

☐ **PHYS115** ☒ **PHYS121** ☐ **PHYS123**
☐ **PHYS116** ☐ **PHYS122** ☐ **PHYS124**
Lab Cover Letter

Author (You) Trevor Swan

Signature: Trevor Swan

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Lab Partner(s) Ad. Malik

Date Performed 4/17/24

Date Submitted 4/17/24

Lab (such as #1: UNC) # 2: SND_VEL/STWAVE

TA: Philip D. Jones

GRADE (to be filled in by your TA) See your TA for detailed feedback.
 An 'x' next to a subcategory means you need to improve this aspect of your work.

Paper Subtotals (points)

() **General (6)**

____ Sig. figs.
 ____ Units
 ____ Clarity of Presentation
 ____ Format

() **Abstract (4)**

____ Quantity or principle
 ____ How measurement was made
 ____ Numerical Results
 ____ Conclusion

() **Intro & Theory (9)**

____ Basic principle
 ____ Main equations to be used
 ____ Apparatus
 ____ What will be plotted
 ____ Fitting parameters related

() **Exp. Procedures (15)**

____ Description
 ____ Stating and justifying uncertainties
 ____ Data Record
 ____ Quality of Lab Work

() **Analysis & Error Analysis (20)**

____ Discussion
 ____ Equations & Calculations
 ____ Presentation inc. Graphs, Tables
 ____ Results Reported & Reasonable
 ____ Underlined items addressed

() **Discussion & Conclusions (6)**

____ Numerical comparison of results
 ____ Logical conclusions
 ____ Discussion of pos. errors
 ____ Suggestions to reduce errors

() **Paper Total (60 points)**
(30 points for CME or EPF)

() **Notebook (10 points)**

____ Format (*proper style, following directions*)
 ____ Apparatus (*brief description of equipment, including sketches*)
 ____ Data (*including computer file names and manually recorded data*)
 ____ Experimental Technique (*describing your procedures; stating & justifying uncersts.*)
 ____ Analysis (*results and errors*)

() **Worksheet(s)/Fill-in-the-Blank-Report (30 points) if applicable**

() **Adjustments** – late submissions, improper procedures, etc. – or bonus points for exceptional work.

() **Total Grade**

Graded by _____ (TA's initial)

Sound Velocity Worksheet

Your Name: Trevor Swan Signature: [Signature]

Lab partner(s): Adi Malik

Course & Section: PHYS121-112B Station # B Date: 4/17/24

Distance d with uncertainty and units: $d = \underline{1.5122 \pm 0.0001 \text{ m}}$

What is the uncertainty in your measurements of time? ± 0.0003

Trial	Time	Velocity $v = \frac{2L}{\Delta t}$
1	0.0087s	347.63 m/s
2	0.0087s	347.63 m/s
3	0.0083s	364.39 m/s
4	0.01004s	301.24 m/s
5	0.00926s	326.61 m/s
6	0.00904s	334.56 m/s
7	0.00868s	348.43 m/s
8	0.0086s	351.67 m/s
9	0.00936	323.12 m/s
10	0.00872	346.8 m/s

Mean velocity = 339.21 m/s Standard dev. = 18.12 m/s St. error of mean = 5.73 m/s

Calculated uncertainty in velocity for one typical run. $\delta_v = \underline{11.99 \text{ m/s}}$

Show your work on the back of this page.

How does this uncertainty compare to your results for Standard Deviation and St. error of the mean for your multiple trials? Do your results make sense?

These results do agree within two uncertainties. This uncertainty is very large because it was inconsistent with its measurements due to hard to read peaks.

$B = \underline{38651.43 \pm 9801.79 \text{ kg}}$ Show your work on the back of this page.

Attach a printout of one of your Logger Pro plots.

GRADE: _____
(out of 15 points)

GRADED BY _____
(TA's initials)

Show your work for the calculation of the uncertainty in velocity for one typical run and for your calculation of the bulk modulus of air and its uncertainty:

Velocity of Trial 1

$$v = \frac{2d}{\Delta t}, \quad \delta_d = 0.0001 \text{ m}, \quad \delta_{\Delta t} = 0.0003, \quad d = 1.5122 \text{ m}, \quad \Delta t = 0.0087 \text{ s}$$

$$\delta_v = \sqrt{\delta_{v,d}^2 + \delta_{v,\Delta t}^2}$$

$$\delta_{v,d} = \frac{\partial}{\partial d} \left(\frac{2d}{\Delta t} \right) * \delta_d = \frac{2}{\Delta t} * \delta_d = 0.02299$$

$$\delta_{v,\Delta t} = \frac{\partial}{\partial \Delta t} \left(\frac{2d}{\Delta t} \right) * \delta_{\Delta t} = \left| -\frac{2d}{\Delta t^2} \right| * \delta_{\Delta t} = 11.99$$

$$\delta_v = \sqrt{0.02299^2 + 11.99^2} = 11.99 \text{ m/s}$$

Bulk Modulus

$$v = \sqrt{\frac{B}{\rho}} \rightarrow B = \rho v^2 \quad \rho = 0.001205 \frac{\text{g}}{\text{ml}} \times \frac{1 \text{ kg}}{1000 \text{ g}} \times \frac{1 \text{ ml}}{1 \text{ cm}^3} \times \frac{100^3 \text{ cm}^3}{1 \text{ m}^3}$$

$$= 1.205 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3}$$

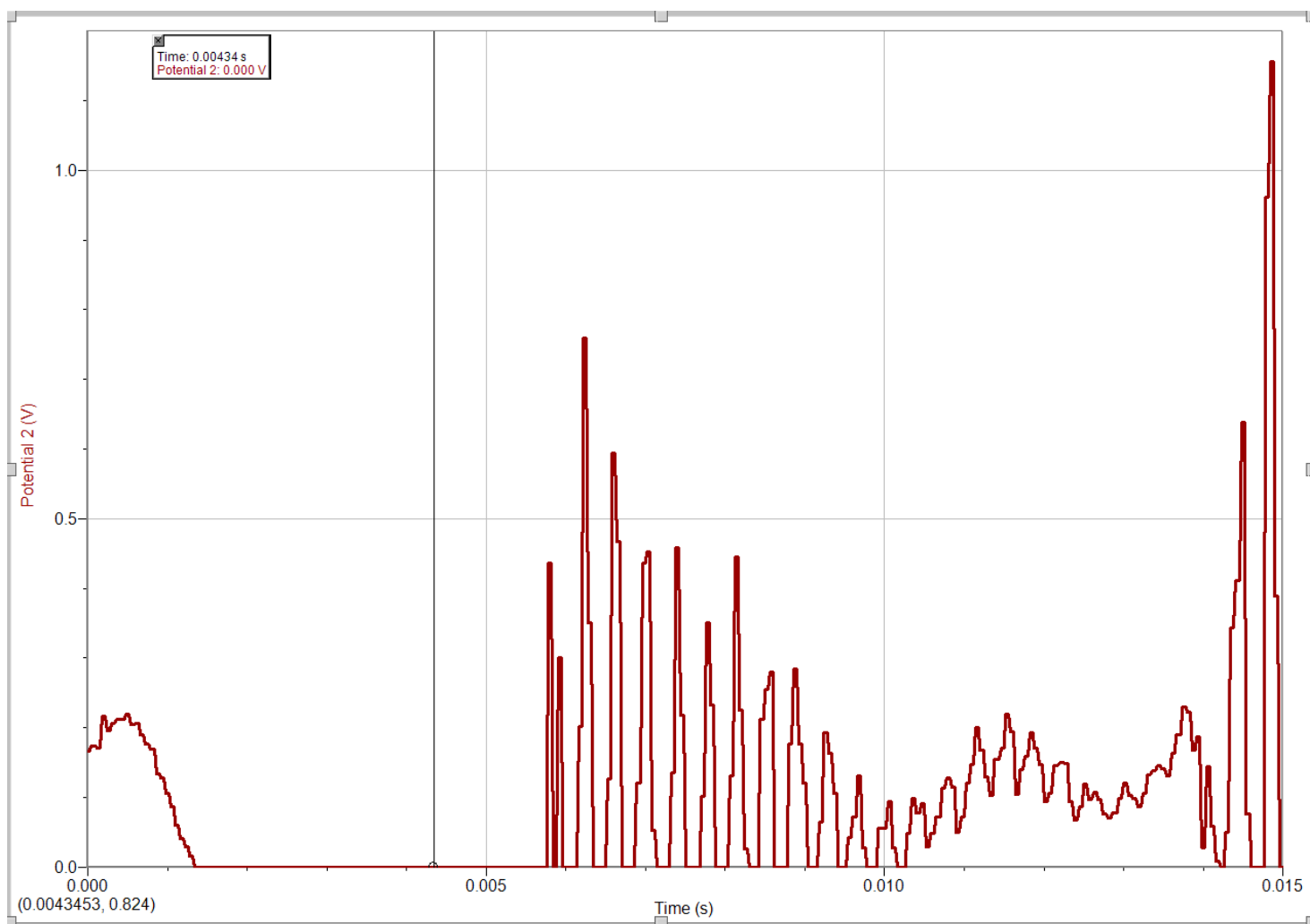
$$B = 1.205 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3} (334.21 \text{ m/s})^2$$

$$= 138651.43 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m} \cdot \text{s}^2}$$

δ_ρ is negligible because ρ comes from textbook, so $\delta_B = \sqrt{\delta_{B,v}^2}$

$$\delta_{B,v} = \frac{\partial}{\partial v} (\rho v^2) * \delta_v = 2\rho v * \delta_v = 9801.79$$

$$\delta_B = \sqrt{9801.79^2} = 9801.79 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m} \cdot \text{s}^2}$$



Standing Waves on a String Worksheet

Your Name: Trevor Swan Signature: Trevor Swan

Lab partner(s): Adi Malik

Course & Section: PHYS121-112B Station # B Date: 4/17/24

String mass $M_{\text{string}} =$ 6.8 \pm 0.1 g or 0.0068 \pm 0.0001 kg

String length $L =$ 143.62 \pm 0.01 cm or 1.4362 \pm 0.0001 m

Discussion of reasoning for appropriate length for finding μ and measurement techniques:

$$\mu = \frac{M}{L} = \frac{0.0068 \text{ kg}}{1.4362 \text{ m}} = 0.0047 \pm 0.0001 \text{ kg/m}$$

0.0001 UNC estimate based on values above!

• Mass of the string determined by placing full string on scale.

• Length determined by holding string in tension with 250g hanger mass and measuring from tip to tail. We added 4 cm to account for knots and loops + tails.

Linear density $\mu =$ 0.0047 \pm 0.0001 kg/m

Mass of hanging mass $M_{\text{mass}} =$ 250 g (we can assume negligible uncertainty)

Enter into the table on the reverse side of this worksheet the frequencies, periods and wavelengths of each arrangement of standing waves that you observe. Include uncertainties.

λ vs. period

Measured velocity of wave propagation $V_M =$ 26.5 \pm 0.2 m/s

Predicted value $V_P = \sqrt{\frac{T}{\mu}}$ 22.8315 \pm 0.0001 m/s

Compare your measured and predicted values of the wave velocity. Comment on their consistency. Justify your conclusions.

We had to hold the apparatus in place to prevent horizontal oscillations. This influenced our frequency values, thus our periods were off as well. This resulted in our predicted and measured velocities not agreeing within their uncertainties.

Attach a printout of your Origin graph and linear fit, with fit parameters.

only measured one,
so close to 1
and $\lambda = 20$

$\lambda = 20$

Number of Loops n	Frequency f (Hz)	$1/f_{\text{meas}}$ Period T (s)	Length D of λ loops (m)	Wavelength λ (m)
1	10.4	0.0962	1.2295	2.559
2	20.8	0.0481	0.6048	1.2046
3	30.8	0.03247	0.4107	0.8214
4	40.8	0.02451	0.3109	0.6218
5	50.8	0.0197	0.2501	0.5002
6	60.8	0.0164	0.2042	0.4184
7	70.8	0.0141	0.1798	0.3596
8	80.8	0.0124	0.1577	0.3139
9	90.8	0.0110	0.1404	0.2808
10	100.8	0.0099	0.1265	0.253
11	110.8	0.0090	0.1151	0.2362
12	120.8	0.0083	0.1056	0.2112
13	130.8	0.0077	0.0976	0.1952

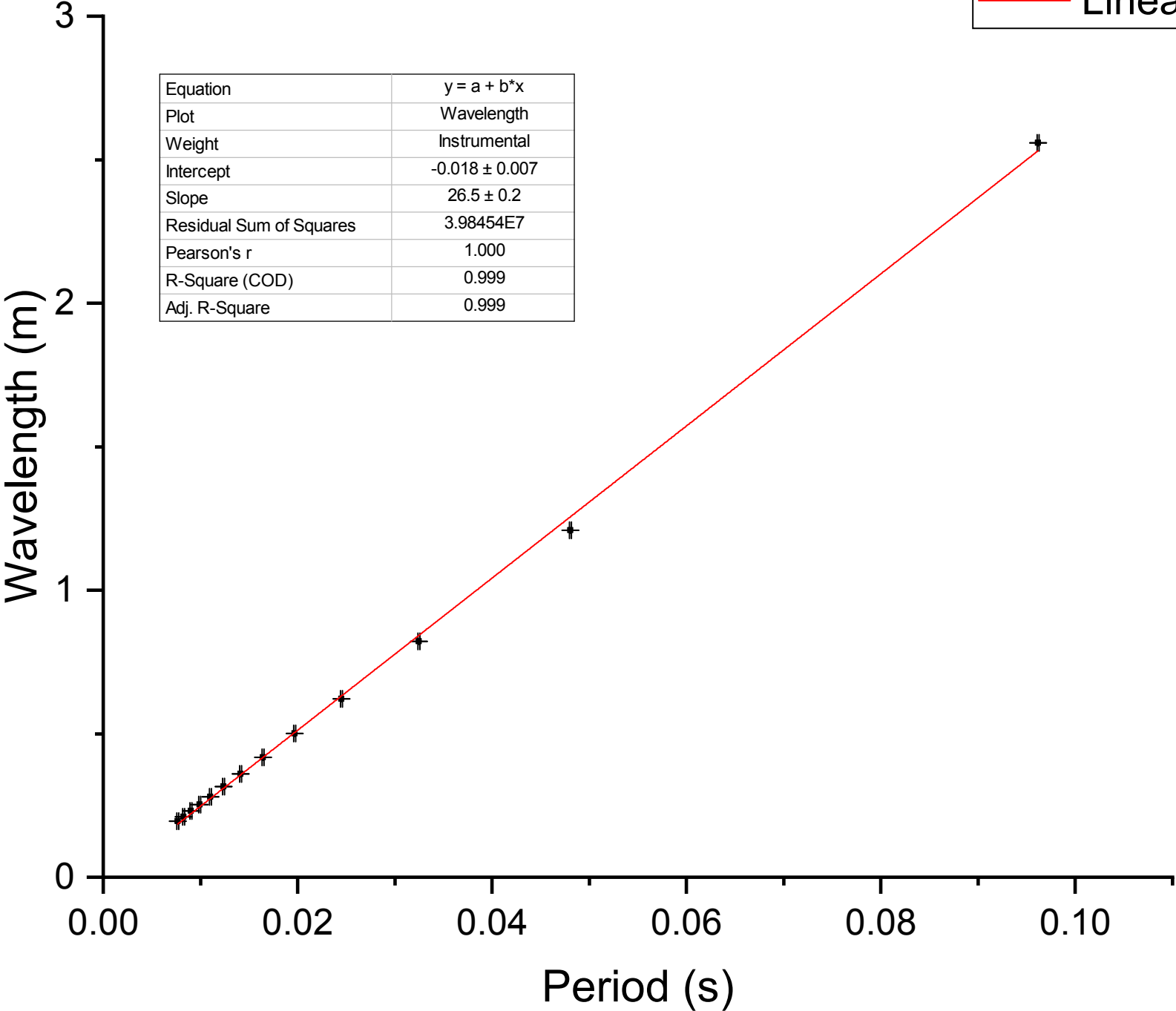
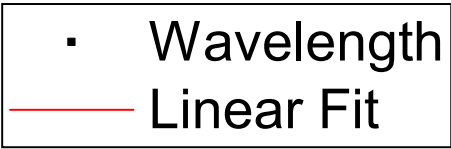
UNC: ± 0.2 ± 0.0001 ± 0.0001 ± 0.0001

GRADE: _____
(out of 15 points)

GRADED BY _____
(TA's initials)

Trevor Swan
Adi Mallik

STWAVE - λ vs. Period



Equation	y = a + b*x
Plot	Wavelength
Weight	Instrumental
Intercept	-0.018 ± 0.007
Slope	26.5 ± 0.2
Residual Sum of Squares	3.98454E7
Pearson's r	1.000
R-Square (COD)	0.999
Adj. R-Square	0.999