \tpSetProperty{list-of-before-entry}{%
829
830
831
       \leftskip\tpUseProperty{list-of-margin-left}\relax%
       \rightskip \tpUseProperty{list-of-margin-right}\relax%
832
       833
834
       \parindent\z@
```

```
835
     \@afterindenttrue
     \interlinepenalty\@M
836
837
     \label{leavevmode} \
838
     \null\nobreak
839
   }% list-of-float appearance
840
   841 }
```

Container tpFigure defines the defaults for the **tpFigure** Container.

```
842 \tpDeclareFloat{tpFigure}{figure}{lof}{%
     \tpSetProperty{subfloat-same-height}{true}% if true, the subfloat must/can be adjusted to the same
843
         heights
     \tpSetProperty{float-handler}{\tpFigureHandler}%
844
     \tpSetProperty{subfloat-handler}{\tpSubFigureHandler}%
845
     \tpSetProperty{float-render}{\tpFigureRender}%
846
847
     \tpSetProperty{subfloat-render}{\tpSubFigureRender}%
848 }
```

Container tpTable defines the default Properties of the tpTable Container.

```
\tpDeclareFloat{tpTable}{table}{lot}{%
849
    \tpSetProperty{sub-caption-valign-top}{bottom}%
850
     \tpSetProperty{float-handler}{\tpTableHandler}%
851
852
     \tpSetProperty{subfloat-handler}{\tpSubTableHandler}%
853
     \tpSetProperty{float-render}{\tpTableRender}%
     \tpSetProperty{subfloat-render}{\tpSubTableRender}%
854
855 }
```

```
856 %</floats>
```

Modul 11

coco-frame.dtx

This file provides facilities to visualise crop marks and the print area.

1 Top-Level Interface

```
35 \let\tp@frame n
36 \define@choicekey{coco-frame.sty}{frame}[\tp@frame\nr]{none,crop,frame}{%
    \ifcase\nr\relax% none
37
      \let\tp@frame n
38
    \or% crop
39
40
      \let\tp@frame p
41
    \else% frame
42
      \let\tp@frame w
    \fi
43
44 }%
45 \ProcessOptionsX\relax
```

2 Cropmark printer

```
46 \ifx\tp@frame p\relax
47
    \newdimen\bleed \bleed4mm\relax
    \newdimen\tp@frame@offset \tp@frame@offset4em\relax%
48
    \verb|\voffset| dimexpr| tp@frame@offset-lin| \textbf{relax}|
49
50
    \hoffset\dimexpr\tp@frame@offset-1in\relax
51
    \edef\l@offset{\strip@pt\dimexpr\tp@frame@offset*7200/7227\relax}
52
    \edef\r@offset{\strip@pt\dimexpr(\tp@frame@offset+\paperwidth)*7200/7227\relax}
    \edef\u@offset{\strip@pt\dimexpr(842bp-\tp@frame@offset-\paperheight)*7200/7227\relax}
53
    \edef\o@offset{\strip@pt\dimexpr(842bp-\tp@frame@offset)*7200/7227\relax}
54
    \edef\b@l@offset{\strip@pt\dimexpr(\tp@frame@offset-\bleed)*7200/7227\relax}
```

Setting PDF boundaries

```
67 \ifx\tp@frame n\relax
    \RequirePackage{luatex85}
68
    \pdfpagewidth\paperwidth
69
70
    \pdfpageheight\paperheight
71 \else
72
    \ifx\tp@frame p\relax
73
      \edef\stockwidth{\the\dimexpr\paperwidth+\tp@frame@offset+\tp@frame@offset\relax}
74
      \edef\stockheight{\the\dimexpr\paperheight+\tp@frame@offset+\tp@frame@offset\relax}
75
    \fi
```

Cropmarks and page area frames both are painted via the crop package.

```
\RequirePackage{crop}
76
    \renewcommand*\CROP@marks{%
77
78
      \CROP@setmarkcolor
79
      \CROP@user@b
      \vskip1in\hskip1in\relax
80
      \CROP@ulc\null\hfill\CROP@@info\CROP@upedge\hfill\null\CROP@urc\hskip-1in\null
81
      \vfill
82
      \CROP@ledge\hfill\CROP@redge
83
      \vfill
84
85
      \hskip1in\relax
86
      87
      \vskip-1in}%
    \ifx\tp@frame p\relax
88
      \def\camcross{%
89
        \smash{\rlap{%
90
91
           \kern-0.15\p@
           \vrule\@width0.3\p@\@height1.7mm\@depth1.7mm\relax
92
93
           \kern-0.15\p@
94
           \kern-1.7mm\relax
           \vrule\@width0.3\p@\@height1.7mm\@depth1.7mm\relax
95
           \kern-0.3\p@
96
           \raise1.7mm\rlap{\vrule\@width3.4mm\@height\z@\@depth0.3\p@}%
97
98
           \lower1.7mm\rlap{\vrule\@width3.4mm\@height0.3\p@\@depth\z@}%
99
           100
           \kern-0.3\p@
101
           \vrule\@width0.3\p@\@height1.7mm\@depth1.7mm\relax}}}
102
      \def\cammcrossleft{%
        \lap{\camcross\vrule\@width6mm\@height0.15\p@\@depth0.15\p@\kern4mm}}
103
104
      \def\cammcrossright{%
105
        \rlap{\kern4mm\vrule\@width6mm\@height0.15\p@\@depth0.15\p@\camcross}}
106
      \def\cammcrossup{%
        \rlap{\smash{\raise10mm\hbox{\camcross}%
107
108
           \kern-0.15\p@\vrule\@width0.3\p@\@height10mm\@depth-4mm}}}%
      \def\cammcrossdown{%
109
```

```
\rlap{\smash{\lower10mm\hbox{\camcross}%
110
111
             \kern-0.15\p@\vrule\@width0.3\p@\@height-4mm\@depth10mm}}}%
112
       \def\CROP@@ulc{\cammcrossup\cammcrossleft}
113
       \def\CROP@@urc{\cammcrossup\cammcrossright}
114
       \def\CROP@@llc{\cammcrossdown\cammcrossleft}
115
       \def\CROP@@lrc{\cammcrossdown\cammcrossright}
       \renewcommand*\CROP@@info{{%
116
117
           \global\advance\CROP@index\@ne
118
           \def\x{\discretionary{}{}\hbox{\kern.5em---\kern.5em}}}%
119
           \ifx\CROP@pagecolor\@empty
120
           \else
121
             \advance\dimen@\CROP@overlap
           \fi
122
           \hb@xt@\z@{\%}
123
124
            \hss
            \label{lower1emvbox} $$ \o\z@{\vss} $
125
126
              \centering
127
              \hsize\dimexpr\paperwidth-20\p@\relax
128
              \normalfont
129
              \large
130
              \vskip5mm\relax
131
              \addvspace{\bleed}}%
            \hss}}%
132
133
       }%
       \crop[cam]
134
```

the code for the page area frame

```
\else% w
135
       \@tempdima\dimexpr\textheight\relax
136
137
       \divide\@tempdima by\baselineskip
       \multiply\@tempdima by65536\relax
138
139
       \edef\cnt@baselines{\strip@pt\@tempdima}%
       \def\tp@frame@lines{%
140
        \@tempcnta\z@
141
        \loop\advance\@tempcnta\@ne
142
143
          \hsize1em\relax
144
          \ifodd\count\z@
            \vrule\@width1em\@height0.2\p@\@depth0.02\p@
145
            \label{lap{smash{the}@tempenta},}}%
146
          \fi%
147
          \rlap{%
148
149
            \ifodd\count\z@\else\fi
            \vrule\@width\columnwidth\@height0.00005\p@\@depth0\p@
150
151
             \kern\columnsep\vrule\@width\columnwidth\@height0.00005\p@\@depth0\p@
152
            \fi
153
            \ifodd\count\z@\else
154
             155
156
              \lap{\smash{\the\@tempcnta\,}}%
157
            \fi
158
          }%
159
          \break
        \ifnum\@tempcnta<\cnt@baselines
160
        \repeat}
161
162
       \def\tp@margin@frame{%
163
        \vrule height\textheight%
164
        \hskip-\marginparwidth\relax
        \vbox to\textheight{\hsize\marginparwidth\relax
165
166
          \rlap{\vbox to\z@{\hrule width\marginparwidth}}%
167
          \null\vss
```

```
\rlap{\vbox to\z@{\hrule width\marginparwidth}}%
168
169
170
        \vrule height\textheight%
171
       \renewcommand*\CROP@@frame{%
172
173
        \vskip0in%
174
        \color[cmyk]{0.4,0,0,0}%
175
        \ifodd\count\z@\let\@themargin\oddsidemargin\else\let\@themargin\evensidemargin\fi
176
        \advance\@themargin1in
177
         \moveright\@themargin
         \vbox to\z@{\baselineskip\z@skip\lineskip\z@skip\lineskiplimit\z@
178
179
          \vskip\topmargin\vbox to\z@{\vss\hrule width\textwidth}%
          \vskip\headheight\vbox to\z@{\vss\hrule width\textwidth}%
180
          \vskip\headsep\vbox to\z@{\vss\hrule width\textwidth}%
181
182
          \hbox to\textwidth{%
183
            \ifodd\count\z@
              \rlap{\hskip\dimexpr\textwidth+\marginparsep+\marginparwidth\relax\tp@margin@frame}%
184
185
            \else
186
              \rlap{\hskip-\marginparsep\relax\tp@margin@frame}%
            \fi
187
            \llap{\vbox to\textheight{\tiny\let\@tempa\f@size\normalsize\let\f@size\@tempa\
188
                 selectfont
                \vskip\topskip\tp@frame@lines\null\vss}}%
189
            \llap{\vrule height\textheight}%
190
            \if@twocolumn
191
              \hskip\columnwidth\rlap{\vrule height\textheight}%
192
              \hskip\columnsep\rlap{\vrule height\textheight}%
193
194
195
            \hfil\vrule height\textheight
          }%
196
197
          \vbox to\z@{\vss\hrule width\textwidth}%
          \vskip\footskip\vbox to\z@{\vss\hrule width\textwidth}%
198
199
          \vss}%
        \vbox to\z@{\baselineskip\z@skip\lineskip\z@skip\lineskiplimit\z@%
200
201
          \vskip-0in\rlap{\hskip1in%
            \vbox to\z@{\vbox to\z@{\vss\hrule width\paperwidth}%
202
              \hbox to \paperwidth{\llap{\vrule height\paperheight}\hfil%
203
                \vrule height\paperheight}%
204
              \vbox to\z@{\vss\hrule width\paperwidth}%
205
              \vss}}\vss}}
206
       \crop[frame,noinfo]%
207
208
     \fi
   \fi
209
```

210 %</frame>

Modul 12

coco-lists.dtx

This module provides handlers for lists like glossaries and descriptions.

```
24 %<*lists>
25 %%
26 %% module for CoCoTeX that handles lists.
27 %%
28 %% Maintainer: marcus.hottenroth@le-tex.de
29 %%
30 | %% lualatex -texlive ≥2019
31 %%
32 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}[2018/12/01]
33 \ProvidesPackage{coco-lists}
34
                [2024/01/16 0.4.0 CoCoTeX lists module]
35 \RequirePackage{coco-common}
36 \usepackage{enumerate}
37 \ifx\labelitemfont\@undefined\let\labelitemfont\relax\fi
38 \renewcommand\labelitemi {\labelitemfont \textendash}
39 \setlength\leftmargini{\parindent}%
40 \def\@listi{%
         \leftmargin\leftmargini
41
          \parsep \z@
42
          \listparindent\parindent
43
          \topsep .5\baselineskip % Hier Properties nutzen!
44
         \forall z@
45
46 \let\@listI\@listi
      \def\@listii {\leftmargin\leftmarginii
                                     \labelwidth\leftmarginii
48
49
                                     \advance\labelwidth-\labelsep
                                     \topsep \z@
50
                                      \parsep \z@
51
                                     \itemsep \parsep}
52
53
       \def\@listiii{\leftmargin\leftmarginiii
54
55
                                     \labelwidth\leftmarginiii
                                     \verb|\advance| labelwidth-| labelsep|
56
                                     \topsep \z@
57
                                      \parsep \z@
58
59
                                      \partopsep \z@
60
                                     \itemsep \topsep}
61
62 \def\@@enum@[#1]{%
          \ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ens
63
          \@enloop#1\@enum@
64
65
           \ifx\@enThe\@enQmark\@warning{The counter will not be printed.%
66
              ^^J\space\@spaces\@spaces\@spaces The label is: \the\@enLab}\fi
67
           \expandafter\edef\csname label\@enumctr\endcsname{\the\@enLab}%
           \expandafter\let\csname the\@enumctr\endcsname\@enThe
68
           \csname c@\@enumctr\endcsname7
69
       \@enum@}
```

```
131 \immediate\write\@auxout{\string\g@addto@macro\string\tp@getMaxLabelWidth{\string\ifnum\string\
        the\tp@descriptionlist\relax\string\global\string\tp@maxLabelWidth=\
        the\tp@maxLabelWidth\string\fi}}%
132 \global\advance\tp@descriptionlist by \@ne
133
   \qdef\@doendpe{%
134
       \@endnetrue
135
       \everypar{{\setbox\z@\lastbox}\everypar{}\@endpefalse}%
136
       \global\let\@doendpe\orig@doendpe}}
137
139 % Environment declarations, CoCoTeX style.
140 % Supposed to eventually replace all the definitions above.
141 % Inheritance mechanism known from headings also applies here.
142 \def\tp@ifstring#1#2{%
143
    \ensuremath{\mbox{\sf def}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\it @tempa}{\#1}}\%
144
     \ensuremath{\mbox{edef}\ensuremath{\mbox{@tempb}{\#2}}\%}
     \ifx\@tempa\@tempb\relax%
145
146 }
147 % Convert a number to a lowercase letter.
148 \def\tp@numToLCLetter#1{%
149
     \count255=\the\lccode'a%
150
     \advance\count255 by -\@ne%
     \advance\count255 by #1%
151
     \char\count255%
152
153 }
154 % Convert a number to an uppercase letter.
155 \def\tp@numToUCLetter#1{%
156
     \count255=\uccode A%
     \advance\count255 by -\@ne%
157
     \advance\count255 by #1%
158
159
     \char\count255%
160 }
161
   \tpAddToDefault{list}{%
162
     \tpSetProperty{after-skip}{\z@}% Vertical space after the list.
163
     \tpSetProperty{before-skip}{\z@}% Vertical space before the list.
     \tpSetProperty{item-indent}{0\p@}% Vertical difference from property left-margin.
164
     \tpSetProperty{label-char}{} % Only applies with label-type «char» (or empty).
165
     \tpSetProperty{label-prefix-delimiter}{} % The character/string between the prefix (inherited from
166
         list one level above) and the actual item's label. Used for numbered lists.
     \tpSetProperty{label-sep}{5mm}
167
168
     \tpSetProperty{label-suffix}{}
169
     \tpSetProperty{label-type}{char} % Label types: char (use label-char; default), number, Alpha, alpha,
170
     \tpSetProperty{label-width}{0\p@} % Label width is internally increased to width of label character.
     \tpSetProperty{left-margin}{0\p@}
171
172 }
   \long\def\tpDeclareList{\@ifnextchar[{\@tpDeclareList}{\@tpDeclareList[]}}%]
173
174
   \long\def\@tpDeclareList[#1]#2#3{%
     \tpNamespace{list}%
175
     \expandafter\def\csname tp@list@name\endcsname{#2}%
176
177
     \if!#1!\else\expandafter\protect\expandafter\def\csname tp@list@#3@parent\endcsname{#1}\fi%
178
     \expandafter\protect\expandafter\def\csname tp@list@#2@properties\endcsname{#3}%
179
180
181
     % Define the macro for list with name/class #2.
     \expandafter\def\csname tpUseList#2\endcsname{%
182
183
       \if!#1!\else\edef\tp@list@parent{#1}\fi%
184
       \tpNamespace{list}%
185
       \tpCascadeProps{#2}{list} % Load the namespace defaults defined in \tpAddToDefault, the parent
           properties (if any), and the specific list properties.
186
```

```
187 }
188
   \tpDeclareContainer{tpList}{%
     \tpDeclareType{Properties}{\tp@list@default}%
189
190 }
191
   \def\tpList{\@ifnextchar [{\tp@list}{\tp@list[]}}%]
   \def\endtpList{%
192
     \endlist%
193
194
     \global\advance\tp@currListDepth by -\@ne%
     \expandafter\ifx\csname tpUseList\tp@list@name\endcsname\relax
195
196
       \PackageError{coco-lists.sty}{List \tp@list@name\space unknown!}{A list with name \
           tp@list@name\space is unknown. Use the \string\tpDeclareList\space macro to declare list
            types.}%
     \else
197
198
       % If the parent list ends, gather the sublists and write their label widths to the aux file.
199
       \ifnum\tp@currListDepth=-\@ne\relax%
200
         \count255 = \z@
201
         \loop
202
           \immediate\write\@auxout{\string\expandafter\string\gdef\string\csname\space\string
               tp@maxLabelWidth@\the\tp@listNumber @\the\count255\endcsname{\csname
               tp@maxLabelWidth@\the\tp@listNumber @\the\count255\endcsname}}
203
          \advance\count255 by \@ne
204
         \expandafter\ifx\csname tp@maxLabelWidth@\the\tp@listNumber @\the\count255\endcsname\relax\
             else\repeat
       \fi
205
       \csname tpUseList\tp@list@name\endcsname%
206
       \vskip\tpUseProperty{after-skip}
207
208
     \fi%
     \gdef\@doendpe{%
209
       \@endpetrue
210
       \everypar{{\setbox\z@\lastbox}\everypar{}\@endpefalse}%
211
       \global\let\@doendpe\orig@doendpe%
212
213
214 }
   \global\newcount\tp@currListDepth \global\tp@currListDepth=-\@ne
215
   \expandafter\gdef\csname tp@inheritablePrefix\the\tp@currListDepth\endcsname{}
   \global\newcount\tp@listNumber \global\tp@listNumber=-\@ne
218 \def\tp@list[#1]#2{%
219
    % Increment the list depth and, in case the depth is zero, i.e. a completely new list and no sublist
         starts, the list number.
     \global\advance\tp@currListDepth by \@ne%
220
     \ifnum\tp@currListDepth = \z@
221
222
       \global\advance\tp@listNumber by \@ne%
     \fi
223
224
225
     % Assign a new counter for the item numbers as well as an inheritable prefix for sublists, depending on
         the list depth.
     \global\expandafter\newcount\csname tp@itemNumber\the\tp@currListDepth\endcsname%
226
227
     \expandafter\gdef\csname tp@inheritablePrefix\the\tp@currListDepth\endcsname{}%
     \gdef\tp@inheritedPrefixAbove{}%
228
229
     \newbox\tp@labelbox%
230
     \edef\tp@list@name{#2} % Needed for afterskips to apply.
231
     \tpCascadeProps{#2}{list} % Load the properties.
232
233
     % If the list has the keyword «inherit» and is enumerated, set its prefix according to the latest item
         label in the parent list.
     \tp@ifstring{#1}{inherit}%
234
235
       \tpIfPropVal{label-type}{char}{}{\qquad qdef\tp@inheritedPrefixAbove{\csname tp@inheritablePrefix\
           the\numexpr\the\tp@currListDepth-1\relax \endcsname}}%
236
     \fi
237
     \vskip\tpUseProperty{before-skip}
238
```

```
239
240
     \tpIfPropVal{label-type}{char}{%
       \tpSetProperty{label-prefix-delimiter}{}%
241
       \tpSetProperty{label-suffix}{}%
242
243
     }{%
244
       \tpSetProperty{label-char}{}%
245
     3%
246
     \tpIfPropVal{label-type}{number}{\edef\tp@convertNumber##1{##1}}{}%
     \tpIfPropVal{label-type}{Alpha}{\edef\tp@convertNumber##1{\tp@numToUCLetter{##1}}}{}%
247
248
     \tpIfPropVal{label-type}{alpha}{\edef\tp@convertNumber##1{\tp@numToLCLetter{##1}}}{}%
     \tpIfPropVal{label-type}{Roman}{\def\tp@convertNumber##1{\uppercase\expandafter{\romannumeral
249
         ##1}}{{}}
     \label-type $$ \left( \mathbf{f} \right) = \mathbf{1} \
250
251
252
     % Use the label prefix delimiter only if there actually is a label prefix.
253
     \ifx\empty\tp@inheritedPrefixAbove\empty
254
       \tpSetProperty{label-prefix-delimiter}{}%
255
     \fi
256
     % Set the label width based on the potentially longest label string.
257
     \setbox\tp@labelbox = \hbox{\tp@inheritedPrefixAbove\tpUseProperty{label-prefix-delimiter}\
         tpUseProperty{label-char}\tpUseProperty{label-suffix}}%
258
     \ifdim\wd\tp@labelbox > \tpUseProperty{label-width}\relax%
       \tpSetProperty{label-width}{\the\wd\tp@labelbox}%
259
260
261
262
     % If the macro already exists (loaded from the aux file), ...
     \expandafter\ifx\csname tp@maxLabelWidth@\the\tp@listNumber @\the\tp@currListDepth\endcsname\
263
         relax%
     \else%
264
265
      % ...set the «label-width» property accordingly.
       \tpSetProperty{label-width}{\csname tp@maxLabelWidth@\the\tp@listNumber @\the\
266
           tp@currListDepth\endcsname}%
267
     \fi
268
269
     \list{%
270
       % Label. Uses [] in description items. Empty otherwise.%
271
     }{%
272
       \labelwidth\tpUseProperty{label-width}%
       \labelsep\dimexpr\tpUseProperty{label-sep}+\tpUseProperty{item-indent}\relax%
273
       \leftmargin\dimexpr\tpUseProperty{left-margin}+\tpUseProperty{label-width}+\tpUseProperty{
274
           label-sep}\relax%
       \topsep0mm%
275
276
       \partopsep0mm%
       \itemindent\tpUseProperty{item-indent}%
277
       \def\makelabel##1{%
278
        % If the list is an enumerated one, increment the item counter and set the label accordingly.
279
280
        \tpIfPropVal{label-type}{char}{}{%
281
          \global\expandafter\advance\csname tp@itemNumber\the\tp@currListDepth\endcsname by \@ne%
          \tpSetProperty{label-char}{\tp@convertNumber{\the\csname tp@itemNumber\the\
282
               tp@currListDepth\endcsname}}%
283
        \ifx\empty##1\empty%
284
          % Checking this condition is not necessary by all means, but prevents inheriting and accumulating
285
               characters if «inherit» option is set in the TeX document.
          \tpIfPropVal{label-type}{char}{}{%
286
            \global\expandafter\edef\csname tp@inheritablePrefix\the\tp@currListDepth\endcsname{\
287
                 tp@inheritedPrefixAbove\tpUseProperty{label-prefix-delimiter}\tpUseProperty{label-
                 char}}%
          }
288
          % Measure the actual full label width.
289
```

```
\hbox to \tpUseProperty{label-width}{\tp@inheritedPrefixAbove\tpUseProperty{label-prefix-
290
              delimiter}\tpUseProperty{label-char}\tpUseProperty{label-suffix}\hss}%
291
          \setbox\tp@labelbox = \hbox{\tp@inheritedPrefixAbove\tpUseProperty{label-prefix-delimiter
              }\tpUseProperty{label-char}\tpUseProperty{label-suffix}}%
292
        \else
293
          \hbox to \tpUseProperty{label-width}{##1\hss}%
294
          \setbox\tp@labelbox = \hbox{##1}%
295
        \fi
296
        % If the macro for the list and the according depth is not set yet, ...
297
        \expandafter\ifx\csname tp@maxLabelWidth@\the\tp@listNumber @\the\tp@currListDepth\
            endcsname\relax%
          % ...define it based on the calculated full label width.
298
          % (Needs \xdef! Fully expands the macro definition. Otherwise, the saved macro would change its
299
              value with \tp@labelbox's content.)
300
          \expandafter\xdef\csname tp@maxLabelWidth@\the\tp@listNumber @\the\tp@currListDepth\
              endcsname{\the\wd\tp@labelbox}%
301
        \else%
302
          % If the currently defined macro holds a smaller label width than the actual label box, update the
          303
              endcsname < \the\wd\tp@labelbox\relax%</pre>
           \expandafter\xdef\csname tp@maxLabelWidth@\the\tp@listNumber @\the\tp@currListDepth\
304
                endcsname{\the\wd\tp@labelbox}%
          \fi
305
        \fi
306
      }%
307
308
    }%
309 }
310 \tpDeclareList{default}{}
   \def\tp@list@load@props{\csname tp@list@\tp@list@name @properties\endcsname}
```

%</lists> 312