

# HTTP Exception & Mailer

Course Code: CSC 4182    Course Title: Advanced Programming In Web Technologies



**Dept. of Computer Science**  
**Faculty of Science and Technology**

<b>Lecture No:</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>Week No:</b>	<b>06</b>	<b>Semester:</b>	
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# Lecture Outline



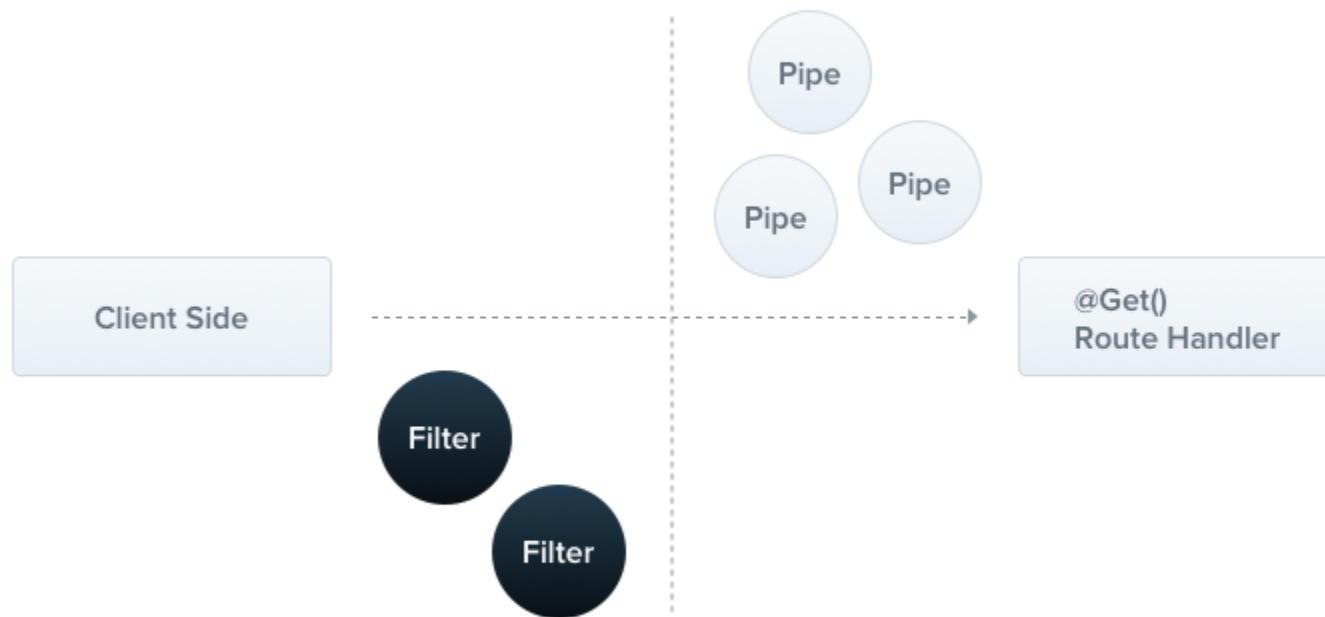
- ✓ Exception filters
- ✓ Mailer

# Exception filters



- Nest comes with a **built-in exceptions layer** which is responsible for processing all unhandled exceptions across an application.
- exception is not handled by your application code, it is caught by this layer, which then automatically sends **an appropriate user-friendly response**.

# Exception filters



# Exception filters



## Throwing standard exceptions

- Nest provides a built-in **HttpException** class, exposed from the `@nestjs/common` package. For typical HTTP REST API based applications, it's best practice to send standard HTTP response objects when certain error conditions occur.

```
throw new HttpException('Forbidden', HttpStatus.FORBIDDEN);
```

```
{ "statusCode": 403, "message": "Forbidden" }
```

# Exception filters



The **HttpException constructor** takes two required arguments which determine the response:

- The **status** argument defines the [HTTP status code](#).

By default, the JSON response body contains two properties:

- **statusCode**: defaults to the HTTP status code provided in the status argument
- **message**: a short description of the HTTP error based on the status

# Exception filters



```
@Get()
async findAll() {
  try {
    await this.service.findAll()
  } catch (error) {
    throw new HttpException({
      status: HttpStatus.FORBIDDEN,
      error: 'This is a custom message',
    });
  }
}
```

# Exception filters



**BadRequestException:** This exception represents a **400** Bad Request HTTP status. It is typically used when the client sends a malformed or invalid request.

**UnauthorizedException:** This exception represents a **401** Unauthorized HTTP status. It is used when the client is not authenticated or does not have the necessary credentials to access a resource.

**NotFoundException:** This exception represents a **404** Not Found HTTP status. It is used when the requested resource is not found on the server.

**ForbiddenException:** This exception represents a **403** Forbidden HTTP status. It is used when the client is authenticated but does not have sufficient permissions to access a resource.



# Exception filters



**NotAcceptableException:** This exception represents a **406** Not Acceptable HTTP status. It is used when the server cannot produce a response that is acceptable according to the client's requested content types.

**RequestTimeoutException:** This exception represents a **408** Request Timeout HTTP status. It is used when the server times out waiting for the client to send a request.

**ConflictException:** This exception represents a **409** Conflict HTTP status. It is typically used in situations where there is a conflict with the current state of the resource, such as a concurrent update.

**GoneException:** This exception represents a **410** Gone HTTP status. It is used when the requested resource is no longer available and has been intentionally removed.

# Exception filters



**PayloadTooLargeException:** This exception represents a **413** Payload Too Large HTTP status. It is used when the server refuses to process a request because the payload size exceeds the server's limit.

**UnsupportedMediaTypeException:** This exception represents a **415** Unsupported Media Type HTTP status. It is used when the server does not support the media type specified in the request.

**UnprocessableEntityException:** This exception represents a **422** Unprocessable Entity HTTP status. It is typically used when the server understands the request but cannot process it due to semantic errors or validation failures.

| More Exception can be found here

<https://docs.nestjs.com/exception-filters#built-in-http-exceptions>

# Exception filters



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# Mailer



- **Nodemailer** is a popular email sending library for Node.js applications. It allows you to send emails using various email providers, such as **SMTP, SendGrid, Mailgun, and more**.
- Nodemailer provides a simple and straightforward API to compose and send email messages with features like attachments, HTML content, and sending emails using templates.
- It supports various email protocols and transports, making it versatile and suitable for different email sending requirements.

# Mailer



First install Node Mailer package

```
npm install --save @nestjs-modules/mailer nodemailer
```

add following configuration on specific user module

```
import { MailerModule } from "@nestjs-modules/mailer";
MailerModule.forRoot({
  transport: {
    host: 'smtp.gmail.com',
    port: 465,
    ignoreTLS: true,
    secure: true,
    auth: {
      user: 'your gmail account',
      pass: 'app generated password'
    },
  },
})
```

# Mailer



Use Mailer Service on user specific **service** file;  
Create a Mailer Service object

```
//import MailerService from nodemail modules
import { MailerService } from "@nestjs-modules/mailer/dist";

//create object of MailerService class
private mailerService: MailerService

//use sendMail to send email
await this.mailerService.sendMail({to: 'receiver's email',
subject: 'subject of email',
text: 'text to receiver',
});
```

# Mailer



Use following instruction to configure your Gmail account;

<https://miracleio.me/snippets/use-gmail-with-nodemailer/>



# References

1. W3Schools Online Web Tutorials, URL: <http://www.w3schools.com>
2. Node.js, URL: <https://nodejs.org/en/>
3. Next.js, URL: <https://nextjs.org/>
4. TypeScript URL: <https://www.typescriptlang.org/>
5. MDN Web Docs URL: <https://developer.mozilla.org/>





Thank You!