


Import necessary libraries

```
import os
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix, ConfusionMatrixDisplay
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
from tensorflow.keras.applications import DenseNet121
from tensorflow.keras import layers, models
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')
```

 Mounted at /content/drive

Upload the path of google drive and set parameters

```
# Set the path to your dataset on Google Drive
path = '/content/drive/MyDrive/dataset'

# Image and training parameters
img_size = (224, 224)
batch_size = 32
epochs = 10
```

Data augmentation and preprocessing part


```
# Data preprocessing using ImageDataGenerator
train_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(
    rescale=1./255,
    validation_split=0.3,
    horizontal_flip=True,
    vertical_flip=True
)

# Grayscale loader function
def to_grayscale(image):
    return tf.image.rgb_to_grayscale(image)

# Apply grayscale transformation
def preprocess(image):
    image = tf.image.resize(image, img_size)
    image = tf.image.rgb_to_grayscale(image)
    image = tf.image.grayscale_to_rgb(image) # Convert back to 3-channel
    return image

# Train generator
train_generator = train_datagen.flow_from_directory(
    path,
    target_size=img_size,
    batch_size=batch_size,
    class_mode='binary',
    subset='training',
    shuffle=True
)

# Validation/Test generator
test_generator = train_datagen.flow_from_directory(
    path,
    target_size=img_size,
    batch_size=batch_size,
    class_mode='binary',
    subset='validation',
    shuffle=False
)
```

 Found 178 images belonging to 2 classes.
Found 75 images belonging to 2 classes.

Choose DenseNet121 model and create model

```
# Load base model
base_model = DenseNet121(include_top=False, weights='imagenet', input_shape=(224, 224, 3))
base_model.trainable = False # Freeze base model
```

```
# Add custom layers
model = models.Sequential([
    layers.Input(shape=(224, 224, 3)),
    layers.Lambda(preprocess), # Apply grayscale conversion
    base_model,
    layers.GlobalAveragePooling2D(),
    layers.Dense(256, activation='relu'),
    layers.Dropout(0.5),
    layers.Dense(1, activation='sigmoid')
])

model.compile(optimizer='adam',
              loss='binary_crossentropy',
              metrics=['accuracy'])
model.summary()
```

Downloading data from https://storage.googleapis.com/tensorflow/keras-applications/densenet/densenet121_weights_tf_dim_ordering_tf_29084464/29084464 0s 0us/step
Model: "sequential"

| Layer (type) | Output Shape | Param # |
|---------------------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------|
| lambda (Lambda) | (None, 224, 224, 3) | 0 |
| densenet121 (Functional) | (None, 7, 7, 1024) | 7,037,504 |
| global_average_pooling2d (GlobalAveragePooling2D) | (None, 1024) | 0 |
| dense (Dense) | (None, 256) | 262,400 |
| dropout (Dropout) | (None, 256) | 0 |
| dense_1 (Dense) | (None, 1) | 257 |

Total params: 7,300,161 (27.85 MB)

The process of train the Model

```
history = model.fit(
    train_generator,
    epochs=epochs,
    validation_data=test_generator
)
```

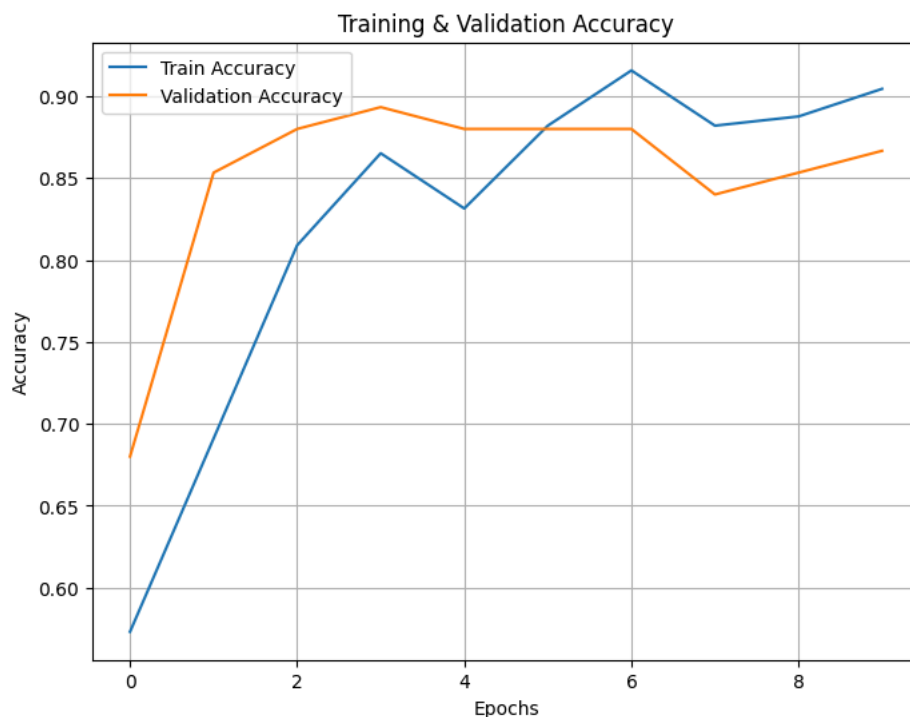
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages/keras/src/trainers/data_adapters/py_dataset_adapter.py:121: UserWarning: Your `PyDataset` class should implement the `self._warn_if_super_not_called()` method.
Epoch 1/10
6/6 ————— 74s 9s/step - accuracy: 0.5469 - loss: 1.1218 - val_accuracy: 0.6800 - val_loss: 0.5541
Epoch 2/10
6/6 ————— 43s 7s/step - accuracy: 0.6418 - loss: 0.6563 - val_accuracy: 0.8533 - val_loss: 0.3626
Epoch 3/10
6/6 ————— 41s 7s/step - accuracy: 0.7791 - loss: 0.4319 - val_accuracy: 0.8800 - val_loss: 0.3351
Epoch 4/10
6/6 ————— 41s 7s/step - accuracy: 0.9147 - loss: 0.2927 - val_accuracy: 0.8933 - val_loss: 0.3207
Epoch 5/10
6/6 ————— 44s 8s/step - accuracy: 0.7727 - loss: 0.4262 - val_accuracy: 0.8800 - val_loss: 0.3383
Epoch 6/10
6/6 ————— 81s 8s/step - accuracy: 0.8820 - loss: 0.2721 - val_accuracy: 0.8800 - val_loss: 0.2965
Epoch 7/10
6/6 ————— 50s 10s/step - accuracy: 0.9037 - loss: 0.2714 - val_accuracy: 0.8800 - val_loss: 0.3144
Epoch 8/10
6/6 ————— 42s 7s/step - accuracy: 0.8855 - loss: 0.2815 - val_accuracy: 0.8400 - val_loss: 0.2968
Epoch 9/10
6/6 ————— 43s 7s/step - accuracy: 0.8619 - loss: 0.2550 - val_accuracy: 0.8533 - val_loss: 0.3414
Epoch 10/10
6/6 ————— 43s 8s/step - accuracy: 0.8878 - loss: 0.3156 - val_accuracy: 0.8667 - val_loss: 0.2758

Plot Training & Validation Accuracy

```
# Plot Training & Validation Accuracy & Loss
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Accuracy Plot
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='Train Accuracy')
plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'], label='Validation Accuracy')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
```

```
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.title('Training & Validation Accuracy')
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```



Finally Evaluate the Model & it's Metrics

```
# Predict on test set
y_pred_probs = model.predict(test_generator)
y_pred = (y_pred_probs > 0.5).astype(int).reshape(-1)
y_true = test_generator.classes

# Classification report
print("Classification Report:\n")
print(classification_report(y_true, y_pred, target_names=['Non Tumor', 'Tumor']))

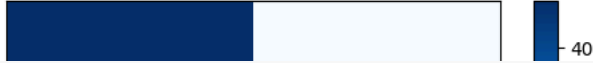
# Confusion Matrix
cm = confusion_matrix(y_true, y_pred)
disp = ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion_matrix=cm, display_labels=['Non Tumor', 'Tumor'])
disp.plot(cmap=plt.cm.Blues)
plt.title('Confusion Matrix')
plt.show()
```

3/3 13s 3s/step
Classification Report:

| | precision | recall | f1-score | support |
|--------------|-----------|--------|----------|---------|
| Non Tumor | 0.88 | 0.96 | 0.92 | 46 |
| Tumor | 0.92 | 0.79 | 0.85 | 29 |
| accuracy | | | 0.89 | 75 |
| macro avg | 0.90 | 0.87 | 0.88 | 75 |
| weighted avg | 0.90 | 0.89 | 0.89 | 75 |

Confusion Matrix

Loss graph CNN



```
# Plot Training & Validation Loss
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
plt.plot(history.history['loss'], label='Train Loss')
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'], label='Validation Loss')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.title('Training & Validation Loss Over Epochs')
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```



Training & Validation Loss Over Epochs

