

A. Reconnaissance 2

time limit per test

2 seconds

memory limit per test

256 megabytes

input

standard input

output

standard output

n soldiers stand in a circle. For each soldier his height a_i is known. A reconnaissance unit can be made of such two **neighbouring** soldiers, whose heights difference is minimal, i.e. $|a_i - a_j|$ is minimal. So each of them will be less noticeable with the other. Output any pair of soldiers that can form a reconnaissance unit.

Input

The first line contains integer n ($2 \leq n \leq 100$) — amount of soldiers. Then follow the heights of the soldiers in their order in the circle — n space-separated integers a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n ($1 \leq a_i \leq 1000$). The soldier heights are given in clockwise or counterclockwise direction.

Output

Output two integers — indexes of **neighbouring** soldiers, who should form a reconnaissance unit. If there are many optimum solutions, output any of them. Remember, that the soldiers stand in a circle.

Examples

input

5

10 12 13 15 10

output

5 1

input

4

10 20 30 40

output

1 2