

Q1: Givens:  $R = 4.3$

$$\alpha = 5^\circ$$

$$a_0 = \frac{dC_L}{d\alpha} = 0.1085 / \text{deg} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{air foil l.f.t} \\ \text{curve slope} \end{array}$$

elliptical lift distribution ( $a=1$ )

Want  $C_{Di}$

$$C_{Di} = \frac{C_L^2}{\pi R} \quad \text{since elliptical lift distribution}$$

Need  $C_L$  (3-D lift coefficient)

then convert 2D lift slope to 3D

Note  $a_0 = 0.1085 / \text{degree} = 6.216 / \text{radians}$

$$a_{3D} = \frac{a_0}{(1 + a_0 / \pi R)} = \frac{6.216}{(1 + \frac{6.216}{\pi \cdot 4.3})} = 4.26 / \text{rad}$$

$$\alpha = 5 \text{ degrees} = 0.087 \text{ radians}$$

$$C_L = a_{3D} \cdot \alpha = 0.37 \quad \& \quad C_{Di} = \frac{(0.37)^2}{\pi \cdot 4.3} = \underline{\underline{0.0102}}$$

Q 2      Given:      Altitude = 60,000 ft, standard day  
 $M_\infty = 1.61$   
 $D_{\text{wave}} = 5,295 \text{ lb}$   
 $\& D_{\text{wave, thickness}} = \frac{1}{2} D_{\text{wave}}$   
 $S = 900 \text{ ft}^2$ , double wedge  
Desired:  $t/c$

$$q = \left(\frac{\gamma}{2}\right) P_\infty \cdot M_\infty^2, \quad P_\infty = 151.03 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft}^2} @ 60,000 \text{ ft}$$

$$= (1.4/2)(151.03 \text{ lb/ft}^2)(1.61)^2$$

$$= 274 \text{ lb/ft}^2$$

then  $C_{D, \text{wave}} = \frac{D_{\text{wave}}}{q S} = \frac{0.0215}{(274 \text{ lb/ft}^2)(900 \text{ ft}^2)}$

$$= 0.0215$$

then  $C_{D_{\text{wave, thickness}}} = C_{D_{\text{wave}}} / 2 = \frac{0.0215}{2} = 0.0107$

then  $C_{D, \text{wave, thickness double wedge}} = \frac{4}{\sqrt{M_\infty^2 - 1}} \left(\frac{t}{c}\right)^2$

$$= \frac{4}{\sqrt{(1.61)^2 - 1}} \left(\frac{t}{c}\right)^2 = 0.0107$$

$$\underline{t/c = 0.0580}$$

Q 3:

Given:  $M_{cc, \Delta=0} = 0.70$

$M_{\infty \text{ desired}} \approx 0.85 - 0.90$

Assume  $M_{cc, \Delta}$  doesn't depend on  $C_L$  ( $m=1$ )

Desired:  $\Delta$  to achieve  $M_{\infty, \text{desired}}$

Since we want to cruise @  $0.85 - 0.90$  Mach #, that is to say  $M_{cc, \Delta}$  should be around or slightly higher than this

so  $M_{cc, \Delta} = \frac{M_{cc, \Delta=0}}{\cos \Delta} \rightarrow$

$$\cos^{-1} \left( \frac{M_{cc, \Delta=0}}{M_{cc, \Delta}} \right) = \Delta$$

Midpoint value  $\cos^{-1} \left( \frac{0.7}{0.87} \right) = 36.4^\circ$

closest value given in  
multiple choice  $\approx \underline{38^\circ}$

Q4.

from definition of  $M_{Div}$ ,  $M_{Div}$  occurs  
when  $\Delta C_{p,c} = 0.001$

from graph, @  $C_L = 0.3$ ,  $C_{D_{incompressible}} \approx 0.02$

then  $C_D = 0.021$  @  $M_0 \approx \underline{0.85}$