Stat468 Final Project

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1.1 Abstract

In the days leading up to and days of the 2025 NHL Entry Draft there were 18 trades which only included draft picks. This report aims to use player contribution data to determine the relative value of selections in the NHL Entry Draft. Knowing the relative value of picks allows NHL teams to both determine whether they should accept trade offers they have received as well as propose favourable trades to other teams.

Depending on the context, there can be countless approaches one could take to quantify the value of a draft pick. As one example, one could estimate the fairness of a trade by comparing the assets given up and acquired to previous trades. In contrast, this report will estimate value of pick n by utilizing the points contributed and games played by previous players selected at pick n along with a k-nearest neighbours algorithm.

The data used by this report is imported from HockeyReference, which has data on the NHL Draft and player games played and point share counts dating back to 1963, though we will only use a subset of this data as will be explained later.

Some work in this area has been done before, such as:

- Valuation of NHL Draft Picks using Functional Data Analysis
- Examining the value of NHL Draft picks
- NHL draft: What does it cost to trade up?

As an interesting aside, Eric Tulsky, who wrote the last article listed above in 2013, was hired as General Manager of the Carolina Hurricanes in 2024. One critical point that it is common knowledge in ice hockey circles and confirmed by the resources above, along with the Model chapter of this report is that NHL draft picks do <u>not</u> decrease in value linearly. In particular, the difference in value pick 1 and 30 is much greater than between pick 101 and 130.

Note that if picks did decrease linearly in value linearly then it would be very easy to create a model of draft pick value since we would have

$$v_1 = v_2 + c = v_3 + 2c = \dots = v_{224} + 223c$$

where c>0 and v_i is the value of the $i^{\rm th}$ selection, meaning we would only have to find the value of c.

2 Question

This report will estimate the relative value of selections in the NHL Entry Draft. I am not sure what else I am supposed to put here.

3 Import

3.1 Introduction

As mentioned before, we will be importing data from Hockey Reference. Before we import any data, it's important to consider which and how many years we want to include in this analysis. Since the NHL has changed dramatically over the years, care must be taken to ensure we do not include drafts from too long ago. The primary concern with including data from too many years ago is that teams have likely changed their drafting approach over time. For example, teams may have become better at evaluating prospects as more advanced statistics have been developed, meaning that there are likely fewer late round draft "steals" in the 2020s than there were in the 1980s. Thus including drafts from the 1980s would skew our calculations because it would overestimate contributions by players who were drafted in the later rounds, since those players would potentially have been drafted sooner if the teams of the 1980s had the resources available to teams today. This would make our model a poor estimator of draft pick value for drafts occurring in the 2020s. That being said, players drafted in recent years have not had sufficient time to contribute to their teams, so we should not include drafts from too recently either. Ideally, we would wait until all players from a draft class have retired before including it in our analysis. Practically speaking, this is not feasible since players can have very long careers (for example, Alex Ovechkin was drafted in 2004 and is still playing) which would force us to include older drafts to maintain the same sample size, which is also not ideal as explained above.

Having considered this, we make the somewhat arbitrary decision to use the 25 drafts between and 1996 and 2020 (inclusive). Note that a significant portion of the players in our dataset are still active, so we will have to make an adjustment to account for this. Additionally, it makes sense to give more recent drafts more weight for the reasons described above. We will make both of these adjustments in the Transform chapter.

3.2 Setup

```
# install.packages("rvest")
# install.packages("tidyverse")
# install.packages("janitor")
```

```
library(rvest)
library(tidyverse)
library(janitor)
```

3.3 Code

We start off by creating a function to import data from Hockey Reference.

```
start_year <- 1996
end_year <- 2020

import_draft <- function(year){
   url <- str_glue("https://www.hockey-reference.com/draft/NHL_{year}_entry.html")
   html <- read_html(url)
   draft_year_table <- html |>
      html_element("table") |>
      html_table() |>
      janitor::row_to_names(1) |>
      janitor::clean_names()
   draft_year_table
}

head(import_draft(start_year), 10)
```

```
# A tibble: 10 x 21
   overall team
                   player nat
                                 pos
                                       age
                                             to
                                                    amateur_team gp
                                                                       g
           <chr>>
                   <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr>
                                                                 <chr> <chr> <chr>
1 1
           Ottawa~ Chris~ CA
                                 D
                                       18
                                             2015 Prince Albe~ 1179 71
                                                                              217
2 2
           San Jo~ Andre~ RU
                                             2008 Salavat Yul~ 496
                                 D
                                       18
                                                                              82
3 3
           New Yo~ J.P. ~ CA
                                 RW
                                       18
                                             2011 Val-d'Or Fo~ 822
                                                                       214
                                                                              309
4 4
           Washin~ Alexa~ RU
                                 С
                                       18
                                             2000 Barrie Colt~ 3
                                                                              0
5 5
           Dallas~ Ric J~ CA
                                       18
                                             2007 Soo Greyhou~ 231
                                                                       19
                                                                              58
                                 D
6 6
           Edmont~ Boyd ~ CA
                                             2009 Kitchener R~ 627
                                                                       67
                                 С
                                       18
                                                                              112
7 7
           Buffal~ Erik ~ US
                                 LW/C
                                             2007 Minnesota (~ 545
                                       19
                                                                       52
                                                                              76
8 8
           Boston~ Johna~ CA
                                 D
                                       18
                                             2004 Medicine Ha~ 44
                                                                              1
9 9
           Anahei~ Rusla~ BY
                                 D
                                       21
                                             2011 Las Vegas T~ 917
                                                                       45
                                                                              159
10 10
           New Je~ Lance~ CA
                                 D
                                       18
                                             2004 Red Deer Re~ 209
                                                                              12
# i 10 more variables: pts <chr>, x <chr>, pim <chr>, gp_2 <chr>, w <chr>,
    1 <chr>, t_o <chr>, sv_percent <chr>, gaa <chr>, ps <chr>
```

4 Tidy

This is a placeholder for Ch2 – Tidy.

5 Transform

This is a placeholder for Ch3 – Transform.

6 Visualize

This is a placeholder for Ch4 – Visualize.

7 Model

This is a placeholder for Ch5 – Model.

8 Communicate

This is a placeholder for Ch6 – Communicate.