

A. Candy Bags

time limit per test

1 second

memory limit per test

256 megabytes

input

standard input

output

standard output

Gerald has n younger brothers and their number happens to be even. One day he bought n^2 candy bags. One bag has one candy, one bag has two candies, one bag has three candies and so on. In fact, for each integer k from 1 to n^2 he has exactly one bag with k candies.

Help him give n bags of candies to each brother so that all brothers got the same number of candies.

Input

The single line contains a single integer n (n is even, $2 \leq n \leq 100$) — the number of Gerald's brothers.

Output

Let's assume that Gerald indexes his brothers with numbers from 1 to n . You need to print n lines, on the i -th line print n integers — the numbers of candies in the bags for the i -th brother. Naturally, all these numbers should be distinct and be within limits from 1 to n^2 . You can print the numbers in the lines in any order.

It is guaranteed that the solution exists at the given limits.

Examples

input

Copy

2

output

1 4

2 3

Note

The sample shows Gerald's actions if he has two brothers. In this case, his bags contain 1, 2, 3 and 4 candies. He can give the bags with 1 and 4 candies to one brother and the bags with 2 and 3 to the other brother.