

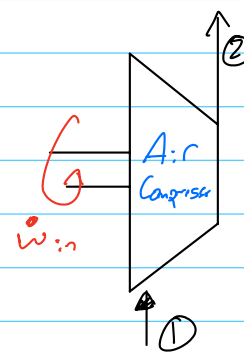
$$P_1 = 12.5 \text{ MPa}$$

$$T_1 = 500^\circ\text{C}$$

$$\dot{m}_1 = 25 \text{ kg/s}$$

$$P_2 = 10 \text{ kPa}$$

$$x = 0.92$$



$$P_2 = 1 \text{ MPa}$$

$$T_2 = 620 \text{ K}$$

$$C_p = 1.0303 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}\cdot\text{K}}$$

$$P_1 = 98 \text{ kPa}$$

$$T_1 = 295 \text{ K}$$

$$\dot{m}_1 = 10 \text{ kg/s}$$

a) Work done \dot{W}_{out} Turbine to 1000^{th} [mW]

1st Law: $\dot{W}_{in} - \dot{W}_{out} = \dot{m}(h_2 - h_1)$

$$\dot{W}_{out} = \dot{m}(h_1 - h_2)$$

$$h_1 \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{SH} \\ \text{Table} \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow h_1 = 3343.6 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}}$$

$$h_2 \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Sat. Mix} \\ \text{Table} \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} h_f = 141.81 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}} \\ h_g = 2583.90 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}} \end{array}$$

$$h_2 = 141.81 + 0.92(2583.90 - 141.81) = 2392.533$$

$$\dot{W}_{out} = 25 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{s}} (3343.6 - 2392.533 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}}) = 23776.675 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{s}}$$

$$23776.675 \text{ kW} = \boxed{23.777 \text{ MW}}$$

b) Work done \dot{W}_{in} Compressor to 10^{th} (kW)

1st Law: $\dot{W}_{in} - \dot{W}_{out} = \dot{m}(h_2 - h_1)$

$$\dot{W}_{in} = \dot{m}(h_2 - h_1)$$

Assume air is ideal

$$\Delta h = c_p \Delta T \Rightarrow h_2 - h_1 = c_p (T_2 - T_1)$$

$$= 1.0303 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}\cdot\text{K}} (620 \text{ K} - 295 \text{ K}) = 334.85 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \dot{W}_{in} = 10 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{s}} (334.85 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}}) = \boxed{3348.5 \text{ kW}}$$

(3.3485 MW in)

c) Turbine Produces 23.777 MW

- Compressor Consumes 3.3485 MW

20.4285 MW

delivered to generator

Take as Turbine power both!

net power to 100^{th} : $\boxed{20.43 \text{ MW}}$