

Hyperlinks for each chapter

Note: Links may change or be unavailable over time.

Chapter 1. Core Security Principles

01_01. Providing a secure system

- No links

01_02. Keeping information safe

- To view a live-attack map, visit: <https://threatmap.fortiguard.com/>

01_03. Managing risk

- No links

01_04. Analyzing risk

- No links

01_05. Avoiding scam artists

- Learn more about ways to avoid a social engineering attack by visiting:
<https://usa.kaspersky.com/resource-center/threats/how-to-avoid-social-engineering-attacks>

01_06. Recognizing the Internet of Things

- Today, there are many devices that exist to improve our lives—learn more here:
<https://pioneerserviceinc.com/blog/the-industrial-internet-of-things-iiot-and-what-it-means-to-precision-machining/>
- To see the extent of the possible attack surface of a single vehicle, go to:
<https://www.nccgroup.com/globalassets/newsroom/uk/blog/images/2017/07/car-attack-surface.png>
- To reduce the threat of a cyberattack on your vehicle, secure your key fobs in bag that prevents someone from gaining access to the signal and disable in-car Wi-Fi—learn more here: <https://www.mercuryinsurance.com/resources/auto/cyberattack-threats-to-your-vehicle-tips-for-protection.html>
- Prior to purchasing an IoT device, do some research—learn more here:
<https://usa.kaspersky.com/resource-center/threats/secure-iot-devices-on-your-home-network>
- Malicious actors can use a vehicle's key fob to gain access to your car; learn how this is done and ways to reduce the threat of an attack: <https://lifehacker.com/how-to-keep-your-cars-key-fob-from-being-hacked-1847691268>

Chapter 2. Understanding Malware

02_01. Comparing malicious programs

- To view the effects of cyberattacks over the years, go to:
<https://www.informationisbeautiful.net/visualizations/worlds-biggest-data-breaches-hacks/>
- Malware has been around for quite a while, as outlined on this webpage:
<https://www.csoonline.com/article/3663051/11-infamous-malware-attacks-the-first-and-the-worst.html>
- Read about Creeper and Reaper by going to:
<https://smartermsp.com/the-creeper-and-the-reaper-make-cybersecurity-history/>
- For a visual on what you might see when Creeper was on the network, go to:
<https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/e/eb/CreeperWorm.jpg>
- For a discussion on the most common types of cyberattacks, visit:
<https://www.crowdstrike.com/cybersecurity-101/cyberattacks/most-common-cyberattacks/>

02_02. Explaining viruses and worms

- Every day, over 450,000 variants of malware and potentially unwanted applications (PUAs) are registered by the AV-TEST Institute—learn more here:
<https://www.av-test.org/en/statistics/malware/>

02_03. Eliminating unwanted surveillance

- Understand how spyware works, and ways to prevent this type of threat, by visiting:
<https://easydmarc.com/blog/what-is-spyware-and-how-to-protect-against-it/>

02_04. Defending the OS

- Over time, advanced threats have become more aggressive and complex attacks, as shown in this graphic:
<https://static.seekingalpha.com/uploads/2022/3/14/49865266-16472947557780797.png>
- Two sites that outline how **macOS** has multiple ways to defend against malicious activity:
 - <https://support.apple.com/guide/security/protecting-against-malware-sec469d47bd8/web>
 - <https://www.security.org/antivirus/mac/>
- If you are using a **Linux OS**, you have some choices on how you can defend against malware threats:
 - This site has a comprehensive list: <https://linuxsecurity.expert/security-tools/linux-malware-detection-tools>
 - Lynis is another malware scanning and vulnerability detecting tool that scans systems for security information and issues: <https://cisofy.com/lynis/>
- **Windows** has several tools that protect the OS:

- Microsoft includes Microsoft Defender Antivirus, which automatically activates if it does not sense that you have any antimalware protection:
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/microsoft-365/security/defender-endpoint/microsoft-defender-antivirus-windows?view=o365-worldwide>
- If you feel your computer has become infected with malware, you could use the Microsoft Safety Scanner: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/microsoft-365/security/intelligence/safety-scanner-download?view=o365-worldwide>
- More information on the Microsoft Safety Scanner, go to:
<https://answers.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/forum/all/microsoft-security-scanner-finds-infected-files/1fc86c29-4000-4e59-b940-292dad7ef058>
- Data Execution Prevention (DEP) stops code from running in protected areas of a Windows OS—learn more here: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/win32/memory/data-execution-prevention>
- To verify the status of DEP settings in Windows 10, go to:
<http://www.thewindowsclub.com/verify-status-data-dep>

02_05. Holding data hostage

- Ransomware attacks continue and affect all segments of public industry and private individuals—learn more here: <https://www.comparitech.com/ransomware-attack-map/>

Chapter 3. Breaching Your System

03_01. Stopping the impostors

- To see a list of free online tools to look up potentially malicious websites, go to:
<https://zeltser.com/lookup-malicious-websites/>
- If your computer becomes infected with malware, learn ways to remove it from your system:
<https://malwaretips.com/blogs/malware-removal-guide-for-windows/>

03_02. Getting in the backdoor

- No links

03_03. Exploiting the unknown

- To view the many attacks that occur every day, go to Kaspersky Cyberthreat Real-Time Map:
<https://cybermap.kaspersky.com>
- Understand how Microsoft defends against advanced threats by visiting:
<https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/microsoft-365/success/productivitylibrary/protect-detect-investigate-and-respond-to-advanced-threats>

03_04. Challenge and response: Recognizing IoT threats

- The **Internet of Things (IoT)** poses unique challenges in managing information, as all systems are essentially interconnected.

- In the challenge, we'll go to this website:
<https://www.trendmicro.com/vinfo/us/security/news/internet-of-things/inside-the-smart-home-iot-device-threats-and-attack-scenarios>
- List five possible ways IoT devices can be attacked

Chapter 4. Investigating Internet Security

04_01. Accessing cloud resources

- Read *The Beginner's Guide to Understanding the Cloud and Cloud Computing*, found here: <https://linchpinseo.com/guide-to-the-cloud/>
- For a list of common software-as-a-service (SaaS) solutions, visit:
<https://joshfechter.com/software-service-examples/>
- To view a graphic of the different types of cloud services in use today, visit:
<https://azurecomcdn.azureedge.net/cvt-f187b0e8321af2f3c7299619208c62b4c1e44f0eb595e2abd9bc3207f2c90b3e/images/page/resources/cloud-computing-dictionary/what-is-iaas/iaas-paas-saas.png>

04_02. Using a secure connection

- Learn how you can tell if your connection is secure by visiting:
<https://support.mozilla.org/en-US/kb/how-do-i-tell-if-my-connection-is-secure>

04_03. Accepting cookies

- Discover how Mozilla monitors sites for malicious cookie activity by visiting:
<https://support.mozilla.org/en-US/kb/enable-and-disable-cookies-website-preferences>

04_04. Blocking malicious content

- To see an example of a web forgery attack, visit: <https://conetix.com.au/wp-content/uploads/2014/01/28/ReportedWebForgeryError.png.pagespeed.ce.nTLCuHGCNB.png>
- To learn how to turn off JavaScript, go to:
<https://www.privacypolicies.com/blog/enable-disable-javascript/#firefox>
- To check if your browser is updated to the latest version, go to:
<https://updatemybrowser.org/>

04_05. Ensuring browser privacy

- For an example of what you might see if you click on a malicious link, visit:
<https://www.itisatrap.org/firefox/its-an-attack.html>
- Learn how all browsers compare by visiting:
<https://www.expressvpn.com/blog/best-browsers-for-privacy/>
- This reference provides links on how to improve the privacy of most operating systems:
<https://www.techsafety.org/internetbrowserprivacytips>
- When selecting a browser, you can compare privacy features here: <https://privacytests.org/>

Chapter 5. Mobile and Wireless Security

05_01. Securing your home Wi-Fi

- To see the default password of a particular router, go to: <https://www.routerpasswords.com/linksys-default-router-password/>
- Once you get your router, change the default password to a secure password; here is an example: <https://www.watchingthenet.com/wp-content/uploads/image/linksysnoadmin2.gif>
- For a discussion on how to change your Wi-Fi password, go to: <https://www.businessinsider.com/guides/tech/how-to-change-wifi-password>
- To learn how to activate encryption on your router, visit: <https://www.avast.com/c-how-to-turn-on-wifi-encryption-in-your-router-settings>

05_02. Sharing a secret

- Learn more about the best encryption to use on your wireless network: <https://www.howtogeek.com/782993/whats-the-best-wi-fi-encryption-to-use-in-2022/>
- For recommended settings for Wi-Fi routers and access points, visit: <https://support.apple.com/en-us/HT202068>
- Test the strength of your password by visiting: <https://www.security.org/how-secure-is-my-password/>
- To view a sample of what you might see when setting up your router, visit: https://www.howtogeek.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/07/wpa_top.png.pagespeed.ce.hM4XhKhI0k.png

05_03. Concealing your access point

- No links

05_04. Protecting mobile devices

- To see a visual of how a man-in-the-middle (MiTM) attack works, visit: <https://www.troyhunt.com/content/images/2016/02/30953094WiFi-Pineapple5.png>
- Discover the Wi-Fi Pineapple by visiting: <https://shop.hak5.org/products/wifi-pineapple>

Chapter 6. Secure Devices and Applications

06_01. Providing confidentiality

- To view what text looks like when encrypted, visit: <https://codebeautify.org/encrypt-decrypt>

06_02. Ensuring data integrity

- Learn more about hash functions by visiting: <https://csrc.nist.gov/projects/hash-functions>

- For a beginner's guide to hash functions, visit: <https://www.thesslstore.com/blog/what-is-a-hash-function-in-cryptography-a-beginners-guide/>
- Learn how a hash takes a variable-length input and produces a fixed-length output: <https://sectigostore.com/blog/hash-function-in-cryptography-how-does-it-work/>

06_03. Using cryptographic techniques

- Discover how cryptographic techniques can secure data, whether in motion or at rest: <https://blogs.ucl.ac.uk/infosec/2017/03/12/applications-of-cryptography/>
- Visit IBM's website and learn more about blockchain as a shared, immutable ledger for recording transactions: <https://www.ibm.com/blockchain>
- Learn how S/MIME secures email: <https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/exchange/security-and-compliance/smime-exo/smime-exo>

06_04. Securing email

- Discover how spam is used in a phishing attack by visiting: <https://www.dia.govt.nz/Spam-About-Scams-and-Phishing>
- Email statistics in the US: <https://www.statista.com/topics/4295/e-mail-usage-in-the-united-states/>
- There are many websites available to send spoofed emails, visit one here: <https://www.anonymailer.net/>
- Be cautious before clicking a link in an email; however, if you are a victim of a phishing attack, report the attack here: <https://www.cisa.gov/uscrt/report-phishing>
- Take the phishing quiz to learn how to identify malicious email by visiting: <https://phishingquiz.withgoogle.com>

Conclusion

07_01. Next steps

- To see a list of courses on my instructor page, visit: <https://www.linkedin.com/learning/instructors/lisa-bock?u=104>