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1;-----
2; MSP430 Assembler Code Template for use with TI Code Composer Studio
3;
4;
5;-----
6          .cdecls C,LIST,"msp430.h"          ; Include device header file
7
8;-----
9          .def      RESET                    ; Export program entry-point to
10                                     ; make it known to linker.
11
12;-----
13          .data                                ; Assemble into program memory.
14          .retain                                ; Override ELF conditional linking
15          .retainrefs                          ; And retain any sections that have
16
17;You can uncomment this portion and use this array to test your code
18;Do not submit your results for this array !!
19LENGTH: .set 16
20array:  .word 4, -3, -7, 6, -5, -1, 2, 0
21
22;LENGTH:  .set 512
23;array:    .space LENGTH
24min_value: .word 32767
25;-----
26          .text                                ; Assemble into program memory.
27          .retain                                ; Override ELF conditional linking
28                                     ; and retain current section.
29          .retainrefs                          ; And retain any sections that have
30                                     ; references to current section.
31
32;-----
33RESET     mov.w   #__STACK_END,SP            ; Initialize stackpointer
34StopWDT   mov.w   #WDTPW|WDTHOLD,&WDTCTL    ; Stop watchdog timer
35
36;-----
37; Main loop here
38;-----
39
40          mov.w   #array, R8                  ; sort takes the address of
41          mov.w   #LENGTH/2, R10
42
43          call    #sort
44
45done:     jmp     done
46          nop
47
48
49;-----
50; Subroutine: sort
51; Inputs: R8 pointer to word array -- returned unchanged
52;          R8 contains the 16-bit starting address of an array
53;          The array contains N 16-bit signed integers
54;
55;          R10 = N, the number of elements in the array -- returned unchanged
56;
57; Output: The subroutine sorts the elements in a given array from smallest to largest

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58;           You will implement selection sort
59;
60; All core registers in R4-R15 unchanged
61; Subroutine does not access any global variables or defined constants
62;-----
63 sort:
64         push.w  R7                ; R7 is array position counter
65         push.w  R9                ; R9 is smallest num pointer
66         mov.w   #0, R7
67
68 sort_loop:
69         call    #select           ; Select next lowest number with R9
70
71         add.w   R7, R8            ; Add index to array address
72         call    #swap             ; Swap R8 and R9
73
74         incd.w  R7
75
76         cmp.w   R10, R7
77         jne     sort_loop        ; loop if R7 < R10
78
79
80         pop.w   R9                ; restore and return
81         pop.w   R7
82         ret
83
84;-----
85; Subroutine: select
86; Inputs: R8 pointer to word array -- returned unchanged
87;         R8 contains the 16-bit starting address of an array
88;         The array contains N 16-bit signed integers
89;
90;         R10 = N, the number of elements in the array -- returned unchanged
91;
92; Output: R9 pointer to the smallest element in the array
93;         R9 contains the 16-bit address of the smallest element
94;
95; All other core registers in R4-R15 unchanged
96; Subroutine does not access any global variables or defined constants
97;-----
98 select:
99         mov.w   #0x7FFF, R9       ; init min_value = max_value
100        push.w  R5                ; R5 is index
101        clr.w   R5
102        rla.w   R10
103
104
105 compare_to_min:
106        cmp.w   #R9, array(R5)    ; compare current element to max
107        jge     next_element      ; if larger than min, proceed to next
108
109        add.w   #array, R5
110        mov.w   R5, R9            ; update min
111        sub.w   #array, R5
112
113
114 next_element:

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115         incd.w R5                ; increment counter
116         cmp.w  R10, R5
117         j1     compare_to_min    ; loop if counter == length
118
119
120         rra.w  R10
121         pop.w  R5                ; Restore R5
122         ret
123
124;-----
125; Subroutine: swap
126; Inputs: R8 address of word with value x -- returned unchanged
127;        R9 address of word with value y -- returned unchanged
128;
129; Output: The subroutine swaps x and y
130;        i.e., the word with address in R8 will have value y
131;        the word with address in R9 will have value x
132;
133; All core registers in R4-R15 unchanged
134; Subroutine does not access any global variables or defined constants
135; It is allowed to use the stack
136;-----
137 swap:
138
139         push.w R8
140         push.w R9
141
142         pop.w  R8
143         pop.w  R9
144
145         ret
146
147;-----
148; Stack Pointer definition
149;-----
150         .global __STACK_END
151         .sect   .stack
152
153;-----
154; Interrupt Vectors
155;-----
156         .sect   ".reset"        ; MSP430 RESET Vector
157         .short  RESET
158
159

```