



HOME TOP CONTESTS GYM <u>PROBLEMSET</u> GROUPS RATING EDU API CALENDAR HELP

PROBLEMS SUBMIT STATUS STANDINGS CUSTOM TEST

B. Gifts Fixing

time limit per test: 1 second memory limit per test: 256 megabytes input: standard input output: standard output

You have n gifts and you want to give all of them to children. Of course, you don't want to offend anyone, so all gifts should be equal between each other. The i-th gift consists of a_i candies and b_i oranges.

During one move, you can choose some gift $1 \leq i \leq n$ and do one of the following operations:

- eat exactly **one candy** from this gift (decrease a_i by one);
- eat exactly **one orange** from this gift (decrease b_i by one);
- ullet eat exactly **one candy** and exactly **one orange** from this gift (decrease both a_i and b_i by one).

Of course, you can not eat a candy or orange if it's not present in the gift (so neither a_i nor b_i can become less than zero).

As said above, all gifts should be equal. This means that after some sequence of moves the following two conditions should be satisfied: $a_1=a_2=\cdots=a_n$ and $b_1=b_2=\cdots=b_n$ (and a_i equals b_i is **not necessary**).

Your task is to find the **minimum** number of moves required to equalize all the given gifts.

You have to answer t independent test cases.

Input

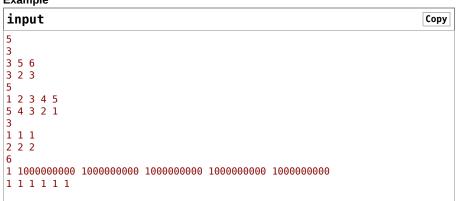
The first line of the input contains one integer t ($1 \le t \le 1000$) — the number of test cases. Then t test cases follow.

The first line of the test case contains one integer n ($1 \le n \le 50$) — the number of gifts. The second line of the test case contains n integers a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_n ($1 \le a_i \le 10^9$), where a_i is the number of candies in the i-th gift. The third line of the test case contains n integers b_1, b_2, \ldots, b_n ($1 \le b_i \le 10^9$), where b_i is the number of oranges in the i-th gift.

Output

For each test case, print one integer: the **minimum** number of moves required to equalize all the given gifts.

Example



Codeforces Round #661 (Div. 3)

Finished

→ Virtual participation

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Start virtual contest

→ Problem tags

greedy *800 No tag edit access

→ Contest materials

- Announcement
- Tutorial

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```
3
10 12 8
7 5 4

output

6
16
0
4999999995
```

Note

In the first test case of the example, we can perform the following sequence of moves:

- ullet choose the first gift and eat one orange from it, so a=[3,5,6] and b=[2,2,3];
- choose the second gift and eat one candy from it, so a = [3, 4, 6] and b = [2, 2, 3];
- choose the second gift and eat one candy from it, so a = [3, 3, 6] and b = [2, 2, 3];
- ullet choose the third gift and eat one candy and one orange from it, so a=[3,3,5] and b=[2,2,2];
- ullet choose the third gift and eat one candy from it, so a=[3,3,4] and b=[2,2,2];
- choose the third gift and eat one candy from it, so a = [3, 3, 3] and b = [2, 2, 2].

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