

Rumus Singkat Tes Bahasa Inggris

BONUS
KUNCI STAN

FREEMIUM GROUP FACEBOOK

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Rumus Singkat Tes Bahasa Inggris

#Present#

Ketikamengerjakansoal,
makalihatketeranganwaktunya, sesuai
yang dituliskan di
bawahini.Keteranganwaktusetiap tenses
berbeda-beda

1. Simple Present

- a. Always
 - b. Often
 - c. Usually
 - d. Sometimes
 - e. Seldom
 - f. Rarely
 - g. Every (day) and of time
 - h. In Januarys
 - i. On Sundays
 - j. Once
 - k. Twice
 - l. Three Time
- } + a day

2. Present Continuous

- a. Now
- b. Right Now
- c. At the Present
- d. At the Moment
- e. At this time
- f. Today
- g. Presently
- h. For the time being

3. Present Perfect

- a. Already
- b. Yet
- c. Recently
- d. Just now
- e. Never
- f. Ever
- g. Just
- h. By the time

4. Present Perfect Continuous

- a. For
- b. All these months
- c. Since dan for

#Past#

1. Simple Past

- a. Yesterday
- b. The day before yesterday
- c. Last month
- d. Two years ago
- e. This morning
- f. In

1404, 1997

The last halloween
- g. Just now

2. Past Continuous

- a. Kejadianberpotongan
Ps. C when S. Ps
- b. Kejadianbersamaan
Ps. C while Ps. C
- c. Waktuspesifik → at 07 o'clock last night

3. Past Perfect

- a. Before
- b. After
- c. When

Ps. Pf before S. Ps

S. Ps after Ps. Pf

Ps. Pf when S. Ps

Ps. Pf by the time S.Ps

4. Past Perfect Continuous

- a. Durasikejadian (for)

Before S. Ps , Ps. Pf. C for.....

When S. Ps , Ps. Pf. C for.....

After Ps. Pf. C , S. Ps. For.....

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Future

1. Simple Future

Will = be going to

- Tomorrow
- The day after tomorrow
- Next time
- Four years later
- Tonight
- Soon
- In
 - 2100, 3500
 - The next new years

2. Future Continuous

- At 9 tonight
- At this time tomorrow

Time spesifik

3. Future Perfect

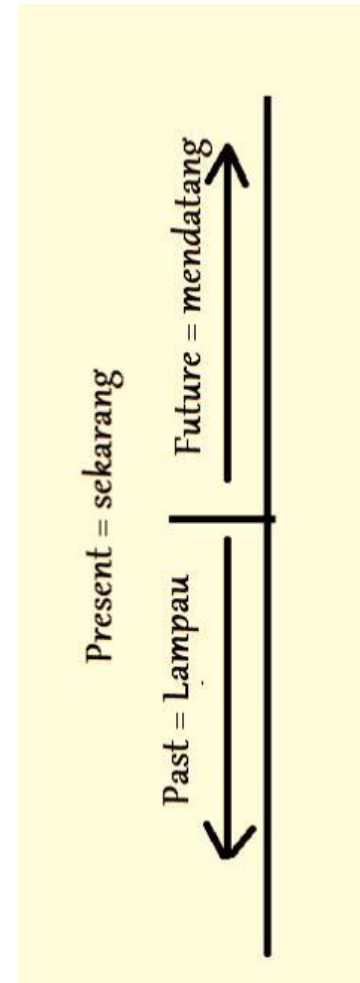
- By next week
- By the end of this year

F. Pf by the time S. Pr

4. Future Perfect Continuous

- By the end of this year
- By next week

+ for



TENSES

		PAST	PRESENT	FUTURE
simple	+	S + VII	S + (VI + (s/es))	S + shall/will + VI
	-	S + did + not + VI	S + do/does + not + VI	S + shall/will + not + VI
	?	did + S + VI	do/does + S + VI	shall/will + S + VI
continuous	+	S + (were/was) + (VI+ing)	S + (am,are,is) + (VI+ing)	S + shall/will + be + (VI+ing)
	-	S+(were/was)+not+(VI+ing)	S + (am,are,is) + not + (VI+ing)	S + shall/will + not + be + (VI+ing)
	?	(were/was)+S + (VI+ing)	(am,are,is) + S + (VI+ing)	(shall/will) + S + be + (VI+ing)
perfect	+	S + had + VIII	S + (have/has) + VIII	S + (shall/will) + have + VIII
	-	S + had + not + VIII	S + (have/has) + not + VIII	S + (shall/will) + not + have + VIII
	?	had + S + VIII	(have/has) + S + VIII	(shall/will) + S + VIII
perfect continuous	+	S + had + been + (VI+ing)	S + (have/has) + been + (VI+ing)	S+shall/will+have+been+(VI+ing)
	-	S+had+not+been+(VI+ing)	S+(have/has)+not+been+(VI+ing)	S+shall/will+not+have+been+(VI+ing)
	?	had + S + been + (VI+ing)	(have/has) + S + been + (VI+ing)	shall/will+S+have+been+(VI+ing)

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QUESTION TAG

Sentence	Question tag
+	-
-	+

POLA KHUSUS

I am	→	aren't I ?
I am not	→	am I ?
Let's	→	shall we ?
Saran	→	will you ?

Nobody, no one, nothing,
Dislike, disagree,
Never, hardly, seldom,
Scarcely, barely, rarely,
Unhappy, immobile,
Irregular, few, little

Question tag
positif

Question tag
negative

A few, a little →

CONDITIONAL SENT

T.I If I have some money, I will go to London.

S. Pr

S.F

T.II If I had some money, I would go to London.

S. Ps

Ps.F

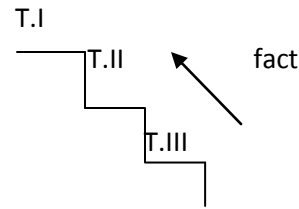
T.III If I had had money, I would have gone to

Ps. Pf

Ps. F . Pf

London.

Fact :



SUBJUNCTIVE

Future Subjunctive

- a. Tonight
- b. Tomorrow
- c. Next week
- d. Soon

Wish

As if

As though + S. Ps. F

Would rather

If only

Present Subjunctive

- a. Now
- b. Right now
- c. at this time
- d. at this moment

Wish

As if

S. Pr + As though + S. Ps

Would rather

If only

Was

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Pas Subjunctive

- a. Yesterday b. last night

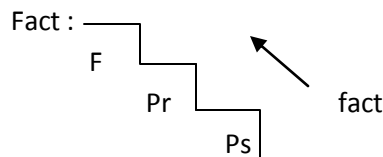
Wish

S. Ps + as if + Ps. Pf

as though

would rather

if only



Special Subjunctive

Ask	essential
Demand	imperative
Desire	important
Insist	necessary
Prefer	vital
Propose	suggestion
Recommend	requirement
Request	request
Require	insistence
Suggest	preference
Urge	proposal
Command	

PREFERENCE

- *Prefer Ving to Ving
- * Prefer to V1
- * Like Ving better than Ving
- * Would rather V1 than V1
- * Would prefer to V1 rather than V1

CAUSATIVE

1. Aktive causative
Make / have / let + O person + V1
Get / hel + O person + to V1
2. Possive causative
Make / have / let /get / help + O person + V3

OTHER

- Another : sisa satu yang lain dan belum spesifik
- Other : pengganti > 1 benda dan tidak spesifik
- The other one : pengganti 1 benda dan spesifik
- The other ones : pengganti > 1 benda dan spesifik

ELIPTICAL

1. Positive
_____ and Rini did too
_____ and so did Rini
2. Negative
_____ and my sister is not either
_____ and neither is my sister

APPOSITIVE

diawali

- Ving
- V3
- A , an, the
- Who + V
- Which + V

tidak diawali

- S + P
- That
- V1, V2
- To inf

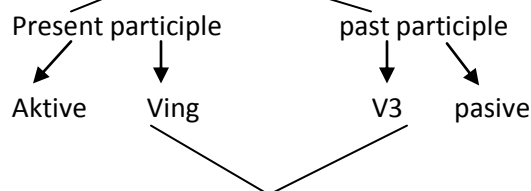
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REDUDANCY

Red in color → frase tidak perlu
Stevehe → noun dan
 pronoun berulang
NearlyAlmost → kata bermakna
 sama
NotNever → makna negative
 bersama

Advanced forward
 Join together
 New innovative
 Only unique
 Proceed forward
 Repeat again
 Return back
 Revert back
 Same identical
 Sufficient enough
 In nature

PARTICIPLE



Jika dalam kalimat sudah ada subjek dan verb
 maka yang di butuhkan adalah participle.

CONCORDANCE

S1 as well as S2
 S1 together with S2
 S1 along with S2
 Not only S1 But also S2
 Neither S1 Not S2
 Either S1 Or S2
 Whether or not

Verb ditentukan
 oleh S1

Verb di tentukan
 oleh S2

DIRECT → INDIRECT SPEECH

- Menghilangkan tanda kutip
- Mengubah subjek
- Mengubah bentuk tenses
- Mengubah time signal

Pr → Ps

Ps → Ps . Pf

Pr. Pf → Ps. Pf

Perubahan time signal

DS	IS
Now	at that time/then
Tomorrow	<u>the day after</u>
	The following day
Next month	<u>the month after</u>
	The following month
Yesterday	<u>the day before</u>
	The previous day
Last month	<u>the month before</u>
	The previous month
Here	there
This/these	that/those

MODALS

HARUS

- Must
- Have to

SARAN (sebaiknya)

- Should
- Had better
- Ought to
- Be supposed to

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MODALS PERFECTIVE

- Must have V3 : pasti telah
- Might have V3 : mungkin telah
- Should have V3 : seharusnya telah
- Can't have V3 : tidak mungkin telah
- Could have V3 : seharusnya bisa

KEBIASAAN DI MASA LALU

- Would
- Used to

KEMUNGKINAN

- May
- Might
- Could

LOGICAL CONCLUSION

1. Pernyataan Pr. Tense, kesimpulan modal Pr/Ps
The line is busy. Someone must be using hp.
2. Pernyataan Ps tense, kesimpulan modal Pf.
The garden was wet. It must have been rain.

TO INFINITIVE

- a. After odj
- b. After mv to inf

Afford	manage
Agree	mean
Appear	need
Arrange	offer
Ask	plan
Beg	prepare
Care	wish
Claim	preterd
Consent	promise
Decide	refuse

Demand	regnet
Deserve	remember
Want	seem
Expect	strugle
Fail	swear
Forget	threaten
Hesitate	try
Hape	volunteer
Leam	wait

c. After CTV to inf

Aduise	help
Allow	hire
Ask	instruct
Assist	invite
Beg	need
Cause	order
Challenge	permit
Conuince	persuade
Dane	remind
Encourage	request
Expect	require
Forbid	teach
Force	tell
Get	urge
Warn	want

GERUND

- a. After preposition
- b. After possessive adj
 - My
 - His
 - Your
 - Her
 - Our
 - Their
 - One's
- c. Setelah istilah khusus

Approve of	give up
Be better of	putt off
To be + used to	think of
To be + accustomed to	think about

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Get used to	succed in
Can't bear	worry about
Can't help	deferd on
Confess to	count on
Look forward to	keep on
Dedicate to	insist on
No use	no
Object to	advance to
To be + busy	devote + to
Worth	key + to

To be + opposed to

d. After Verb

Admit	mind
Advise	miss
Anticipate	practice
Appreciate	postpone
Avord	quit
Claim	recall
Complete	recent
Consider	regret
Continue	remember
Delay	report
Deny	resist
Discuss	resume
Dislike	risk
Enjoy	stop
Fancy	suggest
Finish	tolerate
Forget	understand
Keep	found
Mention	imagine

SO / SUCH

So

So + many + noun + that

Much

Few

Little

Such + a + adj + noun singular + that +
adj + plural + that

CONJUNCTIONS

- Menyatakan waktu
After (setelah)
Before (sebelum)
When (ketika)
While (sementara)
As soon as (segera setelah)
Once (segera setelah)
Since (sejak)
- Menyatakan sebab akibat
Because (karena)
Inasmuch as (karena)
Now that (karena sekarang)
Since (karena)
As (karena)
- Menyatakan makna berawalan
Although }
Though } walaupun
Eventhough }
Whereas }
While } sedangkan
No matter (tidak memandang)
- Menyatakan tujuan
In order to (agar) + V1
In order (that) (agar) }
So that (agar) } S+V

CONJ VS PREP

Karena

Conj	Prep
Because	Because of
	Due to
	Owing to

Meskipun

Conj	Prep
Although	Despite
Though	Inspite of

Beside (disamping) → prep

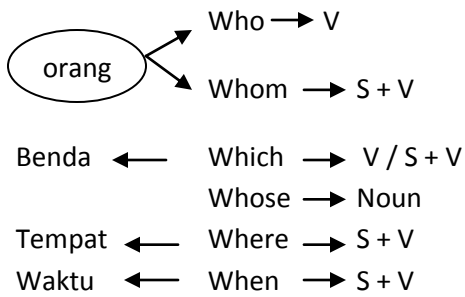
Besides (selain) → adv

Among (diantara > 2)

Between (diantara 2)

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ADJECTIVE CLAUSE



In which = where

Of which = whose

INVERTION

- Negative word
 - Neither
 - Seldom
 - Never
 - Rarely
 - Scarcely
 - Barely
 - Hardly
 - Few
 - Little
- Only mengawali kalimat
 - Only it
 - Only with
 - Only after
- So + adj / adv mengawali kalimat
 - So + adj
 - So + adv
- Prep + no + noun
 - At no time
 - Under no circumstances
- Adv of place → verb maju semua
 - Between the houses
 - On the floor

BARE INFINITIVE

- After modal
- After causative
- Had better
Had rather
Would rather → V1
- Dare
Need → V1
- Feel
Hear
Listen
Observe
Please
See
Watch
Notice → V1

QNA

- One
 - Each
 - Every
 - Either
 - Neither
- C sing
- ≥ two
 - Both
 - Several
 - Many
 - (a) few
 - A number of Numbers
 - A couple of Couples
- C plu

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