

```

1  import java.awt.Cursor;
11
12 /**
13  * View class.
14  *
15  * @author Bruce W. Weide
16  * @author Paolo Bucci
17  * @author Gage Farmer
18  */
19 @SuppressWarnings("serial")
20 public final class DemoView1 extends JFrame implements DemoView {
21
22     /**
23      * Controller object.
24      */
25     private DemoController controller;
26
27     /**
28      * GUI widgets that need to be in scope in actionPerformed method, and
29      * related constants. (Each should have its own Javadoc comment, but these
30      * are elided here to keep the code shorter.)
31      */
32     private static final int LINES_IN_TEXT_AREAS = 5,
33         LINE_LENGTHS_IN_TEXT_AREAS = 20, ROWS_IN_BUTTON_PANEL_GRID = 1,
34         COLUMNS_IN_BUTTON_PANEL_GRID = 2, ROWS_IN_THIS_GRID = 3,
35         COLUMNS_IN_THIS_GRID = 1;
36
37     /**
38      * Storage String Arrays.
39      */
40     private ArrayList<String> outputLast = new ArrayList<>();
41     private ArrayList<String> inputLast = new ArrayList<>();
42
43     /**
44      * Text areas.
45      */
46     private final JTextArea inputText, outputText;
47
48     /**
49      * Buttons.
50      */
51     private final JButton resetButton, appendButton, undoButton;
52
53     /**
54      * No-argument constructor.
55      */
56     public DemoView1() {
57         // Create the JFrame being extended
58
59         /*
60          * Call the JFrame (superclass) constructor with a String parameter to
61          * name the window in its title bar
62          */
63         super("Simple GUI Demo With MVC");
64
65         // Set up the GUI widgets -----
66
67         /*
68          * Create widgets

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69      */
70      this.inputText = new JTextArea("", LINES_IN_TEXT_AREAS,
71                                     LINE_LENGTHS_IN_TEXT_AREAS);
72      this.outputText = new JTextArea("", LINES_IN_TEXT_AREAS,
73                                     LINE_LENGTHS_IN_TEXT_AREAS);
74      this.resetButton = new JButton("Reset");
75      this.appendButton = new JButton("Append");
76      this.undoButton = new JButton("Undo");
77      /*
78       * Text areas should wrap lines, and outputText should be read-only
79       */
80      this.inputText.setEditable(true);
81      this.inputText.setLineWrap(true);
82      this.inputText.setWrapStyleWord(true);
83      this.outputText.setEditable(false);
84      this.outputText.setLineWrap(true);
85      this.outputText.setWrapStyleWord(true);
86      /*
87       * Create scroll panes for the text areas in case text is long enough to
88       * require scrolling in one or both dimensions
89       */
90      JScrollPane inputTextScrollPane = new JScrollPane(this.inputText);
91      JScrollPane outputTextScrollPane = new JScrollPane(this.outputText);
92      /*
93       * Create a button panel organized using grid layout
94       */
95      JPanel buttonPanel = new JPanel(new GridLayout(
96                                     ROWS_IN_BUTTON_PANEL_GRID, COLUMNS_IN_BUTTON_PANEL_GRID));
97      /*
98       * Add the buttons to the button panel, from left to right and top to
99       * bottom
100      */
101      buttonPanel.add(this.resetButton);
102      buttonPanel.add(this.appendButton);
103      buttonPanel.add(this.undoButton);
104      /*
105       * Organize main window using grid layout
106       */
107      this.setLayout(new GridLayout(ROWS_IN_THIS_GRID, COLUMNS_IN_THIS_GRID));
108      /*
109       * Add scroll panes and button panel to main window, from left to right
110       * and top to bottom
111       */
112      this.add(inputTextScrollPane);
113      this.add(buttonPanel);
114      this.add(outputTextScrollPane);
115
116      // Set up the observers -----
117
118      /*
119       * Register this object as the observer for all GUI events
120       */
121      this.resetButton.addActionListener(this);
122      this.appendButton.addActionListener(this);
123      this.undoButton.addActionListener(this);
124
125      // Start the main application window -----
126
127      /*
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128         * Make sure the main window is appropriately sized for the widgets in
129         * it, that it exits this program when closed, and that it becomes
130         * visible to the user now
131         */
132         this.pack();
133         this.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
134         this.setVisible(true);
135     }
136
137     /**
138      * Register argument as observer/listener of this; this must be done first,
139      * before any other methods of this class are called.
140      *
141      * @param controller
142      *         controller to register
143      */
144     @Override
145     public void registerObserver(DemoController controller) {
146         this.controller = controller;
147     }
148
149     /**
150      * Updates input display based on String provided as argument.
151      *
152      * @param input
153      *         new value of input display
154      */
155     @Override
156     public void updateInputDisplay(String input) {
157         this.inputText.setText(input);
158     }
159
160     /**
161      * Updates output display based on String provided as argument.
162      *
163      * @param output
164      *         new value of output display
165      */
166     @Override
167     public void updateOutputDisplay(String output) {
168         this.outputText.setText(output);
169     }
170
171     @Override
172     public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent event) {
173         /*
174          * Set cursor to indicate computation on-going; this matters only if
175          * processing the event might take a noticeable amount of time as seen
176          * by the user
177          */
178         this.setCursor(Cursor.getPredefinedCursor(Cursor.WAIT_CURSOR));
179         /*
180          * Determine which event has occurred that we are being notified of by
181          * this callback; in this case, the source of the event (i.e, the widget
182          * calling actionPerformed) is all we need because only buttons are
183          * involved here, so the event must be a button press; in each case,
184          * tell the controller to do whatever is needed to update the model and
185          * to refresh the view
186          */
```

```
187     Object source = event.getSource();
188     if (source == this.resetButton) {
189         if (!this.outputText.getText().equals("")) {
190             this.outputLast.add(this.outputText.getText());
191             this.inputLast.add(this.inputText.getText());
192             this.controller.processResetEvent();
193         } else {
194             this.outputLast.add("");
195             this.inputLast.add(this.inputText.getText());
196             this.controller.processResetEvent();
197         }
198     } else if (source == this.appendButton) {
199         if (!this.outputText.getText().equals("")) {
200             this.outputLast.add(this.outputText.getText());
201             this.inputLast.add(this.inputText.getText());
202             this.controller.processAppendEvent(this.inputText.getText(),
203                 this.outputText.getText());
204         } else {
205             this.outputLast.add("");
206             this.inputLast.add(this.inputText.getText());
207             this.controller.processAppendEvent(this.inputText.getText(),
208                 this.outputText.getText());
209         }
210     } else if (source == this.undoButton) {
211         if (this.outputLast.size() >= 1) {
212             String out = this.outputLast.remove(this.outputLast.size() - 1);
213             String in = this.inputLast.remove(this.inputLast.size() - 1);
214             this.controller.processUndoEvent(out, in);
215         }
216     }
217 }
218 /*
219  * Set the cursor back to normal (because we changed it at the beginning
220  * of the method body)
221  */
222 this.setCursor(Cursor.getDefaultCursor());
223 }
224
225 }
226
```