Bairdii ND4

POPULATION SIZE, MIGRATION, DIVERGENCE, ASSIGNMENT, HISTORY

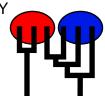
Bayesian inference using the structured coalescent

Migrate-n version 4.4.4(git:v4-series-26-ge85c6ff) [June-1-2019]

Compiled for a SYMMETRIC multiprocessors (Grandcentral)

Program started at Thu May 20 09:26:25 2021

Program finished at Thu May 20 20:52:56 2021 [Runtime:0000:11:26:31]



Options

Inheritance scalers in use for Thetas:

All loci use an inheritance scaler of 1.0

[The locus with a scaler of 1.0 used as reference]

Random number seed: (with internal timer) 1840838154

Start parameters:

Theta values were generated RANDOM start value from the prior

M values were generated RANDOM start value from the prior

Connection matrix:

m = average (average over a group of Thetas or M,

s = symmetric migration M, S = symmetric 4Nm,

0 = zero, and not estimated,

* = migration free to vary, Thetas are on diagonal

d = row population split off column population, D = split and then migration

Population 1 2 1 GSL * * 2 SEV D *

Order of parameters:

1	Θ_1	<displayed></displayed>
2	Θ_2	<displayed></displayed>
3	$M_{2\rightarrow 1}$	<displayed></displayed>
4	$M_{1->2}^{2-1}$	<displayed></displayed>

									Bairdii ND4 2
5	Δ	1-	->2		<displa< td=""><td>yed></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></displa<>	yed>			
		_							
6	C	⁵ 1-	->2		<displa< td=""><td>yed></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></displa<>	yed>			
Mutation ra	ate amor	ng lo	ci:					Mutation ra	ate is constant
Analysis s	trategy:							Bave	esian inference
-Populatio	•	stima	ation:					-	tial Distribution
-Geneflov									tial Distribution
-Divergen	ce time e	estim	ation:		No	rmal Distrib	oution Shortd		standard dev.)
Proposal o	distributio	ns fo	or paramete	er					
Parameter					oosal				
Theta			M	1etropolis sam	pling				
М				1etropolis sam	-				
Divergence			M	1etropolis sam	pling				
Divergence	Spread		M	1etropolis sam	pling				
Genealogy			N	/letropolis-Has	tings				
.									
Prior distri	bution fo	r par					D 11	D: 1	=
Parameter	T L - (-	++	Prior	Minimum	MeanMa		Delta		JpdateFreq
	Theta	**	Uniform	0.000000	0.050	0.100	0.010	1500	0.08333
2	Theta	**	Uniform	0.000000	0.050	0.100	0.010	1500	0.08333
3	M	**	Uniform	0.000000	500.0	1000.	100.0	1500	0.08333
4	М		Uniform	0.000000	500.0	1000.	100.0	1500	0.08333
1	ne mean	01	Uniform	0.000000	0.010	100.0	10.00	1500	0.08333
	time std	01	Uniform	0.000000	0.010	100.0	10.00	1500	0.08333
[Illeans	priors w	ere s	set globally	J					
Markov ch	ain settir	uas.							Long chain
Number of		.go.							1
	ed steps	โลโ							10000
			ery x step [b]					1000
	•			eplicates) [c]					2
			•	ues [a*b*c]					20000000
1	•	· •		nin (burn-in)					1000
			, : 5::0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					-
Multiple M	arkov ch	ains:							
Static he	eating sc	hem	е					4 chains with	temperatures
						1000	00.000	3.00	1.50 1.00
								Swappii	ng interval is 1

Print options:

Data file:	infile
Haplotyping is turned on:	NO
Output file:	outfile
Log file:	logfile
Posterior distribution raw histogram file:	bayesfile
Raw data from the MCMC run:	bayesallfile.gz
Print data:	No
Print genealogies [only some for some data type]:	None

Data summary

Data file: infile

Datatype: Haplotype data

Number of loci:

Mutationmodel:

Locus Sublocus Mutationmodel Mutationmodel parameters

1 1 HKY [Bf:0.26 0.33 0.13 0.29, kappa=4.630]

Sites per locus

Locus Sites

1 363

Site rate variation and probabilities:

Locus Sublocus Region type Rate of change Probability Patch size

1	1	1	1.000	1.000	1.000		
Popula	tion				Locus	Gene co	opies
						data	(missing)
1 GSL					1	203	
2 SEV					1	141	
Total o	f all popu	lations			1	344	(0)

Bayesian Analysis: Posterior distribution table

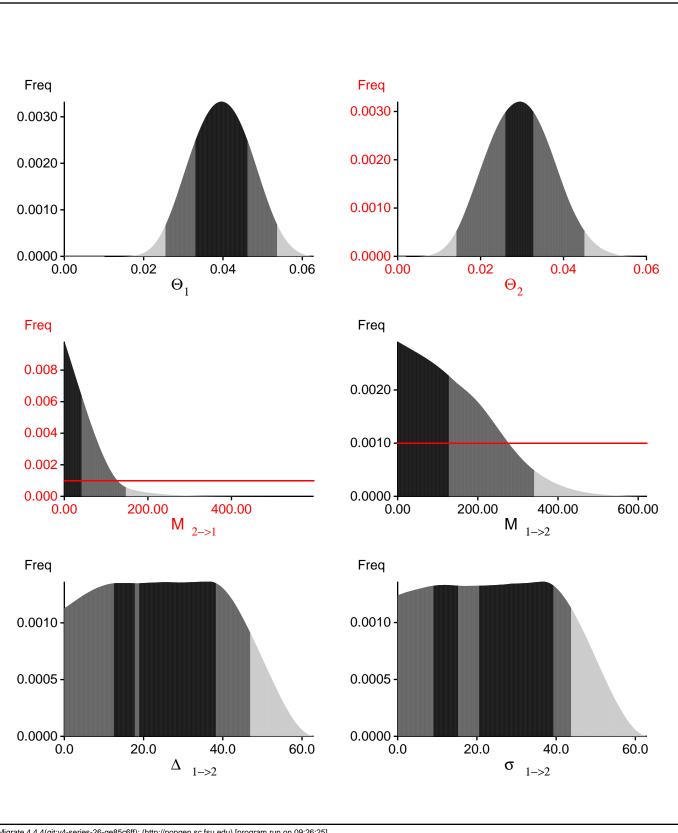
Locus	Parameter	2.5%	25.0%	Mode	75.0%	97.5%	Median	Mean
1	Θ1	0.02547	0.03300	0.03963	0.04620	0.05367	0.03970	0.04005
1	Θ_2	0.01413	0.02593	0.02950	0.03273	0.04507	0.02950	0.02955
1	M _{2->1}	0.000	0.000	0.333	41.333	147.333	41.667	39.658
1	M _{1->2}	0.000	0.000	0.333	128.000	340.667	128.333	138.626
1	D _{1->2}	0.00000	18.86667	36.76667	38.26667	46.93333	25.56667	49.81167
1	S _{1->2}	0.00000	20.53333	36.76667	39.33333	43.80000	25.50000	50.01709

Citation suggestions:

Beerli P., 2006. Comparison of Bayesian and maximum-likelihood inference of population genetic parameters. Bioinformatics 22:341-345

Beerli P., 2009. How to use MIGRATE or why are Markov chain Monte Carlo programs difficult to use? In Population Genetics for Animal Conservation, G. Bertorelle, M. W. Bruford, H. C. Hauffe, A. Rizzoli, and C. Vernesi, eds., vol. 17 of Conservation Biology, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge UK, pp. 42-79.

Bayesian Analysis: Posterior distribution for locus 1



Migrate 4.4.4(git:v4-series-26-ge85c6ff): (http://popgen.sc.fsu.edu) [program run on 09:26:25]

Log-Probability of the data given the model (marginal likelihood)

Use this value for Bayes factor calculations:

BF = Exp[ln(Prob(D | thisModel) - ln(Prob(D | otherModel) or as LBF = 2 (ln(Prob(D | thisModel) - ln(Prob(D | otherModel)) shows the support for thisModel]

Method	In(Prob(D Model))	Notes
Thermodynamic integration	-1610.352402	(1a)
	-1158.378317	(1b)
Harmonic mean	-849.409851	(2)

(1a, 1b and 2) are approximations to the marginal likelihood, make sure that the program run long enough! (1a, 1b) and (2) should give similar results, in principle.

But (2) is overestimating the likelihood, it is presented for historical reasons and should not be used (1a, 1b) needs heating with chains that span a temperature range of 1.0 to at least 100,000.

(1b) is using a Bezier-curve to get better approximations for runs with low number of heated chains

Citation suggestions:

Beerli P. and M. Palczewski, 2010. Unified framework to evaluate panmixia and migration direction among multiple sampling locations, Genetics, 185: 313-326.

Acceptance ratios for all parameters and the genealogies

Parameter	Accepted changes	Ratio
Θ_1	595675/1670507	0.35658
Θ_2	908527/1666321	0.54523
$M^2_{2\rightarrow 1}$	937359/1666064	0.56262
$M_{1\rightarrow 2}$	594218/1665494	0.35678
Δ $\frac{1}{1->2}$	1663884/1664519	0.99962
$\sigma_{1\rightarrow 2}$	1666380/1666930	0.99967
Genealogies	2594826/10000165	0.25948

MCMC-Autocorrelation and Effective MCMC Sample Size

Parameter	Autocorrelation	Effective Sampe Size
Θ_1	0.62028	4687.46
Θ_2	0.80322	2446.41
$M^2_{2\rightarrow 1}$	0.91720	895.65
$M_{1\rightarrow 2}$	0.75340	2862.58
Δ $\frac{1}{1->2}$	-0.00133	20051.22
σ 1->2	-0.01557	20634.69
Genealogies	-0.01557	20634.69

Potential Problems

This section reports potential problems with your run, but such reporting is often not very accurate. Whith many parameters in a multilocus analysi s, it is very common that some parameters for some loci will not be very informative, triggering suggestions (for example to increase the prior ran ge) that are not sensible. This suggestion tool will improve with time, therefore do not blindly follow its suggestions. If some parameters are fla

gged, inspect the tables carefully and judge wether an action is required. For example, if you run a Bayesian inference with sequence data, for mac roscopic species there is rarely the need to increase the prior for Theta beyond 0.1; but if you use microsatellites it is rather common that your prior distribution for Theta should have a range from 0.0 to 100 or more. With many populations (>3) it is also very common that some migration rou tes are estimated poorly because the data contains little or no information for that route. Increasing the range will not help in such situations, reducing number of parameters may help in such situations.
No warning was recorded during the run