Lepidomeda aliciae dataset

POPULATION SIZE, MIGRATION, DIVERGENCE, ASSIGNMENT, HISTORY

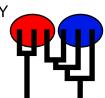
Bayesian inference using the structured coalescent

Migrate-n version 4.4.4(git:v4-series-26-ge85c6ff) [June-1-2019]

Compiled for a SYMMETRIC multiprocessors (Grandcentral)

Program started at Fri May 21 23:24:18 2021

Program finished at Sat May 22 04:24:32 2021 [Runtime:0000:05:00:14]



Options

Inheritance scalers in use for Thetas:

0.25 0.25 1.00

[The locus with a scaler of 1.0 used as reference]

Random number seed: (with internal timer) 998607945

Start parameters:

Theta values were generated RANDOM start value from the prior

M values were generated RANDOM start value from the prior

Connection matrix:

m = average (average over a group of Thetas or M,

s = symmetric migration M, S = symmetric 4Nm,

0 = zero, and not estimated,

* = migration free to vary, Thetas are on diagonal

d = row population split off column population, D = split and then migration

Population 1 2 1 Great_Salt_Lake * D 2 Sevier_Desert * *

Order of parameters:

1	Θ_1	<displayed></displayed>
2	Θ_2	<displayed></displayed>
3	$M_{2\rightarrow 1}$	<displayed></displayed>
4	$M_{1->2}^{2-1}$	<displayed></displayed>

						l	_epidomeda a	liciae dataset 2
5	Δ_{2}	-> 1		<displa< th=""><th>yed></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></displa<>	yed>			
6	~			dianla	vo d			
6	σ ₂	->1		<displa< td=""><td>yeu></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></displa<>	yeu>			
Mutation						N. 4-4-4		atout for all loci
Mutation ra	ite among lo	OCI:				Mutati	on rate is con	stant for all loci
Analysis st	rategy:						Baye	esian inference
-Population	n size estim	ation:					Exponen	tial Distribution
-Geneflow	estimation:						Exponen	tial Distribution
-Divergend	ce time estir	nation:		No	rmal Distrib	ution Shorto	cut (mean and	standard dev.)
Proposal di	istributions f	or paramete	er					
Parameter		•		osal				
Theta		N	letropolis sam	pling				
М		M	letropolis sam	pling				
Divergence		M	letropolis sam	pling				
Divergence	Spread	M	letropolis sam	pling				
Genealogy		M	1etropolis-Has	tings				
Prior distrib	oution for pa	rameter						
Parameter		Prior	Minimum	MeanMa	aximum	Delta	Bins U	JpdateFreq
1	Theta **	Uniform	0.000000	0.050	0.100	0.010	1500	0.08333
2	Theta **	Uniform	0.000000	0.050	0.100	0.010	1500	0.08333
3	M **	Uniform	0.000000	500.0	1000.	100.0	1500	0.08333
4	M **	Uniform	0.000000	500.0	1000.	100.0	1500	0.08333
5 Splittime	e mean **	Uniform	0.000000	0.250	0.500	0.050	1500	0.08333
	ime std **	Uniform	0.000000	0.250	0.500	0.050	1500	0.08333
[* * means	priors were	set globally	1					
Markov cha	ain settings:							Long chain
Number of	_							1
Recorde	d steps [a]							10000
Incremer	nt (record ev	ery x step [b]					1000
Number	of concurre	nt chains (re	plicates) [c]					2
Visited (s	sampled) pa	rameter val	ues [a*b*c]					20000000
Number	of discard tr	ees per cha	in (burn-in)					1000
Multiple Ma	arkov chains	··						
1	ating schem						4 chains with	temperatures
					1000	00.00		1.50 1.00
					1000			ng interval is 1
							Strappii	.5

Print options:

Data file:	infile
Haplotyping is turned on:	NO
Output file:	outfile
Log file:	logfile
Posterior distribution raw histogram file:	bayesfile
Raw data from the MCMC run:	bayesallfile.gz
Print data:	No
Print genealogies [only some for some data type]:	None

Data summary

Data file) :						infile
Datatype:						Ha	plotype data
Number of loci:					3		
Mutation							
Locus S	Sublocus	Mutationn	nodel l	Mutationmodel	parameters		
1	1	Felsenste	in 9.4 [Rf·(n 25 0 20 0 17	0.30, t/t ratio=2.000]		
2	1	Felsenste	•		0.35, t/t ratio=2.000]		
3	1	Felsenste	•		0.31, t/t ratio=2.000]		
3	'	i ciscriste	dj pi	5.20 0.22 0.20	0.51, (1114110=2.000]		
Sites pe	er locus						
Locus		Sites					
1		1109					
2		849					
3		448					
		and probab					
Locus S	Sublocus F	Region type	Rate of chang	je Probability	Patch size		
1	1	1	1.000	1.000	1.000		
2	1	1	1.000	1.000	1.000		
3	1	1	1.000	1.000	1.000		
Populat	ion				Locus	Gene co	pies
						data	(missing)
1 Great	_Salt_Lak	æ			1	10	
					2	4	
					3	4	
2 Sevier_Desert					1	13	
					2	11	
					3	11	
Total of	Total of all populations				1	23	(0)
					2	15	(0)
					3	15	(0)

Bayesian Analysis: Posterior distribution table

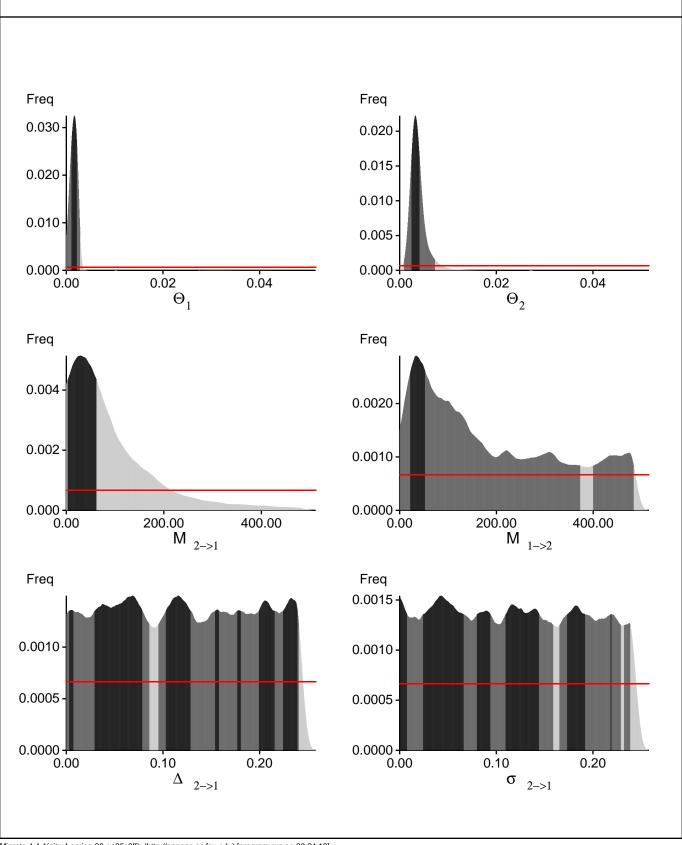
Locus	Parameter	2.5%	25.0%	Mode	75.0%	97.5%	Median	Mean
1	Θ_1	0.00013	0.00040	0.00063	0.00100	0.00180	0.00090	0.00092
1	Θ_2	0.00060	0.00100	0.00217	0.00493	0.01140	0.00370	0.00538
1	M _{2->1}	0.000	0.000	1.000	62.667	380.000	115.667	169.120
1	M _{1->2}	448.667	596.000	598.333	598.667	656.667	539.667	529.965
1	D _{2->1}	0.34967	0.35033	0.35117	0.35133	0.35200	0.25083	0.25063
1	S _{2->1}	0.21267	0.21400	0.21483	0.21567	0.21567	0.25050	0.25035
2	Θ_1	0.00000	0.00020	0.00050	0.00073	0.00193	0.00070	0.00090
2	Θ_2	0.00040	0.00080	0.00157	0.00293	0.01007	0.00250	0.00422
2	M _{2->1}	0.000	6.000	31.667	69.333	404.667	223.000	298.137
2	M _{1->2}	516.000	976.667	999.667	999.333	999.333	687.667	629.035
2	D _{2->1}	0.27333	0.27467	0.27517	0.27533	0.27533	0.25183	0.25128
2	S _{2->1}	0.07633	0.08200	0.08250	0.08267	0.08967	0.24850	0.24844
3	Θ_1	0.00093	0.00207	0.00397	0.01180	0.02427	0.01843	0.02607
3	Θ_2	0.00120	0.00427	0.00583	0.00887	0.02387	0.00843	0.01303
3	M _{2->1}	698.667	931.333	936.333	944.000	999.333	651.000	588.598
3	M _{1->2}	0.000	0.000	17.667	119.333	335.333	187.667	312.597
3	D _{2->1}	0.30867	0.31167	0.31217	0.31233	0.33600	0.24883	0.24828
3	S _{2->1}	0.31067	0.31067	0.31117	0.31133	0.31733	0.25117	0.25009
All	Θ_1	0.00000	0.00100	0.00170	0.00220	0.00287	0.00163	0.00176
All	Θ_2	0.00087	0.00240	0.00323	0.00413	0.00733	0.00357	0.00382
All	M _{2->1}	2.000	2.000	29.000	62.000	62.000	71.000	97.681
All	M _{1->2}	0.000	21.333	34.333	52.667	373.333	157.000	195.283
All	D _{2->1}	0.00000	0.02900	0.06883	0.07867	0.08600	0.12217	0.12277
All	S _{2->1}	0.00000	0.02400	0.04317	0.06633	0.15900	0.12050	0.12089

Citation suggestions:

Beerli P., 2006. Comparison of Bayesian and maximum-likelihood inference of population genetic parameters. Bioinformatics 22:341-345

Beerli P., 2009. How to use MIGRATE or why are Markov chain Monte Carlo programs difficult to use? In Population Genetics for Animal Conservation, G. Bertorelle, M. W. Bruford, H. C. Hauffe, A. Rizzoli, and C. Vernesi, eds., vol. 17 of Conservation Biology, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge UK, pp. 42-79.

Bayesian Analysis: Posterior distribution over all loci



Lepidomeda aliciae dataset 7

Log-Probability of the data given the model (marginal likelihood)

Use this value for Bayes factor calculations:

BF = Exp[In(Prob(D | thisModel) - In(Prob(D | otherModel) or as LBF = 2 (In(Prob(D | thisModel) - In(Prob(D | otherModel)) shows the support for thisModel]

Locus	Raw thermodynamic score(1a)	Bezier approximation score(1b)	Harmonic mean(2)
1	-1818.41	-1730.57	-1722.61
2	-1264.86	-1215.50	-1211.53
3	-682.71	-658.57	-656.09
All	-3775.29	-3613.93	-3599.54

(1a, 1b and 2) are approximations to the marginal likelihood, make sure that the program run long enough! (1a, 1b) and (2) should give similar results, in principle.

But (2) is overestimating the likelihood, it is presented for historical reasons and should not be used (1a, 1b) needs heating with chains that span a temperature range of 1.0 to at least 100,000.

(1b) is using a Bezier-curve to get better approximations for runs with low number of heated chains [Scaling factor = -9.303753]

Citation suggestions:

Beerli P. and M. Palczewski, 2010. Unified framework to evaluate panmixia and migration direction among multiple sampling locations, Genetics, 185: 313-326.

Acceptance ratios for all parameters and the genealogies

Parameter	Accepted changes	Ratio	
Θ_1	2839970/5000948	0.56789	
Θ_2	2933467/4999212	0.58679	
$M_{2\rightarrow 1}$	2829231/4998396	0.56603	
$M_{1\rightarrow 2}$	2831723/4998599	0.56650	
$\Delta \stackrel{1>2}{\underset{2->1}{}}$	4969786/4998782	0.99420	
$\sigma_{2\rightarrow 1}$	4975954/5000529	0.99509	
Genealogies	8421671/30003534	0.28069	

MCMC-Autocorrelation and Effective MCMC Sample Size

Parameter	Autocorrelation	Effective Sampe Size
Θ_1	0.49470	24479.26
Θ_2	0.56622	18669.26
$M_{2\rightarrow 1}$	0.33997	30373.80
$M_{1\rightarrow 2}$	0.53096	18732.80
$\Delta_{2\rightarrow 1}$	0.00503	59399.63
σ 2->1	0.00414	59509.64
Genealogies	0.00414	59509.64

Potential Problems

This section reports potential problems with your run, but such reporting is often not very accurate. Whith many parameters in a multilocus analysi s, it is very common that some parameters for some loci will not be very informative, triggering suggestions (for example to increase the prior ran ge) that are not sensible. This suggestion tool will improve with time, therefore do not blindly follow its suggestions. If some parameters are fla gged, inspect the tables carefully and judge wether an action is required. For example, if you run a Bayesian inference with sequence data, for mac roscopic species there is rarely the need to increase the prior for Theta beyond 0.1; but if you use microsatellites it is rather common that your prior distribution for Theta should have a range from 0.0 to 100 or more. With many populations (>3) it is also very common that some migration rou tes are estimated poorly because the data contains little or no information for that route. Increasing the range will not help in such situations, reducing number of parameters may help in such situations.

Param 4 (Locus 2): Upper prior boundary seems too low! Param 3 (Locus 3): Upper prior boundary seems too low!