### This program is written in R. It is fully executable as written in a R environment

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## Require packages and read in the the data collateral provided.
require(plyr)
require(reshape2)
setwd("/Users/sarpotd/Desktop/Coursera/Recommender Systems/week4/Assignment2/")
ratings <- read.csv("data/ratings.csv", header=FALSE)</pre>
colnames(ratings) <- c("user_id", "movie_id", "ratings")</pre>
users <- read.csv("data/users.csv", header=FALSE)</pre>
colnames(users) <- c("user_id", "user_name")</pre>
movies <- read.csv("data/movie-titles.csv", header=FALSE)</pre>
colnames(movies) <- c("movie_id", "movie_name")</pre>
## Data munging to change it to a form useful for manipulation
## user_ratings as ratings of users for movies in a matrix form.
temp_1 <- melt(ratings, id=c("user_id","movie_id"), measure="ratings")</pre>
temp_2 <- acast(temp_1, user_id ~ movie_id ~ variable)</pre>
user_ratings <- as.matrix(temp_2[,,1])</pre>
## Backup copy of the user_ratings matrix before we do data munging on it.
user_ratings_rownames <- rownames(user_ratings)</pre>
user_ratings_bak <- user_ratings</pre>
user_ratings_bak[is.na(user_ratings)] = 0
## Calculate mean for all users. Omit any "NA"
mean_calc <- function(c) (mean(na.omit(c)))</pre>
user_ratings_mean <- as.matrix(apply(user_ratings,1,mean_calc))</pre>
rownames(user_ratings_mean) <- user_ratings_rownames</pre>
## Subtract means for all users from their individual ratings for each item.
## This gets us mean centered ratings.
sub_mean <- function(c) (c - user_ratings_mean)</pre>
temp_1 <- apply(user_ratings_bak,2,sub_mean)</pre>
rownames(temp_1) <- user_ratings_rownames</pre>
user_ratings_mean_centered <- temp_1</pre>
user_ratings_mean_centered[is.na(user_ratings)] = 0
## Calculate Euclidean Norm for each user using their mean centered ratings.
norm_calc <- function(c) (sqrt(sum(c^2)))</pre>
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user_ratings_norm <- as.matrix(apply(user_ratings_mean_centered,1,norm_calc))</pre>
rownames(user_ratings_norm) <- user_ratings_rownames</pre>
## Create a list fo the users and movies assigned to us
input_user_list <-</pre>
c(rep("3230",times=5),rep("5201",times=5),rep("912",times=5),rep("348",times=5),rep("651",
times=5))
input_item_list <-</pre>
c("329","38","197","955","7443","585","1637","1900","85","2502","8587","462","9806","141",
"278", "146", "22", "752", "63", "268", "12", "664", "10020", "671", "8358")
### This is the meat of the program. A function called final_fun is written
### This is a function to calcualte the cosine similarity with each input_user, find the
top 30 "similar" neighbors that have rated the input_item
### Then find the prediction based on the formula given the instructions of the
assignment.
final_fun <- function(c) {</pre>
input_user <- input_user_list[c]</pre>
input_item <- input_item_list[c]</pre>
cosine_fun <- function(c) (sum(c*user_ratings_mean_centered[input_user,]))</pre>
temp <- as.matrix(apply(user_ratings_mean_centered,1,cosine_fun))</pre>
rownames(temp) <- user_ratings_rownames</pre>
norm_fun <- function(c) (temp[c]/(user_ratings_norm[input_user,]*user_ratings_norm[c]))</pre>
cos_similarity <- data.frame(mapply(norm_fun,1:nrow(temp)))</pre>
rownames(cos_similarity) <- user_ratings_rownames</pre>
cos_similarity[,2] <- rownames(cos_similarity)</pre>
cos_similarity <- cos_similarity[!is.na(user_ratings[,input_item]),]</pre>
colnames(cos_similarity) <- c("cosine", "user")</pre>
cos_similarity <- cos_similarity[order(cos_similarity$cosine,decreasing=TRUE),]</pre>
neighbors <- (cos_similarity[cos_similarity$user!=input_user,])[1:30,]</pre>
print(input_user)
print(input_item)
print(user_ratings_mean[input_user,] + (sum(cos_similarity[rownames(neighbors),"cosine"] *
user_ratings_mean_centered[rownames(neighbors),input_item])/
sum(abs(cos_similarity[rownames(neighbors),"cosine"]))))
print(movies[movies$movie_id==input_item, "movie_name"])
}
### Call the final_fun function on each of the user:movie combination iteratively.
mapply(final_fun,1:length(input_user_list))
```