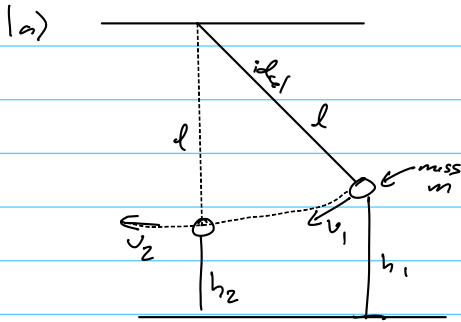


Practice Exam 1



Potential Energy Def. and Work Energy Relation

$$W_{\vec{w}} = -\Delta U$$

$$= (mgy' - mgy) = mgy - mgy'$$

$$= mg(h_1 - h_2)$$

$$W_{\vec{w}} = mg(h_1 - h_2)$$

$$W_{\vec{w}} = \int_{\text{Path}} \vec{w} \cdot d\vec{r}$$

1b) Definition of work

work = $Fd \cos \theta$, here the angle the Rope makes with the bob is 90° and $\cos 90^\circ = 0 \therefore$ work done by Tension is 0. It is also perp. to motion direction, \therefore by definition, does 0 work.

1c) C of ME

Weight is a conservative force, assume no air resistance, Tension does 0 work.

Before = After

$$E_{\text{Tot}} = E'_{\text{Tot}}$$

$$mgy + \frac{1}{2}mv^2 = mgy' + \frac{1}{2}mv'^2 \quad v = v_1 \text{ given}$$

$$mgh_1 + \frac{1}{2}mv_1^2 = mgh_2 + \frac{1}{2}mv_2^2 \quad v' = v_2 ?$$

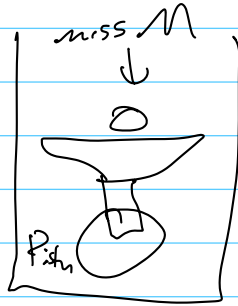
$$gh_1 + \frac{1}{2}v_1^2 = gh_2 + \frac{1}{2}v_2^2$$

$$\frac{1}{2}v_2^2 = gh_1 + \frac{1}{2}v_1^2 - gh_2$$

$$v_2^2 = 2(g(h_1 - h_2) + \frac{1}{2}v_1^2)$$

$$v_2 = \sqrt{2(g(h_1 - h_2) + \frac{1}{2}v_1^2)}$$

2



$$y = K \sin(\Omega t)$$

Ω is angular speed
 y is position

c) Definition of velocity

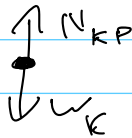
$$v(t) = \frac{d}{dt}(y(t))$$

$$v(t) = \Omega K \cos(\Omega t)$$

$$v(0) = \Omega K \cos(0)$$

$$= \Omega K$$

$$\text{At } t=0 \quad v(t) = \Omega K$$

2b) FBD $K_1 + t_1$ 

Def of Accel

$$a(t) = \frac{d}{dt}(v(t))$$

$$a(t) = \frac{d}{dt}(\Omega K \cos(\Omega t))$$

$$a(t) = -\Omega^2 K \sin(\Omega t)$$

@ $t = \frac{\pi}{2\Omega} \quad a(\frac{\pi}{2\Omega}) = -\Omega^2 K \sin \frac{\pi}{2}$
 $a(\frac{\pi}{2\Omega}) = -\Omega^2 K$

N2L $F_K = m_K a_K$
 $a_K = -\Omega^2 R$ Known constant

$$F_{Net_K} = -\Omega^2 K M$$

2c) $a(\frac{\pi}{2\Omega}) = -\Omega^2 K$ from part b

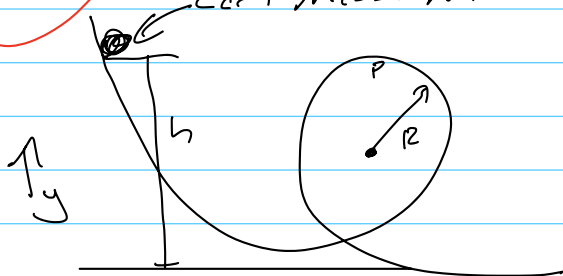
N2L $F_{Net_K} = m_K a_K$ Def of w_K

$$N_{KP} - w_K = M(-\Omega^2 K) \quad w_K = Mg$$

$$N_{KP} = M(-\Omega^2 K) + Mg$$

$$N_{KP} = M(-\Omega^2 K + g)$$

3.



$$C_{\text{ent}} + m_{\text{cass}} = M$$

a) $W_w = \int_{\text{Path}} W dy$ Def of work

$$W_w = \int_y^{y'} -mg dy$$

$$W_w = (-mgy' - mgy) = -mg(y' - y)$$

Substitute

$$W_w = -mg(2R - h)$$

$$W_w = mg(h - 2R)$$

b) Released at rest

CoF ME

Energy is conserved, frictionless, Normal Force \perp to motion \rightarrow no work

B.F.C. = After

$$mgy + \frac{1}{2}mv^2 = mgy' + \frac{1}{2}mv'^2$$

$$v_0 = 0, y = h, y' = 2R, v' = ?$$

$$mgh + 0 = mg(2R) + \frac{1}{2}mv'^2$$

$$gh = g(2R) + \frac{1}{2}v'^2 \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}v'^2 = gh - g(2R)$$

$$v'^2 = 2g(h - 2R)$$

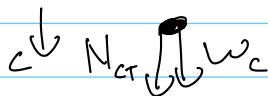
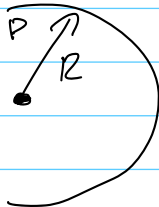
$$v' = \sqrt{2g(h - 2R)}$$

b)

UCM

$$a_c = \frac{v^2}{R}$$

FBD Cent



N2L

$$F_c = ma_c$$

$$N_{CT} + W_c = M \cdot \frac{v^2}{R}$$

$$N_{CT} = M \cdot \frac{v^2}{R} - W_c$$

$$N_{CT} = M \cdot \frac{2g(h - 2R)}{R} - Mg$$

N3C

$$N_{CT} = N_{RC}, \text{ pressure}$$

$$N_{RC} > 0$$

$$0 < \frac{M(2g(h - 2R))}{R} - Mg \quad \text{Solve for } h$$

$$2Mg < M(2g(h - 2R))$$

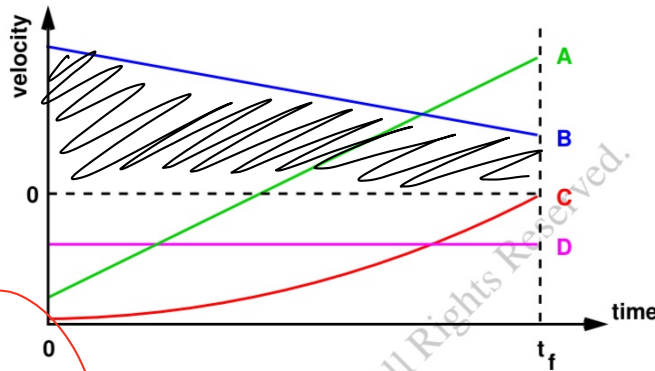
$$R < 2h - 4R$$

$$5R < 2h \rightarrow$$

$$h > \frac{5R}{2}$$

Practice Exam 2

(-



a) Constant Accel = linear velocity

Definition of Acceleration

$$a \equiv \frac{dv}{dt}$$

A and B are linear so they have constant, non-zero acceleration. D is linear but constant velocity. Thus non-zero accel is 0, constant but zero non-zero less.

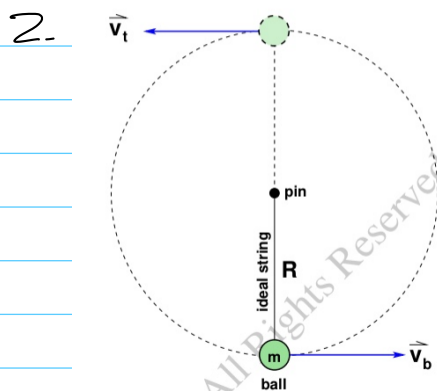
b) Always Slowing Down = negative acceleration

Def of Accel: $a \equiv \frac{dv}{dt}$ velocity slope must be negative to have negative accel.
B.o.g. Speed becomes closer to zero

a) Def of velocity and Position

Position: $x \equiv \int v dt$. The minimum displacement is determined by the signed area under the curve. Maximum area is b.

Trapezoid Area with known values to calculate



a) Def of work

$$W_{\vec{w}} = \int_0^{2R} \vec{w} \cdot d\vec{s}$$

$$W_{\vec{w}} = -mgy \Big|_0^{2R}$$

$$= -mg(2R) + mg(0)$$

$$= -mg(2R)$$

$$y = 2R \quad y = 0$$

$$W_{\vec{w}} = -mg2R$$

Algebra!

b) $W = Fd \cos \theta$ Def of work. Rope is \perp to \vec{v}_b . So it will have angle of 90° . $\cos 90^\circ$ is 0. Tension does 0 work!

c) CoM

Tension and weight on ball. Weight is conservative = no work. Tension does not do work as established in b. Conditions met

$$B_{\text{ref}} = A_{\text{ref}}$$

$$E_{\text{tot}} = E_{\text{tot}}$$

$$mgy + \frac{1}{2}mv^2 = mgy' + \frac{1}{2}mv'^2$$

$$g(0) + \frac{1}{2}v_b^2 = g(2R) + \frac{1}{2}v^2$$

$$y = 0$$

$$y' = 2R$$

$$v = v_b$$

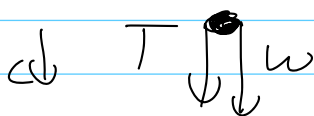
$$\frac{1}{2}v'^2 = \frac{1}{2}v_b^2 - g2R$$

$$v'^2 = v_b^2 - 4gR$$

$$v' = \sqrt{v_b^2 - 4gR}$$

d) UCM

FBD Top



$$a_c = \frac{v^2}{R} \quad v' = \sqrt{v_b^2 - 4gR}$$

N2L

$$F_c = ma_c$$

$$T + W = m \frac{v^2}{R}$$

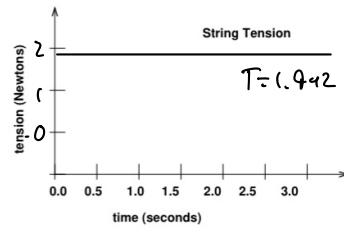
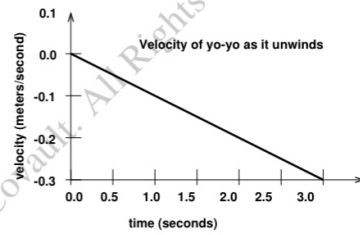
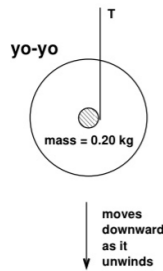
$$T = m \frac{v^2}{R} - mg$$

$$T = m \left(\frac{v^2}{R} - g \right)$$

Substitute:

$$T = m \left(\frac{v_b^2 - 4gR}{R} - g \right)$$

3.



Def of velocity

$$a_y = \frac{dv}{dt}$$

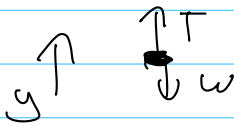
$$\text{slope} = \frac{(-0.3 - 0)}{3 - 0}$$

$$= \frac{-0.3}{3} = -\frac{1}{10} = -0.1$$

$$a_y = -\frac{1}{10} = -0.1$$

$$a_y = -0.1$$

FBD Yo-yo



$$N2L \quad F_y = m a_y$$

$$T - w = m a_y$$

$$T = m a_y + m g$$

$$T = m(a_y + g)$$

Tension is independent bc velocity is linear

$$T = 0.2(-0.1 + 9.81)$$

$$= 1.942$$