Theme Test

Visual Theme Comparison

Styling Demo

SET Questions: 0
Duration: 45min

Physics

This section covers fundamental concepts in Physics including electricity, optics, and mechanics.

1. If a 6V potential difference creates a 2A current in a resistor, what is its resistance?

A. 12 Ω B. 3 Ω **5.** How many of the following pairs are correctly matched?

A. Electric Ampere Current

B. Power - Watt
C. Resistance - Ohm
D. Force - Newton

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5. How many of the following pairs are correctly matched?

A. Electric Ampere

Current

- B. Power Watt
 C. Resistance Ohm
 D. Force Newton
- A. 1 correct
- B. 2 correct
- C. 3 correct
- D. All 4 correct
- **6.** Analyze the following assertion and reason.

Accortion (A).

8. According to the passage, what is a major challenge of solar and wind power?

Renewable energy sources, such as solar and wind power, are crucial for combating climate change. They harness natural processes to generate electricity with minimal greenhouse gas emissions. Solar panels convert sunlight directly into electricity, while wind turbines use wind to spin a generator. Unlike fossil fuels, they are inexhaustible. However, their primary drawback is intermittency; solar power is only available during the day and wind power depends on variable weather making energy conditions, storage solutions essential for a reliable supply.

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12. What type of reaction is $CaCO_3 \rightarrow CaO + CO_2$?

- 12. What type of reaction is $CaCO_3 \rightarrow CaO + CO_2$?
 - A. Combination
 - B. Decomposition
 - C. Displacement

- 17. What is the correct order of steps to balance the equation: Fe + $H_2O \rightarrow Fe_3O_4 + H_2$?
 - A. Balance H atoms.
 - B. Balance Fe atoms.
 - C. Balance O atoms.

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- 17. What is the correct order of steps to balance the equation: $Fe + H_2O \rightarrow Fe_3O_4 + H_2$?
 - A. Balance H atoms.
 - B. Balance Fe atoms.
 - C. Balance O atoms.
 - A. A C B
 - B. B A C
 - C. B C A
 - D.CBA
- **18.** According to the passage, what was a key limitation of Mendeleev's periodic table?

Dmitri Mendeleev's periodic table of 1869 was a monumental achievement in chemistry. He arranged the elements based on increasing atomic mass and grouped them by similar properties, even leaving gaps for undiscovered elements. However, his table had limitations. The primary issue was the placement of certain elements, like tellurium and iodine, where a heavier element had to be placed before a lighter one to maintain property alignment. Furthermore, the table could not explain the position of isotopes, which are atoms of the same element with different masses.

- A. No noble gases
- B. Couldn't place isotopes
- C. Used atomic number
- D. No gaps for new elements
- 19. How are covalent bonds formed?
 - A. Transferring electrons (metal to non-metal)
 - B. Sharing electrons (between non-metals)
 - C. Attraction between ions
 - D. Movement of free electrons
- **20.** Analyze the following assertion and reason.

Assertion (A):

Iron rusts in moist air, forming a reddish-brown coat.

Reason (R):

Rusting is a redox reaction where iron is oxidized.

- A. A and R are true; R explains A
- B. A and R are true; R does not explain A
- C. A is true; R is false
- D. A is false; R is true

Biology

This section assesses understanding of life processes, heredity, and the human body.

- **21.** What are the final products of photosynthesis?
 - A. CO₂, water, energy
 - B. Glucose, oxygen, water
 - C. Oxygen, CO₂
 - D. Glucose, CO₂
- 22. Which heart chamber pumps oxygenated blood to the body?
 - A. Right Atrium
 - B. Right Ventricle
 - C. Left Atrium
 - D. Left Ventricle
- **23.** Can acquired traits (e.g., muscle development) be inherited by offspring?
 - A. True
 - B. False
 - C. True for simple organisms
 - D. False for humans only
- **24.** Which are the three main parts of a neuron from this list?
 - i. Dendrite
 - ii. Axon
 - iii. Cell Body
 - iv. Myelin
 - A. i, ii, iv
 - B. i, iii, iv
 - C. ii, iii, iv
 - D. i, ii, iii
- 25. Match the gland to the hormone it produces.
 - A. Pancreas
- . Thyroxine
- B. Thyroid
- Adrenaline
- C. Adrenal
- Growth Hormone
- D. Pituitary
- Insulin
- A. A-Insulin, B-Thyroxine, C-Adrenaline, D-Growth Hormone
- B. A-Thyroxine, B-Insulin, C-Growth Hormone, D-Adrenaline
- C. A-Adrenaline, B-Growth Hormone, C-Insulin, D-Thyroxine
- D. A-Insulin, B-Adrenaline, C-Thyroxine, D-Growth Hormone

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26. Analyze the following assertion and reason.

Assertion (A):

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Reason (R):

Aerobic respiration fully oxidizes glucose using oxygen.

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- **27.** Arrange these organisms into a logical food chain.
 - A. Lion
 - B. Grass
 - C. Deer
 - A. A C B
 - B. B C A
 - C. C A B
 - D. B A C
- 28. According to the passage, what is the DNA base-pairing rule?

Deoxyribonucleic acid, or DNA, is the molecule that carries the genetic instructions for all known living organisms. Its structure is a double helix, resembling a twisted ladder. The 'rungs' of this ladder are made of pairs of nitrogenous bases. There are four bases: Adenine (A), Guanine (G), Cytosine (C), and Thymine (T). A crucial feature of DNA's structure is the specific base-pairing rule: Adenine always pairs with Thymine, and Guanine always pairs with Cytosine. This complementarity is key to DNA replication and function.

- A. A with G; C with T
- B. A with C; G with T
- C. A with T; G with C
- D. Any base with any base
- **29.** Hydra reproduces by developing outgrowths that detach. What is this called?
 - A. Fission
 - B. Fragmentation
 - C. Budding
 - D. Spore formation

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Reason (R):

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Mathematics

This section covers topics in algebra, geometry, trigonometry, and statistics.

- 31. What is the discriminant formula for $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$?
 - A. $b^{2} + 4ac$
 - B. b^2 4ac
 - C. 4ac b²
 - D. $-b \pm (b^2 4ac)$
- **32.** What is the common difference of the AP: 4, 1, -2, -5, ...?
 - A. 3
 - B. 4
 - C. -3
 - D. 5
- **33.** Is the statement $'\sin(\theta)$ can be 2' mathematically correct?
 - A. Correct
 - B. Incorrect
 - C. Correct if $\theta > 90^{\circ}$
 - D. Correct for right triangles
- **34.** Which of these statements about circles are true?
 - i. A tangent is \bot to the radius at the point of tangency.
 - ii. Tangents from an external point are equal.
 - iii. A chord through the center is a diameter.
 - iv. A circle has multiple diameters.
 - A. i, ii
 - B. i, ii, iii
 - C. ii, iv

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- D. All are true
- 35. Match the shape to its formula.

1. Circle Area - s^3 2. Cube Volume - s^2 3. Square Area - $2\pi r$ 4. Circle πr^2 Circumference

A. 1-πr², 2-s³, 3-s², 4-2πr B. 1-s², 2-s³, 3-2πr, 4-πr² C. 1-πr², 2-s², 3-s³, 4-2πr

D. $1-2\pi r$, $2-s^3$, $3-s^2$, $4-\pi r^2$

36. Analyze the following assertion and reason.

Assertion (A):

The probability of a sure event is 1.

Reason (R):

P(E) = (Favorable Outcomes) / (Total Outcomes).

A. A and R are true; R explains A

B. A and R are true; R does not explain A

C. A is true; R is false

D. A is false; R is true

- **37.** What is the correct order for the elimination method?
 - A. Add/subtract equations to eliminate a variable.
 - B. Solve for the remaining variable.
 - C. Multiply to make coefficients of one variable equal.
 - D. Substitute the value to find the other variable.

A. C A B D

B. A C B D

C. C B A D

D.BDCA

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- **38.** According to the passage, which measure is the 'middle value' of an ordered dataset?
 - central statistics. measures of tendency provide a summary of a The three most common dataset. measures are the mean, median, and mode. The mean is the arithmetic average, calculated by summing all values and dividing by the count of values. The mode is the value that appears most frequently in the dataset. The median is the value that separates the higher half from the lower half of a data sample; to find it, the data must first be arranged in ascending or descending order.
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- A. Mean
- B. Median
- C. Mode
- D. Range
- **39.** What is the surface area formula for a sphere of radius 'r'?
 - A. $(4/3)\pi r^3$
 - B. $2\pi r^2$
 - C. $4\pi r^2$
 - D. πr²h
- **40.** Analyze the following assertion and reason.

Assertion (A):

The area ratio of similar triangles is the square of their side ratio.

Reason (R):

Similar triangles have equal angles and proportional sides.

- A. A and R are true; R explains A
- B. A and R are true; R does not explain A
- C. A is true; R is false
- D. A is false; R is true

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