CS375 WK7

Jason N Mansfield

August 22, 2011

Figure 1: Q01: FA

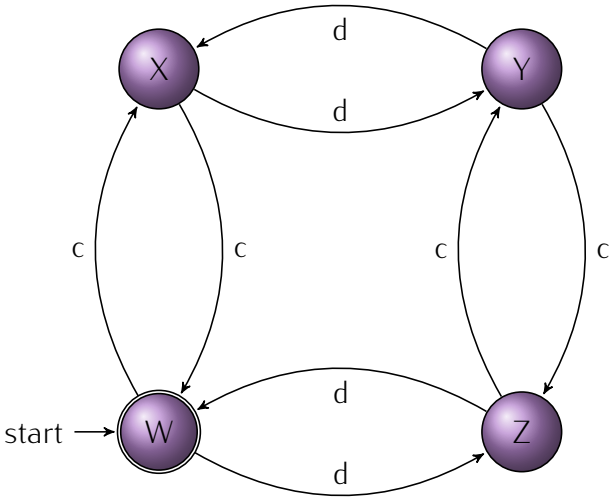

Figure 2: Q01: PDA

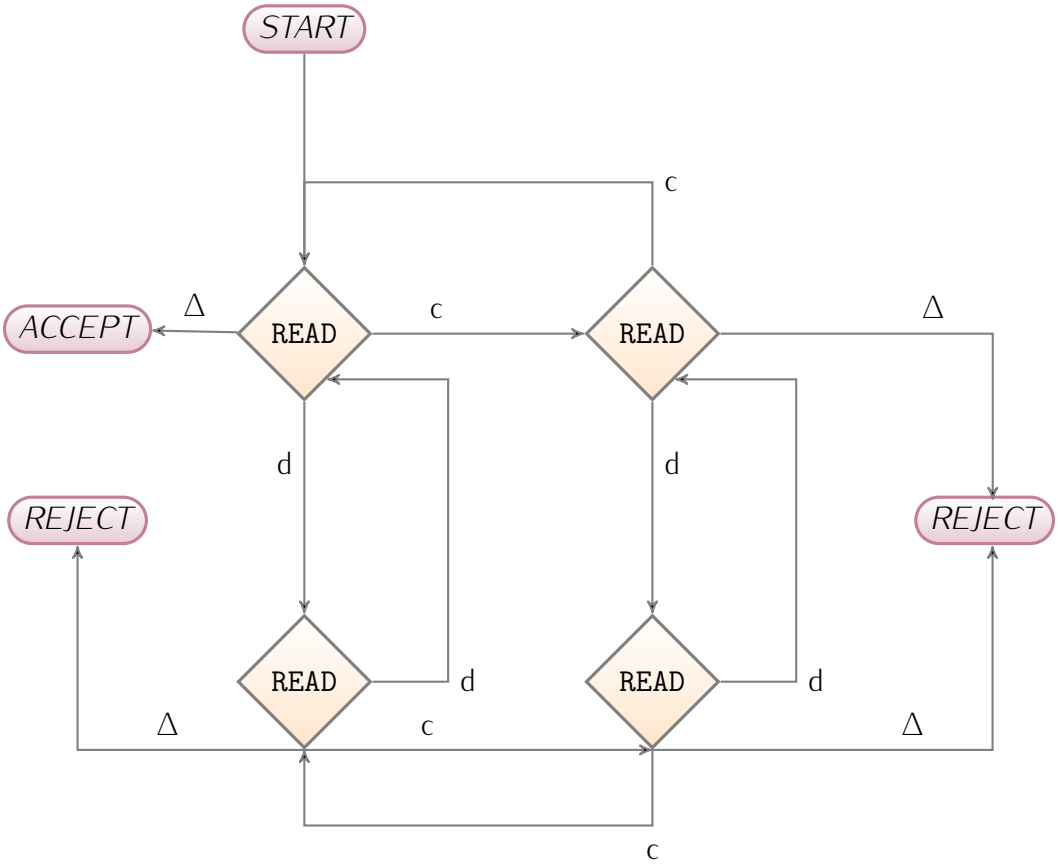

Figure 3: Q02: FA

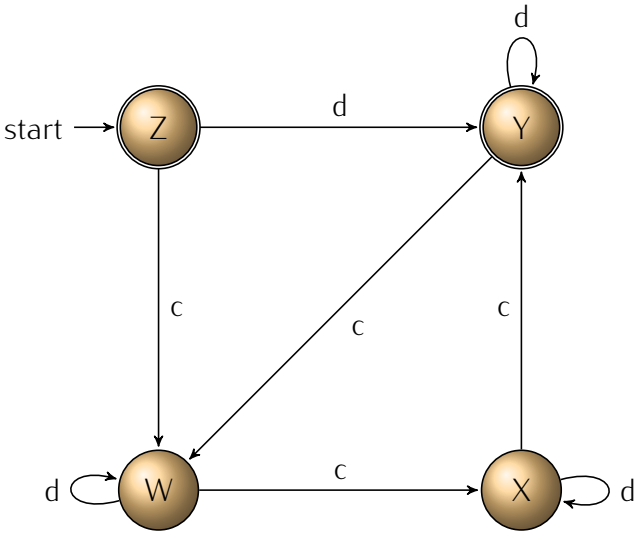

Figure 4: Q02: PDA

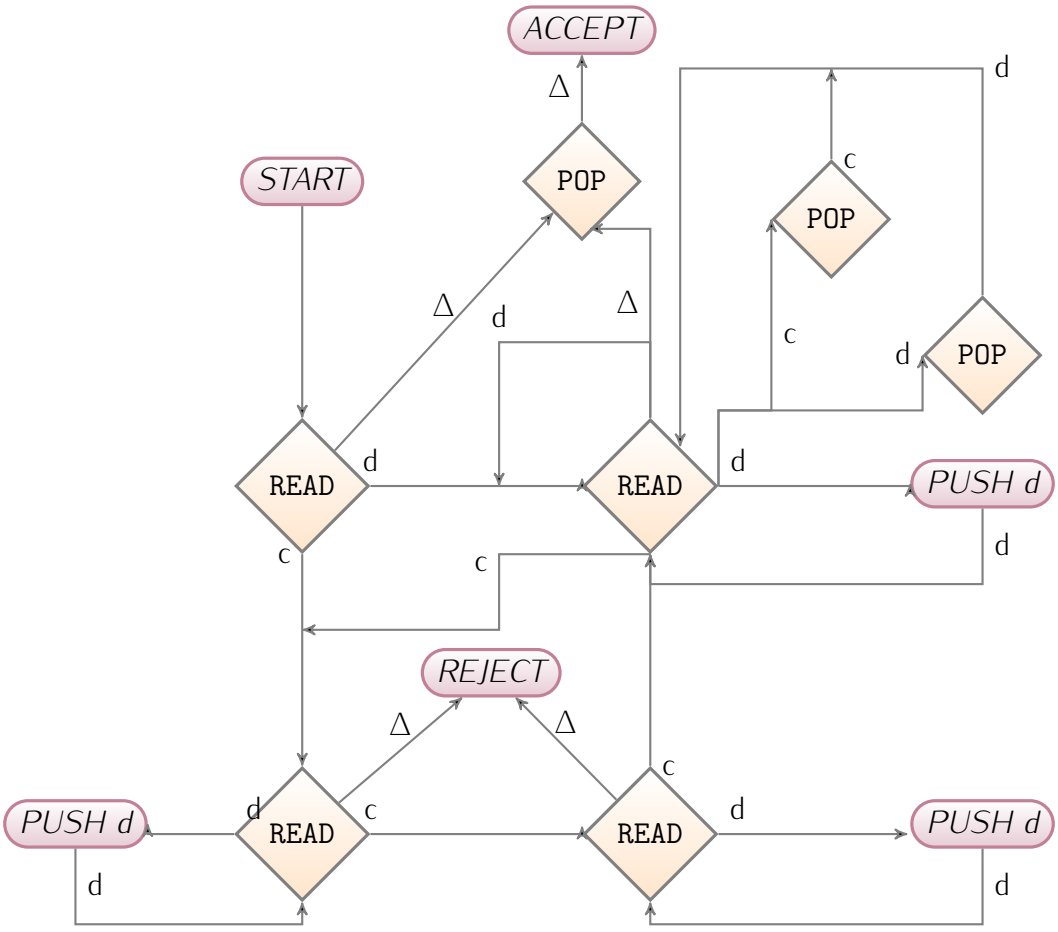

Figure 5: Q03a: Conversion Form

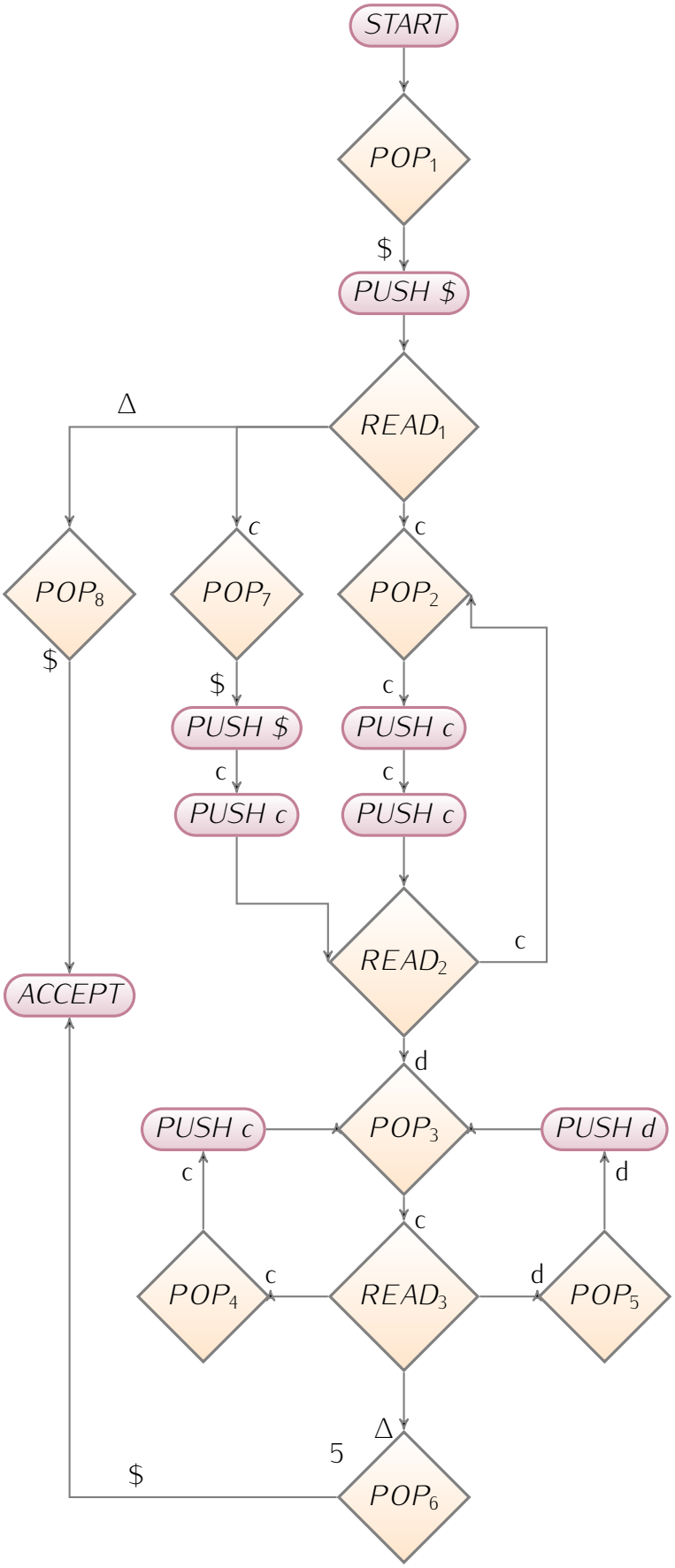

Figure 6: Q03.a Summary Table

FROM Where	To Where	READ What	POP What	PUSH What	ROW Number
START	$READ_1$	Λ	\$	\$	1
$READ_1$	ACCEPT	Λ	\$	-	2
$READ_1$	$READ_2$	c	\$	c\$	3
$READ_1$	$READ_2$	c	c	cc	4
$READ_2$	$READ_2$	c	c	cc	5
$READ_2$	$READ_3$	d	c	-	6
$READ_3$	$READ_3$	c	cc	c	7
$READ_3$	$READ_3$	d	dc	d	7
$READ_3$	$ACCEPT$	Λ	\$	-	8

Figure 7: Q03.a Productions

Rule 1: $S \rightarrow Net(START, ACCEPT, \$)$

Rule 2:

Net($READ_1$,ACCEPT,\$)$\rightarrow Row_2$

Net($READ_2$,$READ_3$,\$)$\rightarrow Row_6$

Net($READ_3$,ACCEPT,\$)$\rightarrow Row_8$

Rule 3:

$Row_1 \rightarrow \Lambda$

$Row_2 \rightarrow \Lambda$

$Row_3 \rightarrow c$

$Row_4 \rightarrow c$

$Row_5 \rightarrow c$

$Row_6 \rightarrow d$

$Row_7 \rightarrow c$

$Row_8 \rightarrow c$

Figure 8: Q03.b

STATE	STACK	TAPE
Start	Δ	c c c d d d
$Read_1$	Δ	c c c d d d
Push	cΔ	c c c d d d
$Read_2$	cΔ	c c c d d d
Push	ccΔ	c c c d d d
$Read_2$	ccΔ	c c c d d d
Push	cccΔ	c c c d d d
$Read_2$	cccΔ	c c c d d d
Pop	ccΔ	c c c d d d
$Read_3$	ccΔ	c c c d d d
Pop	cΔ	c c c d d d
$Read_3$	cΔ	c c c d d d
Pop	Δ	c c c d d d
$Read_3$	Δ	c c c d d d
Pop	Δ	c c c d d d
Accept	Δ	c c c d d d

Figure 9: Q03.c

STATE	STACK	TAPE
Start	Δ	c c c d c d
$Read_1$	Δ	c c c d c d
Push	cΔ	c c c d c d
$Read_2$	cΔ	c c c d c d
Push	ccΔ	c c c d c d
$Read_2$	ccΔ	c c c d c d
Push	cccΔ	c c c d c d
$Read_2$	cccΔ	c c c d c d
Pop	ccΔ	c c c d c d
$Read_3$	ccΔ	c c c d c d
Pop	cΔ	c c c d c d
$Read_3$	cΔ	c c c d c d
Pop	Δ	c c c d c d
$Read_3$	Δ	c c c d c d
Pop	Δ	c c c d c d
Accept	Δ	c c c d c d

Figure 10: Q03.d

STATE	STACK	TAPE
Start	Δ	c c c d c c
$Read_1$	Δ	c c c d c c
Push	cΔ	c c c d c c
$Read_2$	cΔ	c c c d c c
Push	ccΔ	c c c d c c
$Read_2$	ccΔ	c c c d c c
Push	cccΔ	c c c d c c
$Read_2$	cccΔ	c c c d c c
Pop	ccΔ	c c c d c c
$Read_3$	ccΔ	c c c d c c
Pop	cΔ	c c c d c c
$Read_3$	cΔ	c c c d c c
Pop	Δ	c c c d c c
$Read_3$	Δ	c c c d c c
Pop	Δ	c c c d c c
Accept	Δ	c c c d c c

Figure 11: Q03.e

STATE	STACK	TAPE
Start	Δ	c c c c d d
$Read_1$	Δ	c c c c d d
Push	cΔ	c c c c d d
$Read_2$	cΔ	c c c c d d
Push	ccΔ	c c c c d d
$Read_2$	ccΔ	c c c c d d
Push	cccΔ	c c c c d d
$Read_2$	cccΔ	c c c c d d
Push	ccccΔ	c c c c d d
$Read_2$	ccccΔ	c c c c d d
Pop	cccΔ	c c c c d d
$Read_2$	cccΔ	c c c c d d
Pop	ccΔ	c c c c d d
$Read_3$	ccΔ	c c c c d d
Pop	cΔ	c c c c d d
Reject	cΔ	c c c c d d

Q04: a^n and b^n must be on the outside edges of the string and not larger than one. While this language is not quite an EVENPALINDROME it must be even with the internal b^m and a^m grouped in twos. This allows the string to get pumped up in the center and remain even.

Figure 12: Q05-07: Conversion Form

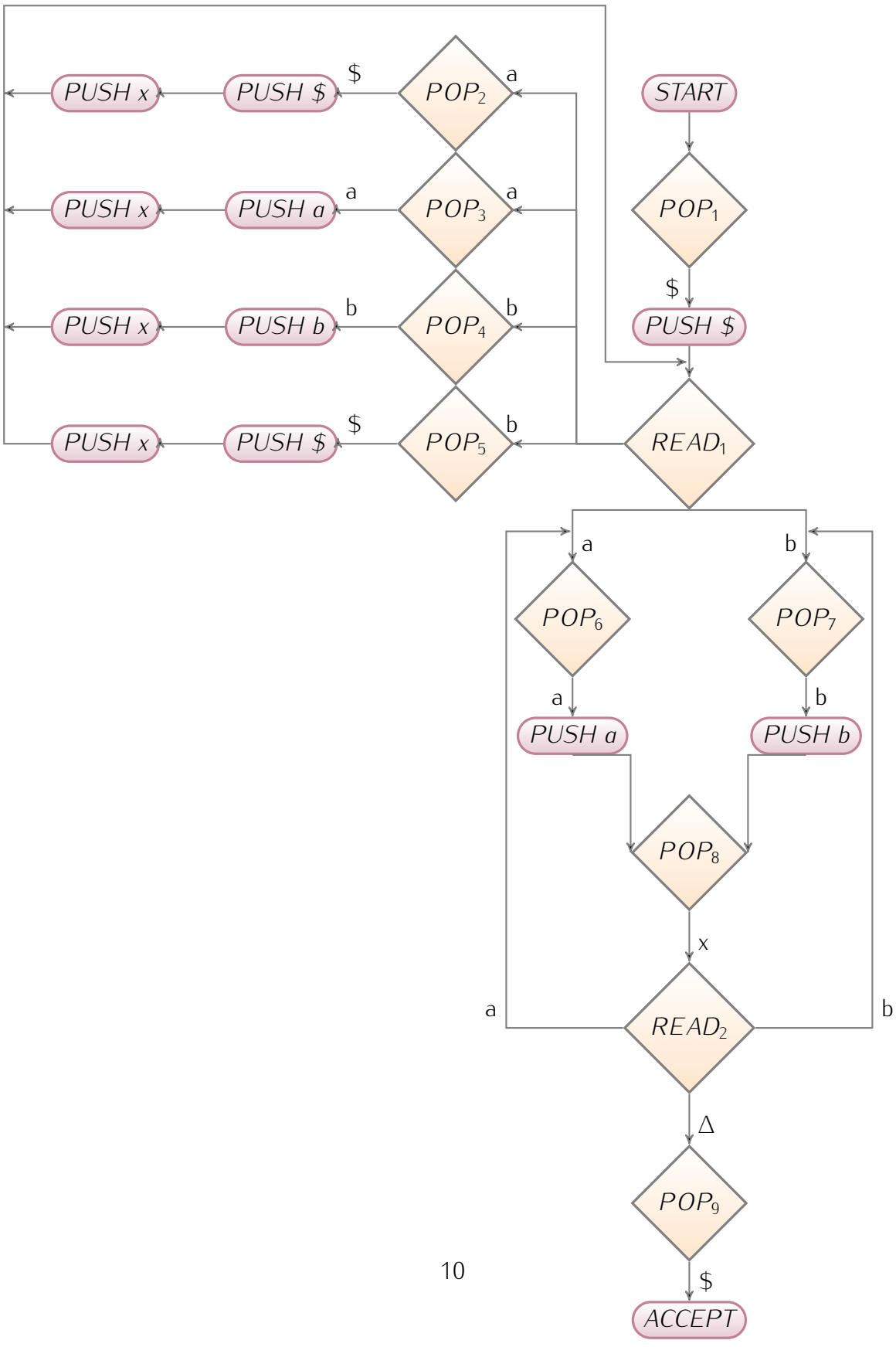

Figure 13: Q05-07: Summary Table

FROM Where	To Where	READ What	POP What	PUSH What	ROW Number
START	$READ_1$	Λ	\$	\$	1
$READ_1$	$READ_1$	a	\$	x\$	2
$READ_1$	$READ_1$	a	a	xa	3
$READ_1$	$READ_1$	b	b	xb	4
$READ_1$	$READ_1$	b	\$	x\$	5
$READ_1$	$READ_2$	a	ax	a	6
$READ_1$	$READ_2$	b	bx	b	7
$READ_2$	$READ_2$	a	ax	a	8
$READ_2$	$READ_2$	b	bx	b	9
$READ_2$	$ACCEPT$	Δ	\$	-	10

Figure 14: Q05

$Net(READ_1, READ_1, a)Row2$
$Net(READ_1, READ_2, b)Row7$
$Net(READ_2, ACCEPT, \Delta)Row10$

Example with Tape

STATE	STACK	TAPE
Start	Δ	a b
$Read_1$	Δ	a b
$Push_x$	xΔ	a b
$Read_1$	xΔ	a b
Pop	Δ	a b
$Read_2$	Δ	a b
Pop	Δ	a b
Accept	Δ	a b

Figure 15: Q06

$Net(READ_1, READ_1, b)Row5$
$Net(READ_1, READ_1, b)Row5$
$Net(READ_1, READ_1, b)Row5$
$Net(READ_1, READ_2, a)Row6$
$Net(READ_2, ACCEPT, \Delta)Row10$

Example with Tape

STATE	STACK	TAPE
Start	Δ	b b b a
$Read_1$	Δ	b b b a
$Push_x$	xΔ	b b b a
$Read_1$	xΔ	b b b a
$Push_x$	xxΔ	b b b a
$Read_1$	xxΔ	b b b a
Pop	xΔ	b b b a
$Read_2$	xΔ	b b b a
Pop	Δ	b b b a
$Read_2$	Δ	b b b a
Pop	Δ	b b b a
Accept	Δ	b b b a

Figure 16: Q07: FA PALINDROME

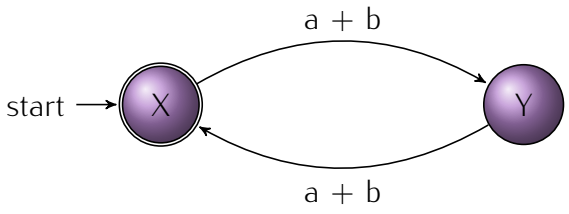

Figure 17: Q08-11: Conversion Form

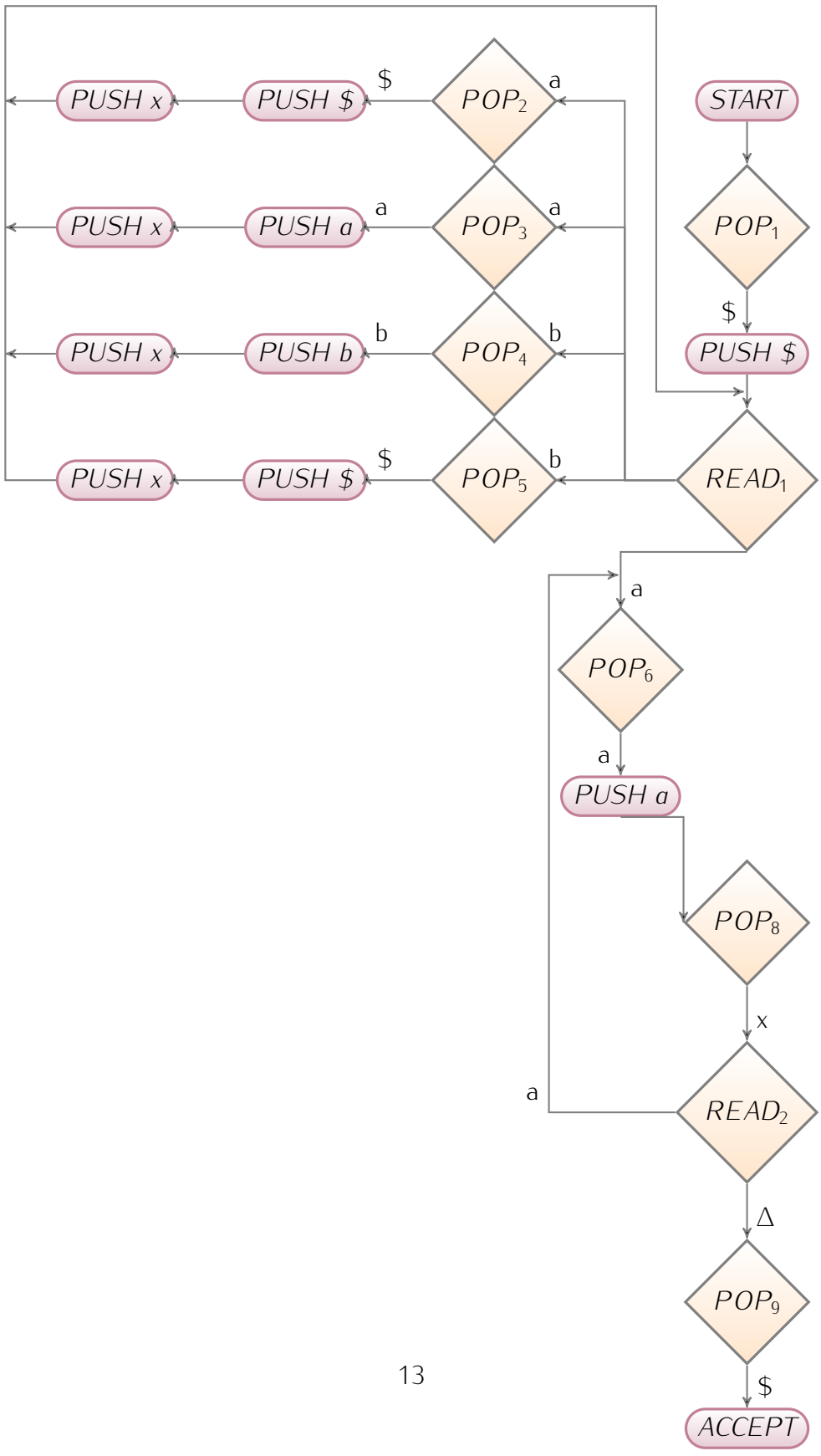

Figure 18: Q08-11: Summary Table

FROM Where	To Where	READ What	POP What	PUSH What	ROW Number
START	$READ_1$	Λ	\$	\$	1
$READ_1$	$READ_1$	a	\$	x\$	2
$READ_1$	$READ_1$	a	a	xa	3
$READ_1$	$READ_1$	b	b	xb	4
$READ_1$	$READ_1$	b	\$	x\$	5
$READ_1$	$READ_2$	a	ax	a	6
$READ_2$	$READ_2$	a	ax	a	8
$READ_2$	$ACCEPT$	Δ	\$	-	10

Figure 19: Q08

$Net(READ_1, READ_1, a)Row2$
$Net(READ_1, READ_2, a)Row6$
$Net(READ_2, ACCEPT, \Delta)Row10$
Example with Tape

STATE	STACK	TAPE
Start	Δ	a b
$Read_1$	Δ	a b
$Push$	xΔ	a b
$Read_1$	xΔ	a b
Pop	Δ	a b
$Read_2$	Δ	a b
Pop	Δ	a b
Accept	Δ	a b

Figure 20: Q09

$Net(READ_1, READ_1, b)Row5$
$Net(READ_1, READ_1, a)Row2$
$Net(READ_1, READ_1, b)Row5$
$Net(READ_1, READ_2, a)Row6$
$Net(READ_2, READ_2, a)Row8$
$Net(READ_2, READ_2, a)Row8$
$Net(READ_2, ACCEPT, \Delta)Row10$

Example with Tape

STATE	STACK	TAPE
Start	Δ	[b][a][b][a][a][a]
$Read_1$	Δ	a[a][b][a][a][a]
$Push$	xΔ	a[a][b][a][a][a]
$Read_1$	xΔ	a a[b][a][a][a]
$Push$	xxΔ	a a[b][a][a][a]
$Read_1$	xxΔ	a a a[a][a][a]
$Push$	xxxΔ	a a a[a][a][a]
$Read_1$	xxxΔ	a a a a[a][a]
Pop	xxΔ	a a a a[a][a]
$Read_2$	xxΔ	a a a a a[a]
Pop	xΔ	a a a a a[a]
$Read_2$	xΔ	a a a a a[b]
Pop	Δ	a a a a a[b]
$Read_2$	Δ	a a a a a[b]
Pop	Δ	a a a a a[b]
Accept	Δ	a a a a a[b]

Figure 21: Q10

The PDA for 8-11 is an EVENPALINDROME therefore it is impossible to balance the amount of readable tape with the stack if not even as shown below.If instead of the below example we were to remain in READ 1 an additional cycle then we would have to many x's on the Stack and the tape would complete too soon. In this case the tape completes too late.

$Net(READ_1, READ_1, b)Row5$
$Net(READ_1, READ_1, a)Row2$
$Net(READ_1, READ_1, b)Row5$
$Net(READ_1, READ_2, a)Row6$
$Net(READ_2, READ_2, a)Row8$
$Net(READ_2, READ_2, b)Row8$
CRASH

Example with Tape

STATE	STACK	TAPE
Start	Δ	[b]a[b]a[a]a[a]b
$Read_1$	Δ	a[a]b[a]a[a]b
$Push$	xΔ	a[a]b[a]a[a]b
$Read_1$	xΔ	aa[b]a[a]a[b]
$Push$	xxΔ	aa[b]a[a]a[b]
$Read_1$	xxΔ	aaa[a]a[a]b
$Push$	xxxΔ	aaa[a]a[a]b
$Read_1$	xxxΔ	aaaa[a]a[b]
Pop	xxΔ	aaaa[a]a[b]
$Read_2$	xxΔ	aaaaa[a]b
Pop	xΔ	aaaaa[a]b
$Read_2$	xΔ	aaaaaa[b]
Pop	Δ	aaaaaa[b]
$Read_2$	Δ	aaaaaab
Pop	Δ	aaaaaab

Figure 22: Q11

Once again the PDA for 8-11 is an EVENPALINDROME therefore it is impossible to balance the amount of readable tape with the stack if not even as shown below. If instead of the below example we were to remain in READ 1 an additional cycle then we would have to many x's on the Stack and the tape would complete too soon. In this case the tape completes too late. This example is identical to the falure shown above with the exception of the extra character on the string being a 'a'

$Net(READ_1, READ_1, b)Row5$
$Net(READ_1, READ_1, a)Row2$
$Net(READ_1, READ_1, b)Row5$
$Net(READ_1, READ_2, a)Row6$
$Net(READ_2, READ_2, a)Row8$
$Net(READ_2, READ_2, a)Row8$
CRASH

Example with Tape

STATE	STACK	TAPE
Start	Δ	baabaaaa
$Read_1$	Δ	aabaaaaa
$Push$	xΔ	aabaaaaa
$Read_1$	xΔ	aabaaaaa
$Push$	xxΔ	aabaaaaa
$Read_1$	xxΔ	aaaaaaaa
$Push$	xxxΔ	aaaaaaaa
$Read_1$	xxxΔ	aaaaaaaa
Pop	xxΔ	aaaaaaaa
$Read_2$	xxΔ	aaaaaaaa
Pop	xΔ	aaaaaaaa
$Read_2$	xΔ	aaaaaaaa
Pop	Δ	aaaaaaaa
$Read_2$	Δ	aaaaaaab
Pop	Δ	aaaaaaab

Figure 23: Q12: PDA