# Dynamic Reverse Engneeng

NYU: Poly



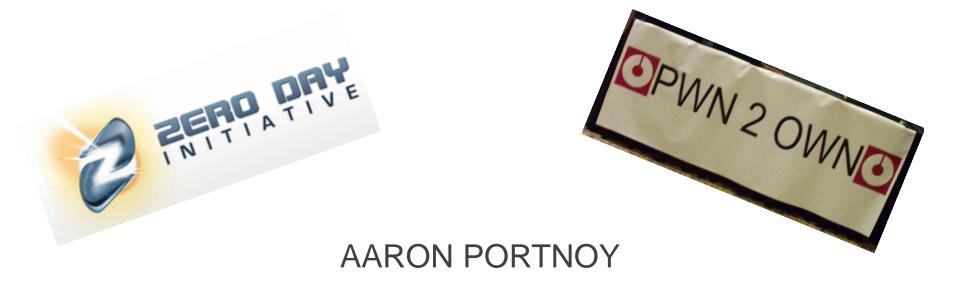


#### **AARON PORTNOY**

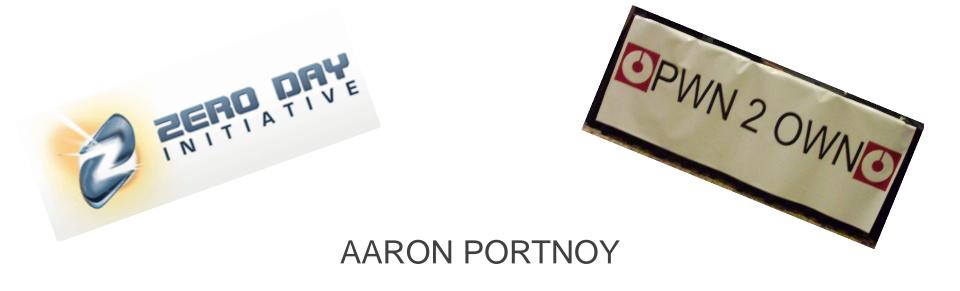




**AARON PORTNOY** 



### TippingPoint DVLabs



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#### WHAT WE'RE COVERING:

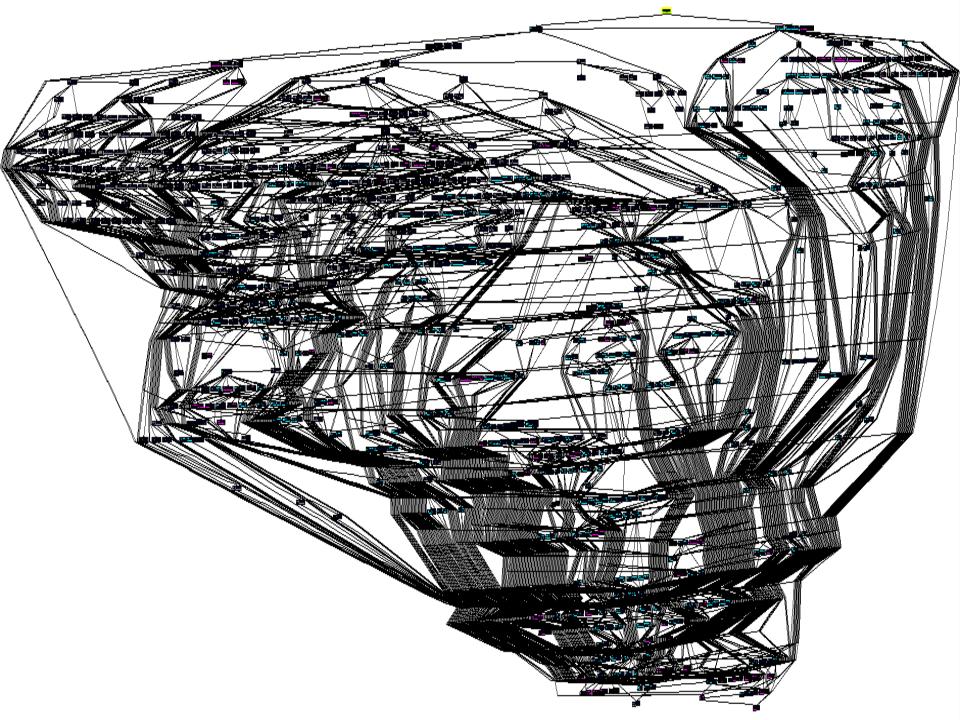
- □ Debugging with WinDBG
- □ Runtime Reversing Techniques
- □ Dynamic Memory
- □ Vulnerability Analysis

### Reverse Engineering Goals

Why are you reversing? What do you hope to achieve?

- Vulnerability Discovery
- Vulnerability Analysis
- Software/DRM Cracking

All of these require just a limited understanding of the target as a whole





#### STATIC REVERSING RECAP

With static RE you're looking at a limited view (usually a single module at a time)

How many are familiar with linkers and loaders?

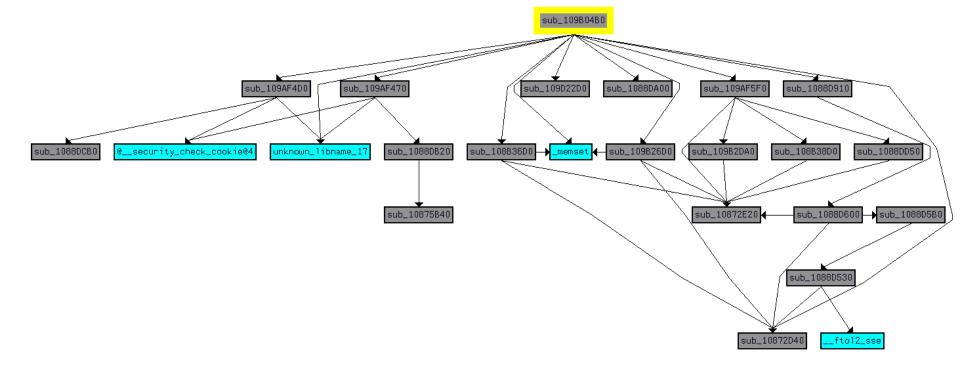
Lots of "stuff" goes on when you load a module into a process

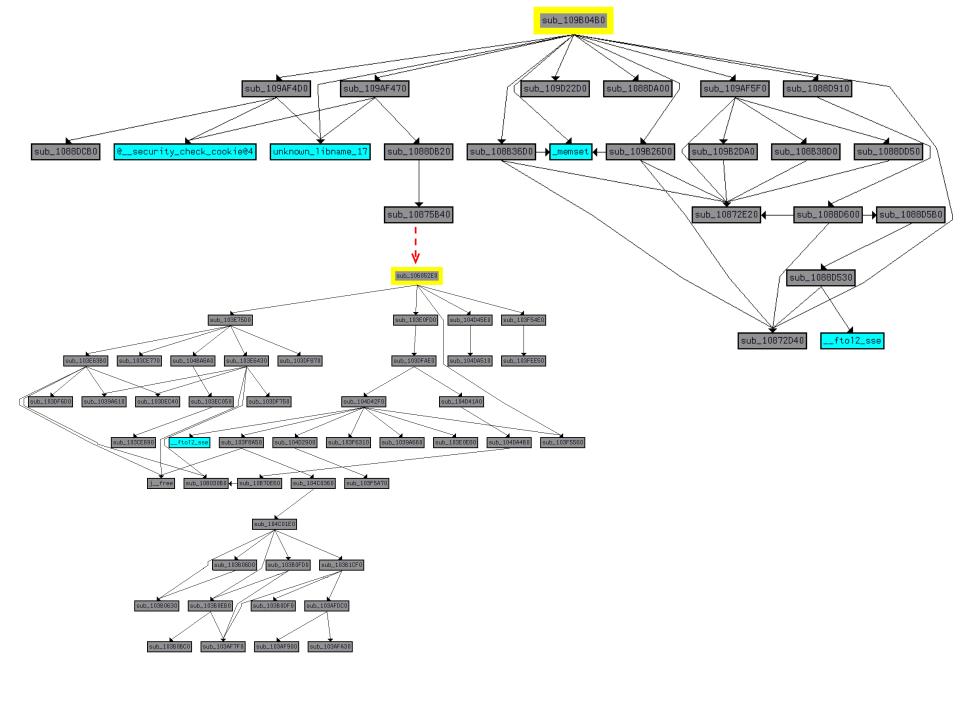
There is a lot of information missing when Reing statically...

### Like dynamic call targets

```
loc_106EB382:
push esi
call eax; dword_10FF38DC
```

```
.data:10FF38DC dword_10FF38DC dd ?
```





#### Static RE Challenges

Reversing anything reasonably complex statically is painful

Pick your favorite lexer/parser/renderer for example

(quicktime, shockwave, windows media player, flash, ...)

Read input file into a buffer
Split contiguous data into streams  or chunks, or sections, or
Save all that info into application-specific data structures
Pass of certain bits of that data to a lexer  ☐ Store tokens and corresponding data into other, perhaps unrelated app-specific data structures
Parse the data (using metadata gathered at some point during all of this)
Render media to the screen/file/output device

Read input file into a buffer Potential bugs
Split contiguous data into streams  On chunks, or sections, or  Potential bugs
Save all that info into application-specific data structure Potential bugs
Pass of certain bits of that data to a lexer Potential bugs  Store tokens and corresponding data into other, perhaps unrelated app-specific data structures
Parse the data (using metadata gathered at some point during all of Potential bugs
Render media to the screen/file/output devic Potential bugs

Read input file into a buffer ☐ Split contiguous data into streams or chunks, or sections, or ... ☐ Save all that info into application-specific data structures Pass of certain bits of that data to a lexer Store tokens and corresponding data into other, perhaps unrelated app-specific data structures Parse the data (using metadata gathered at some point) during all of this) Render media to the screen/file/output device

#### How would **you** write this code?

I bet your approach is different than your neighbor's...

## Good luck reversing an implementation statically

Render media to the screen/file/output device

### How would **you** write this code?

I bet your approach is different than your neighbor's...

#### Static RE Challenges

# Many things happen in the scope of a process

- ...and you miss this information when reversing statically Exception handler registration and relationships
- ☐ Linking and relocations
  - Module dependencies
- ☐ Dynamic memory allocations (more on this later)
- ☐ Global variable values
- □ Out of band data that can influence the code

### QUESTIONS?

#### DYNAMIC REVERSE ENGINEERING

### Intro to Dynamic Reversing

Dynamic RE is focused on performing analysis during runtime

It introduces a new dimension: **State** 

Dynamic RE is intended to supplement your static efforts ...by filling in missing information

More importantly, dynamic reversing lets you validate or disprove your suspicions

### Intro to Dynamic Reversing

To dispel some preconceptions, you don't always need a debugger

...although it is the ideal tool to aid in the process

Debugger preferences, anyone?

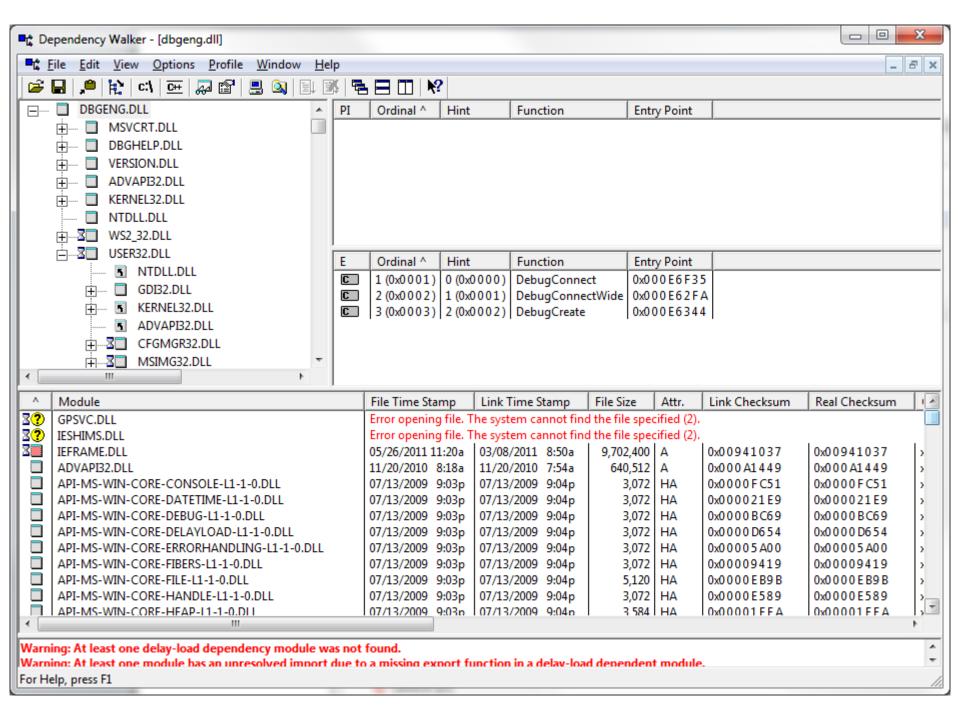
### Drilling Down

The first thing we want to do when reversing an application is figure out which **modules** it has that we care about

...and then we can peruse them statically

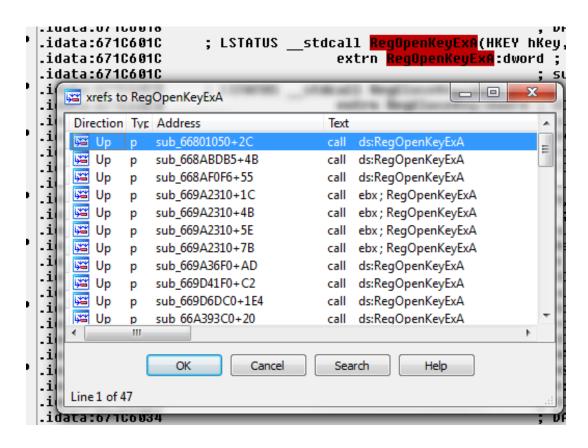
Module dependencies can help us here

If a module imports ws2\_32.dll, its going to be doing "network stuff"



### Drilling Down

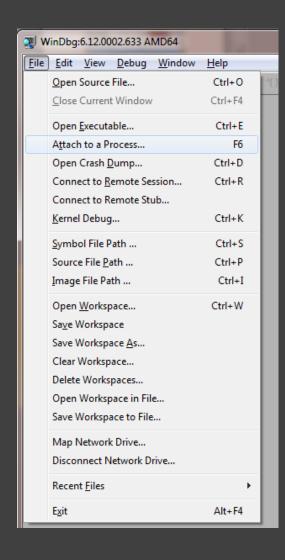
After we've found an interesting module, we can dig at it in IDA



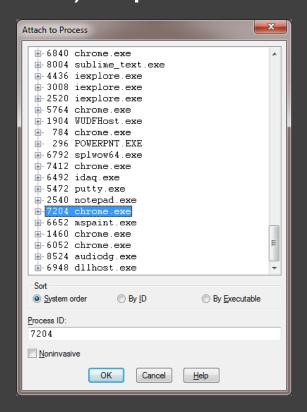
### Drilling Down

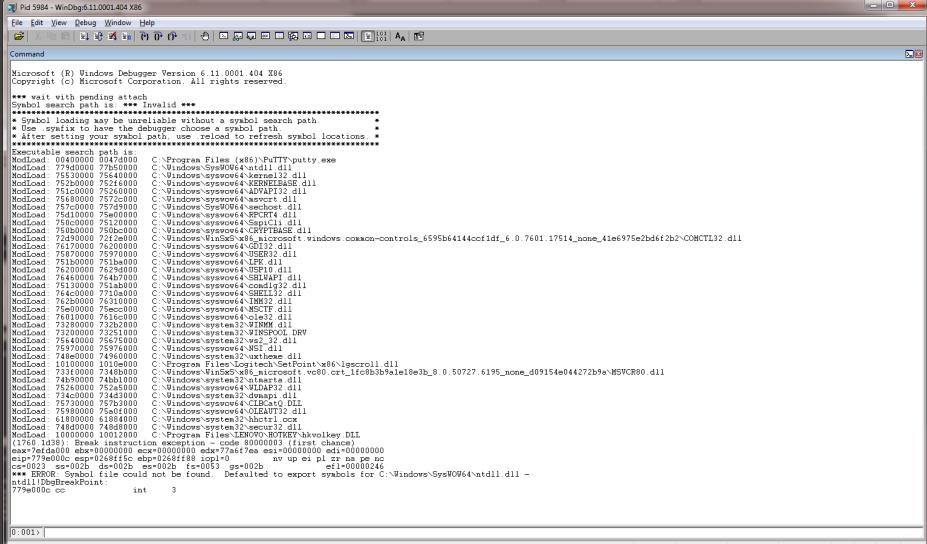
Now, what would be **really** useful, is if we could determine if any of the code we find is actually **reached** during execution...

Enter our debugger...



The first thing you'll want to do when using WinDBG is to attach to (or load) a process





### Current register values

```
(1760.1d38): Break instruction exception - code 80000003 (first chance)
eax=7efda000 ebx=00000000 ecx=00000000 edx=77a6f7ea esi=00000000 edi=00000000
eip=779e000c esp=0268ff5c ebp=0268ff88 iopl=0 nv up ei pl zr na pe nc
cs=0023 ss=002b ds=002b es=002b fs=0053 gs=002b efl=00000246
*** ERROR: Symbol file could not be found. Defaulted to export symbols for C:\Windows\SysWOW64\ntdll.dll -
ntdll!DbgBreakPoint:
779e000c cc int 3
```

### Current flags value

### Current address (eip) and instruction

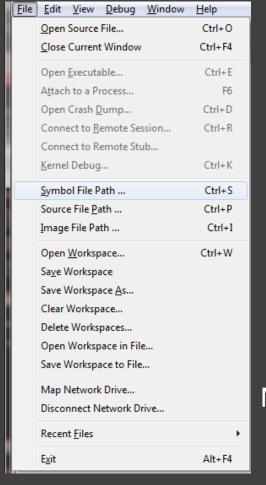
Some basic commands to get you started...

- g: the go command, lets the process run
  - ☐ You can interrupt a process by Ctrl+Break
    - ☐ Or via the menu (Debug->Break)
- r: shows the current register contents and disassembly at the current eip
- .hh : brings up the WinDBG help (awesome resource)
  - ☐ .hh g

Some basic commands to get you started...

- ☐ t: trace steps one instruction
  - ☐ and will step into functions
  - ☐ Also useful is the tc command: step until call
- p: single-steps one instruction
  - ☐ and will step **over** functions
  - ☐ Also useful is the pt command: step until return

#### Symbol support in WinDBG is generally very good





```
0:001> .reload
Reloading current modules
.....
0:001> .symfix
```

Microsoft/Apple/Chrome/Citrix all have symbol serve

```
|0:000> k
ChildEBP RetAddr
WARNING: Stack unwind information not available. Following frames may be wrong
|0018f30c 76188061 ntdll!memcpy
0018f36c 76188326 GDI32!GetTextAlign+0x8c
0018f390 75891751 GDI32!GetTextMetricsW+0x74
0018f400 7589150f USER32!DrawTextExW+0x2b3
0018f4a4 758914bc USER32!DrawTextExW+0x71
0018f510 748f8a86 uxtheme!GetThemeTextExtent+0x109
0018f550 748f93b1 uxtheme!GetThemeTextExtent+0x88
0018f59c 748f932b uxtheme GetThemeTextExtent+0x9b3
0018f67c 748f828d uxtheme GetThemeTextExtent+0x92d
0018f760 748f885f uxtheme!GetThemeBool+0x1c3c
0018f784 748f0b0d uxtheme!GetThemeBool+0x220e
0018f7d8 748f22c3 uxtheme+0x10b0d
0018f7f4 7588d09b uxtheme Ordinal49+0x271
0018f83c 75897953 USER32!WCSToMBEx+0x17e
0018f854 758afaa5 USER32!CallWindowProcA+0x24
0018f8bc 758862fa USER32!IrawTextExA+0xd4
0018f960 75886de8 USER32!CetDC+0x52
WARNING: Whitespace at end of path element
0:000> .reload
Reloading current modules
|0:000> k
|ChildEBP RetAddr
|0018f30c 76188061 ntdll!memcpy
0018f36c 76188326 GDI32!bGetTextMetricsWInternal+0x32
0018f390 75891751 GDI32!GetTextMetricsW+0x74
0018f510 748f8a86 uxtheme CTextDraw::GetTextExtent+0xbe
0018f550 748f93b1 uxtheme GetThemeTextExtent+0x69
0018f59c 748f932b uxtheme GetNcCaptionTextSize+0x62
0018f67c 748f828d uxtheme CThemeWnd::GetNcWindowMetrics+0xd8
0018f760 748f885f uxtheme CThemeWnd::NcPaint+0x61
0018f784 748f0b0d uxtheme OnDwpNcPaint+0x61
0018f7d8 748f22c3 uxtheme ThemeDefWindowProc+0x13c
0018f7f4 7588d09b uxtheme ThemeDefWindowProcA+0x18
0018f83c 75897953 USER32!DefWindowProcA+0x68
0018f854 758afaa5 USER32!IefWindowProcWorker+0x27
0018f89c 7589afac USER32!IefDlgProcWorker+0x802
0018f8bc 758862fa USER32!IefDlgProcA+0x29
0018f960 75886de8 USER32!UserCallWinProcCheckWow+0xd8
```

□ x : examine symbols

```
0:000> x oleaut32!*funcand*
759b08c2 OLEAUT32!GEN_DTINFO::SetFuncAndParamNames = <no type information>
759b08c2 OLEAUT32!STL_TYPEINFO::SetFuncAndParamNames = <no type information>
759b0910 OLEAUT32!TYPE_DATA::SetFuncAndParamNames = <no type information>
759b094d OLEAUT32!TYPE_DATA::SetFuncAndParamNamesOfHfdefn = <no type information>
7599af04 OLEAUT32!CTypeInfo2::SetFuncAndParamNames = <no type information>
```

□ In : list nearest symbol

☐ dt : display type

☐ Im: shows listed modules

You can search with Imm

```
0:001> lm m*ole*
start end module name
75980000 75a0f000 OLEAUT32 (deferred)
76010000 7616c000 ole32 (deferred)
```

!lmi : gives you more detailed inf (751,60000 752,600000 752,60000 752,60000 752,60000 752,600000 752,600000 752,600000000 752,600000 752,600000 752,600000 752,6000000 752,6000000 752

```
0:001> !lmi oleaut32
Loaded Module Info: [oleaut32]
         Module: OLEAUT32
   Base Address: 75980000
     Image Name: C:\Windows\syswow64\OLEAUT32.dll
   Machine Type: 332 (I386)
     Time Stamp: 4d673de9 Fri Feb 25 00:28:09 2011
           Size: 8f000
       CheckSum: 8c067
Characteristics: 2102
Debug Data Dirs: Type
                       Size
                                   Pointer
             CODEVIEW
                         25, 84678,
                                       83a78 RSDS - GUID:
               Age: 2, Pdb: oleaut32.pdb
                          4. 84674.
                                       83a74 [Data not mapped]
    Symbol Type: DEFERRED - No error - symbol load deferred
    Load Report: no symbols loaded
```

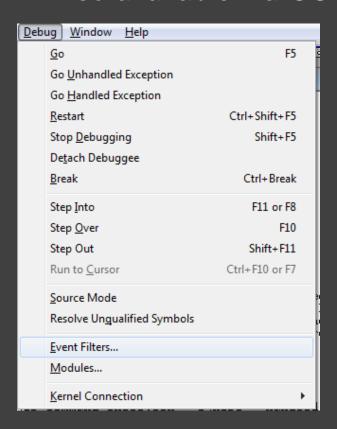
```
0:001> lm
                     module name
start
         end
00400000 0047d000
                     putty
                                  (deferred)
100000000 10012000
                     hkvolkev
                                  (deferred)
10100000 1010e000
                      lgscroll
                                  (deferred)
                     hhctrl
61800000 61884000
                                  (deferred)
                     COMCTL32
                                  (deferred)
72d90000 72f2e000
                     WINSPOOL
73200000 73251000
                                  (deferred)
|73280000 732Ь2000
                     WINMM
                                  (deferred)
                     MSVCR80
733f0000 7348Ь000
                                  (deferred)
|734c0000 734d3000
                     dwmapi
                                  (deferred)
748d0000 748d8000
                     secur32
                                  (deferred)
748e0000 74960000
                     uxtheme
                                  (deferred)
74b90000 74bb1000
                     ntmarta
                                  (deferred)
                     CRYPTBASE
|750Ь0000 750Ьc000
                                  (deferred)
750c0000 75120000
                     SspiCli
                                  (deferred)
                     condlq32
75130000 751ab000
                                  (deferred)
751b0000 751ba000
                     LPK
                                  (deferred)
                     ADVAPI32
                                  (deferred)
                     WLDAP32
                                  (deferred)
752b0000 752f6000
                     KERNELBASE
                                    (deferred)
                     kernel32
|75530000 75640000
                                  (export symbols)
                     ws2 32
75640000 75675000
                                  (deferred)
75680000 7572c000
                                  (deferred)
                     msvcrt
75730000 757Ь3000
                     CLBCat0
                                  (deferred)
757c0000 757d9000
                     sechost
                                  (deferred)
                     USER32
75870000 75970000
                                  (deferred)
75970000 75976000
                     NSI
                                  (deferred)
                     OLEAUT32
|75980000 75a0f000
                                  (deferred)
                     RPCRT4
75d10000 75e00000
                                  (deferred)
                     MSCTF
|75e00000 75ecc000
                                  (deferred)
76010000 7616c000
                     ole32
                                  (deferred)
76170000 76200000
                     GDI32
                                  (deferred)
                     USP10
76200000 7629d000
                                  (deferred)
                     IMM32
76250000 76310000
                                  (deferred)
76460000 764Ъ7000
                     SHLWAPI
                                  (deferred)
                     SHELL32
764c0000 7710a000
                                  (deferred)
                     ntdll
                                  (export symbols)
```

#### Avoid STDs

...stdlibs, that is (standard libraries)

```
0:001> lmf
start
                                       module name
00000000`00400000 00000000`0047d000
                                       putty
                                                C:\Program Files (x86)\PuTTY\putty.exe
00000000`10000000 00000000`10012000
                                       hkvolkey hkvolkey.dll
00000000`10100000 00000000`1010e000
                                       lgscroll lgscroll.dll
00000000`61800000 00000000`61884000
                                       HHCTRL
                                       COMCTL32 COMCTL32.dl1
                                       WINSPOOL WINSPOOL DRV
00000000`73200000 00000000`73251000
                                       WINMM
                                                 WINMM.dll
|00000000`73280000 00000000`732b2000
00000000°733f0000 00000000°7348Ь000
                                       MSVCR80
                                                MSVCR80.dll
00000000`734c0000 00000000`734d3000
                                       dwmapi
                                                 dwmapi.dll
00000000`748d0000 00000000`748d8000
                                                Secur32.dll
                                       Secur32
00000000`748e0000 00000000`74960000
                                       UxTheme
                                                UxTheme.dll
00000000°74b90000 00000000°74bb1000
                                                NTMARTA.dll
                                       NTMARTA
00000000`74c00000 00000000`74c08000
                                       wow64cpu
                                                 C:\Windows\SYSTEM32\wow64cpu.dll
00000000`74c10000 00000000`74c6c000
                                       wow64win C:\Windows\SYSTEM32\wow64win.dll
00000000`74c70000 00000000`74caf000
                                                 C:\Windows\SYSTEM32\wow64.dll
00000000°750b0000 00000000°750bc000
                                       CRYPTBASE CRYPTBASE dll
00000000`750c0000 00000000`75120000
                                       SspiCli
                                                 SspiCli.dll
                                       COMDLG32 COMDLG32 .dll
00000000`75130000 00000000`751ab000
00000000`751b0000 00000000`751ba000
                                                 LPK.dll
00000000`751c0000 00000000`75260000
                                       ADVAPI32 ADVAPI32.dll
00000000`75260000 00000000`752a5000
                                       WLDAP32 WLDAP32.dll
00000000`752b0000 00000000`752f6000
                                       KERNELBASE KERNELBASE dll
                                       KERNEL32 KERNEL32.dll
00000000`75530000 00000000`75640000
00000000`75640000 00000000`75675000
                                       WS2_32
                                                 WS2 32.dll
00000000`75680000 00000000`7572c000
                                       msvcrt
                                                 msvert.dll
00000000°75730000 00000000°757Ь3000
                                       CLBCatQ
                                                CLBCatQ.DLL
00000000`757c0000 00000000`757d9000
                                       SECHOST
00000000`75870000 00000000`75970000
                                       USER32
                                                 USER32.d11
                                                 NSI.dll
00000000`75970000 00000000`75976000
                                       NSI
                                       OLEAUT32 OLEAUT32.dll
00000000`75980000 00000000`75a0f000
00000000`75d10000 00000000`75e00000
                                       RPCRT4
                                                RPCRT4.dll
00000000`75e00000 00000000`75ecc000
                                       MSCTF
                                                MSCTF.dll
00000000`76010000 00000000`7616c000
                                       ole32
                                                ole32.dll
00000000`76170000 00000000`76200000
                                       GDI32
                                                GDI32.dll
00000000,76200000 00000000,76294000
                                       USP10
                                                 USP10.dl1
00000000`762b0000 00000000`76310000
                                       IMM32
                                                 IMM32.dl1
00000000`76460000 00000000`764b7000
                                       SHLWAPI
                                                 SHLWAPI.dll
00000000`764c0000 00000000`7710a000
                                       SHELL32
00000000`777f0000 00000000`77999000
                                       ntdll
                                                 C:\Windows\SYSTEM32\ntdl1.dl1
00000000`779d0000 00000000`77b50000
                                       ntdl1 77 d0000 ntdl1.dl1
```

- □ sx : set exceptions
  - □ sxe ld:modulename
  - □ Also available via GUI



```
0:001 > sx
 ct - Create thread - ignore
 et - Exit thread - ignore
 cpr - Create process - ignore
 epr - Exit process - break
 ld - Load module - output
 ud - Unload module - ignore
 ser - Svstem error - ignore
 ibp - Initial breakpoint - break
iml - Initial module load - ignore
 out - Debuggee output - output
 av - Access violation - break - not handled
asrt - Assertion failure - break - not handled
aph - Application hang - break - not handled
bpe - Break instruction exception - break
bpec - Break instruction exception continue - handled
 eh - C++ EH exception - second-chance break - not handled
clr - CLR exception - second-chance break - not handled
clrn - CLR notification exception - second-chance break - handled
cce - Control-Break exception - break
 cc - Control-Break exception continue - handled
 cce - Control-C exception - break
 cc - Control-C exception continue - handled
 dm - Data misaligned - break - not handled
dbce - Debugger command exception - ignore - handled
 gp - Guard page violation - break - not handled
 ii - Illegal instruction - second-chance break - not handled
 ip - In-page I/O error - break - not handled
 dz - Integer divide-by-zero - break - not handled
 iov - Integer overflow - break - not handled
 ch - Invalid handle - break
 hc - Invalid handle continue - not handled
lsq - Invalid lock sequence - break - not handled
isc - Invalid system call - break - not handled
 3c - Port disconnected - second-chance break - not handled
svh - Service hang - break - not handled
sse - Single step exception - break
ssec - Single step exception continue - handled
sbo - Stack buffer overflow - break - not handled
sov - Stack overflow - break - not handled
 vs - Verifier stop - break - not handled
vcpp - Visual C++ exception - ignore - handled
wkd - Wake debugger - break - not handled
wob - WOW64 breakpoint - break - handled
 wos - WOW64 single step exception - break - handled
  * - Other exception - second-chance break - not handled
0:001> sxe ld:aaronsdll
```

Some usage notes...

To prevent symbol lookup, prefix registers with @ e.g. r @eax

You can reference addresses multiple ways...

- □ Address (explicit base-16 number)
- ☐ Module name (e.g. *OLEAUT32*)
- ☐ Symbol within a module (e.g. OLEAUT32!DispCallFunc)
- ☐ Offsets (e.g. *OLEAUT*32!DispCallFunc+0x202)

#### Viewing Memory

- ☐ dd target : dump double words
- ☐ dw target : dump words
- db target : dump bytes
- dc target : dump data and ASCII printables
- ☐ da target : dump ASCII string
- □ du target : dump UNICODE string

#### Call Stacks

- □ k : view call stack
  - Variations on this can give you arguments (kv)
  - Sometimes this can fail if there are non-ebp based frames

```
0:000> k
ChildEBP RetAddr
0018f30c 76188061 ntdll!memcpy
0018f36c 76188326 GDI32!bGetTextMetricsWInternal+0x32
0018f390 75891751 GDI32!GetTextMetricsW+0x74
0018f400 7589150f USER32!DT_InitDrawTextInfo+0x1ba
0018f4a4 758914bc USER32!DrawTextExWorker+0x72
0018f4c8 748f8b07 USER32!DrawTextExW+0x1e
0018f510 748f8a86 uxtheme!CTextDraw::GetTextExtent+0xbe
0018f550 748f93b1 uxtheme!GetThemeTextExtent+0x69
0018f59c 748f932b uxtheme!_GetNcCaptionTextSize+0x62
0018f67c 748f828d uxtheme|CThemeWnd::GetNcWindowMetrics+0xd8
0018f760 748f885f uxtheme!CThemeWnd::NcPaint+0x61
0018f784 748f0b0d uxtheme!OnDwpNcPaint+0x61
0018f7d8 748f22c3 uxtheme!_ThemeDefWindowProc+0x13c
0018f7f4 7588d09b uxtheme! ThemeDefWindowProcA+0x18
0018f83c 75897953 USER32!DefWindowProcA+0x68
0018f854 758afaa5 USER32!DefWindowProcWorker+0x27
0018f89c 7589afac USER32|DefDlgProcWorker+0x802
0018f8bc 758862fa USER32!DefDlgProcA+0x29
0018f8e8 75887316 USER32!InternalCallWinProc+0x23
0018f960 75886de8 USER32!UserCallWinProcCheckWov+0xd8
```

Breakpoints—the single most useful tool at your disposal

There are two main types of breakpoints:

- □ Software
  - □ bp target
  - □ bm target
- □ Hardware
  - □ ba r1 target
  - □ ba e1 target
  - □ ba w4 target

- 0:000> bp sprintf
- 0:000> bp 0x12345678
- 0:000> bm /a oleaut32!\*dispcall\*
  - 3: 75993dcf @!"OLEAUT32!DispCallFunc"
- 0:000> ba r1 0x22222222

Breakpoints—the single most useful tool at your disposal

And then there are conditionals:

□ bp address "expression"

```
0:000> bp NTDLL+0x300 "if (@eax < 0x20) {} .else {g}"
```

Breakpoints—the single most useful tool at your disposal

"

"

Various operations on breakpoints:

- □ bc : clear a breakpoint (or all of them with \*)
- □ bd : disable "
- ☐ be : enable "
- ☐ bl : list breakpoints

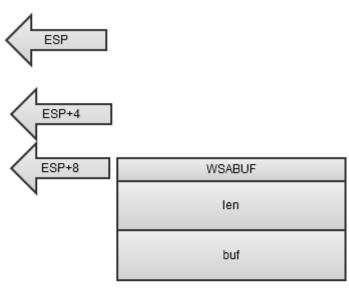
## Breakpoints on API Functions

You can glean runtime information by setting breakpoints on interesting functions

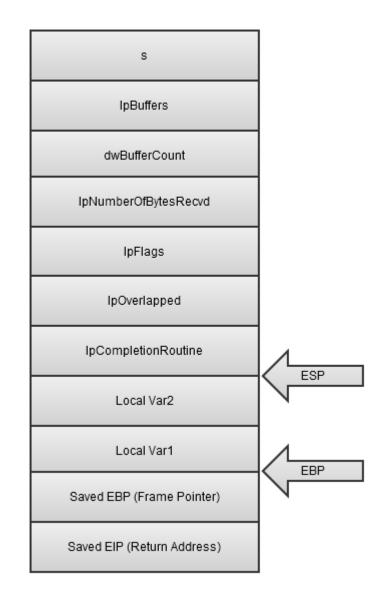
API documentation can help you set "intelligent" breakpoints
WSARecv function

# The WSARecv function receives data from a connected socket or a bound connectionless socket. Syntax int WSARecv( \_\_in SOCKET s, \_\_inout LPWSABUF lpBuffers, \_\_in DWORD dwBufferCount, \_\_out LPDWORD lpNumberOfBytesRecvd, \_\_inout LPDWORD lpFlags, \_\_in LPWSAOVERLAPPED lpOverlapped, \_\_in LPWSAOVERLAPPED\_COMPLETION\_ROUTINE lpCompletionRoutine );





Local Var 4	ESP
Local Var 3	
Local Var 2	
Local Var 1	EBP
Saved EBP (Frame Pointer)	1
Saved EIP (Return Address)	
S	
lpBuffers	
dwBufferCount	
lpNumberOfBytesRecvd	
IpFlags	
IpOverlapped	
lpCompletionRoutine	
Local Var2	
Local Var1	
Saved EBP (Frame Pointer)	
Saved EIP (Return Address)	



## Breakpoints on API Functions

These breakpoints let you see what's going on as you use the application you're auditing

```
[*] recv called with size 10: AAAABBBBCC
[*] Call stack is:
ChildEBP RetAddr Args to Child
0018ad14 00445471 000001f4 0018ad38 00005000 ws2 32!recv
[*] Setting memory breakpoint on buffer at 0x18ad38
Breakpoint 1 hit
putty+0x1d4f4:
0041d4f4 50
                         push
                                 eax
0:000> ub @eip L2
putty+0x1d4ee:
0041d4ee 8b4508
                         mov eax, dword ptr [ebp+8]
0041d4f1 0fb600
                                 eax, byte ptr [eax]
                         MOVZX
0:000> dd @ebp+8 L1
0018ad0c 0018ad38
```

## Breakpoints on Implicit Functionality

Some instruction sequences are interesting to vulnerability hunters...

Like implied string copy operations, or loops,

. . .

#### x86 RECAP

#### Some common (implicit) register usage

eax : return value

**ecx**: counter in various rep operations. 'this' pointer in C

esi : source pointer in various rep operations

edi: destination pointer

ebp: sometimes the frame pointer, sometimes general us

#### x86 RECAP

### While we're on the topic of registers...

Some registers can be split into different bit-widths

**eax** : 32-bits

**ax** : 16-bits

a : low 8 bits

ah: high 8 bits

#### x86 RECAP

#### Examples:

```
rep movsd : rep movsd [edi], [esi] : eax = memcpy(edi, esi, ecx)
```

rep stosd : rep stosd [edi], eax : eax = memset(edi, eax, ecx)

rep scasd : rep scasd [edi] : eax = strchr(edi, eax)

push 0x0D

call malloc : eax = malloc(0x0D)

## Breakpoints on Implicit Functionality

You can breakpoint on these and dump out a string representation of the C code that is being executed

```
[*] rep movsd hit, memcpy(0x12345678, 0x87654321, 0x20)
[*] rep scasd hit, code is searching 0x4444444 for value "FOO"
```

#### And so on... get creative

Now, lets move on to some more interesting uses for breakpoints

## QUESTIONS?

## Memory Access Breakpoints

You can set breakpoints when an address is "touched"

...remember the ba command?

Combine this ability with the earlier breakpoints on **FECV** 

This can provide you with useful code locations

...to reverse statically

## Memory Access Breakpoints

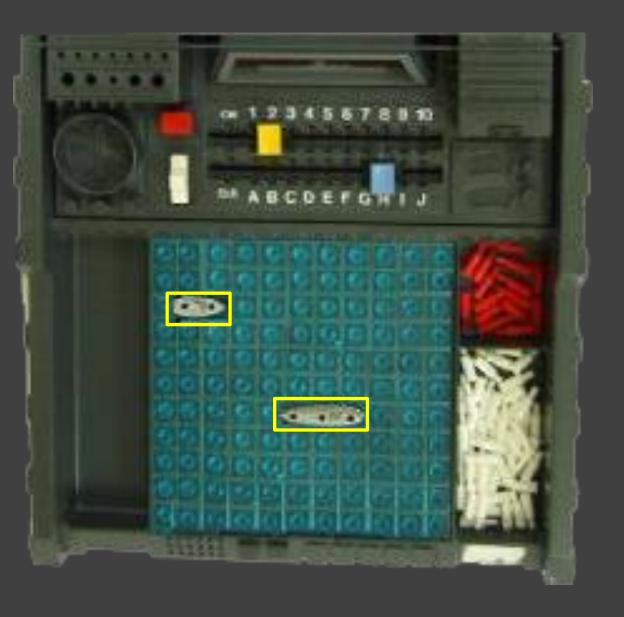
These breakpoints are most useful when dealing with dynamic memory

How many of you are familiar with how a memory manager works (heap)?

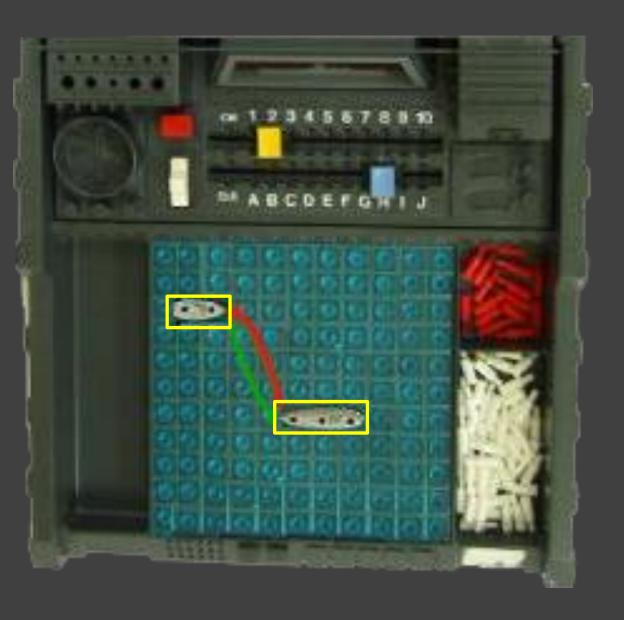




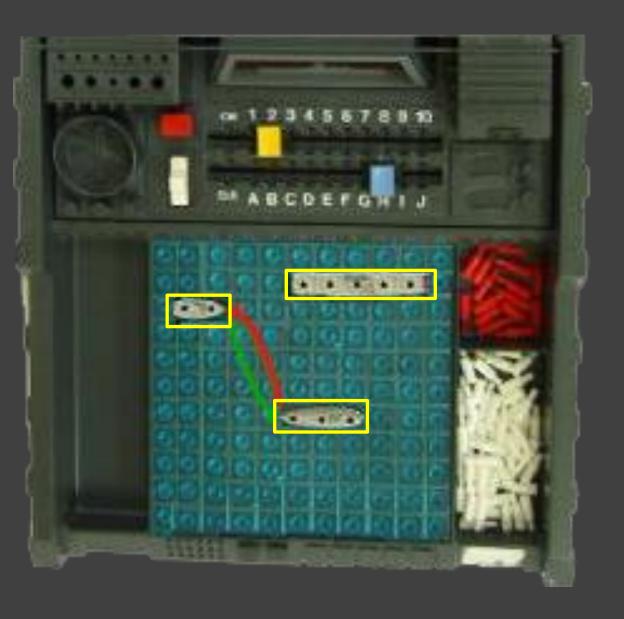
A = malloc(10);



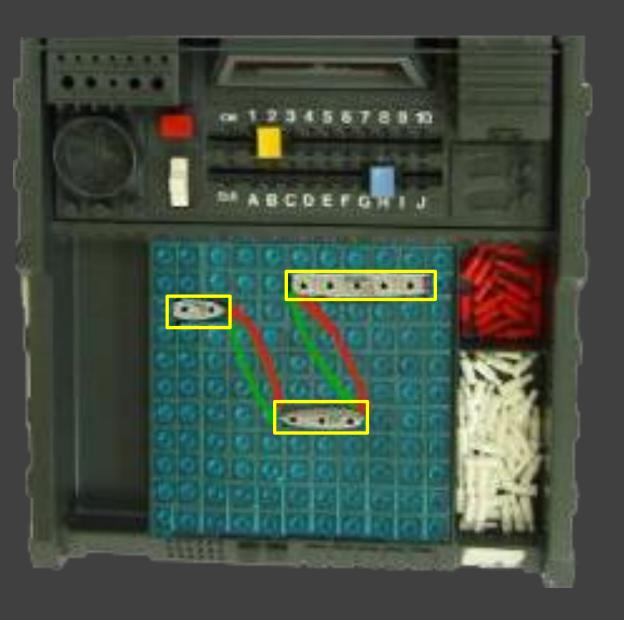
```
A = malloc(10);
B = malloc(20);
```



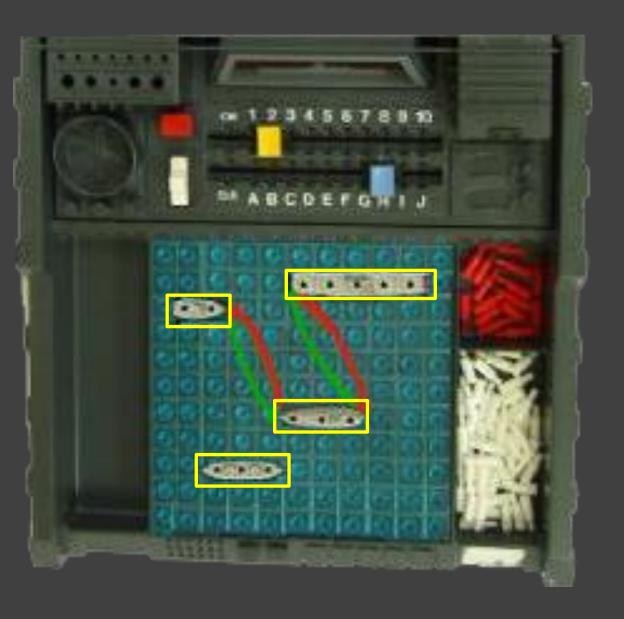
```
A = malloc(10);
B = malloc(20);
```



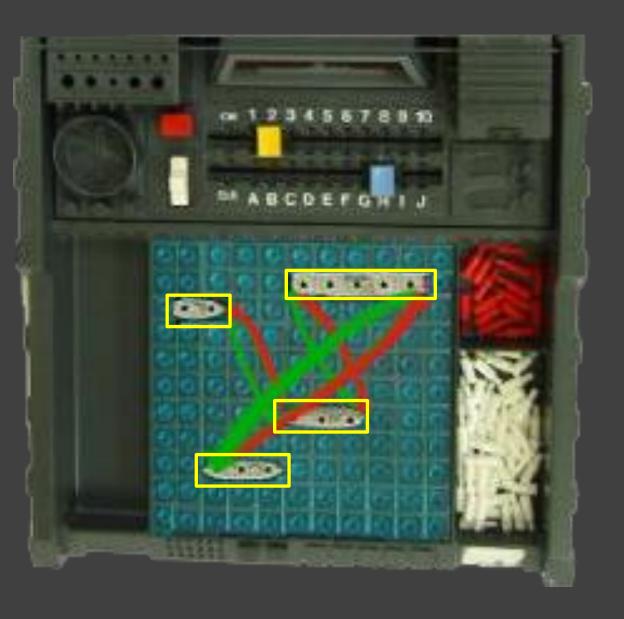
```
A = malloc(10);
B = malloc(20);
C = malloc(64);
```



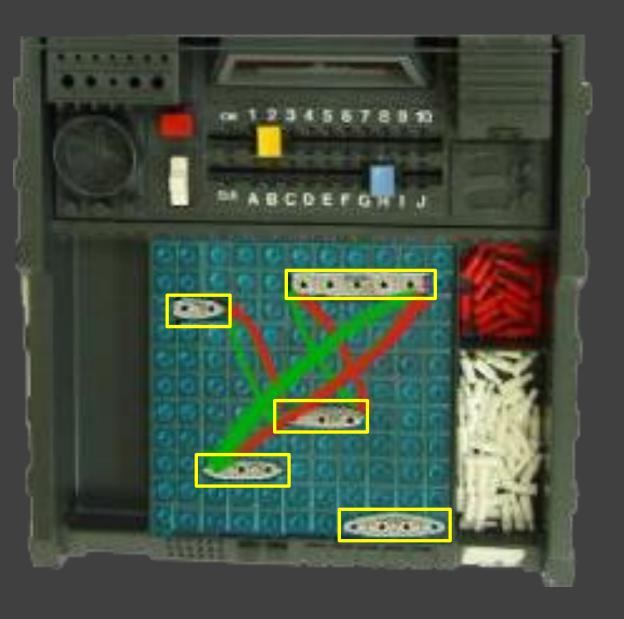
```
A = malloc(10);
B = malloc(20);
C = malloc(64);
```



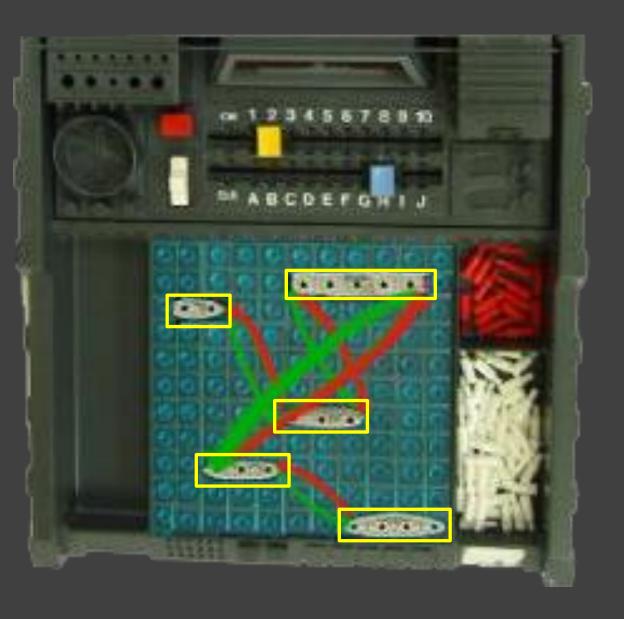
```
A = malloc(10);
B = malloc(20);
C = malloc(64);
D = malloc(20);
```



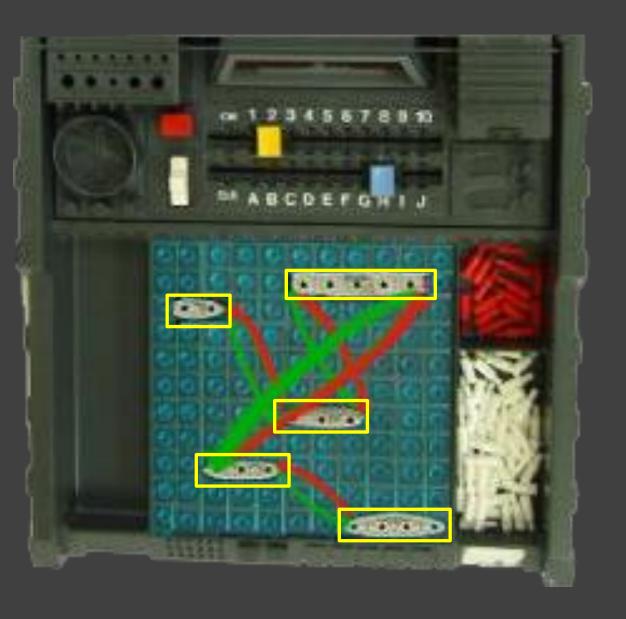
```
A = malloc(10);
B = malloc(20);
C = malloc(64);
D = malloc(20);
```



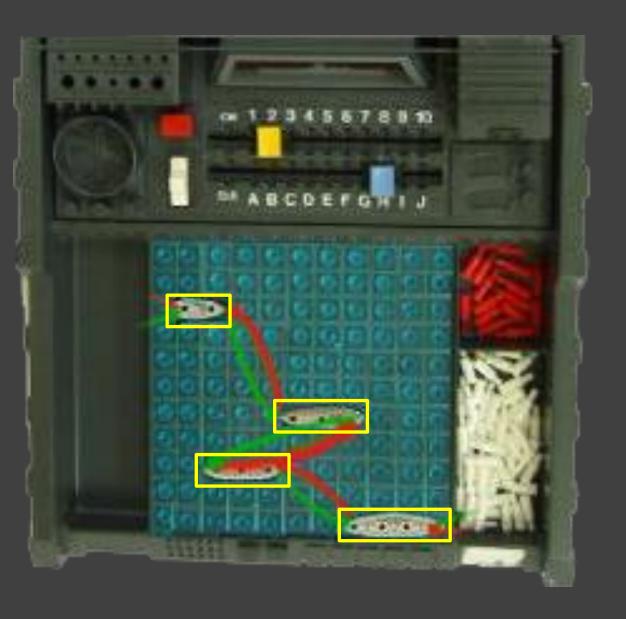
```
A = malloc(10);
B = malloc(20);
C = malloc(64);
D = malloc(20);
```



```
A = malloc(10);
B = malloc(20);
C = malloc(64);
D = malloc(20);
```



```
A = malloc(10);
B = malloc(20);
C = \overline{\text{malloc}(64)};
D = malloc(20);
E = malloc(30);
free(C);
```

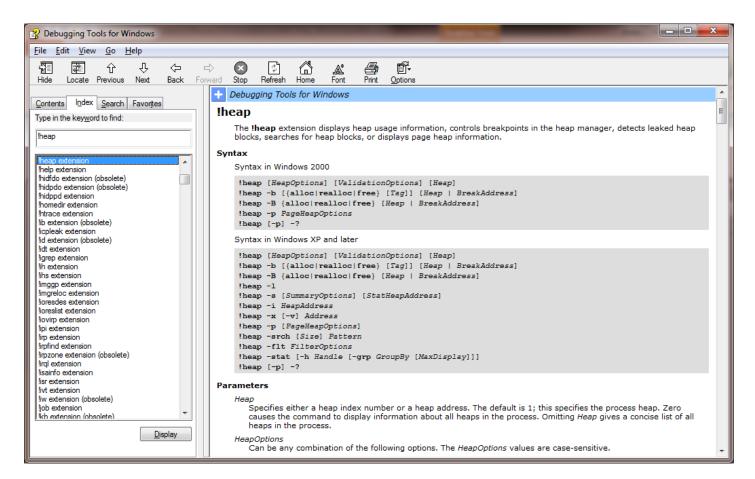


```
A = malloc(10);
B = malloc(20);
C = \overline{\text{malloc}(64)};
D = malloc(20);
E = malloc(30);
free(C);
```

# !heap Extension

WinDBG allows you to inspect the heap in a few different

ways



# !heap Extension

Some useful !heap commands

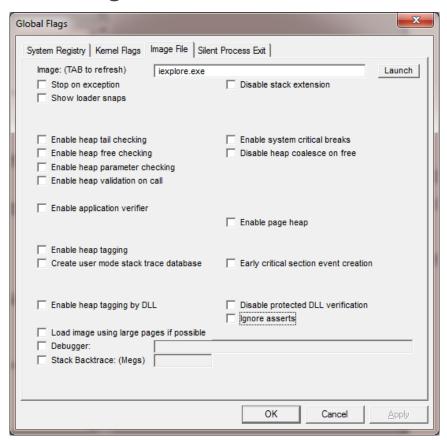
- □ !heap 0 -v
  - ☐ This command walks the main heap, verifying its structure
- ☐ !heap —p —a target
  - User-mode Stack Trace Database
  - ☐ This command will give you a call stack for an allocation pointed to by target

# Global Flags

Some of the heap commands require extra information to be stored while an application is running.

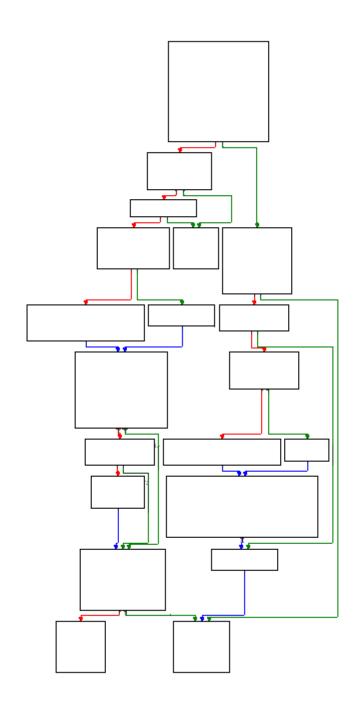
Enter Global Flags...

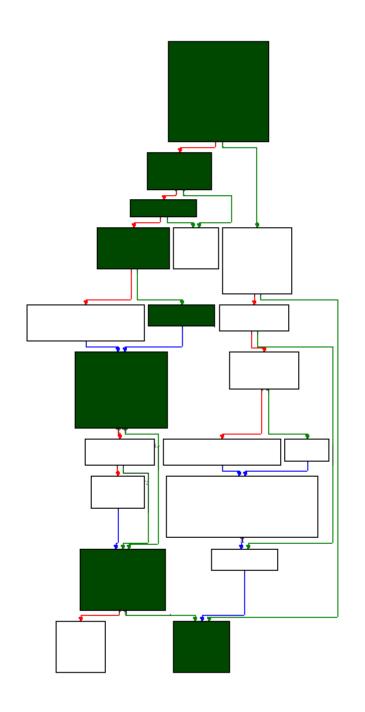
gflags.exe is distributed with the debugging tools for Windows (as is WinDBG)

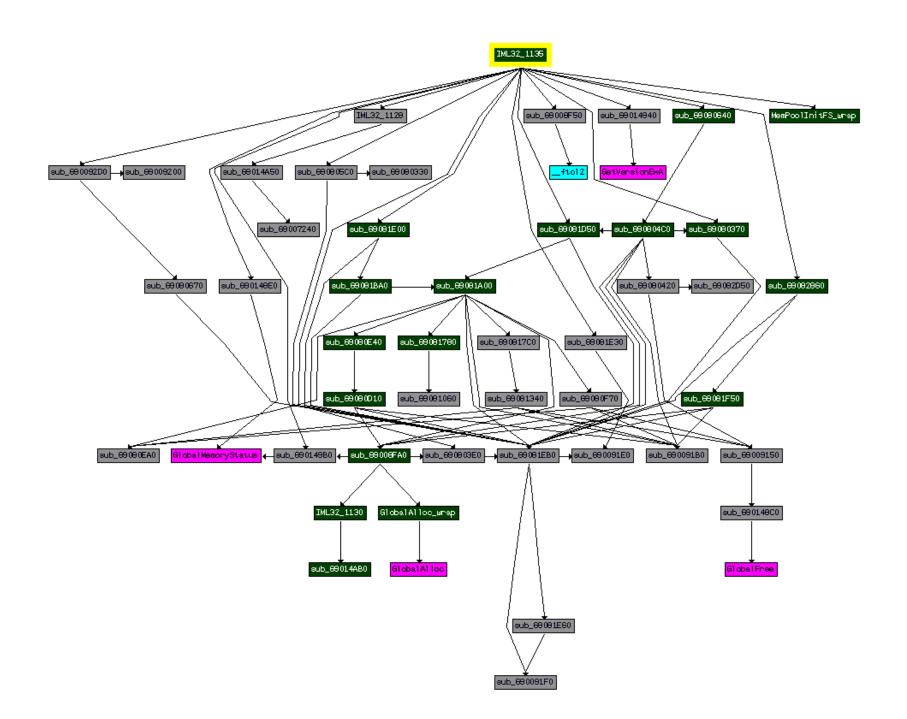


## QUESTIONS?

Graphs and Paths







## Hit Tracing

Determining basic block or function-level flow is called hit tracing

Imagine having your entire IDA Pro database marked up with every location that was reached in a debugger

Useful, right?

## QUESTIONS?