SpringOne TOUR

by VMware Tanzu

Scaling Your Spring Boot App to Zero

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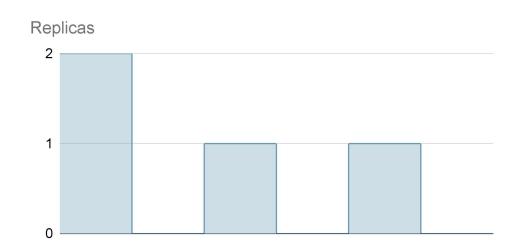


https://twitter.com/kelseyhightower/status/1118181786914136064



Scale to zero

- Generalization of serverless
- Typically hosted on Kubernetes platforms based on Knative/KEDA
- Not limited to functions
- Pay-as-you-use billing model





2 ways to scale your Spring applications to zero with sub-second startup



Scale to zero with native Spring Boot and GraalVM



Spring AOT GraalVM Native Images

A new deployment variant

As an alternative to classic HotSpot deployment



```
Successfully built image 'docker.io/library/spring-petclinic:1.0.0-SNAPSHOT'
$ docker run --rm -p 8080:8080 spring-petclinic:1.0.0-SNAPSHOT
    _____,4- ) )_ .;.(__`'-'__
        | '---''(_/._)-'(_\_) |
                                                         L )))))
     :: Built with Spring Boot :: 3.1.4
Starting AOT-processed PetClinicApplication using Java 17.0.8.1 with PID 1
No active profile set, falling back to 1 default profile: "default"
Tomcat initialized with port(s): 8080 (http)
Starting service [Tomcat]
Starting Servlet engine: [Apache Tomcat/10.1.13]
Initializing Spring embedded WebApplicationContext
Root WebApplicationContext: initialization completed in 19 ms
HikariPool-1 - Starting...
HikariPool-1 - Added connection conn0: url=jdbc:h2:mem:testdb user=PETCLINIC
HikariPool-1 - Start completed.
Exposing 13 endpoint(s) beneath base path '/actuator'
```

Tomcat started on port(s): 8080 (http) with context path ''

Started PetClinicApplication in 0.107 seconds (process running for 0.109)

\$./aradlew bootBuildImage

Sub-second startup

on production!

GraalVM advantages



Instant startup

Milliseconds for native instead of seconds for the JVM



No warmup

Peak performance available immediately



Low resource usage

Lower memory footprint and no JIT compilation



Reduced surface attack

Closed world of dependencies with explicit reflection and serialization



Compact packaging

Smaller container easier to deploy



GraalVM trade-offs



Very slow compilation Minutes instead of seconds



Compatibility

Reachability metadata required for reflection, proxies, resources



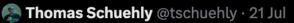
Closed-world Assumptions

Bean conditions fixed at build time No dynamic class loading





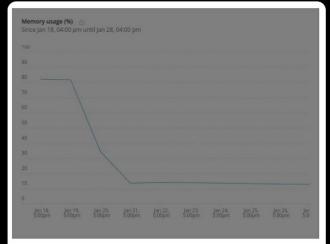
"The startup time of the application was reduced from approximately 30 seconds down to about 3 ms, and more importantly the memory usage was also significantly reduced from 6.6 GB down to 1 GB, with the same throughput and CPU utilization." he 2 @graalvm



10minutemail.com runs on @GraalVM @springboot native image with serverside rendering with @thymeleaf 👸 digitalsanctuary.com/10minutemail/m...

https://twitter.com/thomaswue/status/1682465475748298755





Migrating 10MinuteMail from Java to GraalVM Native

12:59 pm · 21 Jul 2023 · 36K Views

16 Retweets 2 Quotes 88 Likes 29 Bookmarks





...

Big news from last week's @GraalVM for @Java 21 release was that we can finally demonstrate that AOT (with profile-guided optimizations) can outperform JIT for all major metrics including throughput! Here are the numbers for the @Springframework PetClinic example (both G1 GC).

	GraalVM CE with C2 JIT	Oracle GraalVM Native Image	
Memory Usage (max RSS)	1,029 MB	641 MB	-38% lower
Peak throughput	11,066 req/s	11,902 req/s	+8% higher
Throughput per memory	12,488 req/(GB*s)	18,569 req/(GB*s)	+49% better
Tail latency (P99)	7.2ms	5.15ms	-28% lower
Startup	7,090ms	210ms	34x faster

11:44 AM · Sep 29, 2023 · **25.3K** Views



Demo - Spring PetClinic native build running as Knative service



Scale to zero with the JVM **Spring Boot and Project CRaC**



JVM Checkpoint Restore

Project CRaC

Immediate startup for Spring deployments on HotSpot





Coming up...



Spring Framework 6.1 Spring Boot 3.2

November 2023



JVM Checkpoint Restore

Checkpoint

Restore

Application running



Application running

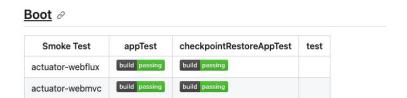


Spring Boot 3.2 introduces initial support for JVM Checkpoint Restore with Project CRaC



Check the evolving scope of CRaC support

https://github.com/spring-projects/spring-checkpoint-restore-smoke-tests/blob/main/STATUS.adoc



Cloud @

Smoke Test	appTest	checkpointRestoreAppTest	test
context-refresh	build passing	build passing	build passing
context-refresh-http	build passing	build passing	build passing

Data @

Smoke Test	appTest	checkpointRestoreAppTest	test
data-jdbc	build passing	build passing	
data-jpa	build passing	build passing	
data-redis	build passing	build passing	



Framework @

Smoke Test	appTest	checkpointRestoreAppTest	test
hibernate-mysql	build passing	build passing	
scheduled	build passing	build passing	
webclient-netty	build passing	build passing	
webflux-netty	build passing	build passing	build passing
webflux-undertow	build passing	build passing	build passing
webmvc-jetty	build passing	build passing	build passing
webmvc-tomcat	build passing	build passing	build passing

Integration @

Smoke Test	appTest	checkpointRestoreAppTest	test
integration-basic	build passing	build passing	
integration-webfux-data	build passing	build passing	
spring-amqp-rabbit	build passing	build passing	
spring-kafka	build passing	build passing	
spring-kafka-avro	build passing	build passing	
spring-kafka-streams	build passing	build passing	

Spring lifecycle with CRaC

Checkpoint

Restore

Application running



Application running

Stop application context Close sockets/files/pools

Restart application context Recreate sockets/files/pools



:: Built with Spring Boot :: 3.2.0-M3

```
Starting PetClinicApplication v0.0.1-SNAPSHOT using Java 17.0.8.1 with PID 129
No active profile set, falling back to 1 default profile: "default"
Bootstrapping Spring Data JDBC repositories in DEFAULT mode.
Finished Spring Data repository scanning in 45 ms. Found 5 JDBC repository interfaces.
Tomcat initialized with port 8080 (http)
Starting service [Tomcat]
Starting Servlet engine: [Apache Tomcat/10.1.13]
Initializing Spring embedded WebApplicationContext
Root WebApplicationContext: initialization completed in 1443 ms
HikariPool-1 - Starting...
HikariPool-1 - Added connection conn0: url=jdbc:h2:mem:testdb user=PETCLINIC
HikariPool-1 - Start completed.
Exposing 13 endpoint(s) beneath base path '/actuator'
Tomcat started on port 8080 (http) with context path ''
Started PetClinicApplication in 3.102 seconds (process running for 3.467)
Evicting Hikari connections
                             Optional load testing
CR: Checkpoint ...
```

to warm up the JVM

then checkpoint

Regular startup typically on CI/CD platform

Sub-second restoration on production with the JVM!

Restarting Spring-managed lifecycle beans after JVM restore
Tomcat started on port 8080 (http) with context path ''
Spring-managed lifecycle restart completed in 8 ms (restored JVM running for 50 ms)

Project CRaC advantages



Instant startup

Milliseconds instead of seconds for the regular JVM



No runtime warmup

Peak performance available immediately



Compatibility

Still a JVM with all regular capabilities



Project CRaC trade-offs



Checkpoint startup

Require to start the application ahead



Lifecycle management

Require to close and reopen sockets, files, pools



Secret management

Sensitive informations may leak in the snapshot files



System Integration

Linux only and advanced capability management required

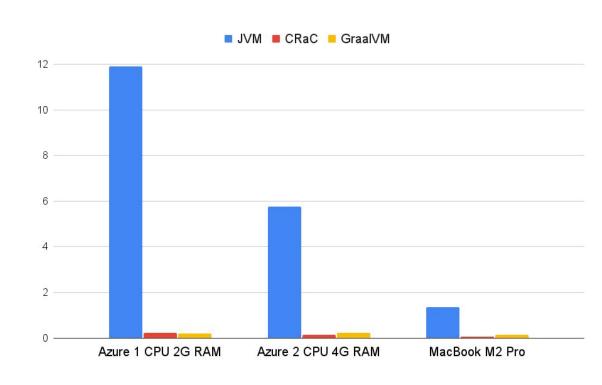


Demo - Getting started with JVM Checkpoint/Restore builds



Petclinic startup time (seconds)

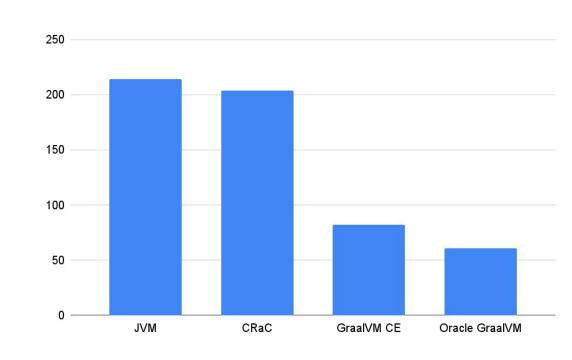
GraalVM and CRaC both allow 50x faster startup time and scaling to zero





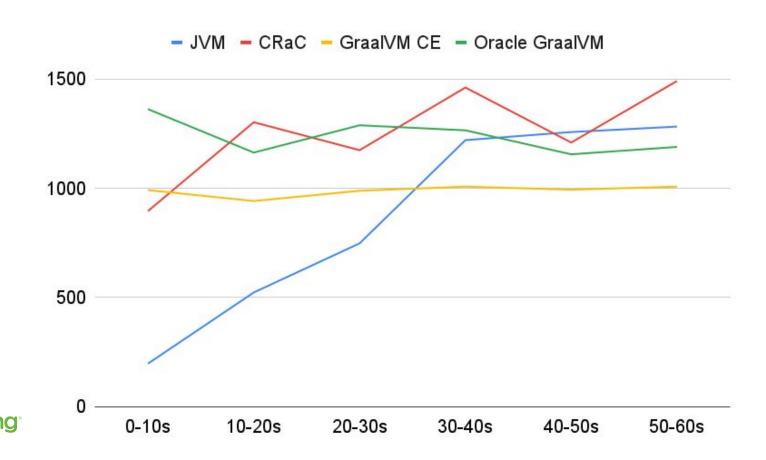
Petclinic memory consumption after startup (MB)

GraalVM allows 3x reduction of memory consumption of Spring Boot application infrastructure





Petclinic throughput on 1 CPU 2G RAM (req/s)



Thank you

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Dig Deeper:

https://github.com/trisberg/springone-tour-2023

