

Data Management for Data Science

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Relational Schema:-

create table candidate_details (AC_Number numeric(10) primary key, Candidate_name varchar(100) not null, Party varchar(100) not null, Caste char check (Caste = 'GEN' OR Caste = 'SC' OR Caste = 'ST'), Margin numeric(10) not null);

create table election_details (AC_Number numeric(10), AC_Name varchar(100) primary key, District varchar(100) not null, foreign key (AC_Number) references candidate_details (AC_Number));

create table result (AC_Name varchar(100), Population numeric(20), Votes numeric(20) not null, Margin numeric(10) not null, Poll_perc numeric(10) not null, foreign key (AC_Name) reference election_details(AC_Name));

Description of the schema:-

Candidate_details table:-

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default
AC_Number	decimal(6,0)	NO	PRI	NULL
Candidate_name	varchar(100)	NO		NULL
Party	varchar(100)	NO		NULL
Caste	varchar(100)	NO		NULL
Margin	decimal(6,0)	NO		NULL

Election_details table:-

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default
AC_Number	decimal(6,0)	YES	MUL	NULL
AC_Name	varchar(100)	NO	PRI	NULL
District	varchar(100)	NO		NULL

Result table:-

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default
AC_Name	varchar(100)	YES	MUL	NULL
Population	decimal(20,0)	NO		NULL
Votes	decimal(20,0)	NO		NULL
Margin	decimal(20,0)	NO		NULL
Poll_perc	decimal(20,0)	NO		NULL

Homework 1

Query:-

-- 1. *Winning margin of the candidate from Bullygange*

select distinct Margin from result where AC_Name="Ballygunge";

-- 2. *Name of the candidate win by maximum margin from the party name Indian National Congress*

select Candidate_name from candidate_details where Party = "Indian National Congress" order by Margin desc LIMIT 1;

-- 3. *Count the number of seats won by the party All India Forward Bloc*

Select count(Candidate_name) from candidate_details where Party = "All India Forward Bloc";

-- 4. *Margin of win of the candidate where poll percentage in minimum*

Select distinct Margin from result order by Poll_perc LIMIT 1;

-- 5. *Which district has highest winning seats by CPI(M) candidates*

select District from election_details, candidate_details where Party="Communist Party Of India (Marxist)" order by District DESC LIMIT 1;

-- 6. *Which SC candidate of CPI(M) has highest margin*

select Candidate_name from Candidate_details where Caste = "SC" and Party = "Communist Party Of India (Marxist)" having max(Margin);

-- 7. *Form a table consisting of the political parties, # gen candidates and # SC candidates*

select Party, sum(case when Caste = "GEN" then 1 else 0 end) as GEN_Category, sum(case when Caste = "SC" then 1 else 0 end) as SC_Category from Candidate_details group by Party;

-- 8. *Population of the AC_Name where poll_perc is minimum*

select Population from result order by Poll_perc limit 1;

-- 9. *Which AC_Name has minimum poll_perc*

select AC_Name from result order by Poll_perc LIMIT 1;

-- 10. *Which district has highest number of AC Name*

select District from election_details order by AC Name DESC LIMIT 1;

Homework 2

-- 1. Name of the candidate win from Kolkata

```
Select Candidate_name from Candidate_details C INNER JOIN election_details E
ON C.AC_Number=E.AC_Number where District = "Kolkata";
```

-- 2. Districts having highest "Non-GEN" category candidates

```
select District from election_details E inner join candidate_details C on
E.AC_Number=C.AC_Number where Caste not in (select District from
election_details, candidate_details where Caste = "GEN") order by District DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

Optimized way by creating index

-- creating index on caste for table candidate_details;

```
create index index_2 on candidate_details(Caste);
```

```
select District from election_details E inner join candidate_details C on
E.AC_Number=C.AC_Number where Caste not in (select District from
election_details, candidate_details where Caste = "GEN") order by District DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

-- Creating Index on Party of table candidate_details;

```
create index index_1 on candidate_details(Party);
```

```
show index from candidate_details;
```

Table	Non_unique	Key_name	Seq_in_index	Column_name	Collation	Cardinality
candidate_details	0	PRIMARY	1	AC_Number	A	294
candidate_details	0	AC_Number	1	AC_Number	A	294
candidate_details	1	index_1	1	Party	A	9
candidate_details	1	index_2	1	Caste	A	3

-- 3. Population of the AC_Name where All India Trinamool Congress won by lowest Margin

```
select Population from result R inner join candidate_details C on R.Margin=C.Margin
where Party = "All India Trinamool Congress" having min(R.Margin);
```

-- 4. Number of total votes where the Communist Party of India (Marxist) won by the highest margin

```
select Votes from result R inner join candidate_details C on R.Margin=C.Margin
where Party= "Communist Party of India (Marxist)" order by C.Margin DESC LIMIT
1;
```

-- 5. Total number of electors wherever the Indian Nation Congress has won

```
Select sum(Population) as Total_Electors from result R inner join candidate_details
C on R.Margin = C.Margin where Party= "Indian National Congress";
```

Optimized way by creating View

```
create view Total_Electors as select Population from result R inner join
candidate_details C on R.Margin = C.Margin where Party = "Indian National
Congress";
```

```
select sum(Population) from Total_Electors;
```