

Parallel Computing - MPI

Message Passing Interface







Agenda

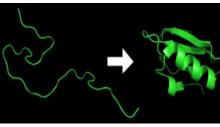
- Why Parallel Computing?
- Why we need ever-increasing Performance?
- Parallel programing Architectures/Model ...
- MPI Message Passing Interface
 - What is MPI?, Need and Evolution of MPI.
 - MPI program Compile and Execution
 - MPI Program Structure
 - MPI Routines
 - 0

Why we need Ever-Increasing Performance?

- Accurate medical imaging
- Fast and accurate web searches
- Realistic computer games, Entertainment
- Climate modeling
- Protein folding
- Artificial Intelligence
- Energy research
- Data analysis







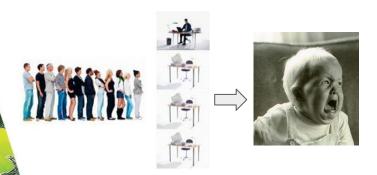




Aren't single processor systems fast enough?



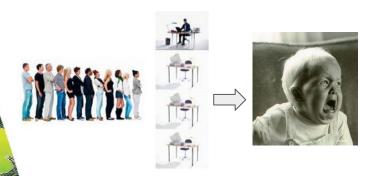
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Serial Computing



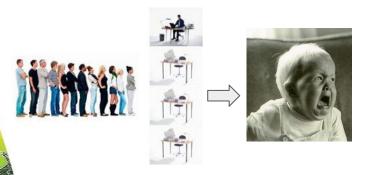
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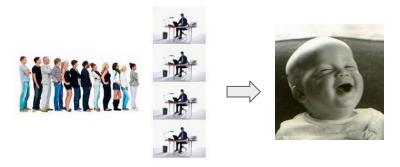


Serial Computing



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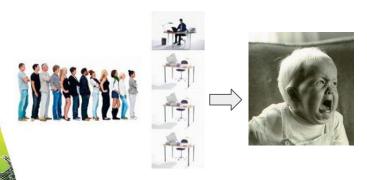


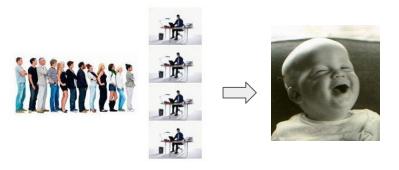


Parallel Computing



- Aren't single processor systems fast enough?
- Why to build parallel systems? Why build systems with multiple processors?
- Why can't we write programs that will automatically convert serial programs to parallel programs?





Serial Computing

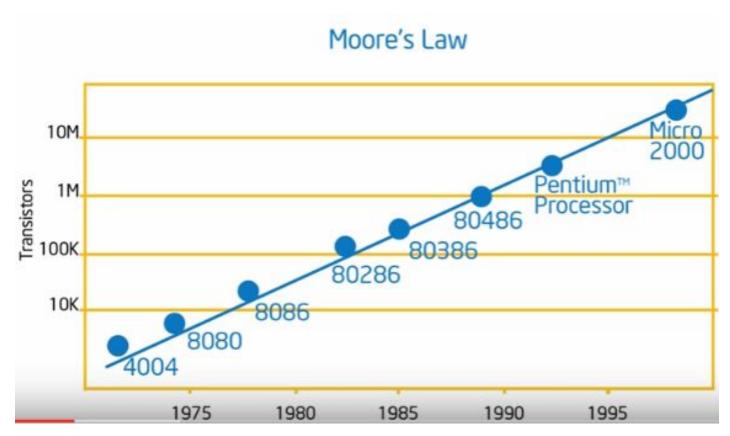
Parallel Computing



What Moore's Law tells..?



What Moore's Law tells..?



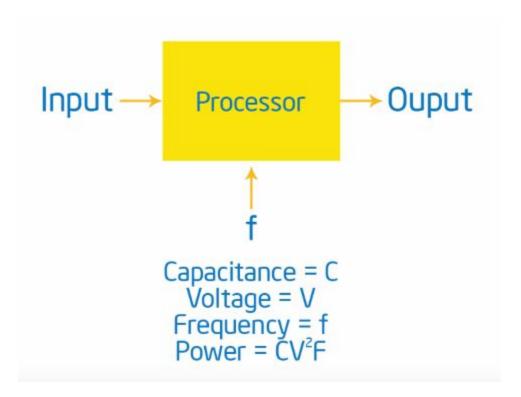
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Uniprocessor?



Uniprocessor ?

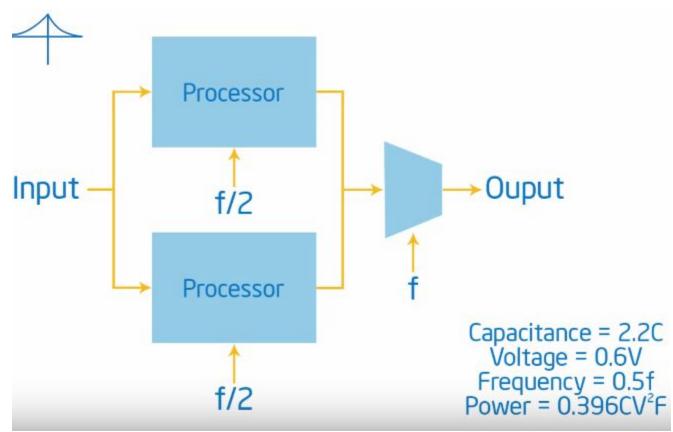




Parallel Architecture?

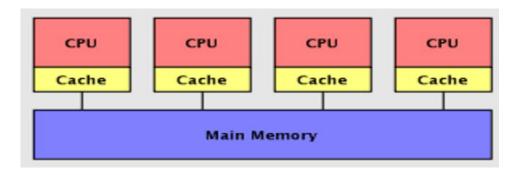


Parallel Architecture?





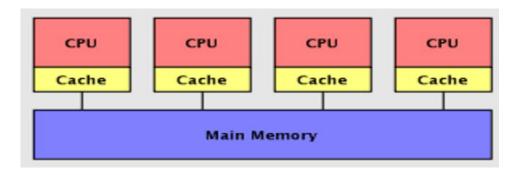
Shared-memory Model



- UMA Uniform Memory Access
- NUMA Non-Uniform Memory Access



Shared-memory Model



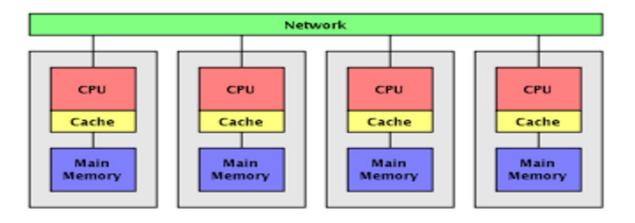
- UMA Uniform Memory Access
- NUMA Non-Uniform Memory Access



- openMP
- Pthreads...

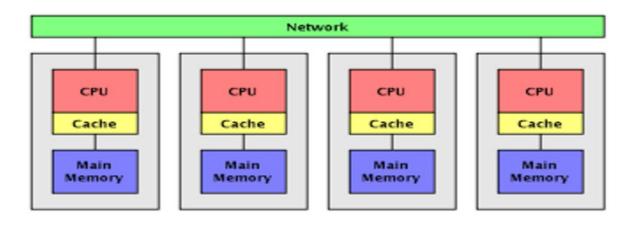


Distributed-memory Model





Distributed-memory Model









 The Message Passing Interface Standard (MPI) is a message passing library standard based on the consensus of the MPI Forum





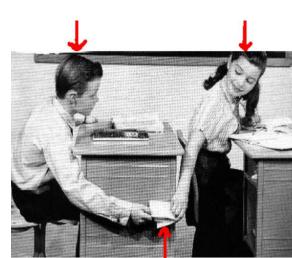
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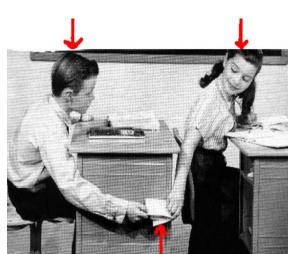






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- MPI is based on Routines.



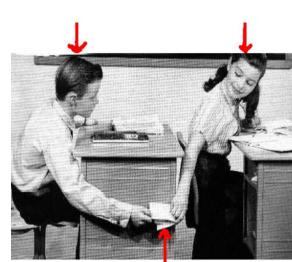




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 MPI is not an IEEE or ISO standard, but has in fact, become the "industry standard" for writing message passing programs on HPC platforms.







MPI - Development

- The MPI standard has gone through a number of revisions, with the most recent version being MPI-3.x
 - o MPI-3.1 Jun 2015
 - MPI-3.0 Sep 2012 Standard was approved
 - MPI-2.2 Sep 2009
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Wait....

..Answer me first





What is Process ?

Is MPI a new programming Language ..?





The Goal ..?







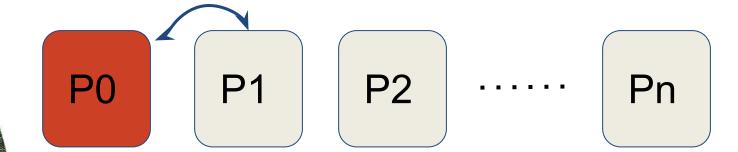
P0 P1 P2 ·

Pn

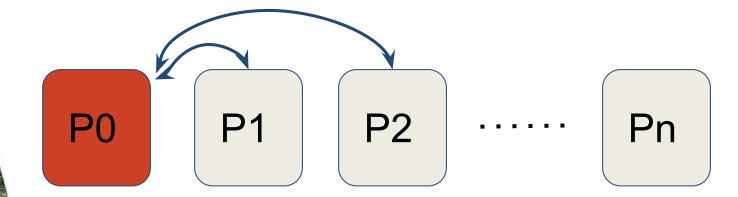


P0 P1 P2 Pn

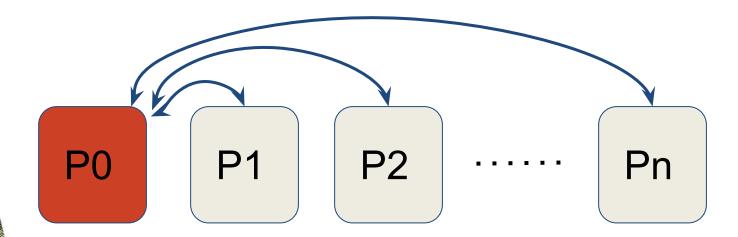




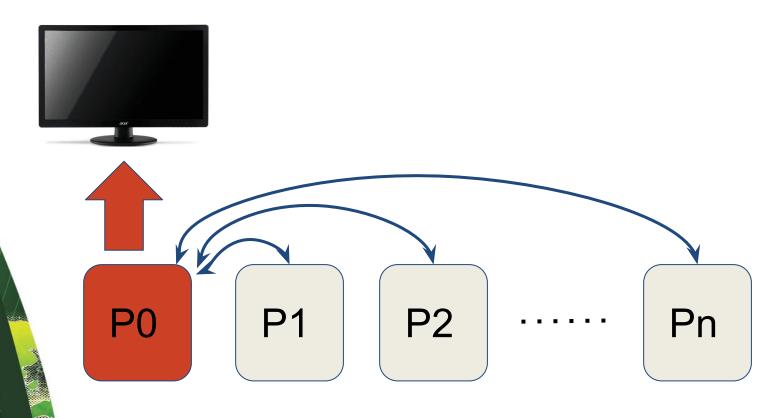






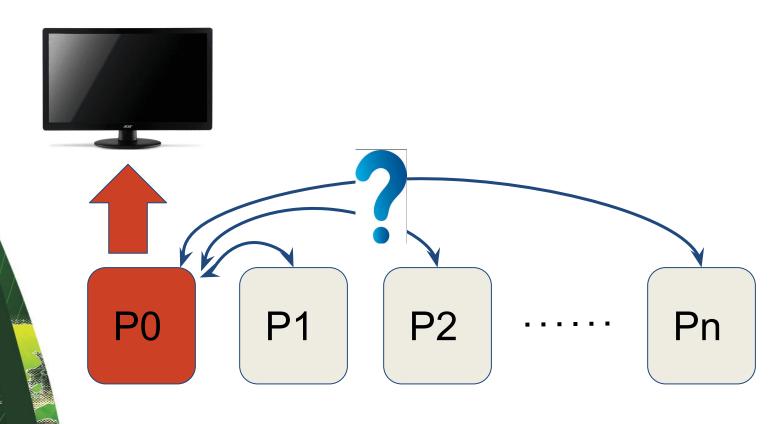






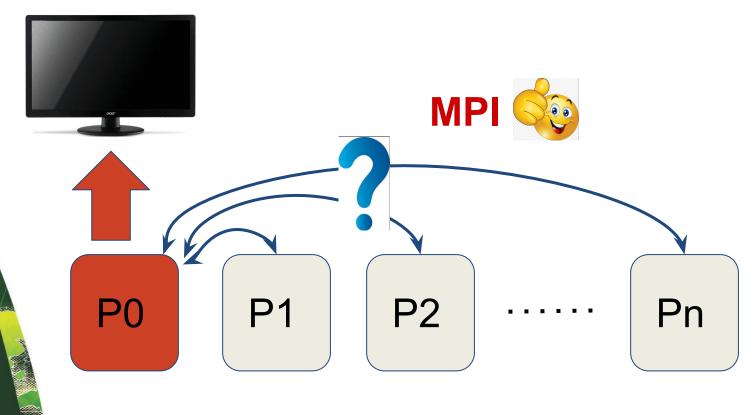


How ..?





How ..?







P0

P1

P2

.

Pn



Creates Instances of same program on Every Processor involved..!

P0

P1

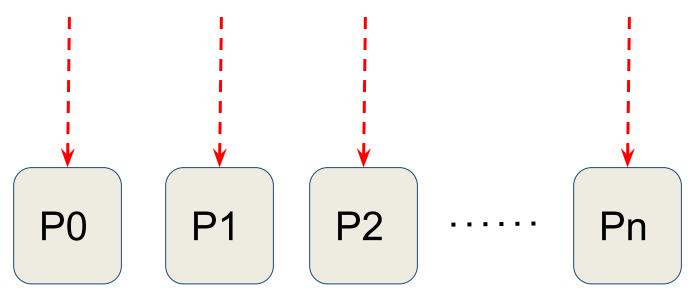
P2

.

Pn



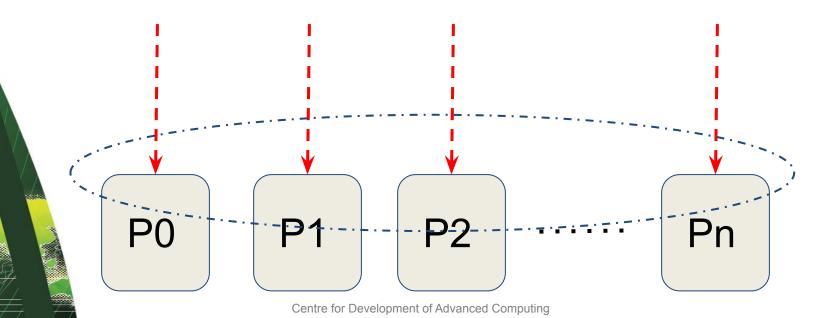
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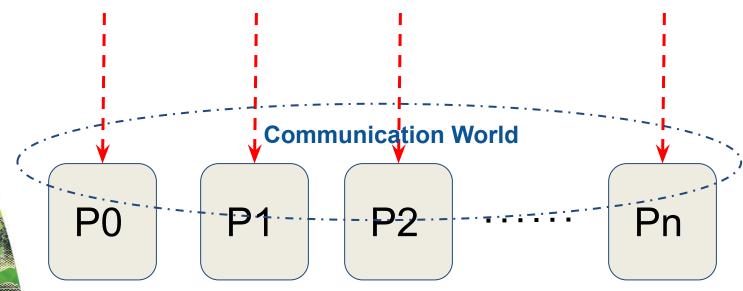


Creates Instances of same program on Every Processor involved..!





Creates Instances of same program on Every Processor involved..!



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❖ Got it ?



❖ Got it ?





❖ Got it ?





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MPI - Message Passing Interface

MPI is built on 'Routines'

The basic MPI Routines :-

- ☐ MPI Init ();
- MPI_Comm_rank ();
- MPI_Comm_size ();
- MPI_Send ();
- MPI_Recv ();
- MPI_Finalize ();

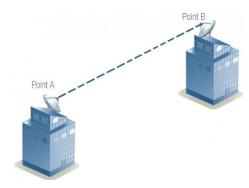




Point to Point Commⁿ



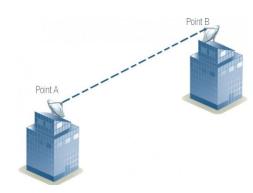
Point to Point Commⁿ





Point to Point Commⁿ

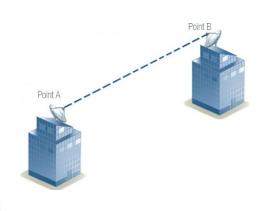
Collective Commⁿ





Point to Point Commⁿ

Collective Commⁿ







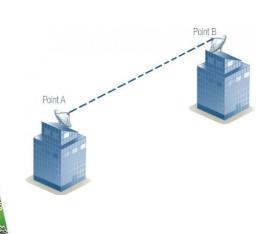


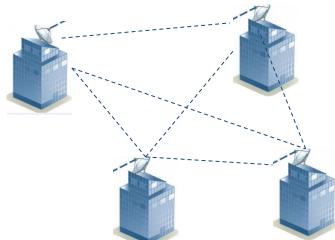




Point to Point Commⁿ

Collective Commⁿ





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It's Always Better to understand anything with example.....



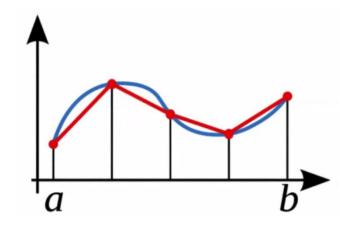
It's Always Better to understand anything with example.....



...Do You Agree?

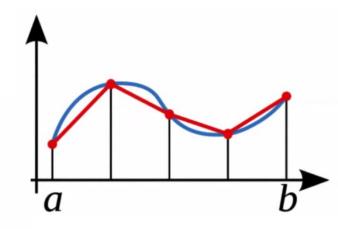






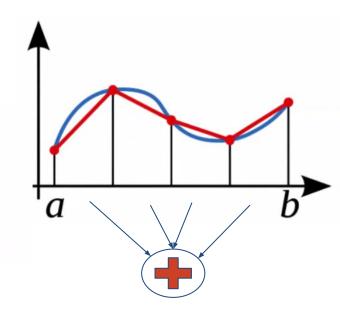


Trapezoid rule for integrating $\int_a^b = f(x)dx$ with h = (b-a)/n is $f(x) \approx \frac{h}{2}(f(x_0) + f(x_n)) + h \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} f(x_i)$ where $x_i = a + ih, i = 0, 1, ..., n$



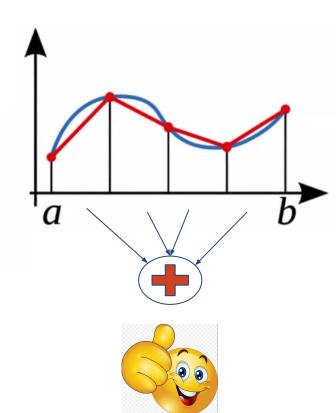


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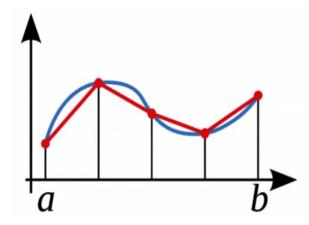
How do you achieve it Serially ..?



float f(float x);



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```
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```

```
float Trap(float a, float b, int n, float h)
                 float integral, x;
                 int i;
                 integral = (f(a) + f(b)) / 2.0;
                 x = a;
                 for (i=1; i<= n-1; i++)
                              x = x + h;
                              integral = integral + f(x);
                  return integral*h;
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/* traprule_serial.c */
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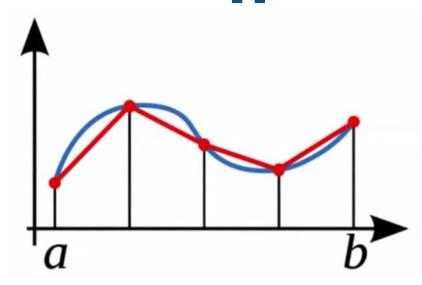




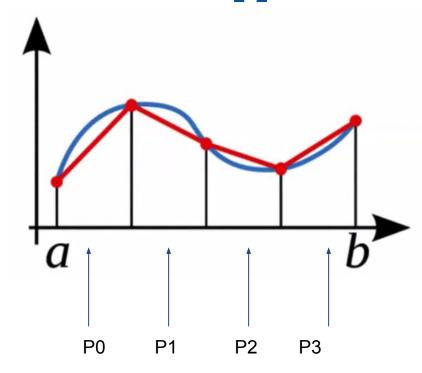
How we can do it Parallely ..?



Trap Rule: Parallel Approach

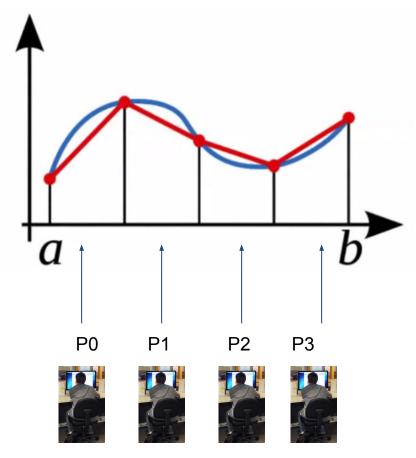






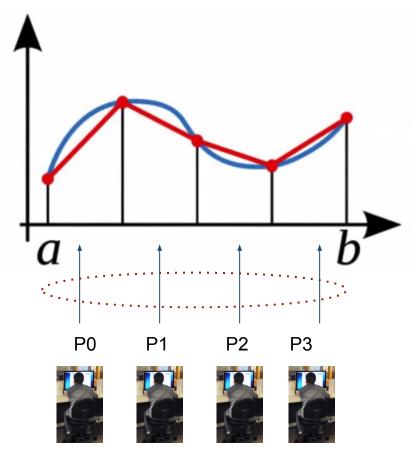




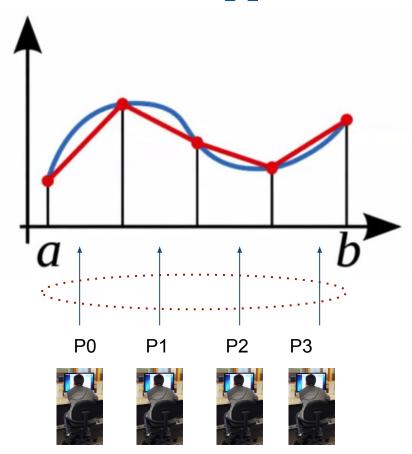
















Trapezoid rule for integrating $\int_a^b = f(x)dx$

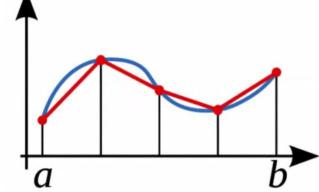
with
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where
$$x_i = a + ih, i = 0, 1, ..., n$$

Given p processes, each process can work on n/p intervals

Note: for simplicity will assume n/p is an integer



1

process	interval
0	$[a, a + \frac{n}{p}h]$
1	$[a+\frac{n}{p}h,a+2\frac{n}{p}h]$
	•••
p-1	$[a+(\rho-1)\frac{n}{\rho}h,b]$

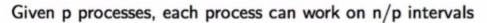


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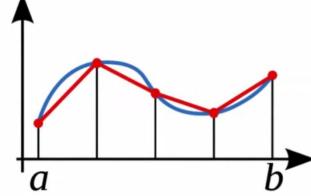
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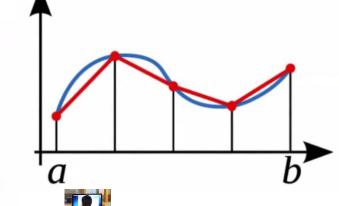
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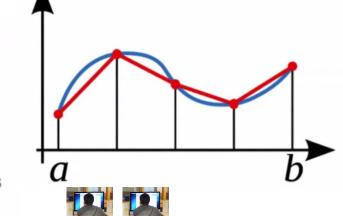
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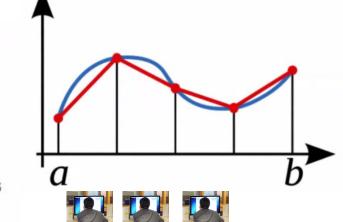
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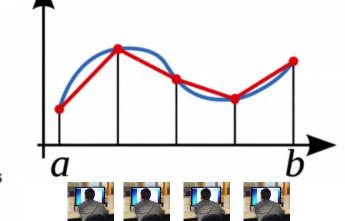
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```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <mpi.h>
void Get_data(int p, int my_rank, double* a_p, double* b_p, int* n_p);
double Trap(double local_a, double local_b, int local_n, double h);
                                           /* Calculate local area */
double f(double x);
                                            /* function we're integrating */
```



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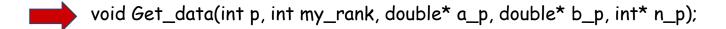
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```
int main(int argc, char** argv)
                                                                                      */
           int
                       my_rank;
                                                          /* My process rank
           int
                                                         /* The number of processes */
                       p;
           double
                                                   /* Left endpoint
           double
                       b:
                                                   /* Right endpoint
           int
                                                         /* Number of trapezoids
                       n;
           double
                       h:
                                                   /* Trapezoid base length
           double
                       local a;
                                                    /* Left endpoint my process */
           double
                       local b;
                                                    /* Right endpoint my process */
                       local n;
           int
                                                         /* Number of trapezoids for */
          double
                      my_area;
                                                    /* Integral over my interval */
           double
                       total:
                                                   /* Total area
                                                                                      */
           int
                                                         /* Process sending area
                       source;
                                                                                      */
           int
                       dest = 0;
                                                         /* All messages go to 0
           int
                       tag = 0;
           MPI Status status;
                       Centre for Development of Advanced Computing
```



```
MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &my_rank);
MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &p);
Get_data(p, my_rank, &a, &b, &n);
h = (b-a)/n;
                                  /* h is the same for all processes */
local_n = n/p;
                              /* So is the number of trapezoids */
local_a = a + my_rank*local_n*h;
local b = local a + local n*h;
my_area = Trap(local_a, local_b, local_n, h);
```



```
MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &my_rank);
MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &p);
Get_data(p, my_rank, &a, &b, &n);
h = (b-a)/n;
                                  /* h is the same for all processes */
local_n = n/p;
                             /* So is the number of trapezoids */
local_a = a + my_rank*local_n*h;
local_b = local_a + local_n*h;
my_area = Trap(local_a, local_b, local_n, h);
```





```
MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
```

Environment Management Routines

```
MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &my_rank);
MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &p);
```

Get_data(p, my_rank, &a, &b, &n);

```
h = (b-a)/n; /* h is the same for all processes */
local_n = n/p; /* So is the number of trapezoids */
```

```
local_a = a + my_rank*local_n*h;
local_b = local_a + local_n*h;
my_area = Trap(local_a, local_b, local_n, h);
```



```
MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &my_rank)
MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &p);
Get_data(p, my_rank, &a, &b, &n);
h = (b-a)/n;
                                 /* h is the same for all processes */
local_n = n/p;
                             /* So is the number of trapezoids */
local_a = a + my_rank*local_n*h;
local b = local a + local n*h;
my_area = Trap(local_a, local_b, local_n, h);
```



```
MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &my_rank);
MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &p);
Get_data(p, my_rank, &a, &b, &n);
h = (b-a)/n;
                                  /* h is the same for all processes */
local_n = n/p;
                             /* So is the number of trapezoids */
local_a = a + my_rank*local_n*h;
local b = local a + local n*h;
my_area = Trap(local_a, local_b, local_n, h);
```



```
MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &my_rank);
MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &p)
Get_data(p, my_rank, &a, &b, &n);
h = (b-a)/n;
                                  /* h is the same for all processes */
local_n = n/p;
                             /* So is the number of trapezoids */
local_a = a + my_rank*local_n*h;
local_b = local_a + local_n*h;
my_area = Trap(local_a, local_b, local_n, h);
```



```
MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &my_rank);
MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &p);
Get_data(p, my_rank, &a, &b, &n);
h = (b-a)/n;
                                  /* h is the same for all processes */
local_n = n/p;
                              /* So is the number of trapezoids */
local_a = a + my_rank*local_n*h;
local_b = local_a + local_n*h;
my_area = Trap(local_a, local_b, local_n, h);
```



```
MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &my_rank);
MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &p);
Get_data(p, my_rank, &a, &b, &n);
h = (b-a)/n;
                                  /* h is the same for all processes */
local_n = n/p;
                              /* So is the number of trapezoids */
local_a = a + my_rank*local_n*h;
local b = local a + local n*h;
my_area = Trap(local_a, local_b, local_n, h);
```



```
MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &my_rank);
MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &p);
Get_data(p, my_rank, &a, &b, &n);
h = (b-a)/n;
                                  /* h is the same for all processes */
local_n = n/p;
                              /* So is the number of trapezoids */
local_a = a + my_rank*local_n*h;
local b = local a + local n*h;
my_area = Trap(local_a, local_b, local_n, h);
```



```
MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &my_rank);
MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &p);
Get_data(p, my_rank, &a, &b, &n);
h = (b-a)/n;
                                  /* h is the same for all processes */
local_n = n/p;
                              /* So is the number of trapezoids */
local_a = a + my_rank*local_n*h;
local b = local a + local n*h;
my_area = Trap(local_a, local_b, local_n, h);
```



```
MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &my_rank);
MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &p);
Get_data(p, my_rank, &a, &b, &n);
h = (b-a)/n;
                                  /* h is the same for all processes */
local_n = n/p;
                              /* So is the number of trapezoids */
local_a = a + my_rank*local_n*h;
local b = local a + local n*h;
my_area = Trap(local_a, local_b, local_n, h);
```





```
if (my_rank == 0)
   total = my_area;
   for (source = 1; source < p; source++)</pre>
        MPI_Recv(&my_area, 1, MPI_DOUBLE, source, tag, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &status);
        total = total + my_area;
} else
        MPI_Send(&my_area, 1, MPI_DOUBLE, dest, tag, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
```



```
if (my_rank == 0)
   total = my_area;
   for (source = 1; source < p; source++)</pre>
        MPI_Recv(&my_area, 1, MPI_DOUBLE, source, tag, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &status);
        total = total + my_area;
} else
        MPI_Send(&my_area, 1, MPI_DOUBLE, dest, tag, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
```



```
if (my_rank == 0)
   total = my_area;
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        MPI_Recv(&my_area, 1, MPI_DOUBLE, source, tag, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &status);
        total = total + my_area;
} else
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```



```
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        MPI_Recv(&my_area, 1, MPI_DOUBLE, source, tag, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &status);
        total = total + my_area;
} else
        MPI_Send(&my_area, 1, MPI_DOUBLE, dest, tag, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
```



```
if (my_rank == 0)
   printf("With n = %d trapezoids, our estimate n", n);
   printf("of the area from %f to %f = %.15f\n", a, b, total);
MPI_Finalize();
return 0;
/* END of MAIN */
```



```
if (my_rank == 0)
   printf("With n = %d trapezoids, our estimate n", n);
   printf("of the area from %f to %f = %.15f\n", a, b, total);
MPI_Finalize();
return 0;
/* END of MAIN */
```



```
if (my_rank == 0)
   printf("With n = %d trapezoids, our estimate\n", n);
   printf("of the area from %f to %f = \%.15f\n", a, b, total);
MPI_Finalize(); -
                                    Releases the MPI resources
return 0;
/* END of MAIN */
```

```
void Get_data(int p, int my_rank, double* a_p, double* b_p, int* n_p)
       int
       MPI_Status status;
       if (my_rank == 0)
          printf("Enter a, b, and n\n");
          scanf("%lf %lf %d", a_p, b_p, n_p);
                for (q = 1; q < p; q++) {
                MPI_Send(a_p, 1, MPI_DOUBLE, q, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
                MPI_Send(b_p, 1, MPI_DOUBLE, q, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
                MPI_Send(n_p, 1, MPI_INT, q, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
       } else
          MPI_Recv(a_p, 1, MPI_DOUBLE, 0, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &status);
          MPI_Recv(b_p, 1, MPI_DOUBLE, 0, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &status);
          MPI_Recv(n_p, 1, MPI_INT, 0, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &status);
                       Centre for Development of Advanced Computing
```

```
void Get_data(int p, int my_rank, double* a_p, double* b_p, int* n_p)
       int
       MPI_Status status;
       if (my_rank == 0)
          printf("Enter a, b, and n\n");
          scanf("%lf %lf %d", a_p, b_p, n_p);
                for (q = 1; q < p; q++) {
                MPI_Send(a_p, 1, MPI_DOUBLE, q, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
                MPI_Send(b_p, 1, MPI_DOUBLE, q, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
                MPI_Send(n_p, 1, MPI_INT, q, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
       } else
          MPI_Recv(a_p, 1, MPI_DOUBLE, 0, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &status);
          MPI_Recv(b_p, 1, MPI_DOUBLE, 0, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &status);
          MPI_Recv(n_p, 1, MPI_INT, 0, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &status);
                       Centre for Development of Advanced Computing
```

```
void Get_data(int p, int my_rank, double* a_p, double* b_p, int* n_p)
       int
       MPI_Status status;
       if (my_rank == 0)
          printf("Enter a, b, and n\n");
          scanf("%lf %lf %d", a_p, b_p, n_p);
                for (q = 1; q < p; q++) {
                MPI_Send(a_p, 1, MPI_DOUBLE, q, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
                MPI_Send(b_p, 1, MPI_DOUBLE, q, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
                MPI_Send(n_p, 1, MPI_INT, q, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
       } else
          MPI_Recv(a_p, 1, MPI_DOUBLE, 0, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &status);
          MPI_Recv(b_p, 1, MPI_DOUBLE, 0, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &status);
          MPI_Recv(n_p, 1, MPI_INT, 0, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &status);
                       Centre for Development of Advanced Computing
```

```
void Get_data(int p, int my_rank, double* a_p, double* b_p, int* n_p)
       int
       MPI_Status status;
       if (my_rank == 0)
          printf("Enter a, b, and n\n");
          scanf("%lf %lf %d", a_p, b_p, n_p);
                for (q = 1; q < p; q++) {
                MPI_Send(a_p, 1, MPI_DOUBLE, q, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
                MPI_Send(b_p, 1, MPI_DOUBLE, q, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
                MPI_Send(n_p, 1, MPI_INT, q, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
        } else
          MPI_Recv(a_p, 1, MPI_DOUBLE, 0, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &status);
          MPI_Recv(b_p, 1, MPI_DOUBLE, 0, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &status);
          MPI_Recv(n_p, 1, MPI_INT, 0, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &status);
                       Centre for Development of Advanced Computing
```



```
double Trap(double local_a, double local_b, int local_n, double h)
          double my_area;
                                          /* Store my result in my_area */
           double x:
           int i;
          my_area = (f(local_a) + f(local_b))/2.0;
           x = local_a;
           for (i = 1; i <= local_n-1; i++)
                x = local_a + i*h;
                my_area = my_area + f(x);
           my_area = my_area*h;
           return my_area;
```



```
double f(double x)
   double return_val;
   return_val = x*x + 1.0;
   return return_val;
     /* END of Program */
```





Serial and Parallel Approach -



- Serial and Parallel Approach -
- MPI_Comm_rank(...)



- Serial and Parallel Approach -
- MPI_Comm_rank(...)
- MPI_Comm_size(...)



- Serial and Parallel Approach -
- MPI_Comm_rank(...)
- MPI_Comm_size(...)
- Point to point communication



- Serial and Parallel Approach -
- MPI_Comm_rank(...)
- MPI_Comm_size(...)
- Point to point communication
- > MPI_Send(...)



- Serial and Parallel Approach -
- MPI_Comm_rank(...)
- MPI_Comm_size(...)
- Point to point communication
- \rightarrow MPI_Send(...)
- > MPI_Recv(...)



- Serial and Parallel Approach -
- MPI_Comm_rank(...)
- MPI_Comm_size(...)
- Point to point communication
- \rightarrow MPI_Send(...)
- ➤ MPI_Recv(...)
- Blocking and Non-blocking Point to Point communication Cases!



- Serial and Parallel Approach -
- MPI_Comm_rank(...)
- MPI_Comm_size(...)
- Point to point communication
- \rightarrow MPI_Send(...)
- MPI_Recv(...)
- Blocking and Non-blocking Point to Point communication Cases!
- Trapezoidal Rule Example



References:

[1] Barker, Brandon. "Message passing interface (mpi)." *Workshop: High Performance Computing on Stampede*. Vol. 262. 2015.

[2] Yuan, Chung-Tsz, and Shenjian Chen. "Message Passing Interface (MPI)." (1996).

[3] https://computing.llnl.gov/tutorials/mpi/

















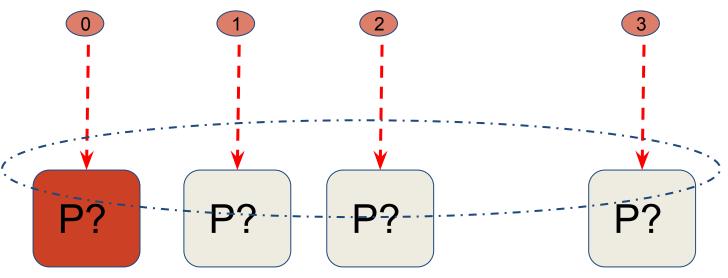
Syntax:

MPI_Comm_rank (MPI_Comm communicator , int * rank) ;



Syntax:

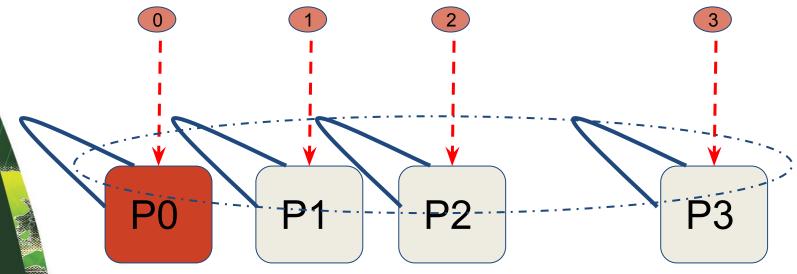
MPI_Comm_rank (MPI_Comm communicator , int * rank) ;





Syntax:

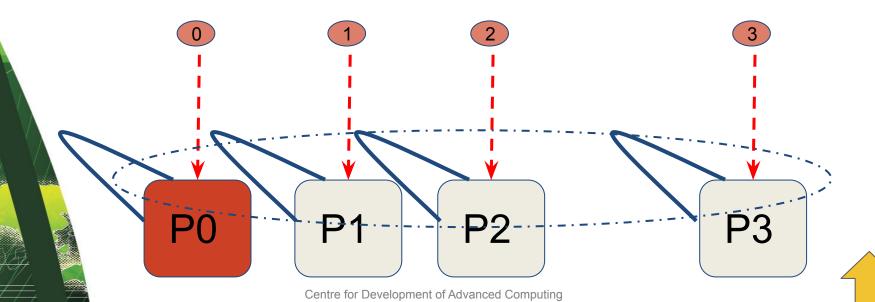
MPI_Comm_rank (MPI_Comm communicator , int * rank) ;





Syntax:

MPI_Comm_rank (MPI_Comm communicator , int * rank) ;







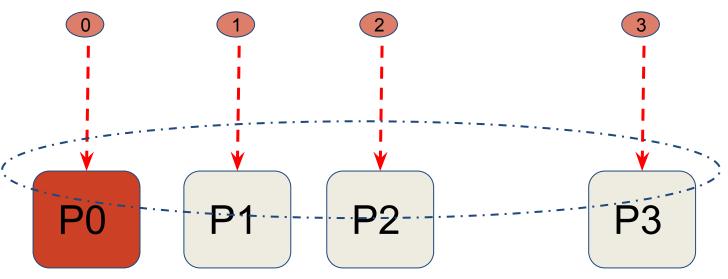
Syntax:

MPI_Comm_size (MPI_Comm communicator, int * size);



Syntax:

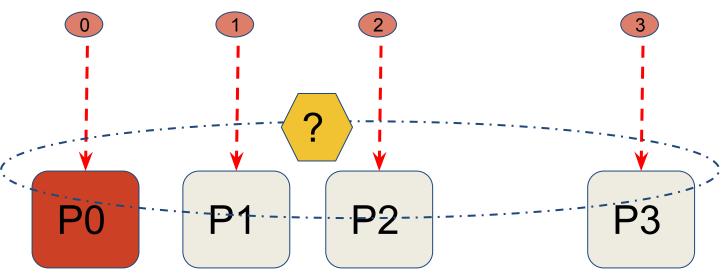
MPI_Comm_size (MPI_Comm communicator, int * size);





Syntax:

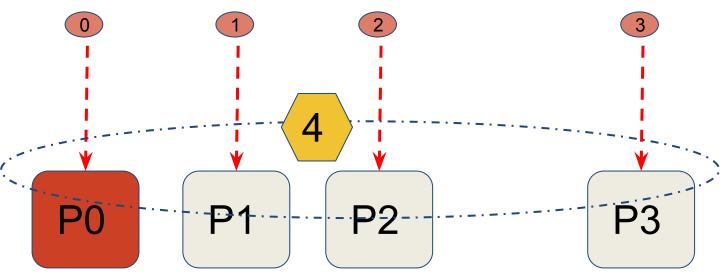
MPI_Comm_size (MPI_Comm communicator, int * size);





Syntax:

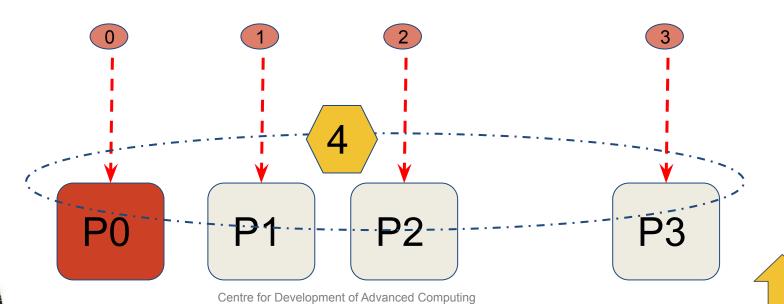
MPI_Comm_size (MPI_Comm communicator, int * size);





Syntax:

MPI_Comm_size (MPI_Comm communicator , int * size) ;









Syntax:

MPI_Send (void* msg_buffer , Int msg_size, MPI_Datatype msg_type, Int destination, Int tag , MPI_Comm communicator);



Syntax:



2

3

MPI_Send (void* msg_buffer, Int msg_size, MPI_Datatype msg_type, Int destination, Int tag, MPI_Comm communicator);

4

5



Syntax:

1

2

3

MPI_Send (void* msg_buffer, Int msg_size, MPI_Datatype msg_type, Int destination, Int tag, MPI_Comm communicator);

4

5

6

1 Address of Message buffer



Syntax:

1

2

3

MPI_Send (void* msg_buffer, Int msg_size, MPI_Datatype msg_type, Int destination, Int tag, MPI_Comm communicator);

4

5

- 1 Address of Message buffer
- **2** Message size



Syntax:

1

2

3

MPI_Send (void* msg_buffer, Int msg_size, MPI_Datatype msg_type, Int destination, Int tag, MPI_Comm communicator);

4

5

- 1 Address of Message buffer
- **2** Message size
- 3 Data Type



Syntax:

1

2

3

MPI_Send (void* msg_buffer, Int msg_size, MPI_Datatype msg_type, Int destination, Int tag, MPI_Comm communicator);

4

5

- 1 Address of Message buffer
- 4 Destination process rank

- **2** Message size
- 3 Data Type



Syntax:

1

2

3

MPI_Send (void* msg_buffer, Int msg_size, MPI_Datatype msg_type, Int destination, Int tag, MPI_Comm communicator);

4

5

6

- 1 Address of Message buffer
- 4 Destination process rank

2 Message size

5 Tag - Message Identifier/..

3 Data Type



Syntax:

1

2

3

MPI_Send (void* msg_buffer, Int msg_size, MPI_Datatype msg_type, Int destination, Int tag, MPI_Comm communicator);

4

5

- 1 Address of Message buffer
- **2** Message size
- 3 Data Type

- 4 Destination process rank
- **5** Tag Message Identifier/..
- 6 Communicator



Syntax:



2

3

MPI_Send (void* msg_buffer, Int msg_size, MPI_Datatype msg_type, Int destination, Int tag, MPI_Comm communicator);

4

5



Syntax:



MPI_Send (void* msg_buffer, Int msg_size, MPI_Datatype msg_type, Int destination, Int tag, MPI_Comm communicator);



Syntax:





3

MPI_Send (void* msg_buffer, Int msg_size, MPI_Datatype msg_type, Int destination, Int tag, MPI_Comm communicator);

4

5

6

Tell us information about message



1

2



Syntax:

MPI_Send (void* msg_buffer, Int msg_size, MPI_Datatype msg_type, Int destination, Int tag, MPI_Comm communicator);

Tell us information about message



(1]



Syntax:

MPI_Send (void* msg_buffer, Int msg_size, MPI_Datatype msg_type, Int destination, Int tag, MPI_Comm communicator);

Tell us information about message



Tell us, where and How to send a message







Syntax:

MPI_Recv (void* msg_buffer, Int buf_size, MPI_Datatype buf_type, Int source, Int tag, MPI_Comm communicator, MPI_Status*);



Syntax:

- 1 2 3
- MPI_Recv (void* msg_buffer , Int buf_size, MPI_Datatype buf_type,
 Int source, Int tag , MPI_Comm communicator, MPI_Status*);
 - 4

5

6



Syntax:

- 1 2 3
- MPI_Recv (void* msg_buffer, Int buf_size, MPI_Datatype buf_type, Int source, Int tag, MPI_Comm communicator, MPI_Status*);
 - 4

5

6

- 1 Address of Message buffer
- **2** Buffer size
- 3 Data Type



Syntax:

1

2

- 3
- MPI_Recv (void* msg_buffer, Int buf_size, MPI_Datatype buf_type, Int source, Int tag, MPI_Comm communicator, MPI_Status*);
 - 4

5

6

- 1 Address of Message buffer
- **2** Buffer size
- **3** Data Type

- 4 Source process rank
- **5** Tag Message Identifier/..
- 6 Communicator



Syntax:

- 1 2 3
- MPI_Recv (void* msg_buffer, Int buf_size, MPI_Datatype buf_type, Int source, Int tag, MPI_Comm communicator, MPI_Status*);
 - 4

5

6

- 1 Address of Message buffer
- 2 Buffer size
- 3 Data Type

- 4 Source process rank
- **5** Tag Message Identifier/..
- 6 Communicator
- 7 Status of Received message



Successful transmission of Message...

MPI_Send (void* msg_buffer , Int msg_size, MPI_Datatype msg_type, Int destination, Int tag , MPI_Comm communicator);

MPI_Recv (void* msg_buffer , Int buf_size, MPI_Datatype buf_type,
Int source, Int tag , MPI_Comm communicator, MPI_Status*);



Successful transmission of Message...

MPI_Send (void* msg_buffer, Int msg_size, MPI_Datatype msg_type, Int destination, Int tag, MPI_Comm communicator);

MPI_Recv (void* msg_buffer, Int buf_size, MPI_Datatype buf_type, Int source, Int tag, MPI_Comm communicator, MPI_Status*);

recv_comm = send_comm
recv_tag = send_tag
dest = Destination process rank
Src = Source process rank

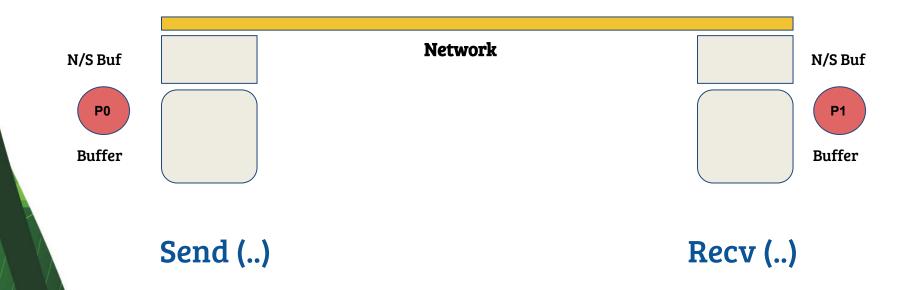




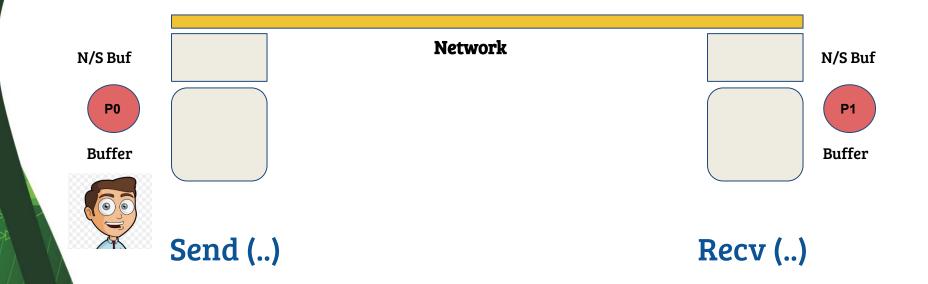
How message is transferred ...?

... Different cases!

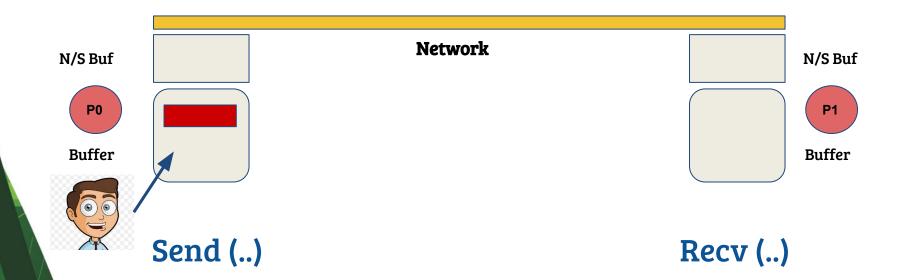




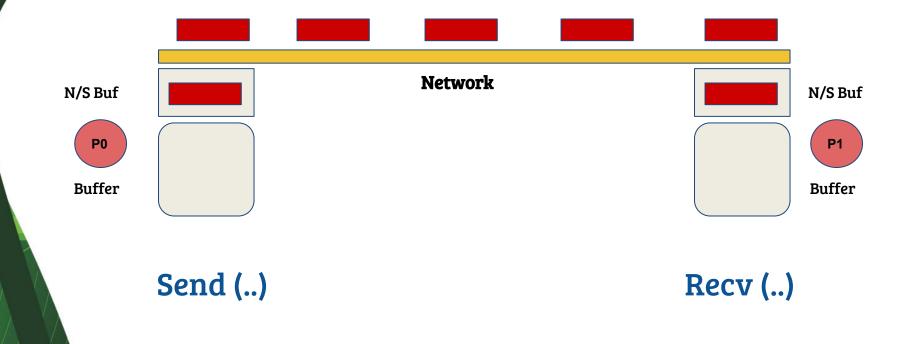




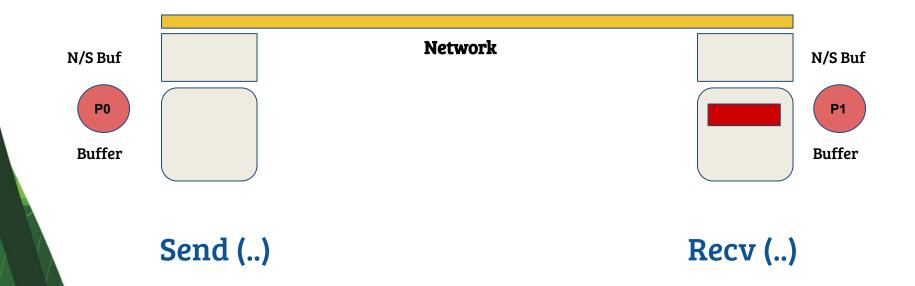




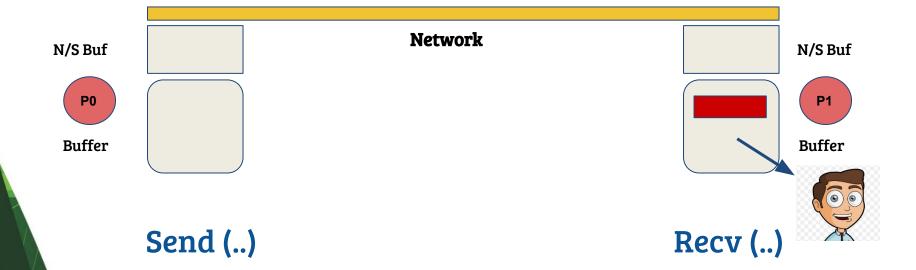






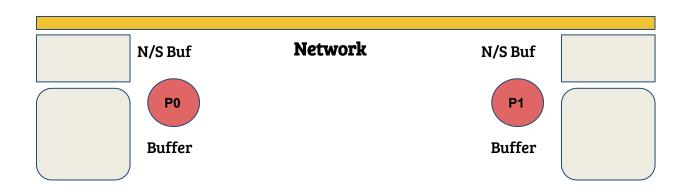








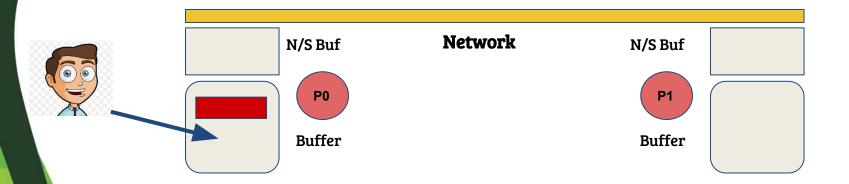






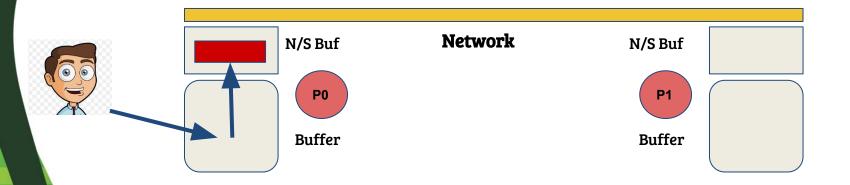
Case 1: Blocking - Point to Point Communication





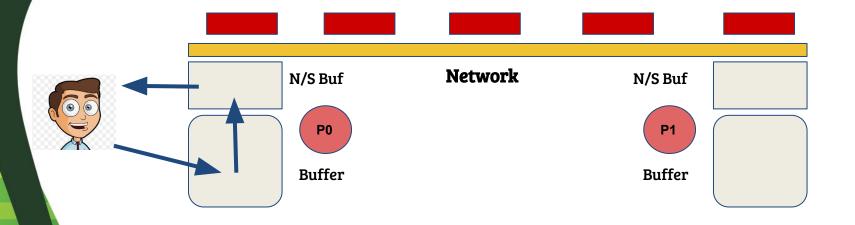






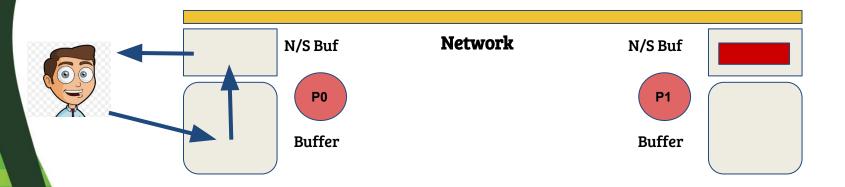






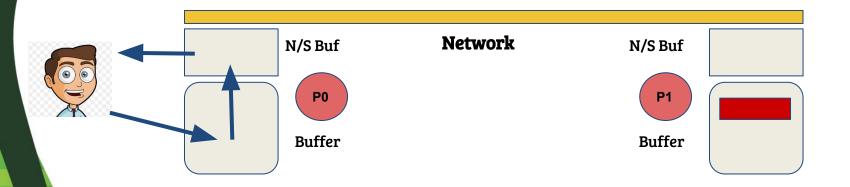






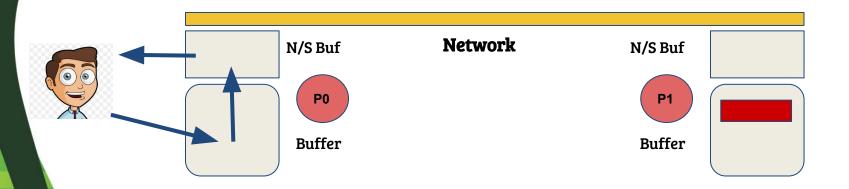










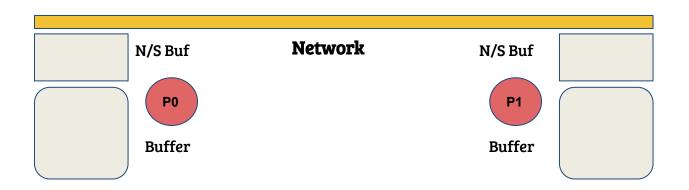




- MPI_Send (void* msg_buffer, Int msg_size, MPI_Datatype msg_type, Int destination, Int tag, MPI_Comm communicator);
- MPI_Recv (void* msg_buffer, Int buf_size, MPI_Datatype buf_type, Int source, Int tag, MPI_Comm communicator, MPI_Status*);



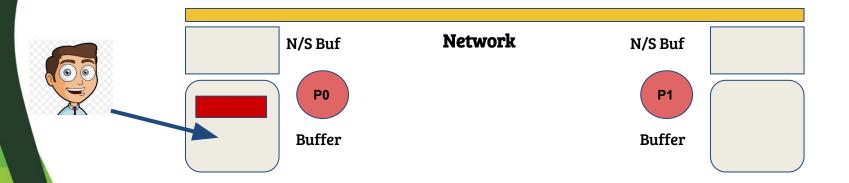






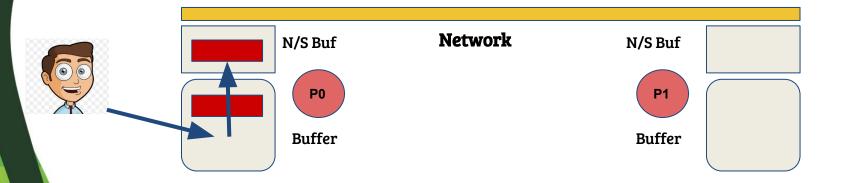
Case 2 : Synchronous Blocking - Point to Point Communication





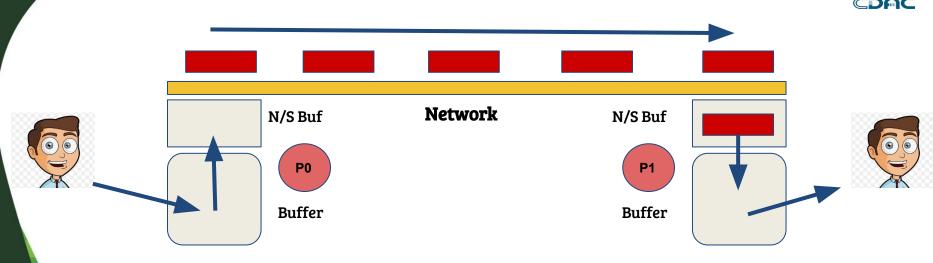




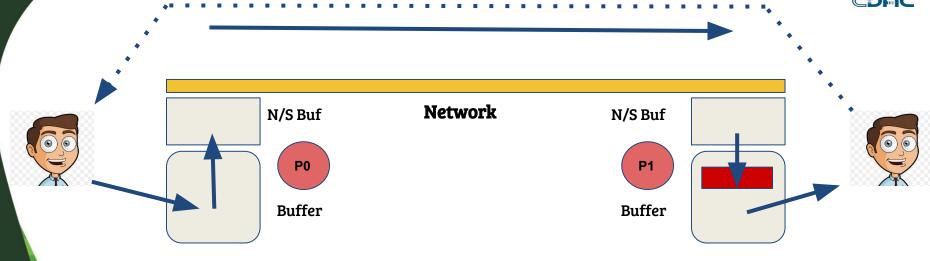




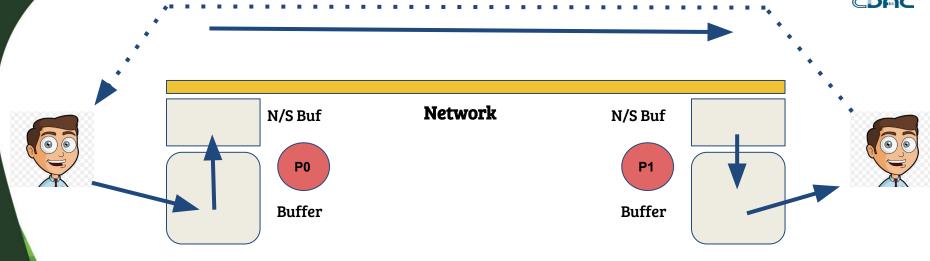




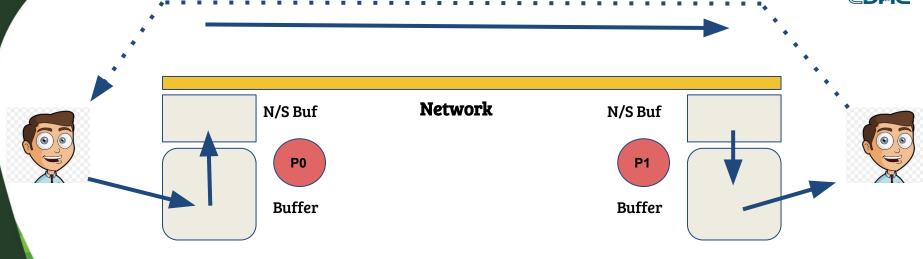






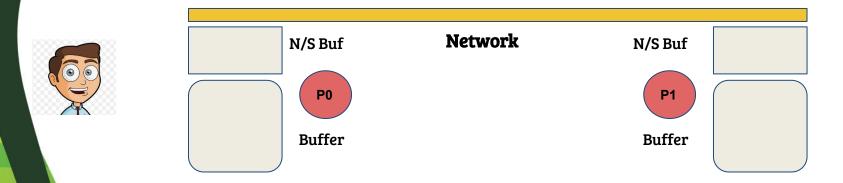






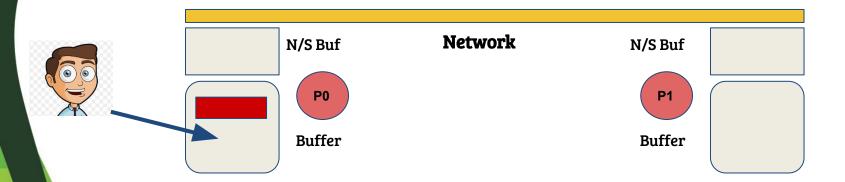
MPI_Ssend (void* msg_buffer, Int msg_size, MPI_Datatype msg_type, Int destination, Int tag, MPI_Comm communicator);





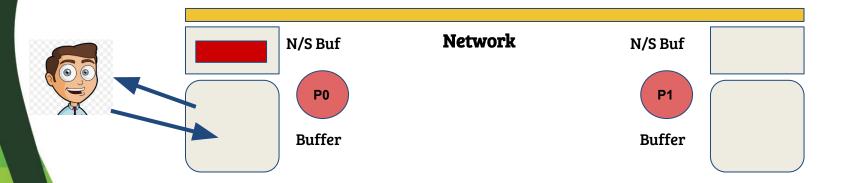






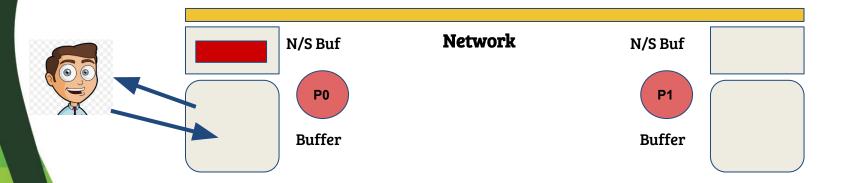






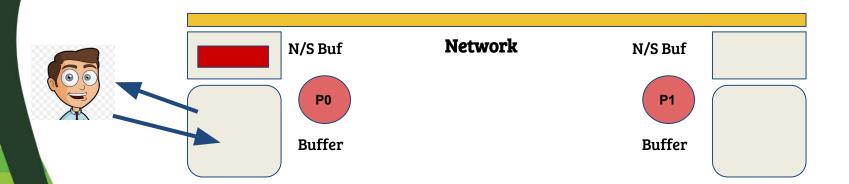








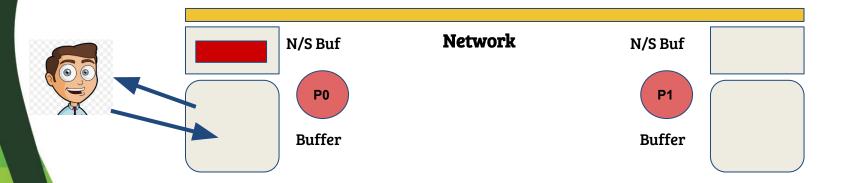






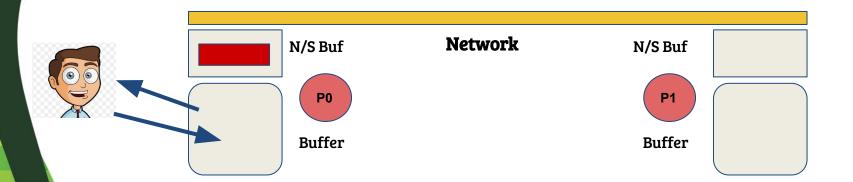
MPI_Isend (void* msg_buffer, Int msg_size, MPI_Datatype msg_type, Int destination, Int tag, MPI_Comm communicator, req *);







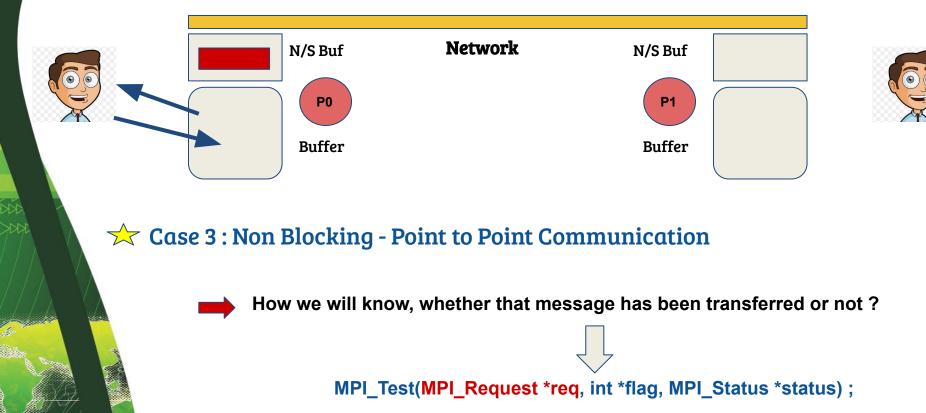




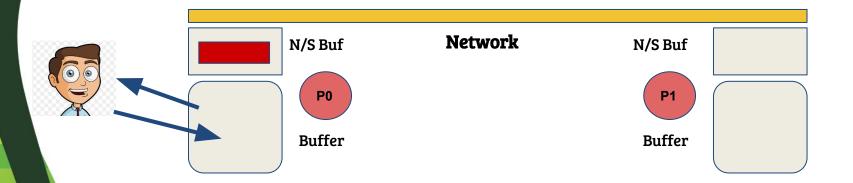


How we will know, whether that message has been transferred or not?





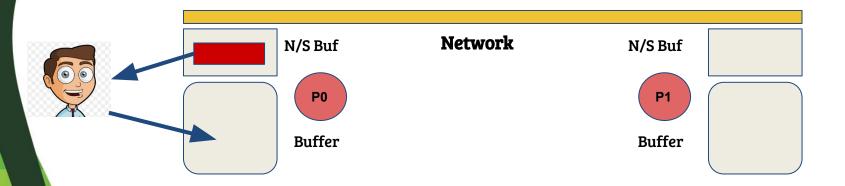






Data may be in buffer till next message arrive ..!





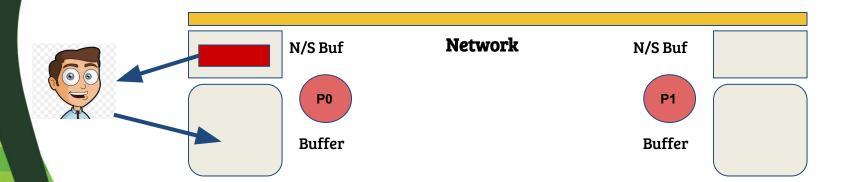


Data may be in buffer till next message arrive ..!



MPI_Wait(MPI_Request *request, MPI_Status *status)





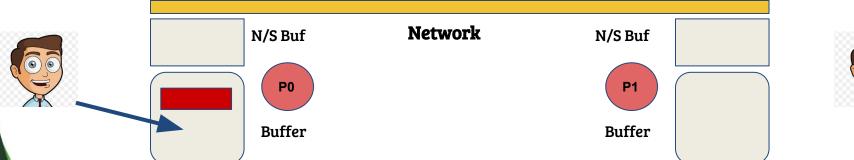


Data may be in buffer till next message arrive ..!

Block and Wait till operation get finish..

MPI_Wait(MPI_Request *request, MPI_Status *status)



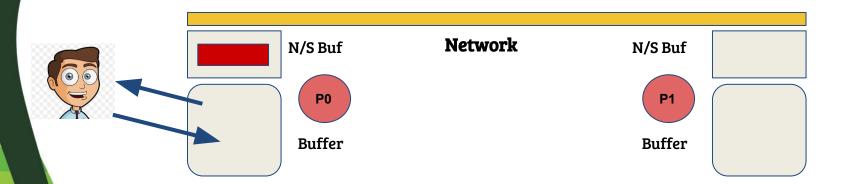




Case 4 : Synchronous Non Blocking - Point to Point Communication

MPI_Issend (void* msg_buffer, Int msg_size, MPI_Datatype msg_type, Int destination, Int tag, MPI_Comm communicator, req *);



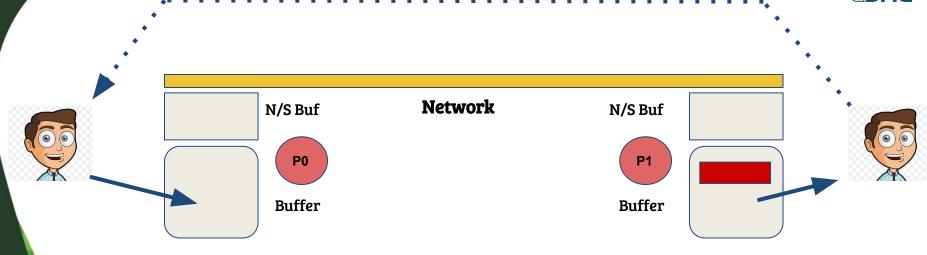




Case 4 : Synchronous Non Blocking - Point to Point Communication

MPI_Issend (void* msg_buffer, Int msg_size, MPI_Datatype msg_type, Int destination, Int tag, MPI_Comm communicator, req *);





Case 4 : Synchronous Non Blocking - Point to Point Communication

Similar to Non-Blocking except MPI_Wait(....) and MPI_Test(....)

Completes their operation when destination process receive the message



❖ Got it ?

















