

REFERENCE ELECTRODES

1. CALOMEL ELECTRODE:

Hg, $\text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2(\text{s})$, KCl (satd. solution)

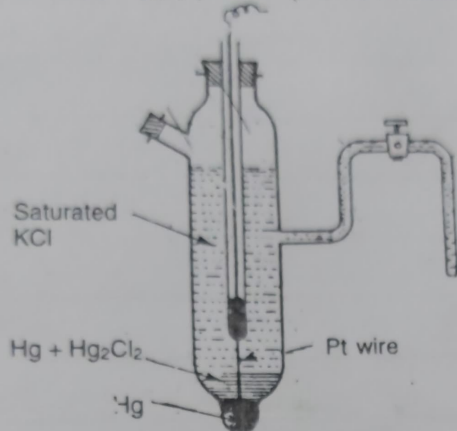


Fig. 16. Saturated calomel electrode.

CONSTRUCTION: It consists of a tube in the bottom of which is a layer of mercury, over which is placed a paste of $\text{Hg} + \text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2$. The remaining portion of cell is filled with Saturated KCl. A platinum wire, dipping into the mercury layer is used for making electrical contact. The side tube is used for making electrical contact with a salt bridge.

The electrode reaction taking place in this half cell is

$$\text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2 + 2e^- \rightarrow 2\text{Hg}(\text{l}) + 2\text{Cl}^-(\text{aq})$$

The Electrode potential of Saturated Calomel electrode is 0.2422 V.

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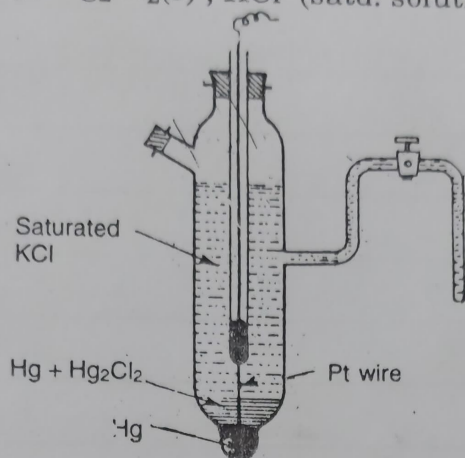
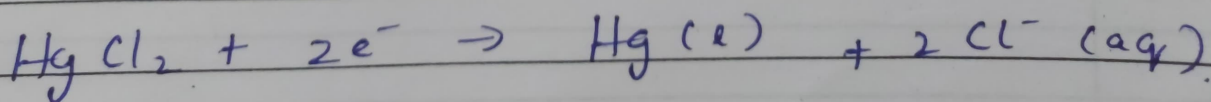


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