Lab 2 Dhruv Goyal 2018ucp1460

Q1 Quick sort

```
#include<stdio.h>
void quick(int arr[], int p, int r);
int quickpart(int arr[], int p, int r);
void swap(int *a, int* b);
int main()
  while(1)
  int a;
  printf("Enter the no. of elements: ");
  scanf("%d", &a);
  int arr[a];
  printf("Enter the elements: ");
  for (int i = 0; i < a; i++)
     scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
  quick(arr, 0, a-1);
  for (int i = 0; i < a; i++)
     printf("%d ", arr[i]);
  printf("\n");
}
void quick(int arr[], int p, int r)
  if (p < r)
```

```
int a = quickpart(arr, p, r);
   quick(arr, p, a-1);
   quick(arr, a+1, r);
}
int quickpart(int arr[], int p, int r)
{
  int pivot = arr[r];
  int j = p-1;
  for (int i = p; i \le r-1; i++)
  {
     if (arr[i] <= pivot)</pre>
     {
       j++;
       swap(&arr[i],&arr[j]);
     }
  }
 swap(&arr[j+1], &arr[r]);
 return j+1;
}
void swap(int* a, int* b)
  int temp = *a;
  *a = *b;
  *b = temp;
```

```
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                                                        swap(&arr[i],&arr[j]);
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                                             swap(&arr[j+1], &arr[r]);
return j+1;
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                                           void swap(int* a, int* b)
                                   Enter the no. of elements: 5
Enter the elements: 1 34 2 7 1
1 1 2 7 34
                                   Enter the elements: 1 3 2 6 4 5 7 8
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
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                                     nter the no. of elements:
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```

Q2 Linked List

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
struct node{
    int data;
    struct node* next;
};

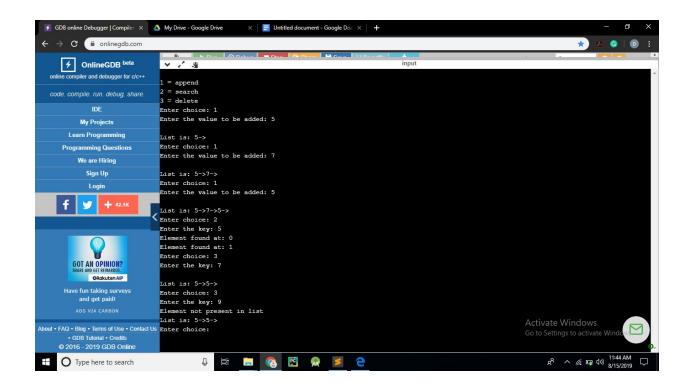
void append();
void delete();
void search();
void print();
struct node* head = NULL;
struct node* tail = NULL;
int main()
{
    printf("\n1 = append\n2 = search\n3 = delete\n");
```

```
while(1)
  {
     int n;
     printf("Enter choice: ");
     scanf("%d",&n);
     switch(n)
        case 1 : append();break;
        case 2 : search();break;
        case 3 : delete();break;
        default : printf("Invalid Number\n");
     }
}
}
void print()
  struct node*p = head;
  printf("\nList is: ");
  while(p != NULL)
  {
     printf("%d->",p->data);
     p = p->next;
  }
  printf("\n");
}
void append()
  struct node* temp = (struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
  temp->next = NULL;
  printf("Enter the value to be added: ");
  scanf("%d", &(temp->data));
```

```
if (head == NULL)
  {
     head = temp;
     tail = temp;
  }
  else
     tail->next = temp;
     tail = temp;
  }
 print();
}
void search()
  int counter = 0;
  int key;
  printf("Enter the key: ");
  scanf("%d",&key);
  if (head == NULL)
  {
     printf("No elements in the list\n");
  }
  else
     struct node* p = head;
     while(p != NULL)
       if (p->data == key)
          printf("Element found at: %d\n",counter);
          counter++;
       p = p->next;
```

```
}
      if (counter == 0)
        printf("Element not found");
  }
}
void delete()
  int counter = 0, a = 0;
  int key;
  printf("Enter the key: ");
  scanf("%d",&key);
  if (head == NULL)
     printf("No elements in the list\n");
  else
  {
     struct node* q = head;
     struct node* p = head;
     while(p != NULL)
       if (p->data == key)
          if (p == head)
          {
            a = 1;
            head = head->next;
            struct node* temp = p;
            p = p->next;
            temp->next = NULL;
            free(temp);
```

```
}
          else
          {
          for (int i = 0; i < counter; i++)
            q = q->next;
          q->next = p->next;
          struct node* temp = p;
          p = p->next;
          temp->next = NULL;
          free(temp);
          counter++;
          }
       else
        p = p->next;
   if (counter == 0 && a == 0)
     printf("Element not present in list");
  }
  print();
}
```



Q3 Key search in Linked List

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
struct node{
   int data;
    struct node* next;
};

void append(struct node** head, struct node** tail, int a);
void search(struct node* head,struct node** h, struct node** tail2);
void print(struct node* head);

int main()
{
   int a;
   struct node* head1 = NULL;
   struct node* tail1 = NULL;
   struct node* head2 = NULL;
```

```
struct node* tail2 = NULL;
   printf("Enter 1234 to exit adding mode");
   printf("\nEnter the value to be added: ");
  while(1)
   scanf("%d", &a);
   if (a == 1234)
     break;
   append(&head1,&tail1,a);
  print(head1);
  search(head1,&head2,&tail2);
  print(head2);
}
void print(struct node* head)
  struct node*p = head;
  printf("\nList is: ");
  while(p != NULL)
     printf("%d->",p->data);
     p = p-next;
  }
  printf("\n");
}
void append(struct node** head, struct node** tail, int a)
  struct node* temp = (struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
  temp->next = NULL;
  temp->data = a;
  if ((*head) == NULL)
     (*head) = temp;
```

```
(*tail) = temp;
  }
  else
     (*tail)->next = temp;
     (*tail) = temp;
  }
}
void search(struct node* head,struct node** h, struct node** tail2)
  int counter = 0;
  int key;
  printf("Enter the key: ");
  scanf("%d",&key);
  if (head == NULL)
  {
     printf("No elements in the list\n");
  }
  else
     struct node* p = head;
     while(p != NULL)
       if (p->data == key)
          append(h,tail2,key);
          counter++;
       p = p->next;
     }
      if (counter == 0)
        printf("Element not found");
```

}

```
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f("%d",&key);
 code. compile. run. debug. share.
                                          if (head == NULL)
                                                   ntf("No elements in the list\n");
      Learn Programming
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                               Enter 1234 to exit adding mode
Enter the value to be added: 1 2 4 2 2 3 6 7 2 1 1234
                              List is: 1->2->4->2->2->3->6->7->2->1->
          ₩ + 42.1K
                               List is: 2->2->2->2->
                                ...Program finished with exit code 0
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Q4 Subsequence of Linked List reversing

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdib.h>

void append(int);
void print();
int length();
void reverse();

struct node{
  int data;
  struct node* next;
};
```

```
struct node* head = NULL;
struct node* tail = NULL;
int main()
  int arr[] = \{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9\};
  for(int i = 0; i < 9; i++)
  {
     append(arr[i]);
  print();
  reverse();
  return 0;
}
void append(int a)
{
   struct node* temp = (struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node*));
     temp->data = a;
     temp->next = NULL;
     if (head == NULL)
       head = temp;
       tail = temp;
     }
     else
       tail->next = temp;
       tail = temp;
     }
}
void print()
```

```
struct node* p = head;
  while (p != NULL)
  {
     printf("%d->",p->data);
     p = p->next;
  printf("\n");
int length()
  int count = 0;
  struct node* p = head;
  while(p != NULL)
     count++;
     p = p->next;
  }
  return count;
}
void reverse()
  int a, b;
  printf("[Index starts at 1]\nEnter the start and end of subsequence(a,b): ");
  scanf("%d,%d",&a,&b);
  if (a \ge b)
     printf("Start index must be a lower value\n");
  else if (a > length() || b > length())
     printf("Subsequence must not exceed length of subsequence\n");
  else if (a <= 0 || b <= 0)
     printf("Indexes must be positive\n");
  else
  {
     struct node* p = head;
     struct node* q = NULL;
```

```
int index = 1;
while (index != a)
  {
     p = p->next;
     index++;
while(p != q)
  q = head;
  index = 1;
  while (index != b)
   {
      q = q->next;
      index++;
   }
  int temp = q->data;
  q->data = p->data;
  p->data = temp;
  p = p->next;
  b--;
}
print();
```

}

