

CSE 2321 Homework 3 Template

1

- $|Pow(A)| = 16$
- $Pow(A) = \{\}, \{1\}, \{2\}, \{3\}, \{6\}, \{1, 2\}, \{1, 3\}, \{1, 6\}, \{2, 3\}, \{2, 6\}, \{3, 6\}, \{1, 2, 3\}, \{1, 2, 6\}, \{1, 3, 6\}, \{2, 3, 6\}, \{1, 2, 3, 6\}$
- $|Pow(A \cup B)| = 32$
- $|Pow(A \cap B)| = 8$
- $Pow(A \setminus B) = \{\}, \{1\}$

2

- The set of even numbers $= \{x \in \mathbb{N} : \exists y \in \mathbb{N}, x \div 2 = y\}$
- The set of prime numbers $= \{x \in \mathbb{N} : \exists a, b \in \mathbb{N}, (a \geq 1) \wedge (b \geq a), a * b = x \iff (a = 1) \wedge (b = x)\}$

3

$$A = \{3, 4, 5, 6\}$$

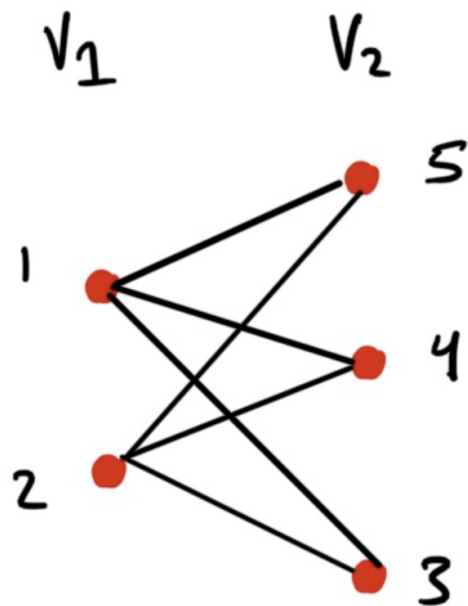
$$B = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$$

$$X = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$$

$$Y = \{4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9\}$$

$$Z = \{2, 4, 6\}$$

4



5

4, 2, 3, 5, 4, 1, 3, 6, 4, 8, 3, 12, 4

6

$$\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{i(i+1)} = \frac{n}{n+1}$$

Proof By Induction.

Base Case:

Let $n = 1$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{i(i+1)} &= \frac{n}{n+1} \\ &= \frac{1}{1(1+1)} = \frac{1}{2} \\ &= \frac{1}{1+1} = \frac{n}{n+1} \end{aligned}$$

Induction Step:

Let n be an arbitrary number and assume,

$$\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{i(i+1)} = \frac{n}{n+1}, \text{ so}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n+1} \frac{1}{i(i+1)} = \frac{n+1}{n+1+1}, \text{ so}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n+1} \frac{1}{i(i+1)} = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{i(i+1)} + \frac{n+1}{(n+1)(n+1+1)}$$

$$= \frac{n}{n+1} + \frac{n+1}{(n+1)(n+2)} = \frac{n(n+2)+(n+1)}{(n+1)(n+2)}$$

$$= \frac{n}{n+1} + \frac{1}{n+2}$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{i(i+1)} + \frac{1}{n+2}$$

Conclusion:

□

$$\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{i(i+1)} = \frac{n}{n+1}$$