Monetary Policy Basics

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INTRO

- 1. Monetary policy is confusing for many laypeople
- 2. The purpose of this lecture is to get you up to speed on the broad ideas
- 3. Getting up to speed on the models is a course itself

OVERVIEW

- 1. Part 1: The Basic Supply and Demand of Money
- 2. Part 2: Adding Frictions

Part 1

- ▶ Why does money have value? Why can you exchange pieces of paper for real goods?
- Why is there a demand for money?
 - 1. You're required to accept them for debts paid (legal tender)
 - 2. Government creates demand for them via taxes (!)
 - Convenient coordination point (additional demand induced by existing demand)
- Why do you use dollars, rather than Bitcoin or Yen? (is much of "convenience yield"?)

Part 1

- ▶ It's easy, but perhaps a bit of a cheat, to start in medias res
- ▶ People have some *real* demand for money. What determines how much cash they must hold?
- Let:
 - M^D be the amount of dollars a household decides to hold at a point in time
 - P be the price level (dollars per good)
 - \triangleright L(Y, i) be real money demand (goods)
 - Y be real income
 - ▶ i be nominal interest rate
- Then we write:

$$M^D = PL(Y, i)$$