

Calculations for Sandowsky, Eric-

260W Trina Solar modules

Operating current – 8.5A Operating voltage – 30.6 V Open circuit voltage – 38.2V Short circuit current – 9.0A

- 11.96 Watt system divided by 260W modules = 46 Modules
- 1 Solar Edge 10,000W inverter 2 strings of 15 modules (as per Solar Edge sizing program) 1 string of 16 modules (as per Solar Edge sizing program)
- ** Please be advised that DC calculations are affected by the use of Optimizers.

 One Solar Edge P300 Optimizer will be installed per module. Optimizers regulate string voltage to a fixed voltage dependent upon AC grid voltage. Please see attached Solar Edge document "PV power source labeling in a Solar Edge system" for details.

As per Solar Edge Document:

Fixed string voltage for single phase 240Vac grid = 350V Maximum current value of 15 amps used to determine DC output circuit conductor size and overcurrent protection.

-2 strings of 15 =

Maximum power point current – (15 modules x 260w) / 350v = 11.14ARated maximum power point voltage – 240 Vac grid = 350 Vdc nominal string voltageMaximum system voltage – All single phase inverters = 500 VdcMaximum system current – 15

-1 string of 16 =

Maximum power point current – (16 modules x 260w) / 350v = 11.88ARated maximum power point voltage – 240 Vac grid = 350 Vdc nominal string voltageMaximum system voltage – All single phase inverters = 500 VdcMaximum system current – 15

Total system =

Maximum power point current – (46 modules x 260w) / 350v = 34.17ARated maximum power point voltage – 240 Vac grid = 350 Vdc nominal string voltageMaximum system voltage – All single phase inverters = 500 VdcMaximum system current – 45



Conductors

- 3/4" EMT from roof J-Box to Combiner 15A max load on each conductor 10 Awg THWN-2 – 40A x 80% for 6ccc conduit fill = 32A 32A X 76% (55 degrees C) = 24.32A
- 3/4" EMT from Combiner to Inverter
 45A max load on each conductor
 6 Awg THWN-2 75A x 100% for 2ccc conduit fill = 75A
 75A X 100% (30 degrees C) = 75A
- 10,000 watt Solar Edge inverter at 240V single phase output 42A x 1.25 (continuous load) = 52.5A
- 3/4" EMT from inverter to service 52.5A max load on each conductor 6 Awg THWN-2 – 75A x 100% for 2ccc conduit fill = 75A 75A X 100% (30 degrees C) = 75A
- Main disconnect / 2-60A fuses $-42A \times 1.25 = 52.5A$
- 42 Amps total supply to service.