

# MCQ Paper – example

## Generated Question Paper

### MCQ Examination (ANSWERS)

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Class: \_\_\_\_\_ Section: \_\_\_\_\_

Roll no.: \_\_\_\_\_

#### Instructions:

- Read all questions carefully
- Mark answers on separate OMR sheet
- Use question paper for rough work
- Manage time to complete all sections

**SET B**

Questions: **24**

Duration: **36min**

**Science Fundamentals**

*This section covers basic concepts in physical sciences and natural phenomena.*

1. **Assertion (A):**  
Metals are good conductors of electricity.
- Reason (R):**  
Metals have free electrons that can move easily through the material.
- A. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A. \***
- B. A is true but R is false.
- C. Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.
- D. A is false but R is true.

**Explanation:**

Metals are indeed good electrical conductors, and this is because they have mobile electrons (free electrons) that can carry electric current through the material.

2. *Consider this statement about ecosystems:*

Decomposers break down dead matter and return nutrients to soil.

*What do decomposers do?*

- A. Control populations
- B. Store energy
- C. Produce oxygen
- D. Recycle nutrients \***

**Explanation:**

The statement explains that decomposers return nutrients to soil, which is recycling nutrients back to the ecosystem.

3. *A light ray travels from air into glass.*

*What phenomenon occurs at the boundary?*

- A. Refraction only
- B. Reflection only
- C. Both reflection and refraction \***
- D. Neither reflection nor refraction

**Explanation:**

When light travels from one medium to another, part of it is reflected back and part is refracted (bent) as it enters the new medium.

4. **Assertion:**  
Sound travels faster in solids than in gases.

**Reason:**

Particles in solids are more closely packed, allowing vibrations to transmit more efficiently.

- A. Both incorrect  
**B. Both correct, reason explains assertion \***  
C. Assertion correct, reason incorrect  
D. Both correct, reason doesn't explain assertion

**Explanation:**

Sound does travel faster in solids than gases, and the reason correctly explains this is due to closer particle arrangement facilitating vibration transmission.

5. *Which of the following are states of matter?*

- i. Solid  
ii. Liquid  
iii. Gas  
iv. Plasma

- A. i and ii only  
**B. All of the above \***  
C. i, ii, and iii only  
D. ii and iii only

**Explanation:**

Solid, liquid, gas, and plasma are all recognized states of matter in physics.

6. *Read the statement about chemical reactions:*

Chemical reactions need activation energy to proceed.

*What is required for reactions to occur?*

- A. Presence of water  
B. Low temperature  
**C. Activation energy \***  
D. High pressure

**Explanation:**

The statement directly mentions that chemical reactions need activation energy to proceed.

7. Read the following passage about photosynthesis:

Photosynthesis is the process by which green plants and some bacteria convert carbon dioxide and water into glucose using sunlight as energy. This process occurs primarily in the chloroplasts of plant cells. The overall chemical equation is:  $6\text{CO}_2 + 6\text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{light energy} \rightarrow \text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_6 + 6\text{O}_2$ . This process not only produces food for the plant but also releases oxygen as a byproduct, which is essential for most life forms on Earth.

According to the passage, what are the main products of photosynthesis?

- A. Sunlight and chloroplasts
- B. Water and energy
- C. Carbon dioxide and water
- D. Glucose and oxygen \***

**Explanation:**

The passage clearly states that photosynthesis produces glucose ( $\text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_6$ ) and releases oxygen ( $\text{O}_2$ ) as a byproduct.

8. To measure the volume of an irregularly shaped object, follow these steps:

- A. Record the new water level.
- B. Fill a measuring cylinder with water and note the initial level.
- C. Calculate the difference between final and initial water levels.

What is the correct sequence?

- A.  $B \rightarrow C \rightarrow A$
- B.  $C \rightarrow A \rightarrow B$
- C.  $A \rightarrow B \rightarrow C$
- D.  $B \rightarrow A \rightarrow C$  \***

**Explanation:**

First measure initial water level (B), then add object and record new level (A), finally calculate the difference to find volume (C).

9. Consider the following statement about gravity:

**Statement:**

Objects with greater mass exert stronger gravitational force.

Is this statement scientifically accurate?

- A. True \***
- B. True only on Earth
- C. False
- D. True only in space

**Explanation:**

According to Newton's law of universal gravitation, gravitational force is directly proportional to the masses of the objects involved.

10. *Analyze this statement about circuits:*

In series circuits, the same current flows through all components.

*How does current behave in series circuits?*

- A. Current increases
- B. Current stays same \***
- C. Current decreases
- D. Current alternates

**Explanation:**

The statement clearly says the same current flows through all components in series circuits.

11. *Match the elements with their atomic numbers.*

Elements	- Atomic Numbers
----------	------------------

- |             |     |
|-------------|-----|
| A. Hydrogen | - 8 |
| B. Helium   | - 6 |
| C. Carbon   | - 2 |
| D. Oxygen   | - 1 |

**A. A-1, B-2, C-6, D-8 \***

**B. A-8, B-6, C-2, D-1**

**C. A-2, B-1, C-8, D-6**

**D. A-1, B-6, C-2, D-8**

**Explanation:**

Hydrogen has atomic number 1, Helium has 2, Carbon has 6, and Oxygen has 8.

12. *What is the chemical symbol for water?*

- |                            |                    |
|----------------------------|--------------------|
| <b>A. H<sub>2</sub>O *</b> | B. NaCl            |
| C. O <sub>2</sub>          | D. CO <sub>2</sub> |

**Explanation:**

Water is composed of two hydrogen atoms and one oxygen atom, represented by the chemical formula H<sub>2</sub>O.

13. *What is the SI base unit for electric current?*

- |         |                    |
|---------|--------------------|
| A. Ohm  | <b>B. Ampere *</b> |
| C. Volt | D. Watt            |

**Explanation:**

The ampere (A) is the SI base unit for electric current. Volt measures potential difference, Ohm measures resistance, and Watt measures power.

## Mathematics Basics

*This section tests fundamental mathematical concepts and problem-solving skills.*

14. Consider the following statements about renewable energy sources:

**Statement-1:**

Solar energy is the most widely used renewable energy source globally.

**Statement-2:**

Wind power generates electricity without producing greenhouse gas emissions during operation.

**Statement-3:**

Hydroelectric power plants can only be built on fast-flowing rivers.

- A. 1 and 2 only    **B. 2 only \***  
 C. All statements are correct  
 D. 1 and 3 only

**Explanation:**

Statement-1 is incorrect as hydroelectric power is currently the most widely used renewable source globally. Statement-2 is correct as wind turbines produce no emissions during operation. Statement-3 is incorrect as hydroelectric plants can also use dams on slower rivers or utilize pumped storage systems.

15. Which of the following are properties of rectangles?

- i. Opposite sides are parallel
- ii. All angles are 90 degrees
- iii. Diagonals are equal in length
- iv. All sides are equal

**A. i, ii, and iii only \***

B. i and ii only

C. All of the above

D. ii and iv only

**Explanation:**

Rectangles have parallel opposite sides (i), all angles are 90° (ii), and diagonals are equal (iii). However, all sides being equal (iv) is only true for squares, which are a special type of rectangle.

16. Match the geometric shapes with their number of sides.

Geometric Shapes	- Number of Sides
A. Triangle	- 6 sides
B. Square	- 4 sides
C. Pentagon	- 5 sides
D. Hexagon	- 3 sides

A. A-4, B-3, C-6, D-5

**B. A-3, B-4, C-5, D-6 \***

C. A-6, B-4, C-3, D-5

D. A-3, B-5, C-4, D-6

**Explanation:**

Triangle has 3 sides, Square has 4 sides, Pentagon has 5 sides, and Hexagon has 6 sides.

17. What is the result of  $15 \times 8$ ?

- A. 115                      B. 125  
C. 130                      D. **120 \***

**Explanation:**

$15 \times 8 = 120$ . This can be calculated as  $(10 \times 8) + (5 \times 8) = 80 + 40 = 120$ .

18. To solve a quadratic equation  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$  using the quadratic formula:

- A. Apply the quadratic formula  $x = (-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac})/(2a)$   
B. Identify the coefficients a, b, and c  
C. Simplify to get the final answer(s)

What is the correct order of steps?

- A. **B → A → C \***      B. B → C → A  
C. A → B → C      D. C → A → B

**Explanation:**

First identify the coefficients (B), then apply the quadratic formula (A), and finally simplify to get the solution (C).

19. What is the area of a circle with radius 3 units?

- A.  $18\pi$  square units  
B.  **$9\pi$  square units \***  
C.  $3\pi$  square units  
D.  $6\pi$  square units

**Explanation:**

The area of a circle is  $\pi r^2$ . With radius = 3, the area =  $\pi \times 3^2 = 9\pi$  square units.

20. Read the passage about probability:

Probability is a measure of the likelihood that an event will occur. It is expressed as a number between 0 and 1, where 0 means the event cannot happen and 1 means the event is certain to happen. For a fair coin, there are two equally likely outcomes when flipped: heads or tails. Since only one of these two outcomes is the desired result (heads), the probability is calculated as the number of favorable outcomes divided by the total number of possible outcomes.

What is the probability of getting heads when flipping a fair coin?

- A. 0                              B. 1  
C. 2                              D. **0.5 \***

**Explanation:**

For a fair coin, there is 1 favorable outcome (heads) out of 2 possible outcomes (heads or tails), so the probability is  $1/2 = 0.5$ .

21. **Assertion:**  
The sum of angles in any triangle is 180 degrees.

**Reason:**

This is a fundamental theorem in Euclidean geometry.

- A. Assertion correct, reason incorrect
- B. Both incorrect
- C. **Both correct, reason explains assertion \***
- D. Both correct, reason doesn't explain assertion

**Explanation:**

The assertion states a fundamental geometric fact, and the reason correctly identifies it as a basic theorem in Euclidean geometry.

22. **Assertion (A):**  
The median of a dataset is always one of the values in the dataset.

**Reason (R):**

The median is the middle value when data is arranged in order.

- A. Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.
- B. **A is false but R is true. \***
- C. A is true but R is false.
- D. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.

**Explanation:**

The reason correctly defines median, but the assertion is false. When there's an even number of values, the median is the average of the two middle values, which may not be in the original dataset.

23. *If  $x + 5 = 12$ , what is the value of  $x$ ?*

*Show your working.*

- A. 12
- B. 17
- C. **7 \***
- D. 5

**Explanation:**

To solve  $x + 5 = 12$ , subtract 5 from both sides:  $x = 12 - 5 = 7$ .



24. *Evaluate the following statement about prime numbers:*

**Statement:**

Every even number greater than 2 is composite.

- A. Cannot be determined  
B. True only for numbers less than 10  
C. **True \***                      D. False

**Explanation:**

All even numbers greater than 2 are divisible by 2, which means they have factors other than 1 and themselves, making them composite by definition.

\* \* \* \* **END** \* \* \* \*