

Cache Friendly Programming Oğuzhan KATLI

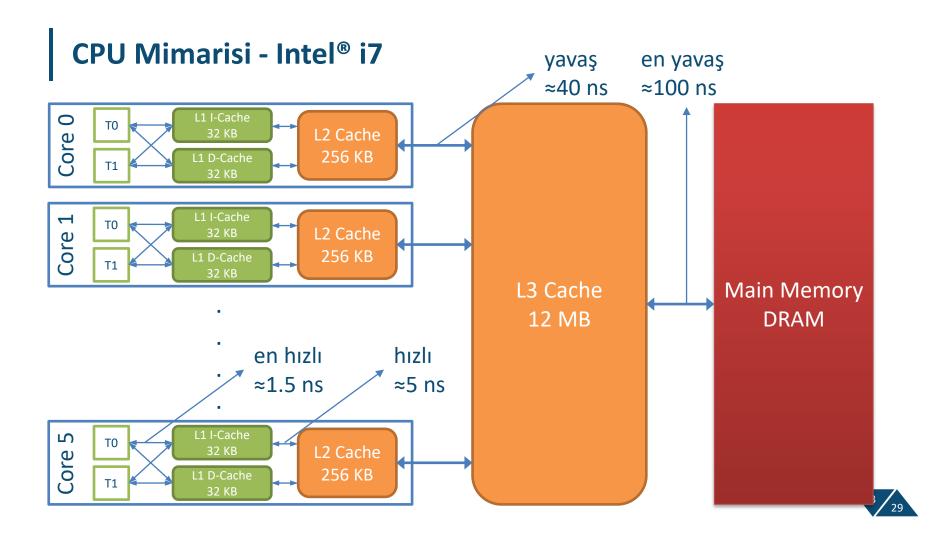
https://www.linkedin.com/in/ogzhnktl





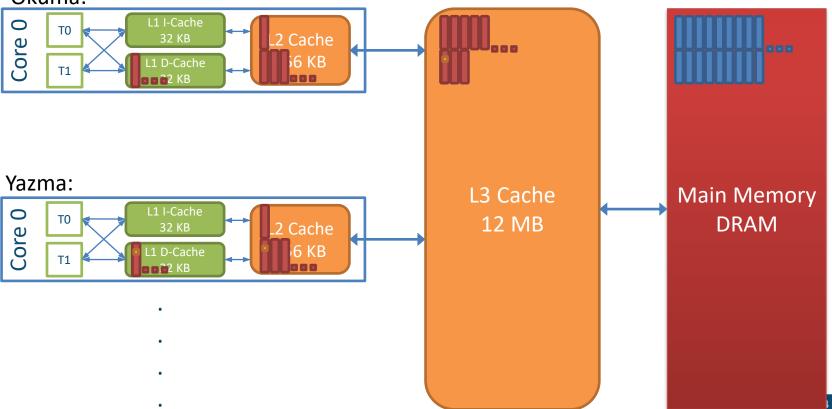
Benchmark Setup

- Intel® Core™ i7-9750H İşlemci (12M Önbellek, 4,50 GHz'e kadar)
 - 6 Core 12 Threads
 - 32 KB L1 Cache
 - 256 KB L2, 12 MB L3 Cache
- Windows 10 Home
 - Visual Studio 2019 Version 16.7.2 MSVC 19.27
- Ubuntu 20.04 LTS
 - GCC 9.3.0
 - Clang 10.0
- Google Benchmark: https://github.com/google/benchmark
- Benchmark Kodları: https://gist.github.com/nixiz/c3bb8f6029b64f9281ac44cbc119209a



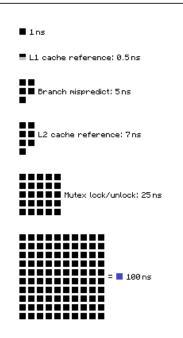
CPU Mimarisi – Cache Line

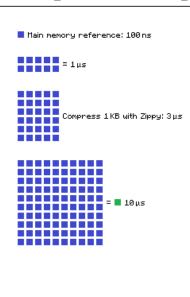
Okuma:

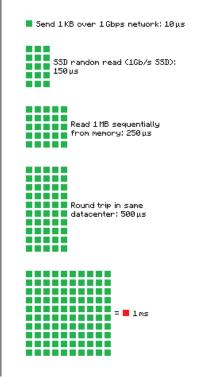


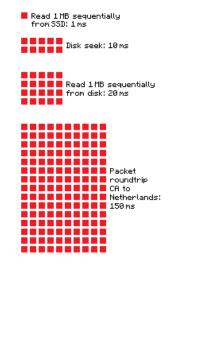
Veri Erişim Hızları

Latency Numbers Every Programmer Should Know









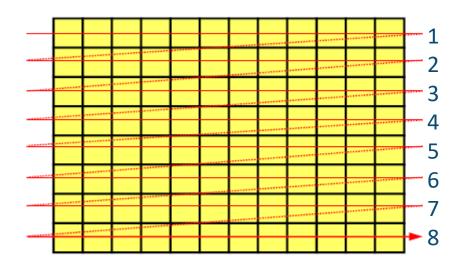
Source: https://gist.github.com/2841832

Cache Friendly Programming

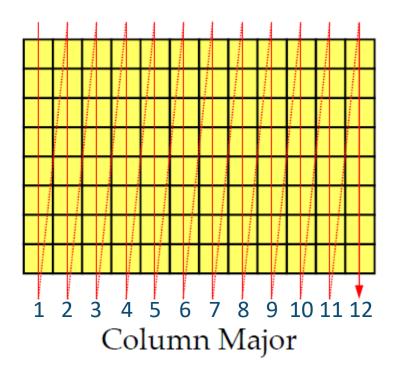
Row vs Column Matrix Traversal



Row vs Column Major



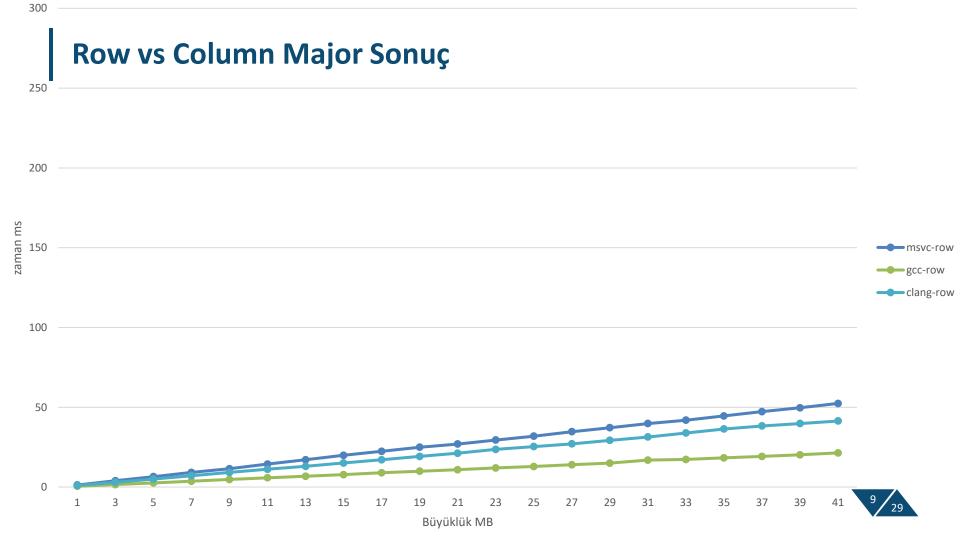
Row Major

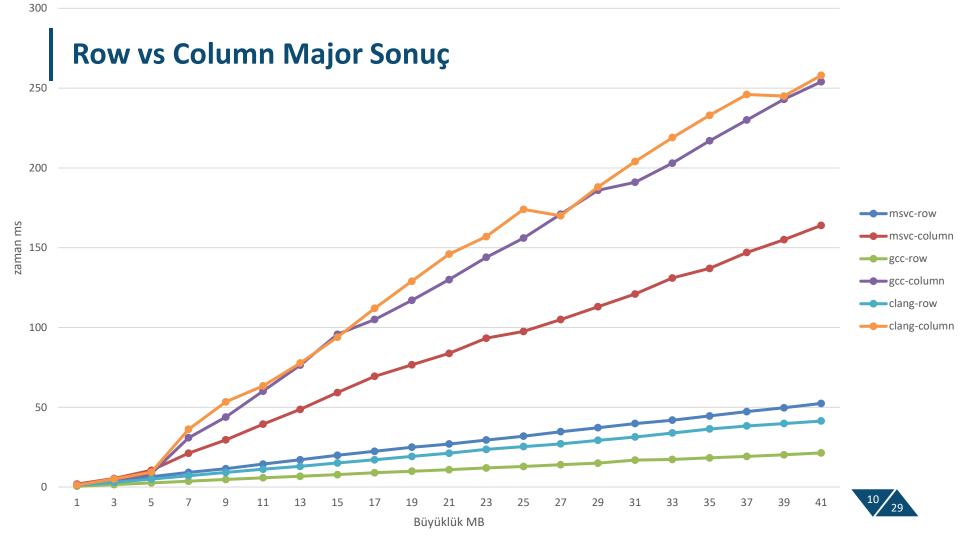


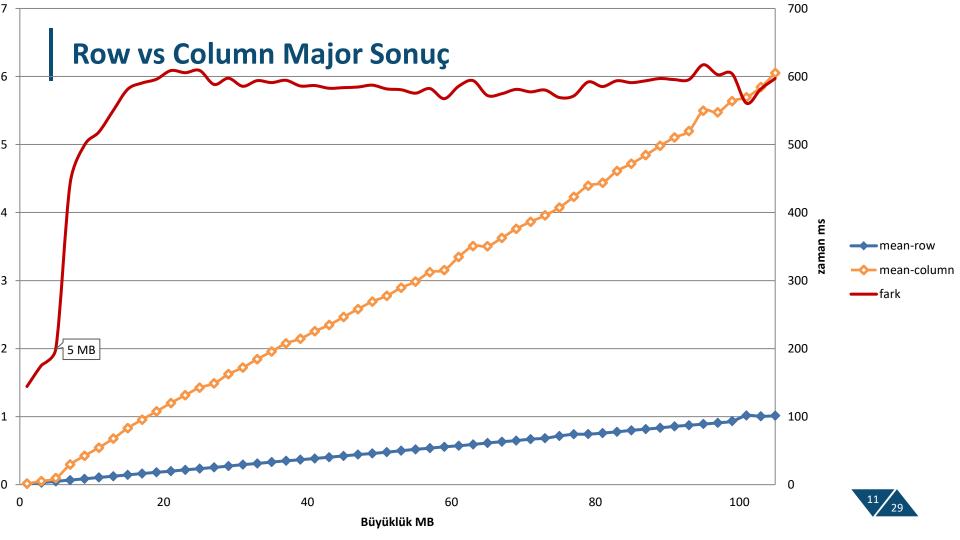


Row vs Column Major

```
template <typename T>
auto sumMatrix(const Matrix<T>& m, TraversalOrder order)
  unsigned long sum = 0;
  if (order == TraversalOrder::RowMajor)
    for (auto r = 0; r < m.rows(); ++r)
      for (auto c = 0; c < m.columns(); ++c)</pre>
        sum += m[r][c];
  else
           // TraversalOrder::ColumnMajor
    for (auto c = 0; c < m.columns(); ++c)</pre>
      for (auto r = 0; r < m.rows(); ++r)
        sum += m[r][c];
  return sum;
```







Cache Friendly Programming

Branch Prediction

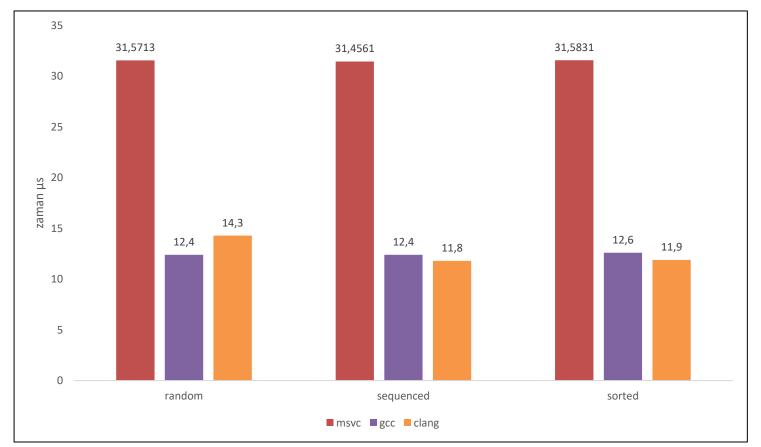


Branch Prediction

```
std::vector<float> v(65536);
std::generate(std::begin(v), std::end(v), [] {
    return (rand() % 2) ? 1 : -1;
});
std::sort(v.begin(), v.end());
return std::count_if(std::begin(v), std::end(v), [](float x) {
    return x > 0;
});
```

Branch Prediction – Sequenced If - Else

Count If Sonuç





Virtual Function Calls

```
struct base_price
 virtual ~price() {}
 virtual float getPrice() const noexcept { return 0.0; }
};
struct cheap : public base_price
 float getPrice() const noexcept override { return 2.0; }
};
struct expensive : public base_price
 float getPrice() const noexcept override { return 3.14159; }
};
```

Örnek

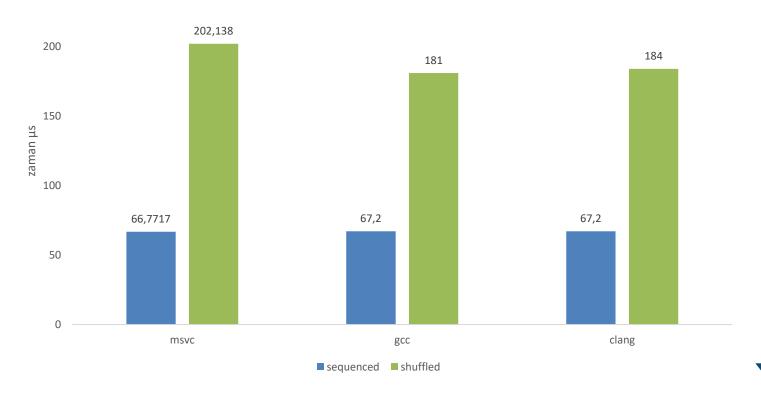
```
std::vector<base_price*> pricelist;
std::fill_n(std::back_inserter(pricelist), 10000, new base_price);
std::fill_n(std::back_inserter(pricelist), 10000, new cheap);
std::fill_n(std::back_inserter(pricelist), 10000, new expensive);

std::random_shuffle(pricelist.begin(), pricelist.end());

float sum = 0;
for (auto *p : pricelist)
{
    sum += p->getPrice();
}
```

Virtual Call Sonuç







Cache Friendly Programming

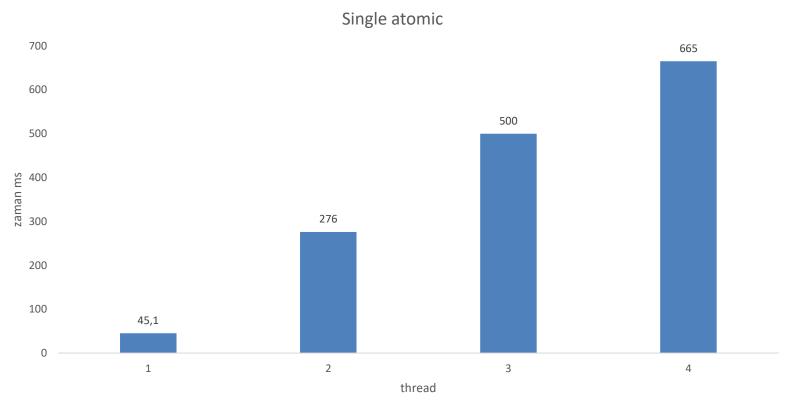
False Sharing



False Sharing

```
template <typename input_t>
void work(input t& a)
 for (int i = 0; i < 10,000,000; ++i)
    a++;
int test with 4 threads()
  std::atomic<int> a; a = 0;
  std::thread t1([&] { work(a); });
  std::thread t2([&] { work(a); });
  std::thread t3([&] { work(a); });
  std::thread t4([&] { work(a); });
 t1.join(); t2.join(); t3.join(); t4.join();
  return a;
```

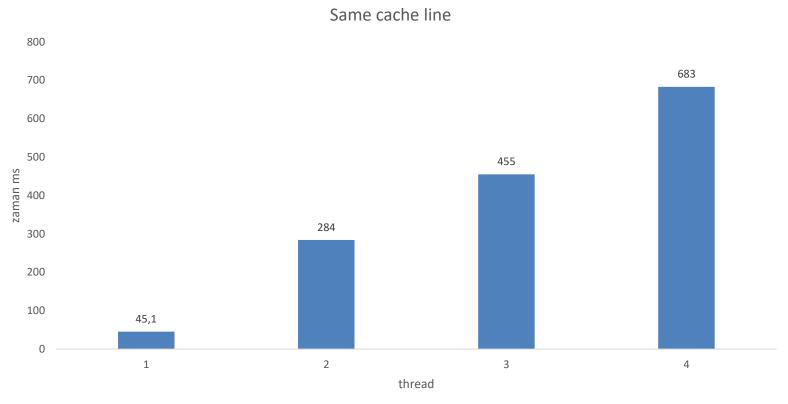
Sonuç



Farklı Atomik Nesneler

```
int test()
  std::atomic<int> a; a = 0;
  std::atomic<int> b; b = 0;
  std::atomic<int> c; c = 0;
  std::atomic<int> d; d = 0;
  std::thread t1([&] { work(a); });
  std::thread t2([&] { work(b); });
  std::thread t3([&] { work(c); });
  std::thread t4([&] { work(d); });
 t1.join(); t2.join(); t3.join(); t4.join();
  return a + b + c + d;
```

Sonuç



Farklı Atomik Nesneler

```
Adres blokları aynı
int test()
  std::atomic<int> a; a = 0; // &a: 0x...b2f7c0
  std::atomic<int> b; b = 0; // \&b: 0x...b2f7c4
  std::atomic<int> c; c = 0; // &c: 0x...b2f7c8
  std::atomic<int> d; d = 0; // &d: 0x...b2f7cc
  std::thread t1([&] { work(a); });
  std::thread t2([&] { work(b); });
  std::thread t3([&] { work(c); });
  std::thread t4([&] { work(d); });
 t1.join(); t2.join(); t3.join(); t4.join();
  return a + b + c + d;
```

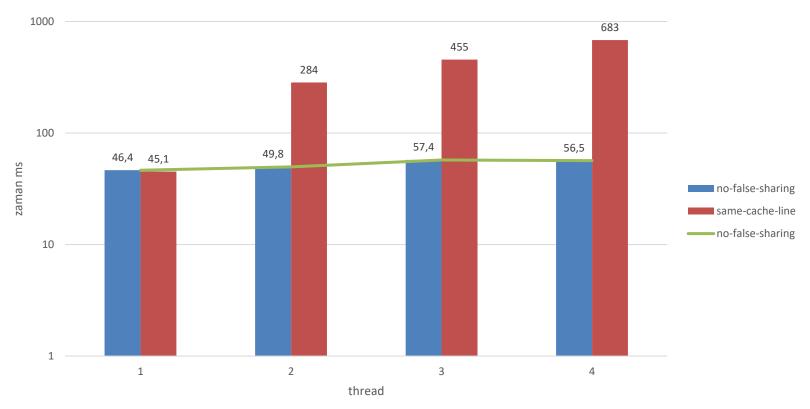
Çözüm

Adres blokları Farklı

```
struct alignas(64) aligned type
  std::atomic<int> val;
};
```

```
int test()
  aligned_type a; a.val = 0; // &a: |0x...4ff240|
  aligned type b; b.val = 0; // &b: 0x...4ff280
  aligned type c; c.val = 0; // &c: 0x...4ff2c0
  aligned type d; d.val = 0; // &d: 0x...4ff300
  std::thread t1([&a] { work(a.val); });
  std::thread t2([&b] { work(b.val); });
  std::thread t3([&c] { work(c.val); });
  std::thread t4([&d] { work(d.val); });
  t1.join(); t2.join(); t3.join(); t4.join();
  return a.val + b.val + c.val + d.val;
```

Sonuç

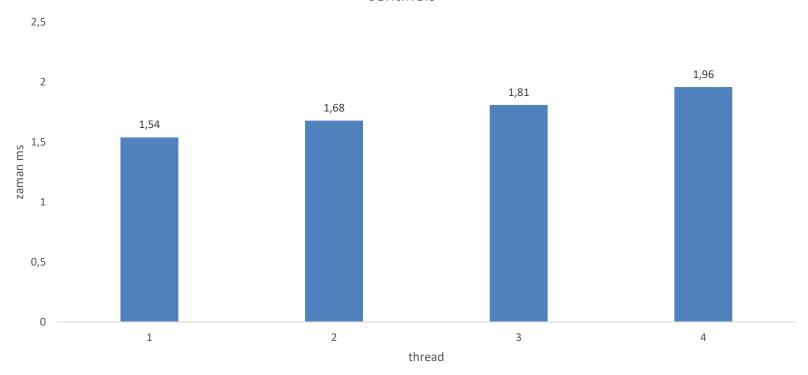


False Sharing – Sentinels

```
void work with sentinel(std::atomic<int>& a) {
  thread local unsigned int sentinel = 0;
  for (int i = 0; i < 10,000,000; ++i)
   ++sentinel;
 a += sentinel;
int test with sentinels() {
  std::atomic<int> a; a = 0;
  std::thread t1([&] { work with sentinel(a); });
  std::thread t2([&] { work_with_sentinel(a); });
  std::thread t3([&] { work with sentinel(a); });
  std::thread t4([&] { work with sentinel(a); });
  t1.join(); t2.join(); t3.join(); t4.join();
  return a;
```

Sonuç





Cache Friendly Programming

Teşekkürler

