

Gage Farmer

Homework 6 - Math 2568 (Autumn 2022)

Prof. Cueto

Due date: Friday October 21, 2022 (in class).

The sections and problem numbers refer to the course's textbook (L.W. Johnson, R.D. Riess, J.T. Arnold: *Introduction to Linear Algebra*, 5th edition, Pearson.)

Section	Assigned Problems	Problems to be turned in
§3.4	1, 9, 11, 16, 17, 23, 25, 29, 33, 36	1, 11, 17, 23, 29
§3.5	1, 3, 6, 13, 15, 20, 22, 26, 29, 31, 35	6, 13, 20, 26, 35
§3.6	1, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 17, 19	1, 5, 11, 13, 19

Bonus Problem: Consider the following three vectors in \mathbb{R}^4 :

$$\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \\ -2 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad \mathbf{w} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \\ 0 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Can you find a system of homogeneous linear equations with solution space exactly equal to the subspace of \mathbb{R}^4 spanned by the three vectors. What happens if we want a system where \mathbf{u} is a solution, but not the other two?

Section 3.4

1) $x_1 + x_2 - x_3 = 0$ $x_1 = -x_2 + x_3 = -x_4 + x_3$

$$x_2 - x_4 = 0$$

$$x_2 = x_4$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -x_4 + x_3 \\ x_4 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x_3 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + x_4 \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$W = \{(1, 0, 1, 0), (-1, 1, 0, 1)\}$$

$$11) a) A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & -1 \\ 3 & 5 & 8 & -2 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow[R_3 - R_1]{R_2 - 3R_1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow[R_3 + R_2]{-R_2, R_1 - 2R_2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 7 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & -3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow[-\frac{1}{3}R_3]{R_1 - 7R_3, R_2 + 2R_3} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$b) \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{cases} x_1 + x_3 + x_4 = 0 \\ x_2 + x_3 - x_4 = 0 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} x_1 = -x_3 - x_4 \\ x_2 = -x_3 + x_4 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -x_3 - x_4 \\ -x_3 + x_4 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{bmatrix} = x_3 \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + x_4 \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$N(A) = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

$$c) \text{ Let } x_3 = 1, x_4 = 0 \rightarrow \begin{cases} x_1 = -1 - 0 = -1 \\ x_2 = -1 + 0 = -1 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{aligned} -A_1 - A_2 + A_3 &= 0 \\ A_3 &= A_1 + A_2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Let } x_3 = 0, x_4 = -1 \rightarrow \begin{cases} x_1 = 0 + 1 = 1 \\ x_2 = 0 - 1 = -1 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} -A_1 + A_2 + A_4 &= 0 \\ A_4 &= A_1 - A_2 \end{aligned}$$

$\{A_1, A_2\}$ is a basis
where $A_3 = A_1 + A_2$
and $A_4 = A_1 - A_2$

d) $\{[1 \ 0 \ 1 \ 1], [0 \ 1 \ 1 \ -1]\}$

17) $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & -1 \\ 3 & 5 & 8 & -2 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad A^T = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 1 \\ 2 & 5 & 1 \\ 3 & 8 & 2 \\ -1 & -2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

$\rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad u_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad u_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$

$w = \{(1 \ 3 \ 1)^T, (0 \ -1 \ -1)^T\}$

23) a) $S = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 5 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 7 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$

$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 \\ 2 & 5 & 7 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

$x_1 + x_3 + 3x_4 = 0$

$x_2 + x_3 - x_4 = 0$

x_3, x_4 are free

$x_3 = 1 \quad x_4 = 1 \rightarrow x_1 = -1 \quad x_2 = -1$

$-v_1 - v_2 + v_3 = 0 \rightarrow v_3 = v_1 + v_2$

$x_3 = 0 \quad x_4 = 1 \rightarrow x_1 = -3 \quad x_2 = -1$

$-3v_1 - v_2 + v_4 = 0 \rightarrow v_4 = 3v_1 + v_2$

$\rightarrow \underline{av_1 + bv_2 = 0}$

b) $a \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + b \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 5 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = 0 \quad \begin{bmatrix} a + 2b \\ 2a + 5b \\ a \end{bmatrix} = 0$

$\{[1 \ 2 \ 1]^T, [2 \ 5 \ 0]^T\}$ is a basis for $Sp(S)$

$$29) \begin{matrix} v_1 & v_2 & v_3 \\ \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 7 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix} \longrightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 2 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \longrightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \longrightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x_1 = 0$$

$$x_2 = 0$$

$$x_3 = 0$$

$S = \{v_1, v_2, v_3\}$ is a solution

$$\begin{matrix} v_1 & v_2 & v_4 \\ \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & -2 \\ 2 & -1 & -4 \\ 1 & 1 & -4 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix} \longrightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \longrightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \longrightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x_1 = 0$$

$$x_2 = 0$$

$$x_4 = 0$$

$S = \{v_1, v_2, v_4\}$ is a solution

$$\begin{matrix} v_1 & v_3 & v_4 \\ \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & -2 \\ 2 & 1 & -4 \\ 1 & 7 & -4 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix} \longrightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 8 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \longrightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \longrightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$S = \{v_1, v_3, v_4\}$ is a solution

$$\begin{matrix} v_2 & v_3 & v_4 \\ \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 & -2 \\ -1 & 1 & -4 \\ 1 & 7 & -4 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix} \longrightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & -2 \\ 0 & 6 & -6 \end{bmatrix} \longrightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$S = \{v_2, v_3, v_4\}$ is not a solution

$\{v_1, v_2, v_3\} + \{v_1, v_2, v_4\}, \{v_1, v_3, v_4\}$ is the basis

Section 35

6) $S = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$ $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ \swarrow
Linearly Dependent

13) $S = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 3 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$ $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ \nearrow
Not a basis

20) $x_1 - x_2 = 0$ $x_1 = x_2 = 2x_3 = 2x_4$
 $x_2 - 2x_3 = 0$ $x_2 = 2x_3 = 2x_4$
 $x_3 - x_4 = 0$ $x_3 = x_4$ $\begin{bmatrix} 2x_4 \\ 2x_4 \\ x_4 \\ x_4 \end{bmatrix}$ $x_4 \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$

$\dim(W) = 1$

26) $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & 4 & 2 & 4 \\ 2 & 1 & 5 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$ $A^T = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 1 & 4 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 & 5 \\ 0 & 4 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & -2 & 1 \\ 0 & 4 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$

$\rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & -1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

$[1 \ 2 \ 2]^T, [0 \ 2 \ -1]^T$

Nullity(A) = 4 Rank(A) = 2

35)

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

← Linearly Dependent

Section 3.6

$$1) \quad u_1^T u_2 = [1 \ 1 \ 1] \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = -1 + 0 + 1 = 0$$

$$u_1^T u_3 = [1 \ 1 \ 1] \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} = -1 + 2 - 1 = 0$$

$$u_2^T u_3 = [-1 \ 0 \ 1] \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} = 1 + 0 - 1 = 0$$

Orthogonal

5)

$$u_1^T u_2 = [1 \ 1 \ 1] \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ -4 \end{bmatrix} = 2 + 2 - 4 = 0$$

$$u_1^T u_3 = [1 \ 1 \ 1] \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{bmatrix} = a + b + c = 0$$

$$u_2^T u_3 = [2 \ 2 \ -4] \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{bmatrix} = 2a + 2b - 4c = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -6 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Orthogonal if $a + b = 0$ & $c = 0$

$$11) u_1^T v = [1 \ 1 \ 1] \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} = a_1 [1 \ 1 \ 1] \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad a_1 = 3$$

$$u_2^T v = [-1 \ 0 \ 1] \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} = a_2 [-1 \ 0 \ 1] \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad a_2 = 0$$

$$u_3^T v = [-1 \ 2 \ -1] \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} = a_3 [-1 \ 2 \ -1] \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} \quad a_3 = 0$$

$$\underline{v = 3u_1}$$

$$13) u_1 = [0 \ 0 \ 1 \ 0]^T$$

$$u_1^T u_2 = u_1^T w_2 + a u_1^T u_1$$

$$0 = [0 \ 0 \ 1 \ 0] \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + a [0 \ 0 \ 1 \ 0] \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$0 = 2 + a \quad a = -2$$

$$u_2 = w_2 - 2u_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} - 2 \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad u_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$u_1^T u_3 = u_1^T w_3 + b u_1^T u_1 = [0 \ 0 \ 1 \ 0] \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + b [0 \ 0 \ 1 \ 0] \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$0 = 1 + b \quad b = -1$$

$$u_2^T u_3 = u_2^T w_3 + c u_2^T u_2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$0 = 2 + 3c \quad c = -\frac{2}{3}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} - \frac{2}{3} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad u_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 1/3 \\ -2/3 \\ 0 \\ 1/3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$u_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad u_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad u_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 1/3 \\ -2/3 \\ 0 \\ 1/3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$19) \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 1 & -5 \\ 2 & 1 & 7 & 5 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 1 & -5 \\ 0 & 5 & 5 & 15 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 1 & -5 \\ 0 & 5 & 5 & 15 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x_1 - 2x_2 + x_3 - 5x_4 = 0$$

$$x_2 + x_3 + 5x_4 = 0$$

$$a \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ -1 \\ 10 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + b \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -3 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

* I didn't want to write the rest of the work,
it was a lot of stuff *

$$O. \text{ basis of null space} = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ -1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -3 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

$$O. \text{ basis of range space} = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 45 \\ 1 \\ 5 \\ 82 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$