IMPORTANT

- **System Updates:**
- Check for updates: ``
- Install updates: Since Server 2008 lacks a direct PowerShell command for installing updates, use the GUI or download specific patches from the Microsoft Update Catalog.

gpedit.msc

- **Change Default Passwords:**
- Change a user's password: `net user [username] [newpassword]`

User Permissions

- **Configure UAC to Always Notify:**
- PowerShell does not provide a direct method to change UAC settings. This needs to be changed through the Control Panel or by editing the registry: `Set-ItemProperty -Path HKLM:\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Policies\System -Name EnableLUA -Value 1`
- **Disable Guest Account:**
- 'net user guest /active:no'

Updates

- **Enable Automatic Updates:**
- Automatic updates can be configured through the GUI in Windows Server 2008. For Server Core or automation, you might need to manipulate registry keys or use `sconfig`.

Firewalls

- **Enable and Configure Windows Firewall:**
- Enable Firewall: `netsh advfirewall set allprofiles state on`
- Add Firewall Rule: `New-NetFirewallRule -DisplayName "Allow 80" -Direction Inbound
- -Protocol TCP -LocalPort 80 -Action Allow`

Disable unused ports:

- Wf.msc
- Check open ports netstat -an | Select-String 3389
- netstat -abno

Windows Features and Programs

- **Uninstall Suspicious Programs:**
- Uninstalling programs typically requires GUI interaction through `appwiz.cpl`. For automated removals, you might need to use Windows Installer commands or third-party tools.

Services

- **Manage Services:**
- Stop a service: 'Stop-Service -Name [ServiceName]'
- Disable a service: `Set-Service -Name [ServiceName] -StartupType Disabled`

Remote Access

- **Configure Remote Settings:**
- Disable Remote Desktop: `Set-ItemProperty -Path

'HKLM:\System\CurrentControlSet\Control\Terminal Server' -name "fDenyTSConnections" -value 1`

Group Policy and Security Policy

- **Configure GPO and Security Policies:**
- Group Policy commands typically require changes through the Group Policy Editor ('gpedit.msc'). However, you can use 'secedit' for some settings:
 - Export Security Settings: `secedit /export /cfg c:\secconfig.cfg`
- Import Security Settings: `secedit /configure /db %windir%\security\local.sdb /cfg c:\secconfig.cfg /areas SECURITYPOLICY`

Disable PowerShell for Non-Administrators

- **Restrict PowerShell Usage:**
- This is more complex and involves setting NTFS permissions on the PowerShell executable or using AppLocker, which is not available in Windows Server 2008 by default.

Sysinternals Tools

- **Utilize Sysinternals:**
- Access Sysinternals tools: `pushd \\live.sysinternals.com\tools`

Additional Security Considerations

- **Disable Unnecessary Protocols and Services:**
- List running Processes Get-Process
- Confirm that Processes are running at trusted paths

Get-WmiObject Win32 Process | Where-Object { \$.Name -match

"svchost|lsass|smss|csrss|wininit|services" } | Select-Object Name, ExecutablePath | Format-Table -AutoSize

- Disable Telnet (if installed): 'sc config TlntSvr start= disabled'
- Disable Teredo Tunneling: 'netsh interface teredo set state disabled'

Network Egress Control

- **Configure Outbound Firewall Rules:**
- To restrict outbound connections, you'll need to create outbound rules in the Windows Firewall:
 - `New-NetFirewallRule -DisplayName "Block Outbound" -Direction Outbound -Action Block`