計算の理論 最終課題 入力例及び実行ログ

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1 準備

```
[1]: from typing import List import simply_typed_lambda_parser as parser import simply_typed_lambda_calculi as stlc
```

```
[2]: def prove(proposition: str, typenames: List[str]):
    return parser.parse_type(proposition, typenames=typenames).deduce(env=[],
    →hypothesis={}, visit={})
```

2 証明可能な例

2.1 交換則

```
[3]: prove(r'(A\/B)->(B\/A)', typenames=['A', 'B'])
```

```
[3]: \vdash \lambda t_2 : A \lor B. case t_2 of \operatorname{inl}(t_0) \Rightarrow \operatorname{inr}(t_0) \mid \operatorname{inr}(t_1) \Rightarrow \operatorname{inl}(t_1)
: A \lor B \to B \lor A
```

```
[4]: prove(r'(A/\B)->(B/\A)', typenames=['A', 'B'])
```

```
[4]: \vdash \lambda t_0 : A \land B. (\operatorname{snd}(t_0), \operatorname{fst}(t_0))
: A \land B \to B \land A
```

2.2 結合則

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[5]: prove(r'(A\/(B\/C))->((A\/B)\/C)', typenames=['A', 'B', 'C'])
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```
[5]: \vdash \lambda t_4 : A \lor (B \lor C).

case t_4 of

\operatorname{inl}(t_0) \Rightarrow \operatorname{inl}(\operatorname{inl}(t_0))

|\operatorname{inr}(t_3) \Rightarrow \operatorname{case} t_3 of

\operatorname{inl}(t_1) \Rightarrow \operatorname{inl}(\operatorname{inr}(t_1))

|\operatorname{inr}(t_2) \Rightarrow \operatorname{inr}(t_2)
```

```
: A \vee (B \vee C) \rightarrow (A \vee B) \vee C
  [6]: prove(r'(A/(B/(C))->((A/B)/(C)', typenames=['A', 'B', 'C'])
  [6]: \vdash \lambda t_0 : A \land (B \land C) . ((\operatorname{fst}(t_0), \operatorname{fst}(\operatorname{snd}(t_0))), \operatorname{snd}(\operatorname{snd}(t_0)))
         : A \wedge (B \wedge C) \rightarrow (A \wedge B) \wedge C
          2.3
                 分配則
  [7]: law_of_distribution_1 = r'A/(B/C)->(A/B)/(A/C)'
           law_of_distribution_2 = r'A \setminus (B \setminus C) -> (A \setminus B) \setminus (A \setminus C)'
  [8]: prove(law_of_distribution_1, typenames=['A', 'B', 'C'])
  [8]: \vdash \lambda t_0 : A \land (B \lor C). case \operatorname{snd}(t_0) of \operatorname{inl}(t_5) \Rightarrow \operatorname{inl}((\operatorname{fst}(t_0), t_5)) \mid \operatorname{inr}(t_6) \Rightarrow \operatorname{inr}((\operatorname{fst}(t_0), t_6))
          : A \land (B \lor C) \rightarrow A \land B \lor A \land C
  [9]: prove(law_of_distribution_2, typenames=['A', 'B', 'C'])
  [9]: \vdash \lambda t_2 : A \lor B \land C. case t_2 of \operatorname{inl}(t_0) \Rightarrow (\operatorname{inl}(t_0), \operatorname{inl}(t_0)) \mid \operatorname{inr}(t_1) \Rightarrow (\operatorname{inr}(\operatorname{fst}(t_1)), \operatorname{inr}(\operatorname{snd}(t_1)))
          : A \vee B \wedge C \rightarrow (A \vee B) \wedge (A \vee C)
                吸収則
          2.4
[10]: law_of_absorption_1 = r'A/(A/B)->A'
           law_of_absorption_1_converse = r'A->A/\setminus(A\setminus/B)'
           law_of_absorption_2 = r'A \setminus (A \setminus B) -> A'
           law_of_absorption_2_converse = r'A->A\/(A/\B)'
[11]: prove(law_of_absorption_1, typenames=['A', 'B'])
[11]: \vdash \lambda t_0 : A \land (A \lor B). \operatorname{fst}(t_0)
          : A \land (A \lor B) \to A
[12]: prove(law_of_absorption_1_converse, typenames=['A', 'B'])
[12]: \vdash \lambda t_0 : A.(t_0, \text{inl}(t_0))
          : A \to A \land (A \lor B)
[13]: prove(law_of_absorption_2, typenames=['A', 'B'])
[13]: \vdash \lambda t_2 : A \lor A \land B. case t_2 of \operatorname{inl}(t_0) \Rightarrow t_0 \mid \operatorname{inr}(t_1) \Rightarrow \operatorname{fst}(t_1)
          : A \lor A \land B \to A
[14]: prove(law_of_absorption_2_converse, typenames=['A', 'B'])
[14]: \vdash \lambda t_0 : A. \operatorname{inl}(t_0)
          : A \to A \lor A \land B
```

2.5 三重否定の除去

```
[15]: triple_negation = r'~~~P->~P'
           prove(triple_negation, typenames=['P'])
[15]: \vdash \lambda t_0 : \neg \neg \neg P. \lambda t_1 : P. t_0 (\lambda t_2 : \neg P. t_2 t_1)
          : \neg \neg \neg P \rightarrow (P \rightarrow \bot)
[16]: triple_negation_converse = r'~P->~~P'
           prove(triple_negation_converse, typenames=['P'])
[16]: \vdash \lambda t_0 : \neg P. \lambda t_1 : \neg \neg P. t_1 \ t_0
          : \neg P \to (\neg \neg P \to \bot)
                  後半課題5のテスト問題
[17]: prove(r'\sim(A\backslash/B)->\sim A', typenames=['A', 'B'])
[17]: \vdash \lambda t_0 : \neg (A \lor B). \lambda t_1 : A. t_0 \text{ inl}(t_1)
          : \neg (A \lor B) \to (A \to \bot)
[18]: prove(r'(A\rightarrow A)\rightarrow (A\rightarrow A)', typenames=['A'])
[18]: \vdash \lambda t_0 : A \rightarrow \neg A. \lambda t_1 : \neg A \rightarrow A.
          (\lambda t_2: A. \ t_0 \ t_2 \ t_2) \ (t_1 \ (\lambda t_2: A. \ t_0 \ t_2 \ t_2))
          : (A \rightarrow \neg A) \rightarrow ((\neg A \rightarrow A) \rightarrow \bot)
                   ド・モルガンの法則
          2.7
[19]: de_morgan1 = r' \sim (P \setminus 0) - > (\sim P \setminus \sim 0)'
           de_morgan1_converse = r'(\sim P/\sim 0) ->\sim (P/\sim 0)'
           de_morgan2 = r'(P \setminus /0) -> \sim (\sim P / \setminus \sim 0)'
           de_morgan3 = r'(P/\Q) -> \sim (\sim P \/ \sim Q)'
           de_morgan4 = r'(\sim P \setminus \sim 0) -> \sim (P \setminus \setminus 0)'
[20]: prove(de_morgan1, typenames=['P', 'Q'])
[20]: \vdash \lambda t_0 : \neg (P \lor Q). (\lambda t_1 : P. t_0 \text{ inl}(t_1), \lambda t_2 : Q. t_0 \text{ inr}(t_2))
          : \neg (P \lor Q) \to (P \to \bot) \land (Q \to \bot)
[21]: prove(de_morgan1_converse, typenames=['P', '0'])
[21]: \vdash \lambda t_0 : \neg P \land \neg Q. \lambda t_3 : P \lor Q. \text{ case } t_3 \text{ of inl}(t_1) \Rightarrow \text{fst}(t_0) \ t_1
                                                                    |\operatorname{inr}(t_2) \Rightarrow \operatorname{snd}(t_0) t_2
         : \neg P \land \neg Q \rightarrow (P \lor Q \rightarrow \bot)
```

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[22]: prove(de_morgan2, typenames=['P', 'Q'])
 [22]: \vdash \lambda t_4: P \vee Q. 
          case t_4 of
                   \operatorname{inl}(t_0) \Rightarrow \lambda t_1 : \neg P \wedge \neg Q.
                         fst(t_1) t_0
                 |\operatorname{inr}(t_2) \Rightarrow \lambda t_3 : \neg P \wedge \neg Q.
                         \operatorname{snd}(t_3) t_2
          : P \lor Q \to (\neg P \land \neg Q \to \bot)
[23]: prove(de_morgan3, typenames=['P', 'Q'])
 [23]: \vdash \lambda t_0 : P \wedge Q. 
          \lambda t_3 : \neg P \vee \neg Q.
          case t_3 of inl(t_1) \Rightarrow t_1 fst(t_0)
                      |\operatorname{inr}(t_2) \Rightarrow t_2 \operatorname{snd}(t_0)
          : P \land Q \rightarrow (\neg P \lor \neg Q \rightarrow \bot)
[24]: prove(de_morgan4, typenames=['P', 'Q'])
[24]: \vdash \lambda t_4 : \neg P \vee \neg Q.
          case t_4 of
                    \operatorname{inl}(t_0) \Rightarrow \lambda t_1 : P \wedge Q.
                         t_0 fst(t_1)
                 |\operatorname{inr}(t_2) \Rightarrow \lambda t_3 : P \wedge Q.
                         t_2 \operatorname{snd}(t_3)
          : \neg P \lor \neg Q \to (P \land Q \to \bot)
          2.8 記号論理学 岡本賢吾先生の証明問題集から
[25]: prove(r'(P->\sim P) -> (\sim 0->\sim 0) -> \sim (P \setminus 0)', typenames = ['P', '0'])
[25]: \vdash \lambda t_0 : P \rightarrow \neg P.
          \lambda t_1: \neg \neg Q \to \neg Q.
          \lambda t_6: P \vee Q.
          case t_6 of
                   inl(t_2) \Rightarrow t_0 \ t_2 \ t_2
                 |\operatorname{inr}(t_4) \Rightarrow t_1 \ (\lambda t_5 : \neg Q. \ t_5 \ t_4) \ t_4
          : (P \to \neg P) \to ((\neg \neg Q \to \neg Q) \to (P \lor Q \to \bot))
[26]: prove(r'(\bot -> P) -> ((P->Q)->(X \lor (Q-> P))) -> (X->(P \lor \sim Q)) -> Q -> P', \Box
             →typenames=['P', 'Q', 'X'])
[26]: \vdash \lambda t_0 : \bot \to P.
          \lambda t_1: (P \to Q) \to X \lor (Q \to P).
```

```
\lambda t_2: X \to P \vee \neg Q.
           \lambda t_3:Q.
           case t_1 (\lambda t_4 : P.t_3) of
                    \operatorname{inl}(t_{21}) \Rightarrow \operatorname{case} t_2 t_{21} \text{ of}
                              \operatorname{inl}(t_{24}) \Rightarrow t_{24}
                             |inr(t_{25}) \Rightarrow t_0 \ (t_{25} \ t_3)
                   |\operatorname{inr}(t_{26}) \Rightarrow t_{26} t_3
           : (\bot \to P) \to (((P \to Q) \to X \lor (Q \to P)) \to ((X \to P \lor \neg Q) \to (Q \to P)))
[27]: prove(r'((P->X)->\sim Y) -> ((Q->X)->\sim Y) -> \sim ((P\setminus Q)->X)', typenames=['P', 'Q', 'X', _
               →'Y'])
[27]: \vdash \lambda t_0 : (P \to X) \to \neg Y.
           \lambda t_1: (Q \to X) \to \neg \neg Y.
           \lambda t_2: P \vee Q \to X.
           t_1 (\lambda t_8 : Q. t_2 \operatorname{inr}(t_8)) (t_0 (\lambda t_3 : P. t_2 \operatorname{inl}(t_3)))
           : ((P \rightarrow X) \rightarrow \neg Y) \rightarrow (((Q \rightarrow X) \rightarrow \neg \neg Y) \rightarrow ((P \lor Q \rightarrow X) \rightarrow \bot))
[28]: prove(r'(\sim P \lor \sim Q) \rightarrow (P \lor Q) \rightarrow \sim (P \lor Q)', typenames=['P', 'Q'])
[28]: \vdash \lambda t_6 : \neg P \lor \neg Q.
           case t_6 of
                     \operatorname{inl}(t_0) \Rightarrow \lambda t_1 : P \wedge Q. \lambda t_2 : \neg (P \wedge Q).
                             t_0 fst(t_1)
                   |\operatorname{inr}(t_3) \Rightarrow \lambda t_4 : P \wedge Q. \lambda t_5 : \neg (P \wedge Q).
                             t_3 \operatorname{snd}(t_4)
           : \neg P \vee \neg Q \to (P \wedge Q \to (\neg (P \wedge Q) \to \bot))
           2.9 他の例
[29]: prove(r'Q->P->Q', typenames=['X', 'P', 'Q'])
[29]: \vdash \lambda t_0 : Q. \lambda t_1 : P. t_0
           : Q \to (P \to Q)
[30]: prove(r'((P \setminus \bot) \rightarrow P) \rightarrow P \setminus \sim Q \rightarrow P', typenames = ['X', 'P', 'Q'])
[30]: \vdash \lambda t_0 : P \lor \bot \to P.
           \lambda t_5: P \vee \neg Q.
           case t_5 of
                     \operatorname{inl}(t_1) \Rightarrow \lambda t_2 : Q.
                             t_1
                   |\operatorname{inr}(t_3) \Rightarrow \lambda t_4 : Q. t_0
                             \operatorname{inl}(t_0 \operatorname{inr}(t_3 t_4))
```

```
: (P \lor \bot \to P) \to (P \lor \neg Q \to (Q \to P))
```

```
[31]: prove(r'~~(P->Q)->(~~P->~~Q)', typenames=['P', 'Q'])
```

```
[31]: \vdash \lambda t_0 : \neg \neg (P \to Q).

\lambda t_1 : \neg \neg P.

\lambda t_2 : \neg Q.

t_1 \ (\lambda t_8 : P. t_0 \ (\lambda t_3 : P \to Q. t_1 \ (\lambda t_5 : P. t_2 \ (t_3 \ t_5))))

: \neg \neg (P \to Q) \to (\neg \neg P \to (\neg Q \to \bot))
```

3 証明不能な例

3.1 二重否定の除去

```
[32]: double_negation = r'~~P->P'
try:
    prove(double_negation, typenames=['P'])
except stlc.DeductionFailed:
    print('No')
```

No

3.2 パースの法則

```
[33]: peirce_law = r'((P->Q)->P)->P'
try:
    prove(peirce_law, typenames=['P', 'Q'])
except stlc.DeductionFailed:
    print('No')
```

No

4 Reference

岡本賢吾, 記号論理の証明システム・自然演繹 (Natural Deduction)NJ/NK —(2) 述語論理 (Predicate Logic)