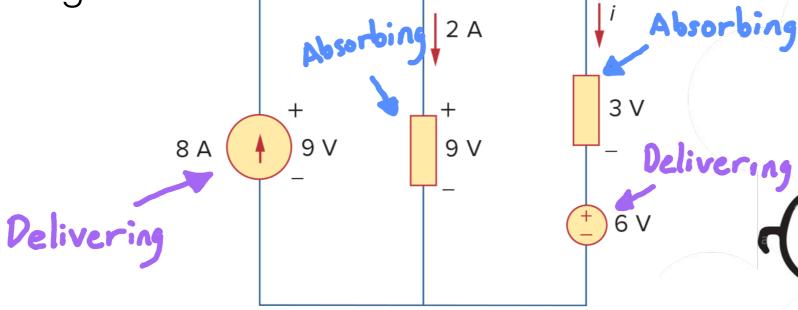
Last Class...

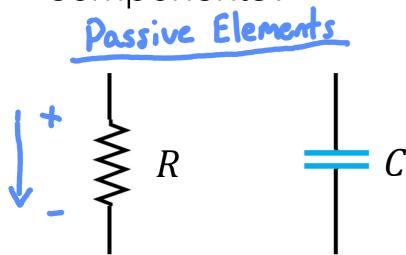
1. Determine whether each components is absorbing or

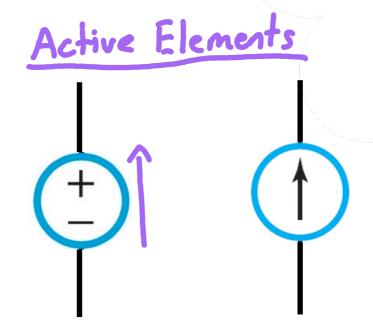
delivering.



2. Draw current and Voltage across each of these

components?







COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

Circuit Attributes

- Learning Objectives:
 - o Identify branches, nodes, loops, and meshes in a circuit.



© 2023 I. Fernandez

Circuit Attributes

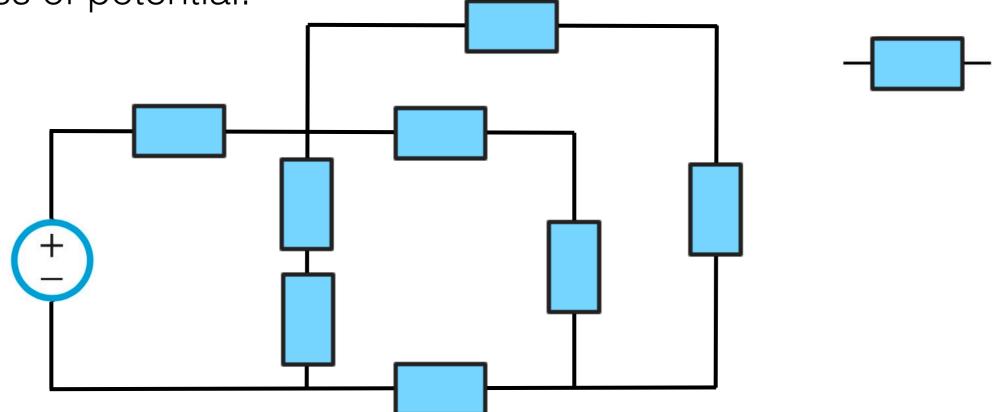
Circuit: Electric network.

Wires

- Ideal Wires.
- Conduct charge without loss of potential.

Components

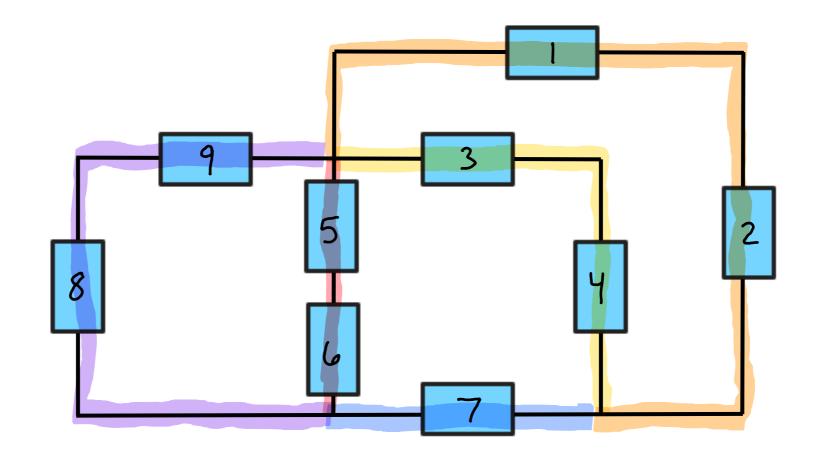
 Such as resistors, transistors, capacitors, inductors and diodes.



Objective of circuit analysis: Determine unknown currents and voltages.

Branch:

- Single electrical pathway, consisting of wires and components.
- May contain one or more components.

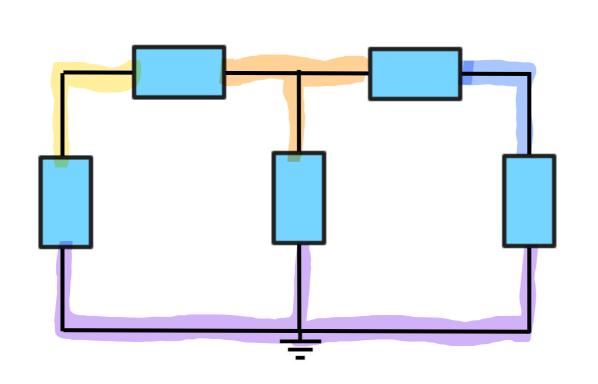


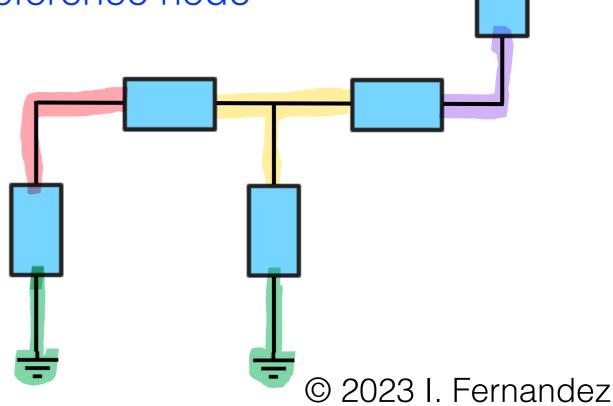
Components in the same branch share the same current and are said to be in series.

Node

Node:

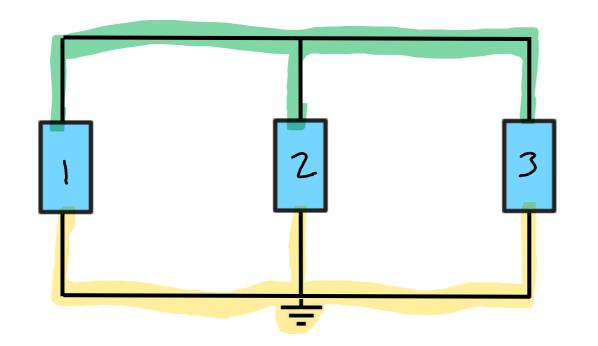
- Junction of two or more components.
- A point at which charge can flow without crossing a component.
- All points at a node have the same potential.
- Select a reference node
 - Node voltage is relative to the reference node



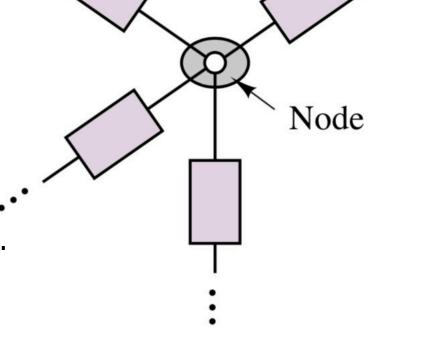


Node:

- Junction of two or more components.
- A point at which charge can flow without crossing a component.
- All points at a node have the same potential.
- Select a reference node
 - Node voltage is relative to the reference node



Components sharing the same nodes on both sides have the same voltage and are said to be in parallel.



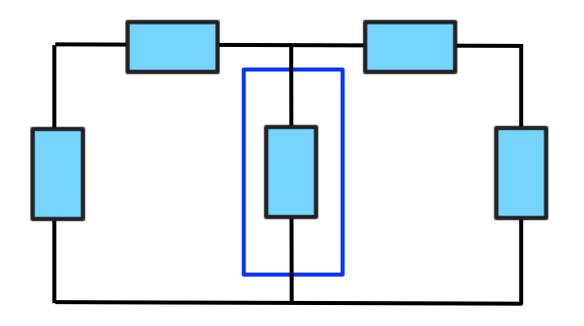


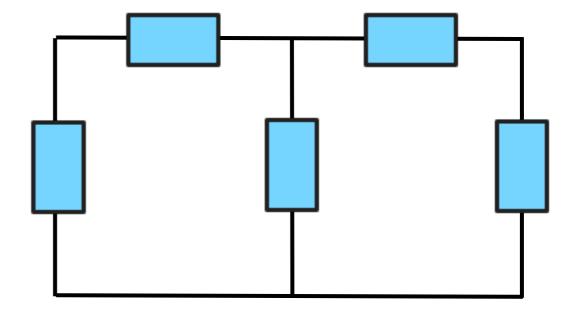
Loop:

- Any closed pathway.
- Required for current to flow.
- Different loops in the same circuit can share a branch.

Mesh:

A mesh is a loop that does not contain other loops.

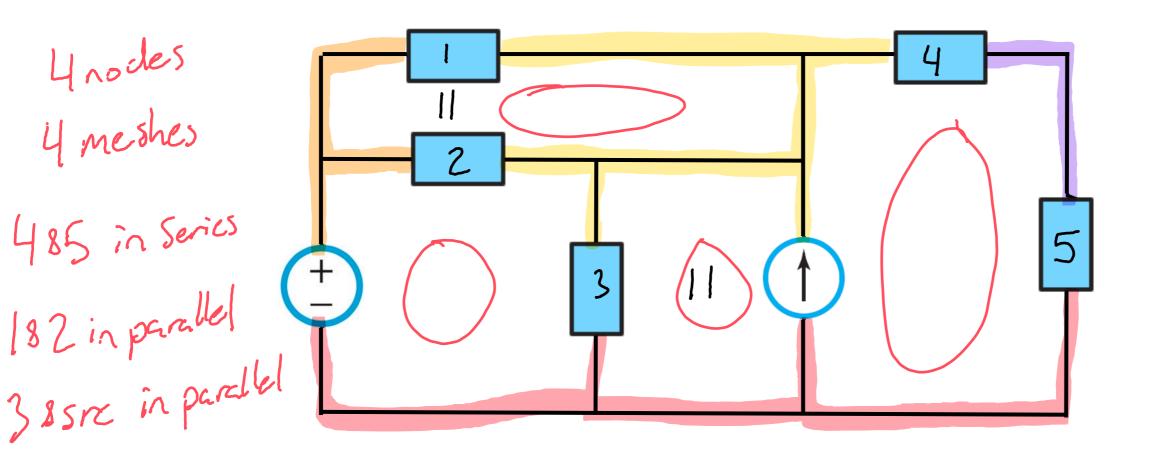




Test Your Knowledge

How many nodes can you identify in the circuit below?

How many meshes?



Identify the number of nodes and meshes.

4 nodes 5 meshes

- Identify components that are connected in series. None
- Identify components that are connected in parallel.

