A. Panoramix's Prediction time limit per test 2 seconds memory limit per test 256 megabytes input standard input output standard output

A prime number is a number which has exactly two distinct divisors: one and itself. For example, numbers 2, 7, 3 are prime, and 1, 6, 4 are not.

The next prime number after x is the smallest prime number greater than x. For example, the next prime number after 2 is 3, and the next prime number after 3 is 5. Note that there is exactly one next prime number after each number. So 5 is not the next prime number for 2.

One cold April morning Panoramix predicted that soon Kakofonix will break free from his straitjacket, and this will be a black day for the residents of the Gallic countryside.

Panoramix's prophecy tells that if some day Asterix and Obelix beat exactly *x* Roman soldiers, where *x* is a prime number, and next day they beat exactly *y* Roman soldiers, where *y* is the next prime number after *x*, then it's time to wait for Armageddon, for nothing can shut Kakofonix up while he sings his infernal song.

Yesterday the Gauls beat n Roman soldiers and it turned out that the number n was prime! Today their victims were a troop of m Romans (m > n). Determine whether the Gauls should wait for the black day after today's victory of Asterix and Obelix?

## Input

The first and only input line contains two positive integers — n and m ( $2 \le n \le m \le 50$ ). It is guaranteed that n is prime.

Pretests contain all the cases with restrictions  $2 \le n < m \le 4$ .

## Output

Print YES, if *m* is the next prime number after *n*, or NO otherwise.

Examples Input 3 5 Output YES Input 7 11

Output YES

Input
7 9
Output
NO