

Coding Projects - Part 3

Value-at-Risk (VaR)



The Investment Fund ABC currently has a 1,000,000 USD position in the S&P 500 Index.

The Risk Manager of the Fund wants to estimate the tail risk (extreme negative outcomes)

of this position based on historical data (and forecasts).

Calculate the minimum loss over a one-day period that will occur with 1% probability:

Use Parametric and Historical VaR-methods.

VaR Monte Carlo Simulations

The Investment Fund ABC currently has a 1,000,000 USD position in the S&P 500 Index. The

Risk Manager of the Fund wants to estimate the tail risk (extreme negative outcomes) of

this position based on historical data (and forecasts).

Simulate the minimum loss over a period of one quarter that will occur with 1% probability:

Use the

- Parametric simulation
- Bootstrapping simulation



Conditional Value-at-Risk (CVaR)

The Investment Fund ABC currently has a 1,000,000 USD position in the S&P 500 Index.

The Risk Manager of the Fund wants to estimate the tail risk (extreme negative outcomes) of this position based on historical data (and forecasts).

Simulate the conditional expected loss over a period of one quarter that will occur with

1% probability:

Use the

- Parametric simulation
- Bootstrapping simulation



Dynamic & path-dependent Simulations

John (65) recently retired. He owns liquid assets worth 625,000 USD to cover life expenses during retirement. John's bank offers to pay a fixed monthly annuity of 2,635 USD for the next 30 years.

Alternatively, John evaluates a diversified Investment Portfolio with an expected long-term return of 0.5% per month with a monthly standard deviation of 2.5% (assume normality). John plans to withdraw 2,800 USD per month (minimum: 2200 USD).

Simulate/Calculate the risk of outliving his assets prior to his 95th birthday (longevity risk).

Formulate and simulate an appropriate path-dependent strategy that 1) lowers longevity risk to 10% or less, and, at the same time 2) further increases expected income.