# Examples for pctex

#### Martin Trapp

'pctex' provides some useful commands for working with probabilistic circuits. The main purpose of this is reusability and harmonization of notation.

### 1 General/Misc

- Log-sum-exp  $L\sum_{i=1}^{k} E$ :  ${\scriptstyle k}$
- poly(N):  $poly{N}$
- • Independent RVs  $X_1 \perp\!\!\!\perp X_2, X_1 \perp\!\!\!\perp X_2$ : \$X\_1 \indepsym X\_2, \indep{X\_1}{X\_2}\$

## 2 General graphs

- Graph  $\mathcal{G}$ :  $\gamma$
- Walk  $\mathcal{W}$ :  $\boldsymbol{\mathcal{W}}$ :
- Tree  $\mathcal{T}$ :  $\tau$
- Vertex set V(G): vset(qraph)
- Edge set  $E(\mathcal{G})$ :  $\epsilon \in \mathbb{G}$
- Node/nodes N, N: \$\node\$
- Child/children: C, C: \$\child\$
- Children of a node: ch(N): \$\ch{\node}\$
- Parents of a node: par(N): \$\pa{\node}\$
- Neighbours: neigh(N):  $neigh{\node}$

#### 3 Probabilistic Circuits

• Probabilistic circuit: C: \$\pc\$

• Scope function:  $\psi(N)$ :  $s \in \{ \setminus \}$ 

• v-tree:  $\mathcal{V}$ :  $\forall v$ 

• Sum node/nodes: S, S: \$\snode, \snodes\$

• Product node/nodes: P, P: \$\pnode, \pnodes\$

• Leaf node/nodes: L, L: \$\lnode, \lnodes\$

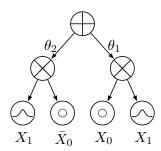
• Region/regions: A, A: \$\region, \regions\$

• Partition/partitions: S, S: \$\partition, \partitions\$

• Region-graph:  $\mathcal{R}$ : \$\rg\$

### 4 Tikz / Plotting

Plotting is based on an adaptation of 'tikzlibraryspn.code.tex' by Nicola Di Mauro and Antonio Vergari.



Code for the figure above:

\begin{tikzpicture}

\sumnode{s1};

\prodnode[below=15pt of s1, xshift=30pt]{p1};

\prodnode[below=15pt of s1, xshift=-30pt]{p2};

\bernode[below=15pt of p1, xshift=-15pt]{v1}{\$X\_0\$};

```
\bernode[below=15pt of p2, xshift=15pt]{v2}{$\bar{X}_0$};
\contnode[below=15pt of p1, xshift=15pt]{v3}{$X_1$};
\contnode[below=15pt of p2, xshift=-15pt]{v4}{$X_1$};
\weigedge[right] {s1} {p1} {$\theta_1$};
\weigedge[left] {s1} {p2} {$\theta_2$};
\edge {p1} {v1};
\edge {p2} {v2};
\edge {p1} {v3};
\edge {p2} {v4};
\end{tikzpicture}
```