

F.E. (Semester – I) (RC 2016 – 17) Examination, May/June 2018 FUNDAMENTALS OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

Duration: 3 Hours

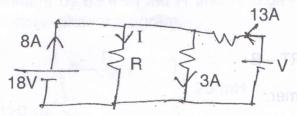
Total Marks: 100

Instructions: 1) Answer any two from Part – A and any two from Part – B.

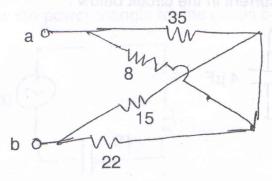
2) Answer any one from Part - C.

PART - A

- 1. a) Explain with neat schematic the working of nuclear power plant. 8
 - b) What do you mean by mutual inductance? Derive its expression in terms of related parameters.
 - c) Describe the analogy between an electric circuit and the magnetic circuit. 6
- 2. a) Find current I and value of resistance R if current distribution in the circuit below is as shown. Also find the value of voltage source V. (2+3+3)



b) In the circuit below find the voltage that should be applied between a and b so that voltage drop of 45 V occurs across 15 Ω resistor.



c) Explain Kirchhoff's laws.

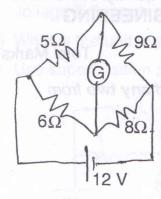
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3. a) State and explain Thevenin's theorem.

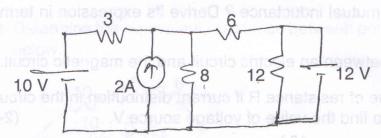
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b) Use Norton's theorem to find the current in the galvanometer G, in the Wheatstone's bridge below. The galvanometer resistance $rg = 2\Omega$.



c) Use nodal equations to find all branch current in the circuit below.

8



PART - B

4. a) Derive emf equation in 1φ transformer.

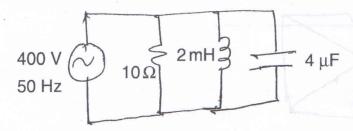
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b) With the help of neat circuit and phasor diagram show that 3φ power can be measured using two wattmeters.

10

c) Find branch currents and source current in the circuit below:

6



Explain Kirchhoff's laws

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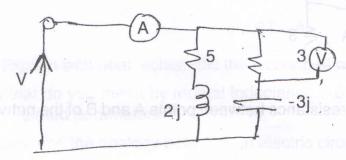
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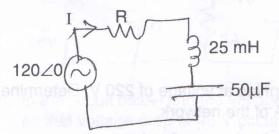
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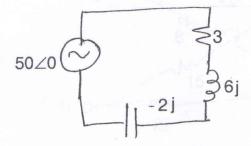
- 5. a) What do you mean by:
 - 1) Lagging and leading power factor
 - 2) Phase sequence
 - 3) RMS value. In tariff, nermolenant to prits
 - b) A 3φ balanced load of 6 + 8j is connected in star across balanced 3φ 440 V, 50 Hz supply. Find line currents and total power dissipated in the load.
 - c) In the circuit below if the voltmeter reads 45 V across 3Ω , what is the indication on the ammeter ? Also find voltage V.



6. a) In the circuit below at frequency W = 400 rad/sec, the current leads the voltage by 63.4°. Find R and voltage across each circuit element. Draw voltage phasor diagram.



b) Draw the power triangle for the circuit below:



c) With neat circuit diagrams explain OC and SC tests done on 1¢ transformer. Also explain how the test results are put to use.



PART - C

7. a) Derive expression for current growth in inductor when it is connected to voltage E through resistor R.

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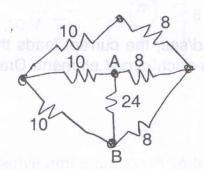
b) What is the unit of power rating of transformer. What it signifies?

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c) Use superposition principle to find current in 2Ω resistor in circuit below.

3 (1)15A 20 V

8. a) Determine the equivalent resistance between points A and B of the network below.



- the current drawn and KVAR and KVA of the network. c) State and prove maximum power transfer theorem for dc circuit.

b) A network draws 10 KW power at 0.8 pf lag at voltage of 220 V. Determine

Also explain how the test results are put to use.