RECURSION AND TREE RECURSION

COMPUTER SCIENCE MENTORS 61A

September 18 to September 22, 2017

1 Recursion

Every Recursive function has three things.

- 1. One or more base cases
- 2. One or more ways to break the problem down into a smaller problem
 - E.g. Given a number as input, we need to break it down into a smaller number
- 3. Solve the smaller problem recursively; from that, form a solution to the original problem

1. Complete the definition for num_digits, which takes in a number n and returns the number of digits it has.

```
def num_digits(n):
    """Takes in an positive integer and returns the number of
    digits.

>>> num_digits(0)
1
    >>> num_digits(1)
1
    >>> num_digits(7)
1
    >>> num_digits(1093)
4
    """
```

2. Write a function is_sorted that takes in an integer n and returns true if the digits of that number are increasing from right to left.

```
def is_sorted(n):
    """
    >> is_sorted(2)
    True
    >> is_sorted(22222)
    True
    >> is_sorted(9876543210)
    True
    >> is_sorted(9087654321)
    False
    """
```

2 Tree Recursion

3. Mario needs to jump over a series of Piranha plants, represented as a string of 0's and 1's. Mario only moves forward and can either *step* (move forward one space) or *jump* (move forward two spaces) from each position. How many different ways can Mario traverse a level without stepping or jumping into a Piranha plant? Assume that every level begins with a 1 (where Mario starts) and ends with a 1 (where Mario must end up).

```
def mario_number(level):
    """

    Return the number of ways that mario can traverse the
    level where mario can either hop by one digit or two
    digits each turn a level is defined as being an integer
    where a 1 is something mario can step on and 0 is
    something mario cannot step on.
    >>> mario_number(10101)
    1
    >>> mario_number(11101)
    2
    >>> mario_number(1100101)
    0
    """
    if ______:
    elif ______:
    else:
```

4. Implement the function make_change.

```
def make_change(n):
   """Write a function, make_change that takes in an
   integer amount, n, and returns the minimum number
   of coins we can use to make change for that n,
   using 1-cent, 3-cent, and 4-cent coins.
   Look at the doctests for more examples.
   >>> make_change(5)
   2
   >>> make_change(6) # tricky! Not 4 + 1 + 1 but 3 + 3
   11 11 11
       return 0
   elif _____:
       return 1 + make_change(n - 1)
   elif _____:
       return _____
   else:
       return _____
```