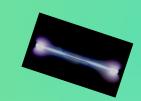


XENON-133



The "radioisotope" that saves lives...

WHAT IS IT?



It's a radioactive isotope - of the noble and inert gas Xenon. It's known as a radio pharmaceutical in the medical world. It's used to treat diseases and complications in the body.



Discovered: 1940

>- Appearance: Colourless >- Odor: No distinctive odor

>- Isotope Mass: 132.9059107 u (unified

atomic mass unit)

>- **No. of Neutrons**: 78.9059107 -> 79n >- No. of protons / Atomic Number: 54p

>- No. of electrons / Not ion therefore equal

#. of electrons: 54e

>- Covalent Atomic Radius: 140(9) (Covalent) >- Electronegativity: 2.6 (Pauling Scale) |

2.582 (Allen Scale)

>- **Half-life**: 5.243 days

>- Abundance % = None -> reactor-produced

>- Branching/Probability %: 100%

>- **Yield:** 100%



Lung perfusion **TESTS**



SPECT Imaging



MEASURING cerebral blood

flow





REACTOR PRODUCED

By-product of U-235 or Pu-239 fission reactions.



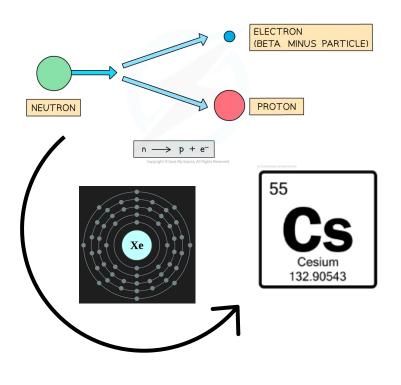


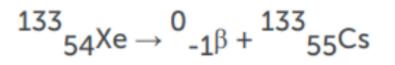




SLIGHTLY **RADIOACTIVE**

- UNSTABLE AND SLIGHTLY RADIOACTIVE.
- DECAYS VIA BETA AND GAMMA EMISSIONS.
- HALF-LIFE OF 5.245 DAYS. DECAY ENERGY OF 0.427 MEV.
- RELEASES IONIZING PARTICLES FOR STABILITY.
- EMITS ENERGETIC GAMMA (Γ) RAYS.





DECAY EQUATION

HOW DOES IT WORK?

FREELY MOVES THROUGH CELLS AND MEMBRANES. **USED IN MEDICAL IMAGING TO** INVESTIGATE ANOMALIES



AIDS IN CANCER DETECTION AND TREATMENT BY SPOTTING MASSES.



PROS

1. NOT TOXIC

3.

SHORT HALF LIFE QUICK



DISPERTION (aution)



(HIGH DOSES) LOTS OF **ENERGY TO PRODUCE**

CONS

GAMMA

RADIATION

WASTE MANAGEME NT

Not for Pregnant wollen!

LEWIS DIAGRAM

